AVIGNICS INTERFACE DATA SUMMARIES: A-10A, EF-111A, F-4E, F-4G, F-15A, F-16A, F-111A, F-111E, F-111F, RF-4C

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AVIONICS INTERFACE DATA SUMMARY FOR A-10A



October 1979

Issued by

The Deputy for Avionics Control
ASD/AX
A Joint AFSC/AFLC Organization

FOREWORD

This document is one of a series of reports that describe Avionics interfaces for various USAF aircraft. It was prepared for the Deputy for Avionics Control, Aeronautical Systems Division (ASD/AX), Wright-Patterson AFB, Ohio by ARINC Research Corporation, Annapolis, Maryland under Contract F33657-79-C-0567.

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1. INTRODUCTION

This document contains summary configuration data relevant to the integration of additional avionics into the A-10A aircraft.

The applicable Technical Orders are included in the references listed in Section 10.

This document will be revised periodically as additional modification are planned and incorporated into the aircraft. Queries regarding information contained herein should be addressed to:

The Deputy for Avionics Control
Code: ASD/AXP
Wright-Patterson AFB, Ohio

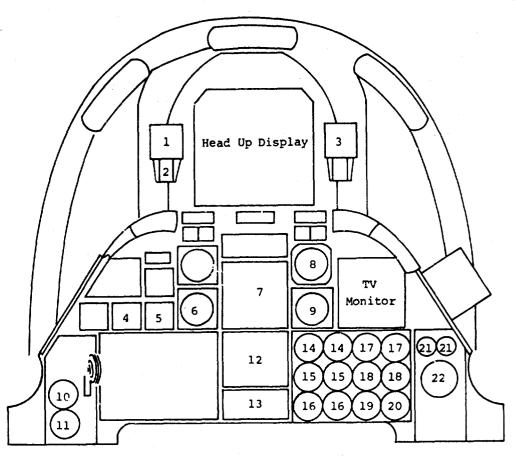
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2. COCKPIT SPACE

2.1 Cockpit Layout

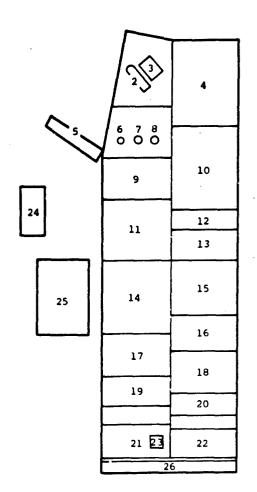
Figures 2-1 through 2-3 show the current cockpit arrangement for the production version of the A-10A. We expect at least one more iteration of the arrangement shown, including incorporation of the ALE-40 Chaff Dispenser Control Unit. Although a few blank panels are noted, the space available is extremely limited at the present time.



- 1. Accelerometer
- 2. Angle of Attack Indexer
- 3. Standby Compass
- 4. Clock
- 5. Angle of Attack Indicator
- 6. Airspeed Indicator
- 7. Attitude Director Indicator (ADI)
- 8. Vertical Velocity Indicator
- 9. Altimeter
- 10. Flap Position Indicator
- 11. Blank
- 12. Horizontal Situation Indicator (HSI)

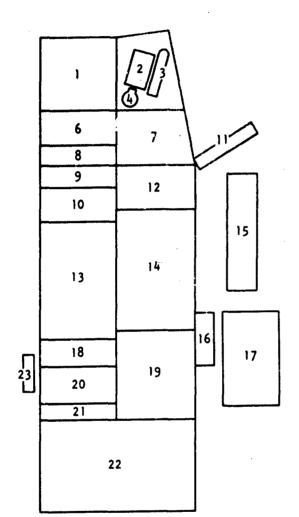
- 13. Navigation Mode Select Panel
- 14. Interstage Turbine Temperature Indicator
 (L & R)
- 15. Gas Generator Speed Indicator (L & R)
- 16. Engine Oil Pressure Indicator (L & R)
- 17. Fan Speed Indicator (L & R)
- 18. Fuel Flow Indicator
- 19. APU Tachometer
- 20. APU Temperature Indicator
- 21. Hydraulic Pressure Indicator (Sys L & R)
- 22. Fuel Quantity Indicator
- 23. Standby Attitude Indicator

Figure 2-1. INSTRUMENT PANEL (TYPICAL)



- 1. Deleted
- 2. Emergency Brake Handle
- 3. Seat Height Adjustment Switch
- 4. Fuel System Control Panel
- 5. Manual Canopy Opening Assist Handle
- 6. Indexer and A/R Status Lights Dimming Control
- 7. Signal Lights Lamp Test Button
- 8. Fire Detector and Fleed Air Leak Test Button
- 9. Stability Augmentation System Panel (SAS)
- 10. Throttle Quadrant
- 11. IFF Control Panel
- 12. TV Monitor Control Panel
- 13. VHF/AM Radio Control Panel
- 14. Emergency Flight Control Panel
- 15. UFH Radio Control Panel
- 16. VHF/FM Radio Control Panel
- 17. Intercom Control Panel
- 18. HF/VHF Radio Control Panel
- 19. CIPHONY Panel (Prior to serno 75-00280) Antenna Select Parel (Serno 75-00280 and subsequent)
- 20. Antenna Select Panel (Prior to serno 75-00280) CIPHONY Panel (Serno 75-00280 and subsequent)
- 21. Utility Light
- 22. Anti-G Suit Valve Test Button
- 23. Armament Override Switch
- 24. Modification Placard
- 25. Piddle Pak Stowage
- 26. Piddle Pak Disposal

Figure 2-2. LEFT CONSOLE (TYPICAL)



- 1. Caution Annunicator Panel
- 2. Canopy Control Switch
- 3. Canopy Jettison Handle
- 4. Boarding Ladder Extension Button
- 5. Deleted
- 6. ECM Panel
- 7. Electrical Power Panel
- 8. Infra-red Panel
- 9. ILS Panel
- 10. TACAN Control Panel
- 11. Manual Canopy Opening Assist Handle
- 12. Oxygen Control Panel
- 13. LORAN Control Panel
- 14. Environment Control Panel
- 15. Canopy Breaker Tool
- 16. Canopy Actuator Disengage Lever
- 17. Safety Pin Stowage
- 18. HARS Control Panel
- 19. Lighting Control Panel
- 20. Blank Panel
- 21. Blank Panel
- 22. Flight Data Stowage
- 23. Emergency Oxygen Handle (Serno 76-0512 and subsequent and aircraft modified by T.O. 1A-10534)

Figure 2-3. RIGHT CONSOLE (TYPICAL)

3. AVIONICS SPACE

Some of the alternatives for providing space in the A-10A are compiled in the Form, Fit, and Environmental (F²E) Summary (Table 3-1). Figure 3-1 shows the approximate location of these spaces and is keyed to this table.

The following basic points should be made relative to the data presented in the tables:

- A moderate amount of space is available in an equipment compartment if the HF radio is not installed. However, the Compass Tie Program is competing strongly for that space.
- The A-10 SPO indicates the existence of space in the tail area.
 However, overall aircraft weight-distribution considerations are critical.
- Moderate space is available if the recording and data conversion LRUs of the Velocity Gravity Height (VGH) system are removed.
- Plans for 1985 usage of the VGH measurement system need to be identified. Moderate space is available if the system is removed. Current plans call for only 20 percent of the aircraft to have the system installed, though all have the space allocated and 50 percent have Group A wiring.
- A small space becomes available if the IFF system is installed within the cockpit.
- In the A-10A, normal equipment cooling is not environmentally controlled outside the cockpit. There are plans to expand the cooling capacity to accommodate the INS, but the limit for heat dissipation (after INS requirements are satisfied) is about 1,200 watts as currently envisioned.

		Table 3 1.	F2E SUMMARY - A-10A		
F ² E Orinaria			Available Space		
Location Reference and Description	A Access Door 106 Adjacent to Compass To	B Att Fussiags Tail Saction Exact Lication TBD	C Fuselage Right Fard of Wing Access Door F10 Remove Recorder and Signal Data Converter of VGM System	D Fusings Right Furd of Wing Access Door F40 Remove Trenschoor of VGH System	E. Fraelage Right Fued of Wing. Accas Door F44 Remove Gyro, Strain Gage Arrol, and Accaserometers of VGH System.
Rectangular Size * (H, W, D) Volume	12" 12" 20" 1.7 Ft ² Below Eqst. Shelf 12" 12" 20" Max 1.4 Ft ² Above Eqst. Shelf	TBD But Should Exceed 1 Ft ²	10.0° 28.8° 8.0° 1.3 Ft	TBD	78 D
Type Cooling Available	Cool Ram Air Blown through Compartment	Currently Convection Only	Cool Ram Air Blown through Compartment	Cool Ram Air Blown through Compartment	Cool Ram Air Blown through Compartment
Temperature-Attitude Vibration (Normal Mount Vaiues)	MIL-E-5400 Cless 2 -54°C to +77°C CTS 30 Min @ +95°C 70,000 Ft. Limit Design01g*/Hz Endurance06g*/ Hz	MIL-E-5400 Class 2 -54°C to +71°C CTS 30 Min # +96°C 70,000 Ft Limit Caugn12g*/Hz Endurance5g*/ Hz	MIL-E-5/00 Class 2 -54°C to +71°C CTS 30 Min @ +96°C 70,000 Ft Limit Design = 0.03g ² /Hz Endurance = 0.20g ² /	MIL E-5400 Clees 2 -54°C to +71°C CTS 30 Min @ +95°C 70,000 Ft Limit Design = 0.01g ² /Faz Endurance = 0.01g ² /	MIL-E-5400 Class 2 -54°C to +71°C CT § 30 Min @ +95°C 70,000 Ft Limit Design — 0.01g*/Hz Endurance — 0.01g*/
Possible Carridates for the Space		None Known	None Known	None Knumm	None Known
Remarks	Existing as HF Radio Probably Will Not Be Installed.	SPO Indicated ther Air Conditioning Installation Would Be Relatively Eary and Efficient but Due to C.G. Consideration Ballast Could Be Problem.	VGH System Not Scheduled for Removal/Replacement. 60% A-10 Aircraft Have Group A. 20% Have Group B. Components.	Velocity Gravity Height (VGH) Mesaurament Syram: Not Schaduled for Remoral. GOS. A.1 Aircraft Wired (Group A), But only 20% Will Components (Group B).	Velocity Gravity Height (VGH) Messursment System Not Scheduled for Removal. IGN: A-10 Aircraft Wired (Group A), But only 20% Will Have Components (Group B).
*When LRU is current represent dimensions the dimensions given	When LRU is currently installed, the dimensions given represent dimensions of LRU; when no LRU is installed the dimensions given are those of the available space.	s given installed, pace.			

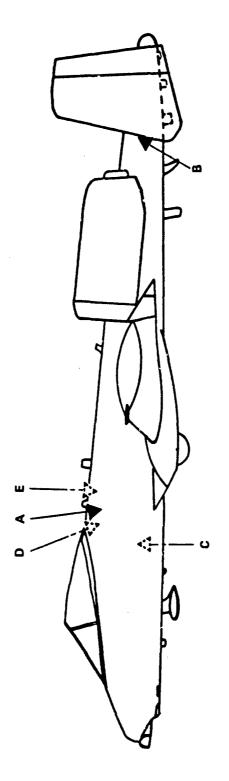


Figure 3-1. A-10A SPACE LOCATIONS

4. ELECTRICAL POWER SYSTEM

The electrical power system provides 115/200 V, 400 Hz, three-phase ac and 28 Vdc power to operate the various A-10A aircraft systems. The overall system is composed of two independent systems (left and right). Table 4-1 lists the particulars of the ac and dc components of each independent system and the emergency power capabilities.

Each independent ac system drives a converter to provide the dc power for each system. Under normal operation the ac generators each drive their main ac buses while only one system (usually the left) drives the ac essential bus.

In the event of complete in-flight loss of normal ac power, or on the ground with no external power applied to the aircraft, emergency power is supplied by a system consisting of a battery and inverter. This system supplies power to the ac and dc essential buses and the battery bus.

	Table 4-1. A-10A ELECTRICAL POX	NER SYSTEM
AC Power	DC Power	Emergency Power
40 kVA each independent system	Maximum of 100-ampere 28 Vdc from each indepen- dent ac system	24 V, 34 ampere-hour battery with inverter unit capable of 750 VA 115/200 Vac, 400 Hz, phase output

5. ENVIRONMENT CONTROL SYSTEM

The Environment Control System includes the cockpit air conditioning system, avionics compartment environment control, cockpit pressurization system, and a number of other aircraft environment-related systems.

The cockpit air conditioning system operates on bleed air extracted from the main engines or auxiliary power unit (APU). A maximum airflow of 21.3 lb./min. is provided on a hot day (125°F) at sea level and V maximum. This airflow rate is adequate to cool the cockpit to 92°F. The A-10 APU provides sufficient capacity to cool the cockpit to 79°F on a 125°F day during ground operations. Ram-air ventilation is also available to the cockpit.

The avionics and equipment compartments use electrically operated exhaust blowers located in each compartment for cooling during ground operations; these compartments use ram-air cooling for flight operations. The ram-air cooling is accomplished without cockpit controls. At present, both the ground- and air-cooling modes have sufficient capacity to maintain equipment ambient temperatures within safe limits.

In addition to the ram-air cooling of the avionics compartments, above 10,000 feet cockpit air is ventilated into the forward right-hand equipment compartment by the cabin pressure regulator. This vented cockpit air assists in cooling the electrical and electronic equipments.

Table 5-1 illustrates the maximum ground power dissipation capability of the avionics compartments. The primary cooling design criterion for the A-10A was to limit the maximum compartment ambient temperature to 160°F during all flight conditions and during continuous ground operations. A total of eight inlets and six identical cooling fans are required for cooling a maximum of 5.8 kW during ground static conditions (hot day, 125°F, sea level).

Future cooling requirements are not completely defined. Flight testing of a technique to cool the Inertial Navigation System (INS), located in fuselage compartment 44, should be completed in late 1979. Current plans call for cockpit discharge air as the primary cooling medium. However, if this air was to become too warm, air orifice would open to extract cooling air directly from the cockpit air conditioning supply ducts to supply the INS compartment. The orifice would direct cooling air from the cockpit supply air supply at a 1 lb./min. flow rate.

with the state of the

	(-1	able 5-1.	MAXIMUM GRC	UND POWER !	DISSIPATION	FOR AVION	Table 5-1. HAXIMUM GROUND POWER DISSIPATION FOR AVIONICS COMPARTMENTS	S.		
Avionics Area	Compartments Included	Fuselage Station 268/286 (Watts)	Fuselage Station 296/314 (Watts)	Fuselage Station 314/344 (Watts)	Fuselage Station 344/365 (Watts)	Solar Load (Watts)	Total Dissipation (Watts)	Number of Inlets	Number of Cooling Fans	Minimum* Cooling Airflow (lb./Min.)
Upl∵r Right	F-40, 42, 44	65	403	599	143	75	1,351	~	1	9.1
Lower Right	F-10, 12, 14	0	330	630	375	0	1,335	~	-	0.6
Ulper Left	F-101, 103, 105	70	1,028	457	245	75	2,187	~	7	14.8
Lower Left	1	ı	,	,	ı	1	100	:	'	1
Inverter	F-61	ı	1	•	•	,	+\$08	-	-	5.45
Battery	F-65	ı	1	ı	•		90	리	-1	•
							5,808	6 0	9	,

*Ambient 125°F 3 Sea Level pressure. **Induced draft cooled. *Power dissipation is 40 watts with inverter off.

//

6. CURRENT AVIONICS

Tables 6-1 through 6-19 and 9-1 through 9-4 contain LRU data relating to the A-10A avionics systems that make up the current or near-term configuration. Where no entries are shown, the data were not available for this report. Antenna locations are depicted in Section 7, Figure 7-1. Data pertaining to future avionics modifications are presented in Section 9.

11

The State of the second

	<u> </u>		Receive- Transmit Unit	Control Unit	Antenna	Shock Mount	
	Nomenclature		VHF/AN-807A	97733-100	DM-C50-1	98216	
	Location		640	Cock; it left Console	Bottom Rear Fuselage Center	F45	
		×	7.75	3.0			
imension	(Inches)	>	5.0	\$.75			
		٥	14.6	6.0			
	Volume (Cubic Inches)		9995	104			
	Weight	(spanos)	15.9	2.0			
	¥ *	Ų	:			ļ	
	Alrcraft Power	3 0	28V, 300W (Xmt (3ode)			;	
	Heat	Dissipation					
	Cooling	Method	Convection	Convection	Convection	Convection	
	Mount (no		Shock	Console		Kard	

		burry was	Shock	Hard	Console	·····	Ard	
	Cooling	Nethod	Convection w/ Internal Blower	Convection	Convection		Convection	
5821-00-937-4686	Hoat	Dissipation		_				
11, MSM:	Aircraft	ä	28V, 1124 (38t (ode)	;	ž.			
AM/AMC-1	Alre	Ŋ	:	:	;			
A-10A AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA: VHF/FN BADIO SET, AM/ARC-131,	Weight	(spunod)	25.2		٠ ٠			
DATA: VHF/F	Volume	Inches)	, e.g.		611			
UNATION	n.s.	q	15.8		7.9			
\$ COMP.1G	Dimensions (Inches)	3	°;		5.75			
AVIONIC		=						
<i>fable 6-2.</i> A-10A	Lecation		1103	F103	Cockpit Left Console	Bottom of Fuselaye Rear	rotton of Forcing Forcing Wings	
Tab	Momenclature		VHF/FM-672A	109-11604	C-921/FM-622A	4175-1/10	AS-1922/AR.	
	ij		Meceiva- Transmit Unit	Hount	Control Unit	Antennas (2)	Homing	

Main Recive Friedrich Google Laff 40 5.73 6.6 242 9.35				ľ	Laenston					Misses			
20 DE DISSERGATION S. 400042 S. 9 Panel Light O 27.59 O 27.59	į	Momenclature	Cocation	<u> </u>	(Inches)		Volume (Cubic	Me loht	2	1.00	1	Cooling	or a server
5 4004a				=		۵	Inches)		¥	R	Dissipation	Method	
	Main Mecaive- Transmit Unit	RT-1168**	Cockpit Left Console	;	5.75	÷.	22	9.25	400Hz SV Panel Light		110H TK Mode 35H RK Hode	Convection	Console
	Guard Receive- Pransmit Unit	RT-1145**	Cockpit Left Commode	;	5.0	8.25	ĭ	• 10 • 10	:	27.5v		Convection	Console
	Catrol Unit	C-9533**	Cockpit Laft Console	;	5.75	5.3	149	4.32				Convection	Console
	Indicator Unit		Cockpit Main Instrument Panel	2.25	*	6.5	Ħ	8				Convection	Panel
	Anteina Selector	C-4808/AAC	Cockpit Left Console Access-F 103									Convection	Console
*ANC-164/VIJ; \$21,-01.000-4600; VJ4; -4601; VI5; -4599; V24; -4603; V3; -4604; V4; -4590.	UNF Blade Antennam (2)	-	Co-located with TACAN Antennas									Convection	Hard
*ARC-164/VIJ; 5821-01-008-4600; VI4: -4601; VI5: -4599; V24: -4604; V4: -4598.													
*ARC-164/VIJ; 5821-01-008-4600; VI4: -4601; VI5: -4599; V24: -4604; V4: -4598.													
*ARC-164/VIJ; 5821-01-008-4600; VJ4: -4601; VIS: -4599; V24: -4604; V4: -4598.													
*ARC-164/VIJ; 5821-01-008-4600; VI4: -4601; VI5: -4599; V24: -4603; V3: -4604; V4: -4598.			÷										
*AMC-164/VIJ; 5821-01-008-4600; VI4: -4601; VI5: -4599; V24: -4603; VJ: -4604; V4: -4598.				-									
*AMC-164/VIJ; 5821-01-008-4600; VI4: -4601; VI5: -4599; V24: -4604; V4: -4598.					 						•		
*AMC-164/VIJ; 5821-01-008-4600; VI4: -4601; VI5: -4599; V24: -4604; V4: -4598.													
**All contained in one unit.	*ARC-164/V13; Si	821-01-008-4600;	VI4: -4601: VIS:	1887	V24.	63.	7037						
	**All contained	in one unit.						-4398.					

			Tet	J• 6-4.	A-104 A	VIONICS COM	7able 6-4. A-loa Avionics Configuration Data: UNF-DF	ATA: UHP	-DP NSN:	: TKO		
į	Nomenclature	Location	٥	Dimensions (Inches)		Volume (Cubic	Weight	Aire	Aircraft Pover	Fet	Cooling	
			*	32	ء	Inches)	(Founds)	NC.	ន	Dissipation	Method	Ser a more
Relay-Ampli- fier Assembly	OA-8697/ARD	Left Console										
Direction Finder	PN DF-301E	2	Approx- imately 5.0	Approx- Approx- Approx- inately inately imately 5.0 6.0	Approx-	150	Approx- imately 5.0					
												,
												•
				·								
	-											
												
									- 			
												

		•			-
			Ę		
• MSM TRO	Cooling	Method	1		
HF RADIO SET, AN/ARC-154 (NOT INSTALLATED - SPACE ONLY)*	Kaat	Dissipation	OET.		
INSTALLA	Aircraft Power	8	E		
C-154 (NO	Aire	ñ	OET		
SET, AN/AR	Weight	(Pounds)	TBD		
	Volume (Cubic	Inches)	18 D		
A-10A AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:	2	۵	£ C		
ONFICURA	Dimensions (Inches)	3	Ç.		
VIONICS		=	1		
	Location		O.E.T.		
Table 6-5.	Momenclature	ĺ	Ç.	t be instelled.	
	1		if tadio set	*Probably will not be instelled.	
لبا			<u> </u>		

	Bounting		-	•Tossoo	
•	Cooling	Method	Cenvection	Convection	
INTERCOMMUNICATIONS SET, AN/AIC-18 NSK: 5831-00-116-6503*	Heat	Dissipation			
IC-18 NSM:	Aircraft Power	8	27.5V 5.3W	27. S. ¥.	
SET, AN/A	Airc	Ş	:	6Vac Lights 4004z	
UNICATIONS	Weight	(spurpal)	3.4	c →	
1 INTERCOM	Volume (Cubic	Inches)	8	*	
A-10A AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:))	۵	;	6.75	
ONFIGURA	Dimensions (Inches)	>	5.1	5. 35	
TOWICS C		×	3.6	3.75	
	Location		Access F103	Left Consol	
rable 6-6.	Momenclature		C-2105()	C-3942(P)	
	į		Intercom	Cantrol Panel Cantrol Anel Cantrol Panel Cantrol Cantrol Panel Cantrol P	

		House fast		Console		
	Cooling	Method	Com. ect los	Convection		7
Off 1828 T	Ĭ	Dissipation	100eTU/Nours	4 Metts		
c squimen	Aircraft	8	28Vdc	28Vdc		
PTOGRAPHI	Aire	¥	:	ŀ		
Table 6-7. A-10A AVIONIUS COMPIGURATION DATA: CRUPTOGRAPHIC EQUIPMENT	Meaght	(Pounds)	51			
OMFIGURATIO	Volume	Inches)	355	35	1	1
VIONICS (2 -	۵	9.1	7		
4-10t-4	Dimensions (Inches)	*	5.0	5. 75		
. e 6-7.		=	7.8	3.6		
725	Location			Cockpit Left Console		
	Momenclature		TSEC./KY-28	C-8057/AMC		
	j		Secure Speech Device Remote	Control Unit		

Convection Console	(Convection Convection Convection Convection Convection Convection Convection Convection	Court Cour	Table 6-8. A-10A AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA: PITOT-STATIC SYSTEM - FLIGHT AND MAV INSTRUMENTS Dimensions Understand
Convection Compole Convection Console Convection Console Convection Console Convection Console Convection Console	Convection Console Convection Console Convection Console Convection Console Convection Console Convection Console	Convection Copacite Convection Console Convection Console Convection Console Convection Console Convection Console	Momenclature Location (Inches)
Console Console Console Console	Console Console Console Console	Console Console Console Console	r
Console Console Console Console	Console Console Console Console	Console Console Console	Cockpit Main Instrument Panel
Console Console Console	Consol e	Console Console Console	AQU-6A Cockpit Main Instrument Panel
Console Consec.	Console Consec.	Console Console	AQU-1/A Cockpit Right Side of Windshirld
	·	· ·	Cock; it Main Instrument Panel
			ABU-11/A COCKpit Instrument Fanci
			ABU-4A/A Left Side of Kindshirld
			Sain Instru-
			Main Instru- sent Panel
			Instrument Panol
			AAU-19/A Instrument Panel
			CPU-46A F40

Table	TABLE 6-9. A-10A AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA: ANGLE OF ATTACK SYSTEM, COUNTING ACCELENOMETER SYSTEM, AND VELOCITY GRAVITY HEIGHT SYSTEM	NICS CONFIGURATI	TON DATA	: AMG.E	MTTA 90	X SYSTEM,	COUNTING ACC	TLENORTE	srste.	NID VELOCITY GIN	VITE HEIGHT STS	a a s
i	Momenclature	Location	•	Dimonstons (Inches)		Volume	We ight	Aire	Aircraft	j	1	
			*	•	۵	Inches)	(Pounds)	¥	ä	Dissipation	Mathod	Powet (ag
Wert Velocity Indicator		Instrument Panel										
AOA Transmit- ter		Left Side Fuselage										
AOA Indicator		Instrument Panel					·					
AOA Asproach Indexes		Left Side of Windshield										
Counting Accel- erometer System											···········	
Accelerometer Transmitter		ž										
Accelerometer Indicator		710					<u>.</u>				-	
Welocity Gravity Height System												
Vert Accelero-	TRU-106/A1	ž										
Transceiver Accelerometer	TM-107/A	744										
Strain Gauge Amplifier	AGU- 30/A	Ę										
Signal Data Recorder	MORU-553	710										
Signal Data	MCU-64/A	710										
Transducer	TRU-164/A	240										
Auto Gryo	SBU-13/A	7.										

	-	<i>fable 6-10. A-1</i> T.0	OA AIONI	CS CONFI	CONMITOR	A-10A AIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA; TACAN, AN/ARN-118(V) (INSTALLED ON A-10A AFTER T.O. 1A-10-518, REPLACING AN/ARN-84) NSN: 5826-01-015-0814	AN, AN/ARN-1 USN: 5826-0	118(V) (IN	STALLED ON	A-10A AFTER		
į	Momenclature	Location	Ω	Dimensions (Inches)	9	Volume	Weight	Airc	Aircraft Power	Heat	Cooling	
			æ	2	۵	Inches)	(Pounds)	Ŋ	ä	Dissipation	Method	fortunos
Transceiver Unit	RT-1159/A	F103	z .9	2.5	9.	745	26.5	115V 400Hz 13 250VA Naximum	2 HV		Convection with Internal Blower	Shock
Digital-to- Analog Adapter	3.X-9577/A	FIU3	8.0	1.7	13.1	7-1	e ik	26V 400Hz	;		Convection	Shock
Mount Base	NT-4680/A or NT-4682/A	F103	6.6 (Maxi- mum Dimen- sion)**	11.7	20.5	•105			28V, 28V Maximum		Convection	Console
Control Unit**	C-100xX/A	Cockpit Right Console	3.0 or 2.25	5.75	5.4	14 or 70	3.0				Convection	Console
				·								
"Peplaces 3" Con	"Only 2.1" added height when packaged with above two units. "*Replaces J" Control Unit Space - two Options on height diss	ckaged with above two units two Options on height dimension.	re two un on height	ifs. dimens	ion.							

	-	- Spunting	Shock	tpod#	:	Stand ctios Consols	
	[[Mathod	_			Convection	
00-357-2886	i	Dissipation					
MSH 5026-	Aircraft	8					
E-84(V) •	Airo	¥					
TACAN, AN/AU 0-538; MEPLA	We ight	(Pounds)					
PION DATA: NE T.O. 14-1	No les	Inches)					
ONFIGURA	2.	a					
VIONICS C	Dimensions (Inches)	2					
A-104 A		3				<u> </u>	
Table 6-11. A-10A AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA: TACAN, AN/ALMS-84(V)= NSH 5826-00-157-2886 (INSTALLED ON A-10A BETONE T.O. 14-10-518; NETLACED BY AN/ARM-118)	Location		7 103	103	F103	Cockpit Alght Console	n.
	Momenc Lature		RT-1127	CV-3138	HT-4616	C-9475	*To be replaced with AM/ADM-118(V).
	į		Transceiver Unit	Data Converter Assembly	Mount	Control Unit	To be replaced

	j			a a									NJL-1			
	Possible		•	Console					 							
	Conling	Method	Convection	Convection					 	, ,						
110	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	Dissipation										•	•			
	Aircraft Power	8	28V, 45W Maximum												,	
ILS M.	Aire	Ų	:													
TABLE 6-12. A-10A AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA: ILS AN/ANN-108	Weight	(Lorange)	7.0	2.0											:	
MICS COMFIG	Volume	Inches)	229	92												
-10A AVIO	•	٥	11.5	6.0												
6-12. A	Dimensions (Inches)	3). u	5.75					 		 ···•• • ···		<u> </u>			
Table (2	5.1	2.25					 					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	Location		F103	Cockpit Right 2.25	1 103											
	Momenclature		R-1871		CPU-BOA											
	į		Jan Vocal	Control Unit	Flight Director Computer	Glide/Slope Antenna	Localizer	Marker Beacon Antenna			 					

		Table 6-13	. A-10	AVIONIC	25 COMP1	QUANTION DA	Table 6-13. A-10A AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA: HEADING ATTITUDE REFERENCE SYSTEM	ATTITUDE	METERICAL	i	9	
į	Momenclature	Location	ā	Dimensions (Inches)		Volume (Cubic	Meight	Mircraft	¥ ;	Ĭ	Cooling	
			×	,	۵	Inches)	(Pounds)	¥	8	Dissipation	Method	Mounting
Displacement Oyro	OF-1466	74 2										
Amplifier- Electronic Control	1589-W	2										
Compass System	C-100\$	Bight Console										
Magnetic Azimuth		Inside Left Vertical Fin										
				·								
			<u>-</u> -									
							•			•		
	-						,					
										٠.		
٠											·	
	,											

		ber 1 months		Console	Shock				
	Cooling	Method			Convection				
IFF SYSTEM, AN/APX-101 MSN: 5895-61-016-6739	Heat	Dissipation			мос				
NSN: 5895-	raft	8	28V 63.5W	28V 0.2A	:	,	:		
M/APX-101	Aircraft Power	¥	:	tooliz, evac, 1A	115V, 1; 400Hz,	,			
F SYSTEM, A	Weight	(Founds)	17.3	3.0	11.0				
A-10A AVIONICS COMFIGURATION DATA: IF	Volume (Cubic	Inches	177	7 6	267			·	
FICURATI	•	۵	10.8	3.1	8.2		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
MICS COM	Dimensions (Inches)	2	6.0	5.75	6.3				
-10A AVIC		×	S.8	\$.25	6.5				
Table 6-14. A.	Location		F103	Left Console	É	Left Console	Top Fuselage Behind Cockpit	Bottom Fuse- lage Rear	
- '	Momenclature		RT-1063B	C-6280A/3PX	KIT-LA/TSEC				
	į		Transponder	Control Panel	Transponder Computer	Antenna Selector Switch	Upper Antenna	Lover Antenna	

			Bord	P. al	Merd						
	Cooling	Ne thod	Convection	Convection	Convection		 		7,	 ·	
Table 6-15. A-10A AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA: MADAR BEACON SYSTEM, AN/UPM-25 MEN: 5895-00-137-0439	ĭ	Dissipation				 	 	 			
H-25 MKH:	Aircraft Power	8	A					,			
EN. AM/UP	Aire	¥	1								
BEACON SYSTE	Meight	(Pounds)	1.1								
ATA: MOAR	Volume (Cubic	Inches	39								
JEATTON D	,	۵	4.0			 					
S CONFIG	Dimensions (Inches)	,	3.4								
AVIONIC			6:				 	 		 	
c 6-15. A-10A	Location		Behind Panel E6 on Right Vertical Fin		Right Vertical Fin						
Table	Momenclature		MT-855								
	1		Maces op- Transmit Unit	Code Selector Box	Antenna		 				

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Table 6-16.		A-10A AVICHICS CONFIGURATION DATA: AND GUN SYSTEM ELECTRONICS NSH:*	N DATA:	7.18 CO	HTROL SI	YSTEMS TANCE	er to system	, LASER PA	Y PERMY EV	FIRE CONTROL SYSTEMS TANGET ID SYSTEM, LAKER PAVE PERMY SYSTEM AN/AAS-15(V), MAVERICK MOMITOR,	(V), HAVERICK NO	MITTOR.
3	Nomenclature	Location	۵	Dimensions (Inches)		Volume (Oubic	We 19ht	Aircraf	Aircraft	Neat	Cooling	Bounting
			=	,	٥	Inches	(Pounds)	S	8	Dissipation	Nethod	
Target ID System												-
Control Panel	PN6273153W)	Pedestal Cockpit										
POD Assembly	PN160D8917u1-3	Lower Fuschage Right Side										-
Detector, Leser	PR627221200-319	Lower Fuschage Right Side										
Adapter, Con- trol Detector	PH627215100-019	710				Data for	3	- initiature are	Classified.	ź		
Meverick/Mt-84 TV System												
Display	PN102704	Main Instru-										· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Control	PN102707	Left Console										
Inter Standard PN924131CU01	PN924131CU01	:									·	
Gun Electronies												
Electronic Gun Control Unit	FN132010E3	ž										

					·							
*For AMS-35(V)].	** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **	6.										

-	Table 6-17.	A-10A AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:	CONFIGU	BATTON .		radar homing and mainting system, an/alr-46(V) nsm.	UID KARNTING	SYSTEM, AI	VALR-46(V	NSH: 5A65-00-091-8623	091-8623	
į	Nomenclature	Location	a	Dimensions (Inches)		Volume (Cubic	Be 14ht	Aircraft	ircraft Power	279	C0011ng	Mounting
			x	2	٥	Inches)	(Founds)	YC	8	Dissipation	Method	·
Amplifiet- 225 Degree Detector	АИ-66 39	Aft Radome	6.7	1.7	3.6	£ 4	3.5	;	120		Convection	Hard
Amplifier- 315 Degree Detector	АМ-66 39	Aft Radome	6.7	1.7	7.6	£	3.5	:	21.		Convection	Mard
Indicator- Control	10-1-01	Main Instru- ment Panel		-							Convection	
Indicator- Asimuth	1P-957/APR-36	Main Inseru- ment Panck									Convection	Pane 1
Digital Signal Analyzer	CH-442	1103						115V 400Hg 2.5A			Convection	
Receiver- Countermeasure	R-1854	F014	÷.		20.8	652	o.	115V 400Hz 0.25A			Convection	
Amplifier- 45 Degree Detector	AH-66 39	Forward Radome	6.3	::	ÿ.	6	3.5	•	.12v		Convection	Hard
Amplefier- 135 Degree Detector	AM-6619	Forward Radom:	6.7	1.7	7.6	60	3.5	;	7711		Convection	Hard
Antennas (4)												Hard
						. <u></u> -						

				On Pylon Stations	1						
	Cooling	Method	Convection	Convection							
	Ĭ	Dissipation		*							
SYSTEM	Aircraft	R			red.						
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Afr	¥			() () () ()					^ ,	
Table 6-18. A-10A AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA: BCM SYSTEM	Meight	(Pounds)			unte for this equipment are Classified.				·		
VIONICS COMP	Volume	Inches)					,				
1. A-10A A	stons hes)	۵			3					 	
Tab. c 6-11	Dimensions (Inches)	2				·		 	 	 	$\left \cdot \right $
	Location		Right Console	,						 	
	Momenclature			AR/ALQ-119(V)- 10, -12	AW/ALQ-131 (Terminal Threat Wisson)						
	į		Cuntrol Panel - ECM	ECH PODS		- 19,					

	Hounting				
	Cooling				
TEM NSW: TBD	Heat	Dissipation			
STOREGISTION STRICT	Aircraft Power	8			
	Airc Po	γC			
	Weight	(apunc a)			
	Volume (Cubic	Inches)			
	5 C	а			
	Dimensions (Inches)	2	·		
		*		•	
	Location		22	Left Console	
	Momentature		PH 29.2E 79.0G4	PR12306220021	
	į		Computer- Stability Augusnit	Ometrol Protei- Stability August	

7. ANTENNAS

Pigure 7-1 shows the approximate location of the antennas of the A-10A.

The A-10A antenna nomenclature is as follows:

Pigure 7-1 Legend	Antenna	Nomenclature
1	RHAW	58-871502-7
2	UHF/ADF	OA-8697/ARD(DMN 15-5)
3	UHF/TACAN	DMCN 18-4
4	VHF/FM Homing	AS-1922/ARC
5	IFF	AT741BA
6	UHF/TACAN	DMCN 18-4
• 7	LORAN/GPS Antenna	Unknown
8	VHF/FM	4375-1/1C(777-1950-001)
9	VHF/AM	DM-C50-1
10	L-Band RHAW	11D28500
11	IFF	AT741BA
12	RHAW	53-871502-7
13	X-Band Beacon	AS2038/UPN

1. RHAW Antenna
2. UHF ADF Antenna
3. UHF/TACAN Antenna
4. VHF/FM Homing Antenna
5. IFF Antenna

6. UHF/TACAN Antenna 7. LORAN or GPS Antenna

8. Vhs.,
9. VHF/AM Ant.
10. L-Band RHAW Ante...
11. IFF Antenna
12. RHAW Antenna
13. X-Band Radar Antenna (RH Fin)
ILS system antenna locations are TBD.

Figure 7-1. ANTENNA LOCATIONS

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7-2

8. INTERFACE DATA

This section contains examples of interface signal characteristics. These data were extracted from applicable sections of the Interface Control Drawings (ICDs) for integration of GPS user equipment in the A-10 aircraft. Each sheet discussed a particular signal. The top line contains the signal name, type of signal (digital, analog, discrete or synchronous), signal source and load, and whether the signal is an input or output of the GPS user equipment. A functional description follows, together with a description of the signal's characteristics.

' SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
Bearing	Synchro	0	UE	Pilot's HSI

Functional Description

Provides angular information to the bearing pointer to display relative bearing of the aircraft's present position to selected waypoint.

. <u>Signal Characteristics</u>

RANGE: 0° to 360°
ACCURACY: + 0.5°
INDEX REFERENCE: Aircraft Heading
POSITIVE DIRECTION SENSE: Increasing Bearing
SCALE FACTOR: 1° = 1°
RESOLUTION + 0.5°

Electrical Characteristics

LOAD: 1) Pilot's HSI (AQU-6/A), 3-Wire Synchro (see page 10-3)

SOURCE: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

(TBD-1)

A/C: REF:

A-10A AQU-6/A. MIL-I-83034

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Rotor Input Voltage 26 Volts Frequency 400 Cycles Resistance (DC) 530 Ohms Brush Contact Resistance 0.5 Ohms Stator Input Voltage 11.8 Volts Input Current 20 ma Input Power 0.090 Watts Resistance (DC) 188 Ohms Rotor Output Voltage 19 Volts Phase Shift (S to R) 15 Degrees Accuracy (Max) 15 Minutes Null Voltage (Max) 50 mv Impedance Zso 222 + 1470 Ohms Zrss 1050 + 1450 Chms	LOAC	1			
Input Voltage 26 Volts Frequencv 400 Cycles Resistance (DC) 530 Ohms Brush Contact Resistance 0.5 Ohms Stator Input Voltage 11.8 Volts Input Current 20 ma Input Power 0.090 Watts Resistance (DC) 188 Ohms Rotor Output Voltage 19 Volts Phase Shift (S to R) 15 Degrees Accuracy (Max) 15 Minutes Null Voltage (Max) 50 mv Impedance Zso 222 + j470 Ohms Zro 940 + j2260 Ohms		Synchro, EP	AY500-5		
requency 400 Cycles lesistance (OC) 530 Ohms Stator Input Voltage 11.8 Volts Input Current 20 ma Input Power 0.090 Watts lesistance (DC) 188 Ohms Notor Output Voltage 19 Volts Phase Shift (S to R) 15 Degrees Mccuracy (Mex) 15 Minutes Mull Voltage (Max) 50 mv Impedance Iso 222 + j470 Ohms Iro 940 + j2260 Ohms	lotor				
Input Voltage 11.8 Volts Input Current 20 ma Input Power 0.090 Watts Resistance (DC) 188 Ohms Rotor Output Voltage 19 Volts Phase Shift (S to R) 15 Degrees Accuracy (Max) 15 Minutes Null Voltage (Max) 50 mv Impedance Zso 222 + j470 Ohms Zro 940 + j2260 Ohms	Frequency Resistance (DC)	400 530	Cycles Ohms		
Input Current 20 ma Input Power 0.090 Watts Resistance (DC) 188 Ohms Rotor Output Voltage 19 Volts Phase Shift (S to R) 15 Degrees Accuracy (Max) 15 Minutes Mull Voltage (Max) 50 mv Impedance Zso 222 + j470 Ohms Zro 940 + j2260 Ohms	Stator				
Zso 222 + j470 Ohms Zro 940 + j2260 Ohms	Input Current Input Power lesistance (DC) lotor Output Voltage Phase Shift (S to R) lccuracy (Max)	20 0.090 188 19 15	ma Watts Ohms Volts Degrees Minutes		
Zro 940 + j2260 Ohms	Impedance				
	ro	940 + 12260	Ohms		
	•			1	

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ICD-6PS-002

SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
Bearing Flag	Discrete	0	UE	Pilot's HSI

Functional Description

Provides a discrete signal to operate the bearing warning flag. The flag is normally out of view when the bearing pointer is operating and the bearing data is valid. The flag appears when the bearing information is not valid or the device supplying the bearing data is not operating.

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: 28 Vdc ground applied = out-of-view 28 Vdc ground not applied = in-view

Electrical Characteristics

LOAD: 1) Pilot's HSI (AQU-6/A), Shutter Mechanism Meter movement (28 Vdc)

SOURCE: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

(TBD--2)

A/C: A-10A REF: AQU-6/A, MIL-I-83034

ſ	-	-	•	-			_
1	A			100	-GPS	-002	
ſ	****		24'	,	8-067	10-4	_

' SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO TO
Distance, Units	Synchro	0	. UE	Pilot's HSI

Functional Description

Provides angular information to rotate the units digit in the range window. Displays aircraft present position distance to selected waypoint in 1mm increments (0.5mm indexed). Driven independently of other digits, but read in conjunction with them in order to provide the least significant digit.

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: 0 to 9 (0° to 360°)

ACCURACY: + 0.1 (+ 3.6°)

INDEX REFERENCE: 0

POSITIVE DIRECTION SENSE: To decreasing values (distance to go)

SCALE FACTOR: 36° = 1 numeral

RESOLUTION: + 3.6°

Electrical Characteristics

LOAD: 1) Pilot's HSI (AQU-6/A), 3-Wire Synchro, Clifton CRC-8-A-1 or equal (See page 10-8).

SOURCE: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

(TBD-2)

A/C: REF:

A-10A

AQU-6/A, MIL-I-83034

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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
Distance, tens	Synchro	0	UĒ	Pilot's HSI

<u>Functional</u> Description

Provides angular information to rotate the tens digit in the range window. Displays aircraft present position distance to selected waypoint in 10nm $\,$ increments. Driven independently of other distance digits but read in conjunction with them.

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: 0 to 9 (0° to 360°)

ACCURACY: + 0.1 (+3.6°)

INDEX REFERENCE: 0

POSITIVE DIRECTION SENSE: To decreasing values (distance to go)

SCALE FACTOR: 36° = 1 numeral

RESOLUTION: + 3.6°

Electrical Characteristics

LOAD: 1) Pilot's HSI (AQU-6/A), 3-Wire Synchro, Clifton CRC-8-A-1 or equal (see page 10-8)

SOURCE: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

(TBD-2)

A-10A

AQU-5/A), MIL-I-83034

ICD-GPS-002 mur 10-6 MEA

THE PROPERTY OF MITTER STATES

SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	то
Distance, hundreds	Synchro	0	UE	Pilot's HSI

Functional Description

Provides angular information to rotate the hundreds digit in the range window. Displays aircraft present position distance to the selected waypoint in 100nm increments. Driven independently of the other distance digits, but read in conjunction with them in order to provide the most significant digit for the distance value.

<u>Signal Characteristics</u>

RANGE: 0 to 9 (0° to 360°)
ACCURACY: + 0.1 (+ 3.6°)
INDEX REFERÊNCE: 0
POSITIVE DIRECTION SENSE: To decreasing values (distance to go)
SCALE FACTOR: 36° = 1 numeral
RESOLUTION: + 3.6°

Electrical Characteristics

LOAD: 1) Pilot's HSI (AQU-6/A), 3-Wire Synchro, Clifton CRC-8-A-1 or equal (see page 10-8)

SOURCE: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

(TBD-2)

A/C: REF: A-10A

AQU-6/A, MIL-1-83034

ICD-GPS-002

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS LOAD 1 HSI, AQU-6/A, Distance Display, 3-Wire Synchro, Clifton Type CRC-8-A-1 or equal Primary Winding
Primary Voltage (400 Hz)
Secondary Voltage
Input Current
Input Power
Accuracy
Impedance, Zro 54
Impedance, Zso 12 Rotor 25 11.8 100 .54 Volts Volts ma Watts Minutes Ohms Ohms Rotor DC Resistance Stator DC Resistance Phase Shift 37 12 8.5 Ohms Ohms Degrees ICD-GPS-002

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-er 10-8

SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	T0
-Course Set	Course Set Synchro 1		Pilot's HSI	UE

<u>Functional Description</u>

Provides an electrical reference signal of the course manually selected by the Course Set control on the MSI. This signal will be used by the UE as a reference for positioning the course deviation and To-From indicators on the HSI.

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: 0° to 360°
ACCURACY: + 0.5°
INDEX REFERENCE: Aircraft Heading
POSITIVE DIRECTION SENSE: Increased Heading
SCALE FACTOR: 1° = 1°
RESOLUTION: + 2.5°

Electrical Characteristics (Continued on next page)

SOURCE: Pilot's HSI Course Resolver, Eclipse Pioneer Type AY221-5-B

LOAD: (TPD-1)

Interconnection Data

(TBD-2)

A/C: REF: A-10A AQU-6/A, MIL-I-83034

ICD-GPS-002 - 10-9 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SOURCE 1		
HSI, AQU-6/A, Course Reso Pioneer Type AY221-5-B	lver, Eclipse	
Phase Shift (Lead) DC Resistance, Rotor	26 Vac. 400 Hz 12 me 100 mw 17.2 Vac 10 degrees 400 Ohms 175 Ohms 700 + j2100 Ohms 345 + j1220 Ohms 20 minutes	

ICD-GPS-002

SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	то
Horizontal Deviation	Analog	0	UE	P17ot's HSI & ADI

Functional Description

Provides a variable d.c. signal that indicates the displacement of the aircreft to the left or right of a selected course. The displacement represented by the indicating device will be controlled by UE software and will be dependent upon aircraft flight phase. Deflection of the indicating device may represent angular displacement (e.g., 10° for a TACAN approach: 2.5° for ILS) or distance. For an area navigation systems, the Area Navigation Subcommittee of the Air Transport Association's Air Traffice Control Committee has recommended the following ranges for the flight modes indicated: a) Enroute: 2-6 miles full scale, b) Terminal: 1-2 miles full scale and c) Approach: 600-3000 feet full scale. Choice of presentation (distance/degrees) and scales are (TBD-3).

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: 0 to + 150 µa
RESOLUTION: 5 µa
ACCURACY: + 10 µa
INDEX REFERENCE: Selected course
POSITIVE DIRECTION SENSE: Fly right (+)
SCALE FACTOR: 75 µa/dot on the indicator
Distance/angular displacement scale factor (TBD-3)

Electrical Characteristics

LOAD: 1) Pilot's HSI (AQU-6/A); course bar mechanism, 1000 ohms \pm 3% 2) Pilot's ADI (ARU-2B/A), 1000 ohms \pm 3%

SQURCE: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

(TBD-2)

A-10A

AQU-6/A, MIL-I-83034 ARU-28/A, MIL-I-27193

ICD-GPS-002 257 -ar 10-11

SIGNAL NAME	TYPE I/O F		FROM	то	
To-From	Analog 0		UE	Pflot's HSI	

Functional Description

Provides a d.c. analog signal to drive the To-From indicator. If the aircraft is flying toward the waypoint and has not intercepted a reference line perpendicular to the aircraft ground track and through the waypoint, the indication will be TO. Once past the waypoint reference line, the indication will be FROM as long as this waypoint is still selected.

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: TO = + 225 ua maximum BLANK = no signal FROM = -225 ua maximum

Electrical Characteristics

LOAD: 1) Pilot's HSI (AQU-6/A), Meter movement, 200 ohms ± 15%

SOURCE: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

(TBD-2)

A-10A

AQU-6/A, MIL-I-83034

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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
Distance Flag	Discrete	0	UE	Pflot's HSI

Functional Description

Provides a discrete signal to operate the distance warning flag. The flag is normally out of view when the range indicator is operating and the range data is valid. The flag covers the range indicator when the distance information is not valid or the device supplying the distance data is not operating.

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: 28 Vdc ground applied = out-of-view 28 Vdc ground not applied = in-view

Electrical Characteristics

LOAD: 1) Pilot's HSI (AQU-6/A), Distance Shutter Mechanism, Meter movement (28 Vdc)

SOURCE: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

(TBD-2)

A-10A AQU-6/A, MIL-I-83034

ICD-GPS-002 10-13

SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
Horizontal Deviation	Discrete	0	UE	Pflot's HSI & ADI

<u>Functional Description</u>

Provides a discrete signal to operate the deviation warning flag or circuit when the deviation data is unreliable or a malfunction has occurred in the course deviation circuitry.

Signal Characteristics

Deviation signal valid: 245-500 mv. Deviation signal invalid: <180 mv. RANGE:

Electrical Characteristics

LOAD: 1) Pilot's HSI (AQU-6/A), Suppressed zero meter movement, 1000 ohms, 3%

2) Pilot's ADI (ARU-28/A), 1000 ohms, 3%

SOURCE: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

(TBD-2)

A/C: REF: A-10A

AQU-6/A, MIL-I-83034 ARU-2B/A, MIL-I-27193

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wat		954	,		H C	10-14

SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	70
INS Update	Digital	0	UE	INS

Functional Description

GPS output data will be provided to the INS (when installed) for use in alignment and other uses as required.

Output Data: a) Latitude

- e) Altitude f) Time

- b) Longitude c) N-S Velocity d) E-W Velocity

Signal Characteristics

MIL-STD-1553 or ARING Specification 419.

Electrical Characteristics

(TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

(TBD-1)

A/C: REF: A-10A

ICD-GPS-002 mı 10-15

SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
Vertical Deviation	Analog	0	UE	ADI

Functional Description

Provides a variable d.c. signal that indicates the displacement of the aircraft above or below a desired flight path. The displacement represented by the indicating device will be controlled by UE software and will be dependent upon aircraft flight phase. Deflection of the indicating device may represent angular displacement (e.g., 0.5° for ILS) or distance. For an area navigation systems, the Area Navigation Subcommittee of the Air Transport Association's Air Traffic Control Committee has recommended the following ranges for the flight modes indicated:

a) Enroute: 200-2000 feet full scale, b) Terminal: 60-200 feet full scale and c) Approach: 40-100 feet full scale. Choice of presentation (distance/degrees) and scales are TBD-3. and scales are TBD-3.

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: 0 to + 150 ua

RESOLUTION: 3 µa

ACCURACY: + 10 µa

INDEX REFERENCE: Desired flight path
POSITIVE DIRECTION SENSE: Fiy Down (+)

SCALE FACTOR: 75 µa/dcf on the indicate SCALE FACTOR: 75 wa/dot on the indicator

Distance/angular displacement scale factor TBD-3

Electrical Characteristics

LOAD: 1) Pilot's ADI (ARU-28/A), 1000 ohms + 3%

SOURCE: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

(TBD-2)

ARU-2B/A, MIL-I-27193

ICD-GPS-002

' SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	70	
Vertical Deviation Flag	Discrete	0	UE	Pilot's ADI	

Functional Description

Provides a discrete signal to operate the deviation warning flag or circuit when the deviation data is unreliable or a malfunction has occurred in the course deviation circuitry.

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: Deviation signal valid: 245-500 mv. Deviation signal invalid: <180 mv.

Electrical Characteristics

LOAD: 1) Pilot's ADI (ARU-28/A), Suppressed Zero Meter Movement, 1000 Ohms \pm 3%

SOURCE: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

(TBD-2)

A/C: A-10A REF: ARU-28/A, MIL-I-27193

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1	A			I CD-	-GPS-C	002
١.		Tes	v		94667	10-17

' SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	то
Magnetic Heading	Analog. Synchro	ī	Heading Attitude Reference System	UΕ

Functional Description

Provide angular reference signal of aircraft heading relative to magnetic north.

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: 0° to 360°
ACCURACY: + 0.5%
INDEX REFERENCE: Magnetic North
POSITIVE DIRECTION SENSE: Nose Right
SCALE FACTOR: 1° = 1°
RESOLUTION: (TBD-2)

Electrical Characteristics

SOURCE: 1) Heading Attitude Reference System, 3-Wire Synchro

LOAD: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

(TBD-2)

A/C: A-10A REF:

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. SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO	
True Air Speed	Synchro	1	Airspeed Indicator	UE	

Functional Description

Provides an input of true airspeed in synchro format.

Signal Characteristics

SCALE RATE: 334.285° for 500 knots V_C (0.66857°/knot)

Display to electrical angle output

ACCURACY: + 1.5 knots

Electrical Characteristics

SOURCE:
 Electrical Zero: 50 knots
 Rotor Excitation: 26 Vrms, 400 Hz
 Stator Output: 3.9 Vrms max, 400 Hz
 line-to-line open
 circuit @ 57° phase

Rotor Res.(DC): 54 ohm I/O%
Rotor Imp.(Z): 216 + j302 Stator Res.(DC): 249 ohms $\pm 15\%$ Input Cur., rotor: 0.060 amps Input Pwr., rotor: 0.800 W Stator Load: $10 \text{K}\Omega/\text{leg}$ matched (min.)

LOAD: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

(TBD-3)

A/C: KEF: A-10A

MIL-I-831528

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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO	
Blanking Pulse	Pulse	1	IFF, AN/APX-101(V)	UE	

Functional Description

Provides a blanking pulse to protect UE from damage while other ${\bf L}$ band systems are transmitting.

Signal Characteristics

al Characteristics
SIGNAL TYPE: Positive Pulse
AMPLITUDE: 0 to +40 volts
FREQUENCY RANGE: 20,000 PPS (max.)
DUTY CYCLE: 15% (max.)
LOGIC ONE LEVEL (SUPPRESSION): +20 to +40 volts
LOGIC ZERO (NON-SUPPRESSION): 0 + 0.5 volts
START TIME: See next page
STOP TIME: See next page

Electrical Characteristics

SOURCE: IFF (AN/APX-101), Receiver-Transmitter RT-1063B/APX-101(V), R = 100 Chms \pm 10%

LOAD: 300 to 2,200 Ohms shunted by 1850 Pf

Interconnection Data

WIRE TYPE: RG-58C/U Coaxial Cable

A-10A A/C: REF:

ICD-GPS-002

8-20

SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
Blanking Pulse (continued)	Pulse	I	IFF, AN/APX-101(V)	UE

<u>Signal Characteristics</u> (continued)

START TIME: The suppression pulse shall rise to 7.5 volts minimum at least 0.5 usec but not more than 3.0 usec before the RF output pulse has reached 10% of its amplitude. For auxiliary trigger and Mode 4 replies, the pulse shall rise to 7.5 volts minimum less than 0.5 usec before the RF output pulse has reached 10% of its amplitude. Maximum rise time (10-90%) shall be 0.5 usec.

STOP TIME:

The suppression pulse shall be less than 1.0 volt. 3.0 used after the 10% amplitude point of the trailing edge of the last RF framing pulse of the reply pulse train or after the 10% amplitude point of the trailing edge of each RF output pulse resulting from the auxiliary trigger input.

A/C: A-10A REF:

ICD-GPS-002 -ce 10-21

' SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	10
Barometric Altitude	Analog, Synchro	I	Altitude Computer	UE

Functional Description

Provides an input of pressure altitude in synchro format for use by the system when operating with less than full navigation capability.

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: -1000 to +70,000 feet

ACCURACY: ± 100 feet at 50,000 feet

INDEX REFERENCE: 29.92 inches Hg.

SCALE FACTOR: Output 1: 36° per 1,000 feet

Output 2: 36° per 1,000 feet

Output 3: 36° per 100 feet

Output 4: 1.869° per 1,000 feet

*Electrical Characteristics (Continued next page)

SOURCE: Altitude Encoder, Altitude Transducer
Computer, Type CPU-46/AlO, P/N A43700-00-050
(Vollsman), 3-wire Synchro, P/N 100GZ-88-Al
(Eclipse-Pioneer) or equal
LOAD: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

(TBO-2)

A/C: REF: A-10A

T.O. 5F5-4-13-13 MIL-C-27889

ICD-GPS-002 Her 10-22

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS LOAD 1 Synchro Transmitter, Eclipse-Pioneer P/N 100GZ-88-Al or Equal (TBD-2) ICD-GPS-002 10-23 t=#41

· SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
INS Data	Digital	I	INS	UE

<u>Functional Description</u>

GPS will require the following data from the INS in order to lock-on to satellites rapidly and to maintain stabilization for the high AJ antenna:

- a) True Air Speed e) X Velocity
 b) Pressure Aititude f) Y Velocity
 c) Letitude g) Z Melocity
 d) Longitude h) Pitch
- 1) Roll j) Magnetic Heading k) True Heading

Signal Characteristics

MIL-STD-1553 or ARINC Specification 419

Electrical Characteristics

(TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

(TBO-1)

A/C: REF:

A-10A

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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO	
Pitch	Synchro	I	HAR'S	UE	

<u>Functional Description</u>

Provides an input of aircraft pitch attitude in synchro format to the UE.

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: + 90°
ACCURACY: + 0.5°
INDEX REFERENCE: 0° Pitch
POSITIVE DIRECTION SENSE: Nose Up
SCALE FACTOR: 1° = 1°

Electrical Characteristics

SOURCE: (TBO-2) LOAO: (TBO-1)

Interconnection Data

(T80-1)

A/C: A-10A REF:

ICD-GPS-002

SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	7ROM	TO
Ro11	Synchro	I	HARS	UE

Functional Description

Provides an input of aircraft roll attitude in synchro format to the UE.

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: 0° to 360°
ACCURACY: +0.5°
INUEX REFERENCE: 0° Roll
POSITIVE DIRECTION SENSE: Right Wing Down
SCALE FACTOR: 1° = 1°

Electrical Characteristics

SOURCE: (TBD-2)

LOAD: (TBO-1)

Interconnection Data

(TBD-1)

A/C: A-10A REF:

ICD-GPS-002

1.12

9. FUTURE MODIFICATIONS

Table 9-1 presents planned or tentative Class V modifications. Only those systems not previously addressed in Section 6 are included. Tables 9-2 through 9-4 present limited LRU data on the ARC-186 VHF radio, the Inertial Measurement Unit, and the Compass Tie System.

Table 9-1. A-10A CLASS V AVIONICS MODIFICATIONS						
Terminology/Nomenclature	Remarks					
Inertial Navigation System	Selection of the F ³ /INS compatible system is to be made in the near future. See Table 9-2.					
Chaff Dispenser/ALE-40	Will be incorporated in the near term.					
VHF AM/FM Radio/ARC-186	Two will be installed. One will replace the VHF AM radio before production begins. The other will replace the VHF FM radio under a retrofit activity later. See Table 9-3.					
Global Positioning System	Space located-three dimensional, continuous, worldwide precision positioning system.					
Compass Tie/ALR-69	Updated RHAW system with jammer power management capability. (Uncertain modification for A-10A at this time.)					

1	-	
Best Available	Cops	

		ba j cenaji	On Alapters	Console	Shock	TO CE	Shock	The remain-
VHF AM/FM RADIO SET AN/ARC-186*	Cooling	Method	Convection	Convection		1	Convection	1
	Heat	Dissipation						One R/T, one control, and the AM adapter replace the original VPF AM Padio.
SET AN/AR	Aircraft Power	8	23V 6.71 RX 504 4.0A TX 150W (Each)					ter replac
K/FM RADIO	Airc	y.	5Vac Panel Light- ing					e AM adap
	Meight	(Pounds)	6.5 Ea ch	3 Each	~	v	~	rol, and th
A-10A AVIONICS CONFICURATION DATA:	Volume	Inches)	226	88	92 9	88	₹	A/T, one control, and the AM adapter replace the origin
WICS CON	100	۵	. · ·	9.9	12.6	13.6	4.5 sions)	One R
10A AVIC	Dimensions (Inches)	3	o .i.	5.75	4.35	2,0	1.0 1.0 4.5 (Incldded within FM Adaptor Dimensions)	systems)
1		=	4.75	2.25	1.5	1.25	3.0 (Incl Adapt	tion (2 9 retro
Table 9-2.	Location		.	Cockpir Left Console	4-	4 -	••	PC-186 installation (2 systems). One F FM radio during retrofit. FM capability.
	Kon octature				998G-3	938G-1		Tris list includes the total APC-1 ing items will replace the VMF FM FEACH APT will replace the VMF M and FM FEACH APT WILL APPLIES.
	į		Receives Tennastes (Quantity 2)	Control Unit (Quantity 2)	AN Adapter (Used in ARC- 134 VMF/AN Peplacement)	FM Adapter (Used in ARC- 131 VMF/AM Replacement)	FW Howing Module (Appli-calls to WHF/ FW Feplacement Only)	"This list includes the total APC-1 "The state will replace the WR FM "Each of FM will replace the Mand FM "The following the following following the following follow

9-2

			-	
. A-IOA AVIONICS CONFICURATION DATA: INTERTIAL MEASUREMENT UNIT DATA (SUPPLIED BY A-10 SPO)	Cooling	Method	Porced Air Conditioning	
	Beat	Dissipation		
DATA (SUPP	Aircraft Power	8	28V 240M IF AC Power Lost Omly	
ENT UNIT	Atr	Ş	115V 30 400Hz 400Hz 8tart 280VA Steady 9B, C 710VA Steady 26Vac 40VA Steat 15VA Steat 15VA Steat 15VA Steat 15VA Steat 15VA Steat 15VA 16VA 16VA 16VA 16VA 16VA 16VA 16VA 16	
IAL MEASUREN	Weight (Pounds)		35 Maximum	
DATA: INTERTIAL	Volume	Inches)	1211	
RATION DA	2 -	۵	5.6	
CONFICU	Dimensions (Inches)	3	7.9	
AVIONICS		×	6	
9-3. A-10A	Location			
Table 9-3	Monenclature			!
	j		Inertaal Measurement Unit	

9-3 Best Available Copy 62

			Table !	3-4. A-	10A AVIOR	Table 9-4. A-10A AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:	URATION D	ATA: COMPASS TIE	1.5			
Name	Nomenclature	Location	u,	Dimensions (Inches)	ns (Volume (Cubic	Weight	Aircraft Power	2	Heat	Cooling	Mounting
			æ	3	٥	Inches)	(seumoa)	AC.	8	ussipation	Vernod	
Compass Tie												
Signal Processor	ALR-69	F-103	5.0	7.59	14.808	562.9	25	115v		175	Forced Air	Shock
FSRS								3.5A				
Cantroller	C-10373	F-105	0.7	5.0	12.39	433.7	22.3	115v3# 1.1A/# 28v, 1h	284, 13	357	Forced Air	Shock
Receiver	R-2094	F-105	6.0	0:	10.77	258.5	15	FM Controller	ller		Forced Air	Hard
Transmission Line Coupler	CU-2220	F-105	2.0	0.9	8.98	107.8	4.1	115v .35 A		25	Forced Air	Hard
E/J Receivers (See ALR-46, Table 6-17)	AM-6639											á
C/D Receiver	AM-6971	F-103	0.4	0.9	10.6	254.4	7.5	FM CM-479	79	20	Н	Hard
Artenna Switch	MT-3989	F-105	1.13	3.5	2.5	68.6	1.0	FM Controller	ller	•	Convection	Hard

10. DATA SOURCES

The following sources of data were used in preparing this summary:

- Information contained in the JTIDS Aircraft Configuration Data Summary ~ A-10A. (Source ASD/XRE)
- A-10 System Program Office
- ICD-TPS-002, GPS Phase II User Equipment Interface Requirements for the A-10A Aircraft
- Letter from ASD/YXEA to ASD/EN, 1 February 1978, Subject "A-10A Avionics"
- Avionics Planning Baseline Document, October 1978
- Rockwell International/Collins ARC-186 VHF Radio Description Data
- ARINC Research Informal Report Technical Report, Preliminary JTIDS Configuration Data Analyses, May 1978
- · ASD YXEA Letters, 19 September 1978, ALR-69 Installation Drawings

List of Technical Orders

Technical Order Number	<u>Title</u>	Change	Date
1A-10A-01	List of Publications		4/1/77
1A-10A-1	Flight Manual		3/30/79
1A-10A-1-1	Flight Manual	2	9/15/77
1A-10A-2-1-1	General Manual	Basic	1/25/77
1A-10A-2-110-1	Wiring Diagrams	3	10/15/77
1a-10a-2-34TS-1	Navigation/Instrument System	2	7/15/77
la-10a-2-26MS-1	Fuel System	Basic	3/1/77
1A-10A-2-27MS-1	Flight Control	2	3/1/77
1A-10A-2-94MS-1	Fire Control	Basic	9/1/77
1A-10A-2-94MS-2	Armament	Basic	1/3/77
1A-10A-2-21MS-1	Environmental Control System	2	3/15/77
1A-10A-2-34MS-1	Instrument System	1	5/20/77
1A-10A-4-27	Flight Controls	Basic	2/1/77
1A-10A-4-1	Parts Index	Basic	12/15/77
1A-10A-4-23	Parts-Communications	1	11/1/77
1A-10A-4-34	Parts-Instrument System	1	11/15/77
1A-10A-4-93	Parts-Electronic Warfare	1	11/1/77
1A-10A-21	Inventory	1	3/15/77
12R2-ARC164-2	Radio Set	Basic	6/20/76
12R5-ARN118-1	TACAN Navigational Set	Basic	10/15/76
12P4-2APX101-2	Radio	Basic	9/1/75

AVIONICS INTERFACE DATA SUMMARY FOR EF-111A



October 1979

Issued by

The Deputy for Avionics Control
ASD/AX
A Joint AFSC/AFLC Organization

FOREWORD

This document is one of a series of reports that describe Avionics interfaces for various USAF aircraft. It was prepared for the Deputy for Avionics Control, Aeronautical Systems Division (ASD/AX), Wright-Patterson AFB, Ohio by ARINC Research Corporation, Annapolis, Maryland under Contract F33657-79-C-0567.

1.1.

	Record of Changes	
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1. INTRODUCTION

This document contains configuration data relating to the integration of additional avionics into the EF-lllA aircraft.

This document will be revised periodically as additional modifications are planned and incorporated into the aircraft Queries regarding information contained herein should be addressed to:

The Deputy for Avionics Control Code: ASD/AXP Wright-Patterson AFB, Ohio

This document was compiled from Air Force source materials by ARINC Research Corporation under Contract F33657-79-C-0567.

The applicable Technical Orders are included in the references listed in Section 10.

2. COCKPIT SPACE

2.1 Introduction

The cockpit in the EF-111A is divided into six main areas: the left and right instrument panel; the left, center, and right consoles (Figures 2-1, 2-2, 2-3); and the back wall. Changes from the current prototype configuration to the production configuration are as follows:

- Left Console
 - .. HF radio control panel moved from left rear wall to center console
- Center Console
 - •• KY-28 control panel demoded
 - •• CVDS control panel demoded
 - HF communication control added
 - IFF control added
 - TV monitor demoded, flight test only
- Right Console
 - IFF control removed from right rear wall and put on center console
 - •• Instrumentation control panel demoded
- Left Instrument Panel
 - · · No changes
- · Right Instrument Panel
 - •• Instrumentation test panel demoded

2.2 Possible Control and Display Space

The changes that may be made for the production configuration produce several space options. If the IFF control panel is moved back to its original position on the right back wall, a large space would be available on the center console. Another possibility would be the relocation of the HF Communications Control from the center console to the left rear wall.

The only blank panel space available without relocation is 1-7/8 inch high in the left corsole, behind the pilot's shoulder line and 1-1/2 inch high in the right console, behind the EWO's shoulder line.



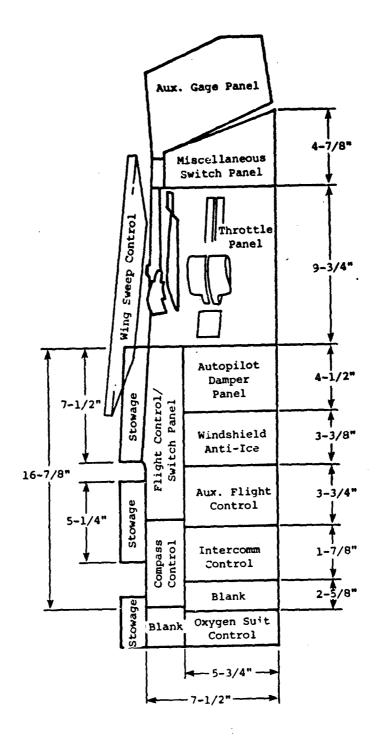


Figure 2-1. PROPOSED PRODUCTION EF-111A LEFT CONSOLE

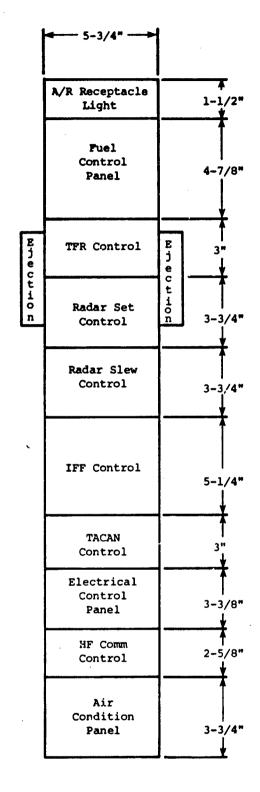


Figure 2-2. PROPOSED PRODUCTION EF-111A CENTER CONSCLE

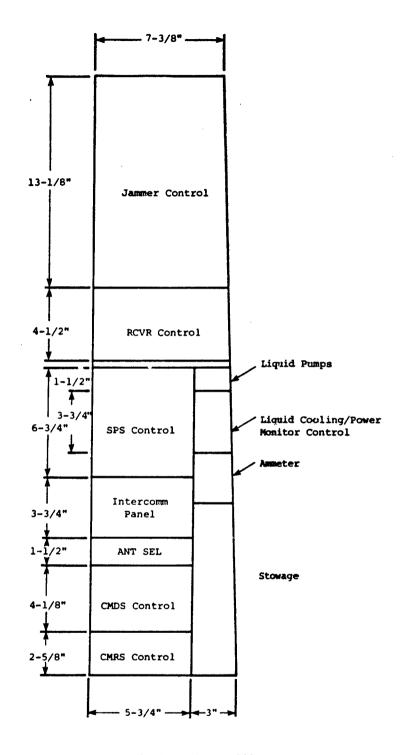


Figure 2-3. PROPOSED PRODUCTION EF-111A RIGHT CONSOLE

3. AVIONICS SPACE

3.1 Right Forward Equipment Bay

All potentially available avionics space is in the forward, right hand equipment bay under access doors 1201 and 1202 (as illustrated in Figure 3-1). Some of the alternatives for providing space in the EF-111A into which LRUs might be placed are compiled in the Form, Fit, and Environmental (F^EE) Summary, Table 3-1.

3.2 Other Locations

No other available locations have been identified from examination of the available drawings and discussions with the EF-111A SPO personnel.

			Table 3-1. F2E.	Table 3-1. F2E SUMMARY - TP-111A				
F 2 E Criteria				Petential Available Space				
Learnin Referenses and Description	A ARC100 Deer 1202 1202	Demod Strike Comers Door 1201	Chi APX44 IFF Door 1201	D ARC112HF AmpPur Supply Door 1201	E ARC112NF Rest-Xinty. Doze 1201	Fit Land	G APR-167 Deal Atsimeter Dear 1201	.113
Rectangular Size * (H, W, D — Inches) Volume (Ft*)	7.2 × 9.5 × 17.5 0.7 Ft ³	10 × 10 × 17 1.0 Ft ³	8.6 × 6.7 × 20.2 4 × 4 × 6 0.7 Ft ³	9.5 × 9.9 × 20.2 1.1 Ft.	11 × 12.8 × 18.4 1.5 Fr ³	9 × 14 × 17 1.2 Ft	6×11.5×14	85 × 12 × 12 × 12 × 12 × 12 × 12 × 12 × 1
Type of Cooling Australia	Forced Air Available			Forced Air Available***				
Temperature Altitude Vibration	Class 2, Mile-5400 Normal Egyt. Aree			Cles 2, MIL.E 5400 Normal Egyc. Ans				
Possible Candidates for this Space	None Known	ECM	None Known	None Known	Kom	11	Steen Kenne	<u>3</u>
T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	NT-118E/ANC-164 in Coshpit Volume of ANC-150	Names Particular	Register with AFX-101 IFF Transpender	Replace HF Communith Single LRU in Let. D	Command of the Comman		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	11
"Where Land is successful the state of	v merchael the discussion							

GPS Antenna STA172.00 Water Tank STA207.5

Figure 3-1. RIGHT FORWARD EQUIPMENT BAY, EF-111A

4. ELECTRICAL POWER SYSTEM

4.1 Introduction

115 volt, three phase, 400 cycle ac power and 28 volt dc power is provided for the electrical power system in the EF-111A. This power is generated by two 90 kVA ac generator drive assemblies, one mounted on each engine. These generators are supplemented by two transformer rectifier units that convert the power to 28 volts dc. The electrical power and lighting system consists of the following systems:

- Main ac power system
- External ac power and monitor system
- Emergency ac power system
- Dc power system
- Exterior lighting system
- Interior lighting system
- · Warning and caution system

4.2 Power Requirements

In the EF-111A, as well as the F-111A, there is a basic avionics electrical power requirement of 40 kVA, assuming that the removal of attack equipment offsets the added ECM equipment. Ten ALQ-99 jammers require 125 kVA of electrical power. This requires a total load of 165 kVA, leaving a 15 kVA growth capability.

4.3 Power Generation and Distribution

The main sources of electrical power are 90 kVA indirect drive generators. These generators replace the two 60 kVA generators in the F-111A. Both are 90 kVA constant speed drive generators. The control units for these generators are in the forward equipment bay. The electrical power distribution system is functionally identical to that of the F-111A. The only differences are the Jammer Subsystem (JSS) monitoring and control unit and an increase in feeder cable size.

4.4 Emergency ac Power System

The 10 kVA emergency ac power system provides electrical power for operation of safety-of-flight equipment in the event the main ac power system fails or hydraulic power is applied to the aircraft without electrical power, or both. The emergency ac power generator is operated by the utility hydraulic system.

TYPE CHARLES

4.5 DC Power System

The dc power system supplies the aircraft with the necessary 28-volt direct current power. The main dc power system uses two ac-to-dc power converters to supply the main and essential dc buses. The aircraft battery ensures that standby power is available to power engine starts, aircraft position lights, and pylon refuel/defuel valves without external power units.

5. ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL SYSTEM

5.1 General

The Environmental Control System (ECS) in the EF-11A contains an air cycle cooling section (AACS) and a liquid thermal transport section (TTS). The AACS, which utilizes the open bootstrap air cycle configuration for heat exchange, provides conditioned air to the cockpit and to the various avionics and equipment bays for both force-cooled equipment and compartment cooling. The TTS, which has two closed, self-contained recirculating liquid coolant loops, is utilized to remove the heat from the jamming subsystem transmitters and the ALQ-137 Self-Protection System.

5.2 Cabin Air Conditioning

The cabin cooling and heating requirements are satisfied by an air flow from the AACS; the actual airflow rate is determined by the flow schedule at the flow control system. From the cockpit, the cooling air is dumped into the forward equipment bay at an exhaust temperature of 80°F.

5.3 Avionics Air Conditioning

The AACS provides conditioned air to the avionics to meet the minimum requirements for compartment cooling and force-cooled equipment. The forward equipment bay (FEB) heat load has grown by 2,974 watts (from 13,494 watts), because of increased wiring losses and the addition of ambient-cooled equipment. Because the FEB ambient temperature is raised by less than 10°F, this heat increase is not considered significant in view of the 32.8 lbs/min. of conditioned air being supplied to the FEB and nose radome. Table 5-1 illustrates the power dissipation required in the various areas of the aircraft served by the AACS and TTS.

	Table	Table 5-1. EF-	111A COOLIN	EF-111A COOLING POWER ALLOCATIONS	CATIONS		
	Cooling (Wat	Cooling Power (Watts)	Equi Forced-A lbs	Equipment Forced-Air Cooling lbs/min	Compartm @40°F -	Compartment Air† @40°F - lbs/min	Allowable
כסיילים ביויכור	Liquid Cooled	Air Cooled**	Required at 40°F	Supplied+ at 40°F	SL @ MIL PWR	40,000 Ft Vmax	Temperature (°F)##
Weapons Bay Upper	0	5,816	23.4	24.7	2.3	2.3	160/185
Weapons Bay Lower	106,300	3,000	7.5	7.9	14.5	14.5	160/185
Fin Fairing	0	1,290	8.1	9.3	1.2	1.2	160/185
Cabin	0	2,197	3.2	4.0	32.1*	45.6#	80
Nose Radome*	0	278	1.1	1.8	0	0	270/270
Forward Equipment Bay*	0	13,494	22.8	31.0	0	o	160/160
Aft Cheek Arca Left	0	140	0	0	1.0	1.0	160/160
Right	0	48	0	. 0	1.0	1.0	160/160
Speed Bumps:	2,625	205	0	0	0	0	400/500 (estimated)
Totals	108,925	26,468	66.1	78.7	52.1	9.99	1

*Equipment airflows include compartment cooling air.
**Does not include wiring losses (2,974 watts) or radiating horn dissipations (2,100 watts).
"Air supplied at both sea level at military power and 40,000 ft. at Vmax.

"Air supplied flows above ram air temperature of 130°F only. Flows are for standard hot day operation.

##Temperatures indicate maximum continuous rating/intermittent rating. #Cabin flow is a function of flight condition.

6. CURRENT AVIONICS

Tables 6-1 through 6-21 contain LRU data relating to the EF-111A systems that make up the current or near-term configuration. Where no entries are shown, the data were not available for this report. Data pertaining to future avionics modifications are presented in Section 9.

		bert turcou		MT-3322/ AMC-109		HT-1932/	Hard	·	
36~9236	Cooling	Method							
NSM: 5821-00-496-9236	Mark	Distipation	150 W	370 W (Transmitting)	-				
M/ARC-109	Aircraft Power	8							
ON SET, A	Aire	Ŋ	150	115 VAC. 400 Hz					
COMMUNICATI	Weight	(somos)	38.8	28.7	*	1.5	1.0		
CS CONFIGURATION DATA: UHF CO	Volume (Cubic	Inches)		9.4.1	.41	1.1.1			
TOURATION	* .	٥		14.87	5.5	4.5			
6-1. EF-111A AVIO	Dimensions (Inches)	3		8.87	5.75	3.25			
		×		6.87	4.87				
	Location			Door 1202.	Cockpit	Door 1202			
Table	Nomenclature		AU/ARC-109	RT-749/ARL-109	C-6364/ARL-109	C-4808	AS-1918		
	į		UNF	Acvr-Trans	Control	Antenna Selector	Antenna		

	_	Too account	Disease								
We but We but We but We but We but We but	<u>§</u>		Dimension (Inches	ž .	Volume (Cubic	Weight	Aircr	, E	Į.	Cool (175	
Cockpit 2.62 5.75 5.0 75.3 1.8 1.100 Doc 1201 8.5 9.35 17.87 1.05 40 Coc 1201 10.0 11.62 16.0 1859 42.5 6.0 5.0 12.63 778.5 Doc 1202 10.0 12.53 110.7 14.8		=	32	۵	Inches)	(Nonwas)	Ş	Я	Dissipation	Method	MOUNTING
Cockptt 2:62 5.75 5:0 75.3 1.9 Door 1201 8-5 9.75 17.87 1.05 40 Coc 1201 10.0 11.62 16.0 1859 42.5 Coc 1201 10.0 11.62 16.0 1859 42.5 Coc 1202 15.25 6.5 1.75 179.5 7.4 IO.25 10.0 12.75 1107 14.8				············			1.100				
112 Decr 1261 10.0 11.62 16.0 1959 42.5 50 11.05 40 113 Decr 1261 10.0 11.62 16.0 1959 42.5 50 12.62 10.0 12.62 10.0 12.62 10.0 12.75 10.0 12.				\$.0	75.3	1.8					
112 Goot 1201 10.0 11.62 16.0 1859 42.5 955 W 6.0 5.0 12.62 178.6			9.25	17.87	\$0'1	Q					Mount
112 600 1202 15.15 6.5 1.75 178.6 113 10.25 10.0 12.75 13.7 14.8			11.62	16.0	1659	42.5			M 556		Mount
5-112 600: 1202 15.23 6.5 1.75 173.5 7.4 5-112 10.25 10.0 12.75 1307 14.8	~ ~	6.9	5.0	12.52	378.6						Included
-112 10.0 12.35 10.0 14.8				1.75	173.5	7.4					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	NC-112	10.25		12.75	1307	14. A					Mr-1157
	2										, t
											<u></u>

	Cooling	Method			
IC-25	1 79	Dissipation	* 02		
INTERCOM, SET, AM/AIC-25	Aircraft Power	8	0.02		
итенсон.	A L	ğ			
	Weight	(Founds)	7,	2.7	
Table 6-3. EF-111A AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:	Volume (Cubic	Inches)	121.2	81.2	
	•	۵	5.62	5.12	
	Dimensions (Inches)	32	5.75	3.62	
	10	×	3.75	4.38	
	Location		Cockpit		
	Momenclature		AM/AIC-25 7BD C6567/AIC-25 MCM: 4831-002	800-20 800-20 800-20 800-20 800-20	
	į		Intercom. Set Control	Interom. Station	

		Mountain		WT-19551	Hard	
	Cooling	Method		Porced Air		
UHF-ADP, AN/ARA-53 NSM: \$826-00-883-5777	Pat	Dissipation	¥ 05			
NSW: 5826-	Aircraft Power	8	0.01			
1/ARA-53	Aire	Ą	0.04		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
UHF-ADP, AN	Weight	(Founds)		5.4	10	
EP-111A AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA;	Value (Cubic	Inches)		375	368	
CONFIGURA	9	۵		0.0	10.25	
VIONICS	Dimensions (Inches)	3	 .	7.1	10.25	
F-111A A	_	=		9.	3.5	
Table 6-4. E	Location			Door 1202		
	Momenclature		AN/ARA-50	AM-3624/ARA-50	AS-909/ARA-48	
	į		UHF-ADE	Amplifier Relay AM-3624/ARA-50 Assembly	UMF/ADF Loop Antenne	

		Mounting	-						
	Cooling	Method							
ys.	Ĭ	Dissipatio,	35/10 W	36/10 W	2				
FLICHT INSTRUMENTS	Afreraft	8		0.034/					
FLIGHT	Alre	Ŋ		0.003					
WTION DATA:	Weight	(Founds)	:	5.5	0.0	1.5			
EF-111A AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:	Volume	Inches)	780.4	9.6	178	3.14			
ILA AVION	2 ~	۵	10.68	7.01	8.37				
	Dime.usions (Inches)	3	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	2.40	8.	(7.0 dimeter)			
Table 0-5.		*	\$\$	2.40	+.35	(2.5			
-	Location		Cockpie	Cockpit	Cockpit	Cockpit	Door 1104		
	Momenclature		ARY-11/A MSN: 6610-0Q- 424-874	ARU-42/A-2 MSN: 6610-00- 200-8744	AQ14/A TBO		HXK-316/A24U6 TBD		
	ij		Attitude Director Indicator	Attitude Indicator	Horizontal Situation Indicator	Total/Selected Fuel Quantity	Recorder Flight Load Type	-	

	Cooling	Method		
610-00-116-4581; 610-00-920-8874	14	Dissipation	79. 7	
19 11050-9	Aircraft Possi	R	\$ · · ·	
11-00-019	A S	¥	• 0 0 0	
ä	e ight	(somol)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
EF-111A . FLICHT DIRECTOR COMPUTER	Volume (Cubic	Inches)	Ĩ.	
ברומות מ	. Be	Q	•	
- 4111-	Disensions (Inches)	3	\$.	
1			\$1.7	
Table 6-6.	Location		1101 1	
	Homenclature		CPU-76/A	
	3		Computer	

	fable	Table : -7. EF-111A	AVIONIC	S CONFIG	URATION	DATA: KADA	EF-111A AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA: NADAR ALTINETER AN/APH-167 MSN:	AK/APH-167	•	5841-00-772-1819		
1	Money Clature	Location	å	Dimensions (Inches)		Volume	be ight	Aircraft	raft	Ĭ	Cooling	-
			×	>	٥	Inches)	(Pounds)	ĸ	8	Dissipation	Method	ROUNT ING
Rader Altimeter	AM/APH-167											-
Acve/Trans	RT-771/APN-167	Door 1201		\$:,	14.5	101	11.0	0.0	0.01	192 W		Shock
Antenna	AS-1758/APN- 167		4.5	↓ .\$	9.25	191	:					Ferd.
Radar Altimater Indicators	K\$1860¢0100	Cockpit					1.6/1.8				Convection	·
Radar Altimeter Low Warning Lamp		Cockpit									Convection	<u> </u>
					• . •		······································					
												
												-1
					··=·-		·					-,
	_				· - · · · · ·						————	
					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
I'm INGICATOLS.												



		MOUNT IN	Shock		
	Cooling	Method			
04-1 NSN: TBD	Fair	Dissipation	A 89	•	
772. CC000	Aircraft Possr	8			
DATA COMPL	Afro	¥	00		
CENTRAL AIR DATA CONFUTER, CC00004-1	We Lght	(Pounds)	47.0		,
EF-111A AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA; C	Volume (Cubic	Inches)			
OMPTOURA	208 1)	۵			
VIONICS O	Dimensions (Inches)	2			
-111A A		*	·		
Table 6-8. El	Location		Loor 1101		
F	Mosenclature		CCC 0004-1-		
	į		99		

New originature Location Contact Contact New originature Location New originature Location New originature New origina	Teble 6-7.). EF-111A AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:	ONICS COM	FIGURATI	ON DATA		INERTIAL MAVICATION SYSTEM, MAJANQ-20A	SYSTEM, AN	1/A3Q-20A	NSN: 6605-00-170-6701	F-6701	
Ober 11.2 (4.0 clareter) 2.0 25.1 1.8 Coechut (4.0 clareter) 2.0 25.1 1.8 77.8 28) W	•	Location	8	Inches)		Volume	Meight	Aire Po	raft. mr	Meat	Cooling	Sec. 1
Cocchit 2.0 23.1 1.0 236 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 5 4 4 5 5 4 4 5 5 4 4 5 5 4 4 5 5 4 4 5 5 4 4 5 5 4 6 5 6 5			=	3	۵	Inches	a puno.	¥	8	Dissipation	Nethod	
COCK411 3.0 25.1 1.8	/AJQ-20	Door 1102					75.0			275 W		-
200 by 11	<u> </u>		(4.0 di	*cter!	5.0	25.1	e::					
	\ A \Q-20	Cockpit					17.0					

No.		Table 6-10.	EF-111A	AVIONIC	S COMPTIC	EP-111A AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:		- 58 K	ILS AK/ARM-58 NSH: 5826-00-883-5795*	-683-5795*		
W W D Inches March	Momenclature	Location	ا ۵	(Inches)		Volume	Se ight	A S.	craft wat	Heat	Cooling	Hount Loa
Av./Abi-56 -v-61/Abi-54 -v-6			3	*	٥	Inches		ĸ	8	DI SELPSTION	Method	
The state was a second and a second and a second	 AM/ARH-58								20.			
Door 1101	7-843/AM-54	Door 2204	2,75	6.87	\$.01	267	7.9		220 mA	*		
C-C176/ABM-184 3.0 5.75 5.0 66.3 1.3 CONVECTION 1.0	 R-844/ARN-58	Door 2204	9.75	6.87	5.01	336	9.6			*		
0007 1101 1.0 0.0	C-£376/AM-58A		3.0	5.75	5.0	÷.	1.1				Convertion	
•••		Door 1101					0.1					Hard
		Door 1101					•					Hard
												fig.

	3			MT-4682A			HT-1995A	Her d	
	Cooling	Marks Marks							
\$626-01-015-0639	les t	Dissipation	MOOT				2 ~		
	Adreraft	8	0.0616						
TACAM, AM/AMM-118 MSY:	nata S	¥	0.250						
	Beight	(Louise		\$6.5	5.0			-	
EF-111A AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA,	Volum (Cubic	Inches)		745			11.1		
ics court	2_	a	20.5	9.01	13.1	*.*	7.		
LA AVIONI	Dimensions (Inches)	,	11.7	7.5	1.7	5.75	7:7		
- (=	6.	9	· .	9.0	2.7		
	Location						Cochpit	1011	
	Mosenclature		Ab/AIGK-118	FT-1159(A)/ARM- 118	7756201	C-10058/ARH-	SA521/A	9161-318	
	į		TACM	Acvr-Xate	W/q	Control	Antenna RF Switch	Blade TKCAs	

	Prome Cas			
	Cooling	Method		
9	ĭ	Utssipstion	§	
I MSN: TB0	raft	ន	• .	
INTERPREDICT BLANGE	Aircraft	ų		
CHESTOS RES	Mesaht			
. Er-111A:	Volume (Cubic	Inches)	161	
Table 6-12.	2	۵	*	
T.	Disensions (Inches)	*	19.0	
		*	÷	
	Location		200 1103	
	Momenclature		MK-9879/A	
	i,		Blanker Blanker	

		and the same of th		MT-3497/	\$5-¥3-W	HT-1513		HT-4579/ U		
	Cooling	Method								
IFF TRANSPONDER, AM/APX-64 NSM: 5895-00-115-7812	Feat	Dissigation		110 W	7.5 %	* * * * * * *		3		
NEW 2	raft.	ä	0.03			0.014%		0.012		
. AM/APX-6	Aircraft	¥	6.0	8.0				0.025		
THANSPONDER	beight	(Pounds)		0.00	2.5	3.0	2.0	12.0	-	
•	Volume	Inches)			151			7.010		
EF-111A AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:		٥		19.31	\$.8	7.01		14.25		
ICS COMF	Dimensions (Inches)	2		11.13	5.75	3.25		9.		
IA AVIONI		*			5.35	3.15		8.63		
6-11.	Location			Door 1201	Cockpt	Door 1201		DOOR 1201		
Table	Momenclature		AN/APX-64	FT-728/APX-64	C-6717/APX-64	T8-1643/APX	45-1919	KIT-1A/SEC		
	e y		IFF Transponder AN/APX-64	Acve-Xate	Control	Test Set Airborne	Antenna Blade	Transponder Computer		

	3		1	Reck	1	Fec.	Pack	Z		
	Cooling					Convection				_
	Ĭ	Dissipation		3	126 w					_
7		R		 						_
Afree	Power	¥							·	_
Airerafe	We Light		13.8	27.9	23.7	~	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	×.		_
	Volume (Cubic	(aches)	•			176.1	212			-
		٥				7. 11	17.61			_
Simens to	(Inches)	,				£. 75	6.3			1
L		*				0.5	°:			7
	Location			Nose Radume	Coctpit	Cockpie	Door 1301	Door 1301		
	Mosenclature		CP-799/APQ-110	AS-2136/APQ- 128	19-773/A.Q-110	C-6456/APQ-110	AX-4240/APQ- 110	5N-379/APQ-110		
	į		TF Computer	Antenna Mcvr.	TF Indicator	Tf Radar Set Control	Amplifier Power Supply	Sync. Mats.		

		Table	Table 6-15.	E: -111A	AVIONIC	E:-111A AVICHICS COMPIGURATION DATA:		ATTACK BADAR	I I	15 0		
į	Momenclature	Location	۵	Dimensions (Inches)	9	Volume	weight	Altr	Aircraft	Here	Cooling	
			×	2	۵	Inches	(Lonnas)	¥	ä	Dissipation	Method	Seri suprose
Attack Radar	AN/APQ-160							1.637	۲:			**
Assembly	AS-1749/APQ-11.	Nose Radome	25.4	34.8	2.3	28,550	54.5					
Antenna Control	C-6498/APQ-113	Nose Radome	7.9	7.::	36.5	2, 153	38.0			× 96		ž.
Modulator Rovr- Transmitter	MD-608/APQ-113	Door 1101	20.27	12.75	19.3	896.	31			.:		Pa ck
Synchronizer	SN-380/APQ-113	Door 1101	13.25 13.09	13.09	19.1	3,347	9			39.2 %		5
Radar Set Control	C-6499/APQ-113	Lockpit	3.75	5,75	5.21	112.3	3.1					Pack
Indicator Asimuth Eleva- tion Pange	IP-1260/A	cockpit	10.94	\$5	25.0	1778	37.0	135 W	0.00	179 W		7 2¢
Control Indicator	C-10255/APQ- 160	Cockpit	3.75	\$1.75	\$:\$	\$3.9	2.3					P. P. C. F.
									·			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·									
		-										

		Mountang		CH-542/	ALR-23		Panel		
5865-00-104-9842	Coaling	Method							
i ga	Heat	Dissipation	729 W	33 W	# 09	N 905	136 W		
, AM/ALR-2	Aircraft Power	8	- 12					·	
SET (IR)		ત્ર	1.35			0.460			
MG RECEIVER	Weight (Pourds)		o8.29	21.37	27.03	16.0	1.13		
RADAR HABNING RECEIVED SET (IR), AM/ALR-23	Volume (Cubic Inches)			683	185	235	37.7		
N DATA:	3 0	٥		16.25	5.45	22.0	2.62		1
IG!RATIO	Dimensions (Inches)	3		7.00	(7.63 diameter)	(6.80 diameter)	5.75		
ICS CONF	<u>،</u>	¥		3.76	(7.63 da	(6.80 di	\$. \$.		†
EF-111A AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA;	Location			Door 1101	r in	Fin	Cockpit		
Table 6-16.	Momenclature		AN/ALR-23	CH-319 (KA-2) / ALR-23	CV-1853/ALR- 23(V)	MX-6708(XI-2)/ ALR-23	C-6474/ALR-23		
	į		RCVE. (IR)	Video Signal Processor	Scarint Search/ Track	Cryogenic	CM Control	·	

	4			-	MT-4910/	!		•
18-3969	Cooling	Method						
NSK! 3663-01-048-9989	Heat	Dissipation	912 W	480 K	25 W	N 52L	72 W	
	raft er	8	0.1					
;	Aircraft Power	¥	8.0					
	Weight	(somos)	115.6	52.0	19.2	29.8	=	
	Volume	Inches		096	643	916	31.7	
	Dimensions (Inches)	۵		12.13	20.03	21.03	15.37	
		3		8.6	90.9	4.78	3.75	
		=		8.	5.28	8.	5.50	
	Location			٠	Door 1102	Door 1102	Cockpit	
	Momenclature			R-2058/ALR- 62(V)	R-2059/ALR 62(V)	CH-474/ALR-62	1P-1293/ALR- 62(V)	
	į		Mcvr. Set	Multi Channel Reve.	Dual Channel Acvr.	Digital Processor	Indicator Unit Control	

			E CK	Pack	t t	a de la composição de l	Z Z	1 02	15	Nack	
	Cooling	Method							-		
37 NSW: TBO	Heat	Dissipation	3000 M		2840 ₩		1425 W		1425 W		
M/ALQ-1	Aircraft Four	g		0.125		0.125				0.078	
SUNES SET.	Aire	¥	2.5		3.03		1.5	0.075	1.5		
COUNTEMEASURES SET, MI/ALQ-137	Meight	(appunou)	69.8	71.2	70.0	81.7	\$.60	67.3	70.2	1.1	
EF-111A AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:	Volume (Cubic	Inches)	2045	2576	2054	2576	1972	21 86	467	\$\$	
CONTROL	Dimensions (Inches)	۵	22.6	25.8	22.7	25.0	3 3.8	21.9	30.0	30.0	
WIORICS		>	10.9	12.8	10.9	12.6	10.9	12.8	(a s)	i i	
-1111A		=	8.3	7.8	6.	7.8	<u>.</u>	7.8	(9.9 diemeter)	(9.9 diameter)	
T4DIG 0-18.	Location		Door 1101	Door 1101	Door 1101	Door 1101	Door 1201	Door 1201			
	Momenc] ature		AM-6918/ALQ- 137	R-2060/ALQ-137	AM-6939/ALQ- 137	R-2061/ALQ-137	AM-6862/ALQ- 137	R-2062/ALQ-137	AM-6863/ALQ-	R-2063	
	į		Amplifier Rr (Low)	Acvr (Low)	Ampliffer RF (Hid)	Revr (Mid)	Amplifier RF (H1)	Revr (H1)	Amplifier RF (H1)	Acvr (Hi)	

10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	1	1	3	Momenclature	Locetion		(Inches)		Volume	Perdpe	A L	a) a si	Ĭ	Cooling	
Parisonal Coccepts 13.3 13.4 13.5	C=1379/ALQ- C=CQC 1.17 13.2 14.3 14.3 14.3 14.4	CF-2589/ALQP CGC6911 13.73 13.54 41.0 4				*	3	a	Inches)	(Poweds)	¥	H	Dissipation	Method	Noust ing
QCF-1398/ADP Wespens Ray 9-81 7-56 71.5 13.5 </td <td>QC-1378/ALD* Meagens hay 9.31 7.56 71.5 13.5 444 C-9877AA Cockpit 1.88 5.75 4.50 1.55 7.5</td> <td>QC-1319/ALQ- C-8877/A Cockpit 7.35 11.5 13.53 41.0 444 W C-8877/A Cockpit 7.38 2.35 2.35 4.0 33 W 11 Cockpit 13.45 9. 13.1 13.2 13.1 13.1 40.0 0.004 3.9</td> <td>Indicator Digital Display</td> <td></td> <td>Cockpit</td> <td>13.37</td> <td>13.5</td> <td>6.9</td> <td>9C72</td> <td>47.0</td> <td>0.703</td> <td>3.025</td> <td>364 K</td> <td></td> <td>-</td>	QC-1378/ALD* Meagens hay 9.31 7.56 71.5 13.5 444 C-9877AA Cockpit 1.88 5.75 4.50 1.55 7.5	QC-1319/ALQ- C-8877/A Cockpit 7.35 11.5 13.53 41.0 444 W C-8877/A Cockpit 7.38 2.35 2.35 4.0 33 W 11 Cockpit 13.45 9. 13.1 13.2 13.1 13.1 40.0 0.004 3.9	Indicator Digital Display		Cockpit	13.37	13.5	6.9	9C 7 2	47.0	0.703	3.025	364 K		-
CHAPLANA CERPITA 13.45 1.55 5. C.73 11.3 0.05 1.5 C.73 11.3 11.3 11.3 11.3 11.3 11.3 11.3 1	C-9073/A Cockpit 7.48 5.75 6.70 11.3 0.01 7.5 Cockpit 13.45 7.45 6.7 11.3 0.01 7.5 Cockpit 13.45 7.45 6.7 11.3 0.01 7.5 Cockpit 4.5 7.45 6.7 11.3 7.11 7.11 7.2 0.004 7.2 Cockpit 6.5 7.45 7.45 7.45 7.45 7.45 7.45 7.45 7.	C-9871/A) Cockpit 1.54 5.75 c.20 11.3 0.01 1.5 C.90 15.4 C.9 15.1 1.2 C.90 15.4 C.9 15.4 C.9 15.4 C.9 15.4 C.9	Converter Signal Data	CP-1298/ALQ- 99E(V)	Meations Bay	9.81	*:	21.5	1595	•1.0			;		
COCCEPTS 13.45 6.05 13.1 3.0 0.004 COCCEPTS 4.5 7.85 6.0 13.1 3.0 0.004 COCCEPTS 4.5 7.85 6.0 13.1 3.0 13.1 3.0 0.004 COCCEPTS 4.5 7.85 12.1 33.1 13.1 33.1 13.0 0.004 COCCEPTS 4.5 7.85 12.1 13.1 13.1 13.1 13.0 0.0 0.004 COCCEPTS 4.5 7.85 12.1 13.1 13.0 13.1 13.1 13.0 0.0 0.004 COCCEPTS 4.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7	Coccipit (1.62 7.15) 6.0 (11.1) 0.001 1.1 (11.1) 0.001 1.	00-416/MQ-99	ontroi	C-9877A/A	Cockpit	7.	5. 75	3	\$6.5	٥.			*		
CC-76/ALD-99	ON-176/ALQ-99 Meajons Bay 0.13 1139 21.1 2311 230 0.004 139 0.004	CP-186/ALQ-99 tengions Bay 0.13 11.19 21.11 21.1	Ammer Control		Cocapit	13.62	3.	ف	<i>:</i>	11.3	o. o		;		
CP-076/ALQ-999	CP-076/AIQ-99 Westons Bay (4.1) 11.39 21.11 21.11 CP-076/AIA-6 Mestons Bay (4.1) 11.39 21.11 13.21 60.19 CY-176/AIA-6 Mestons Bay (4.2) 11.12 13.11 60.19 CP-076/AIA-6 Mestons Bay (4.3) 11.2 13.10 (4.1) 60.19 CP-076/AIA-6 Westons Bay (4.3) 11.2 13.10 (4.1) 60.19 SP-076/AIA-6 Westons Bay (4.3) 11.2 13.10 (4.1) 60.10 (4.3) 11.2 13.10 (4.1) 60.19	CP-15(ALQ-99) Westgons Bay (6.1) [133 [21.1] [23] [150 [2] [25] [25] [25] [25] [25] [25] [25]	cvr Control		COCAPIE	:	7.85	-	7	*:	9.0		*		
CV-1343/ANQ- Weapons Ber 15:0 21:0 41:- 5290 CV-1364/ANA-6 Heapons Ber 15:4 10:4 19:0 1721 60:0 0.300 CV-234/ANA-6 Weapons Ber 15:4 10:4 19:0 1721 49:0 0.315 315.9	CV-1361/ALG- Vespons Bay [1:0 21:0 41:0 41:0 41:0 41:0 41:0 41:0 41:0 4	CV-1441/AUG- Weapons Bay 11:0 41:0 41:0 41:0 41:0 41:0 41:0 41:0	omparator onverter ignal	CH-476/ALQ-99	Aedicons Bay	-	£	7:12	3331						· · · · ·
CP-936/AVA-6 Weapons Bay 19.4 19.8 1721 60.8 0.508 CP-936/AVA-6 Weapons Bay 10.4 19.8 1721 69.0 0.315 315 W	CP-1766/AYA-6 Meapons Bar 8.32 10.1 19.8 1721 60.8 0.508 109.8 CP-926/AYA-6 Meapons Bar 8.31 10.7 19.8 1721 49.0 0.215 215.8	CP-1766/AVA-6 Weapons Bar 8-14 10.4 19.8 1721 49.0 0.314 315 W	onverter Synch Ignal Data			0	-	-	36.55				2		
CP-926/ATA-6 Meaplons Bay B.NJ 10.4 19.0 1721 49.0 0.215	CP-926/AVA-6 Weapons Bar B-12 10.4 19.0 1723 49.0 0.315 335 W	CP-936/AIA-6 Weapons Bay B. M. 10.4 19.0 1723 49.0 0.215	oupler Amputer Data	CV-1768/AYA-6	ted suoteen	25.	3	•	1731	3	0. yo		7 60 60		
			umputer gital Data	CP-926/ATA-6	Meapons Bay		7.01	:	1721	e. •	0.21\$		313 W		
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								H-W-E							
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•	Cooling	a Cho						
\$865-00-105-8987*	ĭ	Dissipation	* 111	9		» 56 ~	7 27	
	¥ ;	×	0.075				8	
- BLA/MA .	Attends	¥	0.13				.03	
CM DISPUNSER SET, AM/ALE-20 MSH.	3 .	Î		•	2,3	25	•	
	Malua (Cubic	[aches]	-	:	•	Î	35.75	
EF-111A AVIONICS CONFICUNATION DATA:	Dimensions (Inches)	٥		;	£.3	2.4	¢.	
CB CC887		•		\$.75	2.00	•	5.78	
TA AVION		=		7.	3.25	<u>;</u>	77.1	
Table 6-20. EF-11.	Location			Cockpit			Corapit	
Table	Nomenclature			C-6471/ALE-29	C-6472/ALE-28	D-22/ALE-28		
	į		Dispenser Set	Control	Control, Sea- E)ect	Rject Force Dispenser	Disposables Control Panel	

	Mounting								
	Cooling	Mart Mode							
	Ĭ	Dine ipetion	3 0 9	* 09	\$				
	Atreraft	R							
	A S	¥							
	100		31.0	21.0	21.5	ŏ.	7	0	o. ▼
	100	Inches)	318	Sir	317	\$.	<u>\$</u>	•	
1	•	a	10.0	10.0	10.0	:	o.	• •	
	Dimension.s (Inches)	3	÷	\$:	(4) diameter:	?	°:	
Ľ		*	7.0	°.	7.0	4.3	\$	0.1	
	Location		Door 1101	1011 roog	Exper 1101		Cockpts		
	Momenclature			,	— <u>—</u>				
	į		Computer - av	Computer - Pitch	Computer - Moll	Stick Force Sensor	Rate Sensor Assembly	Lateral Accelerometer Assembly	feel and Tria

7. ANTENNA LOCATIONS

7.1 Existing Antennas

Figure 7-1 show the locations of existing EF-111A antennas.

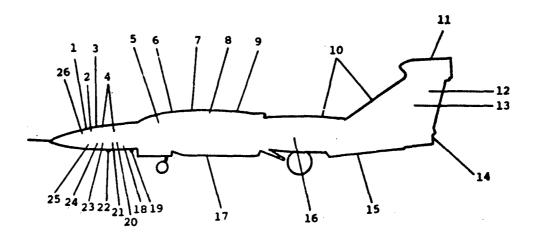
7.2 Planned Antennas

The proposed location for the GPS antenna is at the top of the forward equipment bays, approximately at fuselage station 160.

The EF-111A antenna nomenclature is as follows:

Location	Antenna	Nomenclature or Part Number
1	Glide Slope	
2	High Frequency Radar Homing	TBD
3	ADF	AS-909/ARA-48
4	Low and Medium Frequency Radar	TBD
5	ALQ-137 Hi Band	AS-3203/ALQ-137
6	IFF and UHF Data Link	AS-1919
7 ·	Radio Beacon Set	TBD
8	TTW and SPS	TBD
9	UHF/TACAN Upper	AS-1918/AR
10	HF	TBD
11	ALQ-99 Band 8, Band 9	AS-2911/ALQ-99, AS-3203/ ALQ-99
12	ALQ-99 Band 1 (2)	AS-3206/ALQ-99
13	ALQ-99 Band 2 (2)	AS-3207/ALQ-99
14	ALQ-137 Hi Band	AS-3203/ALQ-137
15	IFF Lower	AS-1919
16	ALQ-99 Blade (2)	TBD
17	ALQ-99 Band 4, 5/6, 7, 8, 9	AS-3208/ALQ-99
18	Localizer (2)	TBD
19	UHF/TACAN Lower	AT-741B/A
20	ALQ-137 Low Band	TBD
21	ALQ-137 Mid Band	TBD
22	Marker Beacon	TBD
23	Forward Radar Warning (2)	TBD

Location	Antenna	Nomenclature or Part Number
24	High Frequency Radar Homing (4)	TBD
25	TFR (2)	TBD
26	NAV Radar	TBD



- 1. Glide Slope
- 2. High Frequency Radar Homing
- 3. ADF
- 4. Low and Medium Frequency Radar
- 5. ALQ-137 Hi Band
- 6. IFF (Upper) and UHF Data Link
- 7. Radio Beacon Set
- 8. TTW & SPS
- 9. UHF #1 and TACAN Upper
- 10. HF
- 11. ALQ-99 Band 8, Band 9 Multiband, ALR-62, ALQ-137
- 12. ALQ-99 Band 1 (2)
- 13. ALQ-99 Band 2 (2)
- 14. ALQ-137 Hi Band
- 15. IFF Lower
- 16. ALQ-99 Blade Antenna (RH Band 1 LH Band 2)(2)
- 17. ALQ-99 Band 4, Band 5/6, Band 7, Band 8, Band 9
- 18. Localizer (2)
- 19. UHF #2 and TACAN Lower
- 20. ALQ-137 Low Band
- 21. ALQ-137 Mid Band
- 22. Marker Beacon
- 23. Forward Radar Warning (2)
- 24. High Frequency Radar Homing (4)
- 25. TFR (2)
- 26. NAV Radar

Figure 7-1. ANTENNA LOCATIONS

8. INTERPACE DATA

Data were not available for this section.

9. FUTURE MODIFICATIONS

This section is not applicable to the EF-111A at this time, since the production configuration has yet to be approved.

10. DATA SOURCES

The following sources of data were used in preparing this summary:

- Aircraft and avionics configuration data assembled by ARINC Research, principally in the form of copies of applicable sections, tables, and figures, form the aircraft and equipment Technical Orders listed at the end of this section.
- JTIDS Configuration Data Summary, 5/31/78
- Requirements Analysis for a Multifunction, Multiband Airborne Radio System (MFBARS), AFAL TR-7899, July 1978
- Training Notes

Inventory of Technical Orders

T.O. #	<u>Title</u>	Change Number	Date
IEF-111A-2-1	General Information	Basic	Manuscript
IEF-111A-1	Flight Manual	Basic	3/1/78
IF-111A-1	Flight Manual	Basic	1/28/78
12R2-2ARC164-2	Radio Set	Basic	6/20/76
12R5-2ARN118-1	TACAN Navigational Set	Basic	10/15/76
12R5-2URT27-2	Radio Beacon Set	Basic	6/1/77
12R5-2ARN58-2	Radio Receiving	Basic	5/13/77

AVIONICS INTERFACE DATA SUMMARY FOR F-4E



October 1979

issued by

The Deputy for Avionics Control
ASD/AX
A Joint AFSC/AFLC Organization

FOREWORD

This document is one of a series of reports that describe Avionics interfaces for various USAF aircraft. It was prepared for the Deputy for Avionics Control, Aeronautical Systems Division (ASD/AX), Wright-Patterson AFB, Ohio by ARINC Research Corporation, Annapolis, Maryland under Contract F33657-79-C-0567.

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1. INTRODUCTION

This document contains configuration data relating to the integration of additional avionics into the F-4E aircraft. The data presented describe the F-4E aircraft avionics configuration in Block 48 and in subsequent blocks where the Digital Navigation (ARN-101) and the PAVE TACK systems have been installed.

This document will be revised periodically as additional modifications are planned and incorporated into the aircraft. Queries regarding information contained herein should be addressed to:

The Deputy for Avionics Control Code: ASD/AXP Wright-Patterson AFB, Ohio

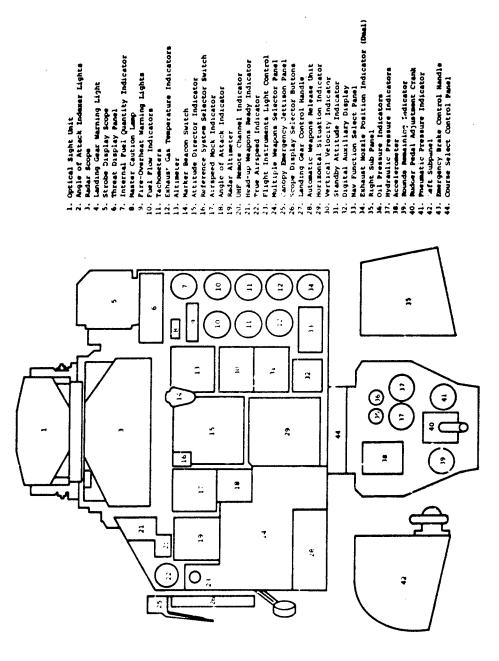
This document was compiled from Air Force source materials by ARINC Research Corporation under Contract F33657-79-C-0567.

The applicable Technical Orders are included in the references listed in Section 10.

2. COCKPIT SPACE

Figures 2-1 through 2-8 show the current forward and aft cockpit layout.

The console and panel space available in the F-4E is very limited. There are two adjacent blank panels on the forward cockpit left console (Figure 2-3) that are about 6 inches high collectively. (The standard width is 5.75 inches.) There are two blank panels in the aft cockpit left console (Figure 2-7), only one of which is practically usable (1.5 inches high). Finally, there are two blank panels on the aft cockpit right console (Figure 2-8). One of these is 1 inch high; the other is not standard width and is about 3 inches square.



Pigure 2-1. FORMARD COCKPIT, MAIN INSTRUMENT PANEL, F-4E

2-2

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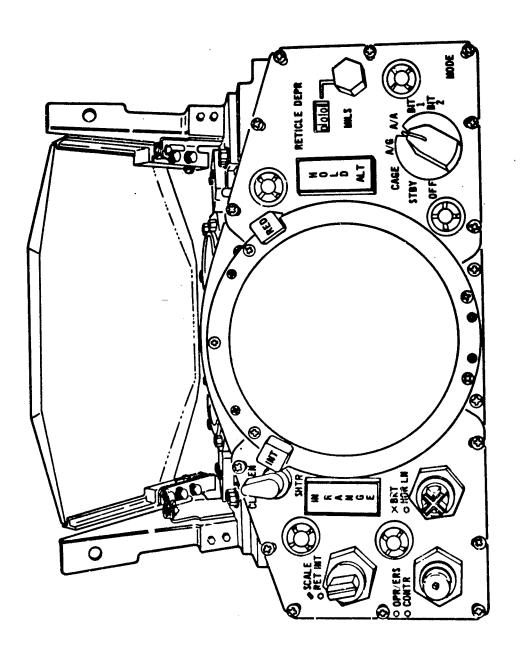
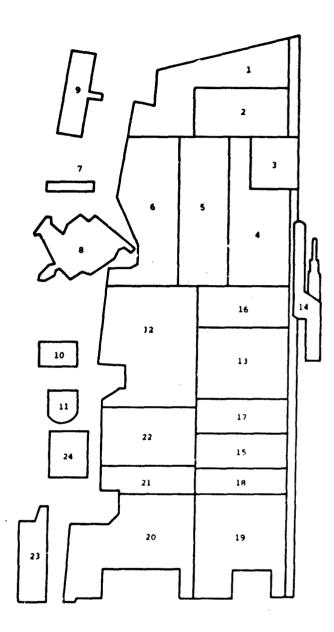


Figure 2-2. MULTIPLE SENSOR DISPLAY GROUP (MSDG) DISPLAY UNIT, FORMARD COCKPIT, F-4E



1. Utility Panel Left 2. Oxygen Control Panel 3. AGM Control Handle 4. Engine Control Handle (Inboard) 5. Throttles 6. Engine Control Handle (Outboard) 7. Eject Light/Switch 8. Flap/Slats Control Panel 9. Canopy Selector 10. Extra Picture Switch 11. Gun Camera Switch 12. Fuel Control Panel 13. AFCS Control Panel 14. Drag Chute Control Handle 15. Intercom System Control Panel 16. VOR Control Panel 17. Boarding Steps Position Indicator 18. Blank Panel 19. Blank Panel
20. Anti-G Suite Control Panel
21. Auxiliary Armament Control Panel
22. ALE-40 Control Panel 23. Armament Safety Override Switch 24. Slats Override Switch

Figure 2-3. FORWARD COCKPIT, LEFT CONSOLE, F-4E

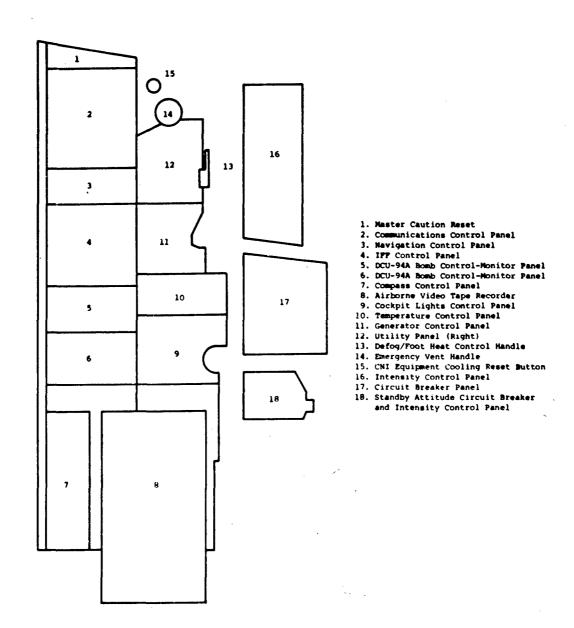


Figure 2-4. FORWARD COCKPIT, RIGHT CONSOLE, F-4E

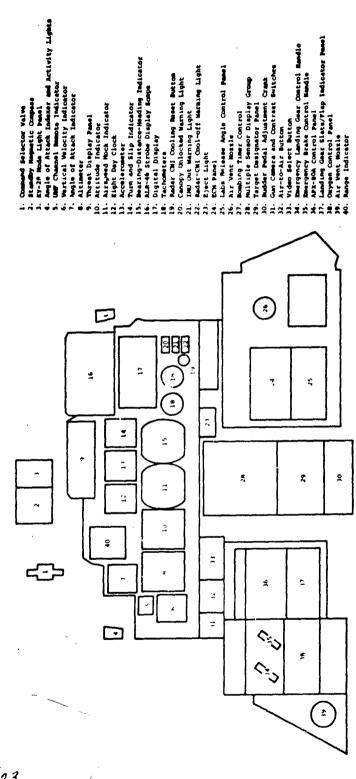


Figure 2-5. APT COCKPIT, MAIN INSTRUMENT PANEL, F-4E

2-6

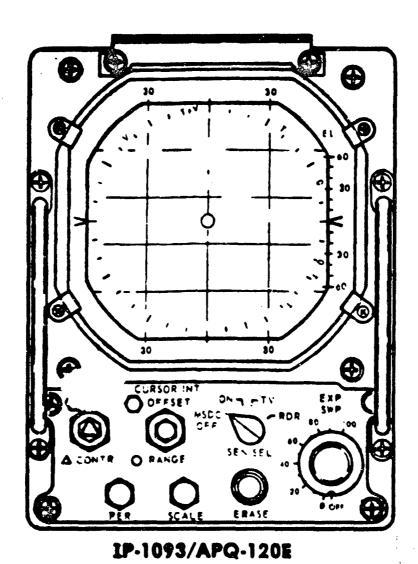
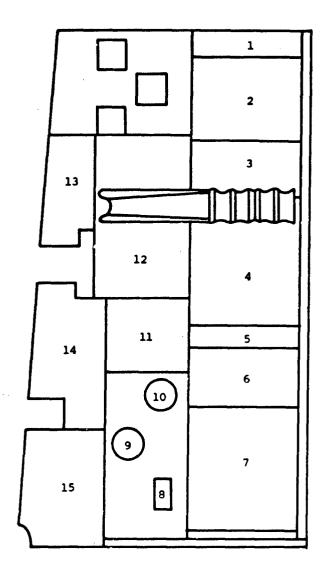


Figure 2-6. MULTIPLE SENSOR DISPLAY GROUP (MSDG)

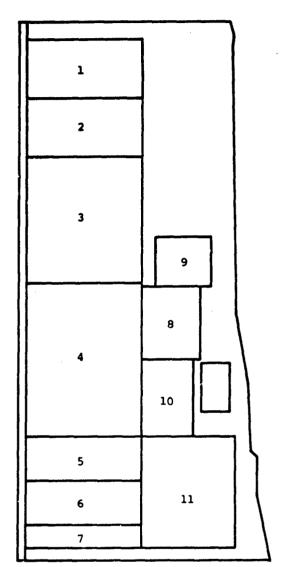
DISPLAY UNIT, AFT COCKPIT

124



- 1. Blank Panel
- 2. Sensor Select Panel
- 3. AIC Control Panel
- 4. Radar Set Control Panel
- 5. Target Insert Panel
- 6. Nav Computer Set Control
- 7. UHF Radio Control
- 8. MKR BCN VOR/IUS Audio Control
- 9. Oxygen Quantity Gage
- 10. Cabin ALTIM Indicator
- 11. Remote Switching Panel
- 12. Throttles
- 13. Blank Panel
- 14. Pull up Tone Switch
- 15. Anti-G Suit Valve Control

Figure 2-7. AFT COCKPIT, LEFT CONSOLE, F-4E



- 1. Laser Code Control Panel
- 2. Pave Tack Control
- 3. Integrated Nand Control
- 4. KEYER Control Panel
- 5. TACAN Control Panel
- 6. Intercom Control Panel
- 7. Blank Panel
- 8. Blank Panel
- 9. Stall Warning Tone Control Panel
- 10. Nuclear Store Consent Switch
- 11. Cockpit Lights Control Panel

Figure 2-8. AFT COCKPIT, RIGHT CONSOLE, F-4E

3. AVIONICS SPACE

Some of the alternatives for space provisions in the F-4E are compiled in the Form, Fit, and Environmental ($F^{2}E$) Summary Table 3-1. Figure 3-1 shows the approximate locations of these spaces and is keyed to Table 3-1. The temperature-altitude-vibration environmental data relative to the identified locations are presented in Table 3-2.

The following basic points should be made with respect to the data contained in the tables:

- There is a large space apparently available in the tail area. However, there is a severe temperature environment to contend with, and cooling and power must be provided to the area. The attractiveness of this space depends on the amount of power and cooling required for candidate avionics.
- Small space may become available through equipment size reduction or relocation of other units. The latter might involve significant aircraft rewiring.
- The temperature data represent uncontrolled environmental conditions. Equipment installed in any area must be cooled to the extent necessary to meet Class 2 requirements.
- With the exception of the "Rat Bay" (Table 3-1, Space C) the condition I avionics areas have direct forced air conditioning. The condition II area in the tail is not cooled and has a severe temperature environment.
- The vibration data represent compartment conditions existing for any equipment mounted therein. The necessity for shock mounting can be determined from these data. The CNI bay has the most vibration in the 10 Hz to 15 Hz band, while the upper equipment bay has the largest vibration in the 20 Hz to 23 Hz band of the three regions examined.

		Data Ave Tall Ave Bahind Door 61t, and Aft of 97 Fuel Call	16" 18" 22" 16" 6" 22" Total – 5.3 ft ²	Currently Convection Only	Condition II Region I	None Knews	
		Court 1864	17.0° 25.0°† 0.6 – 1.2 k²††	Cooling Air Bled into Bay from Upper Arionics Bey	Condition Region	2 AN/ALR-46(V) LRUs to be installed Here	Very Braffour
	de Space	B Upper Avionica Bry Door 19 Behind Leed Computing Gyro	8.6° 7,0° 8.0° 0.2 ft'	Forced Air Conditioning	Condition 1 Region X	VHF AM/FM (ARC-186) Compast Tie	Exiton
r2 SUMMARY - F-4E	Potential Available Space	A CNI Bay Replacement of Amp Power Supply-Aux Revt AM-2349/ASO	8.5" 8.4" 23.2" 0.7 ft! Current Sta) Unit need only provide power for Intercom IFF for Intercom IFF IFF transponder and Aux Royr Power; Reduction in volume by preheps 50 percent.	Forced Air Conditioning (Cooling Air Flow 180) Total CNI Elec. Central System Requires 3.2 Lb/Min.	Condition I Region 1X	Smatter Amp-Peer Supply-Rorr Unit	Requirement Reduced with ARN-118 and ARC-184 installed. Only needed for Intercon - Intercon - If F Sponder - Aux UHF Row Perhaps Gein Helf of Vol.
Table 3-1.		A CNI Bay Bahind KIR-1A	60' 67' 100'	Forced Air Conditioning	Condition I Region IX	VHF AM/FM (ARC:186) Compass Tie	
		A CNI Behind KY-28	7.8" 5.0" 11.0" 0.25 ft ²	Forced Air Conditioning	Condition 1 Region 1X	VHF AM/FM (ARC:186) Compess Tig	Adjeent
	F' E Criteria	Location Reference and Description	Rectangules Size (IH, W, D) Volume	Type Cooling Available	McDonnell Report \$738** Temperature-Altitude Vibration	Possible Candidates for the Space	Remarks Adjacent Reduced Existing with ARN-118 and ARC-118 and ARC-118 and ARC-118 included. Only needed for Interest of Inte

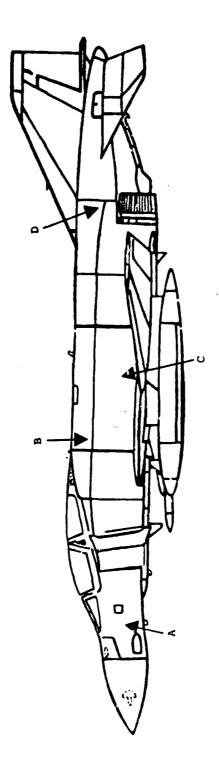


Figure 3-1. F-4E/RF-4C SPACE LOCATIONS

Table	3-2. F-4E RAW E	NVIRONMENTA	L DATA	SYNPOSIS
	Temp	erature Data		
Temperature- Altitude		Condit	ion	
Condition	ı			11
Continuous	-54°C to +71°C, -54°C (- +24°C,	i i		to +71°C, See level to +24°C, 60,000°
30 Minutes	to +95°C, Sea lev to +83°C, 60,000	1 '		°C, See level 0°C, 60,000'
10 Minutes	to +101°C, See le to +143°C, 50,00	1:		9°C, See level 0°C, 50,000'
	Vibra	tion Data	.	
Equipment		Reg	ion	
Performance	1	IX		×
5-10 Hz	0.060 inches	0.060 In	ches	0.060 inches
10-15 Hz	0.063 inches	0.078 ind	:hes	0.064 inches
15-20 Hz	0.036 inches	0.036 ind	hes	0.036 inches
20-23 Hz	0.036 inches	0.050 ind	thes	0.060 inches
23-50 Hz	0.036 inches	0.036 ind	hes	0.036 inches
>50 Hz	±5g	±5g		±5g

4. ELECTRICAL POWER SYSTEM

4.1 Main Power System

The main electrical power system in the P-4E is composed of two 30 kVA, 115 volt, 400 Hz 3-phase power generators with a constant-speed drive (CSD) unit regulating the generator at 8,000 rpm. The load is evenly divided between the generators when they are operating in parallel. If a fault in either generator occurs, it is removed from the line. Two underfrequency protectors prevent underfrequency operation of the generators.

4.2 Power Conversion and Distribution System

The power conversion and distribution system has three main functions: (1) distributes internal emergency and external ac power to the aircraft, (2) distributes dc power to the aircraft, and (3) converts 115 Vac to 28/14 Vac and 28 Vdc. Power from the left generator is supplied to the left main 115 Vac bus and instrument 200/115 Vac bus. The right generator delivers power to the 115 Vac right main bus and the essential 115 Vac bus. In normal operation the emergency generator delivers ac power to the essential and instrument buses.

Two 100 ampere transformer-rectifiers convert the received ac power from their generators to the 28 Vdc power.

4.3 Battery Power

The battery power supply system contains a 24 wolt nickel cadmium battery rated at 11 ampere-hours at a 2-hour discharge rate. The aircraft battery is used for normal ground and emergency air starts as well as to provide power to the four floodlights. If total ac-to-dc power conversion fails, the battery will supply power to the essential dc bus.

5. ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL SYSTEM

5.1 General

The aircraft environmental control system air conditioning is divided into two major systems, one for cabin areas and one for electronic equipment cooling. Both systems utilize high-temperature, high-pressure, seventeenth stage engine compressor bleed air from either or both engines.

5.2 Cabin Air Conditioning

The cabin air conditioning system on the right side of the fuselage contains two air-to-air heat exchangers and other associated equipment that allow a selection of cabin air conditioning temperatures, vent air temperatures, defogging, rain removal, and ram air operations. This same cabin air is also used to purge the gun gases from the breech of the M61A1 nose gun.

5.3 Equipment Air Conditioning

The equipment air conditioning system on the left side of the fuselage supplies cooling air for the main radar package in the nose, the CNI package aft of the nosewheel well, and the electronic equipment shelf behind the rear cockpit bulkhead. Control of the air conditioning system is completely automatic. The temperature is controlled at approximately 84°F from seal level to 25,000 feet and 40°F from 25,000 feet up.

5.4 Equipment Auxiliary Air System

The equipment air conditioning system also supplies partially cooled air to the equipment auxiliary air system (EAAS). The EAAC automatically distributes partially cooled, low-pressure bleed air from the engine bleed air system to the following systems:

- Anti-G system
- · Canopy seal system
- · Air data computer
- · Fuel pressurization system
- Pneumatic system air compressor
- · Radio Receiver-transmitters
- · Forward looking radar system

5.5 Cooling Power

The actual cooling power required (bused on flight test results) is shown in Table 5-1 for two extreme flight conditions.

	5-1. F-4E	COOLING POW	er requi	RED FOR E	able 5-1. F-4E COOLING POWER REQUIRED FOR EXTREME FLIGHT CONDITIONS	CONDITIONS		
	Sea L	Sea Level, Vmax (Hot Day)	(Hot Day		48,0	48,000 Feet, Mach 0.81	ach 0.81	
Compartment	Heat Dissipated	Air Flow	A Tempe	Air Temperature	Heat Dissipated	Air Flow	Terpe	Air Terperature
	(Watts)	11TH /01	°F in	F out	(Watts)	Lb/Min	•F in	°F out
Radar	8,741	29.9	100	169	3,052	14.7	40	68
CNI	1,208	5.0	100	157	418	2.1	4 0	87
Upper Equipment Bay	617	2.8	100	152	234	1.2	40	98
Cabin	10,910	28.3	41	132	2,101	17.1	41	70
Totals	21,476				5,805			

6. CURRENT AVIONICS

Tables 6-1 through 6-20 contain LRU data relating to the F-4E avionics systems that make up the current or near-term configuration. Where no entries are shown, the data were not available for this report. Data pertaining to future avionics modifications are presented in Section 9.

	Tuble 6-1. F	F-4E AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:	FICURATI	ON DATA	1	NATED ELECTR	DHIC CENTRAL	SYSTEM () 61-98V/N	INTEGRATED ELECTRONIC CENTRAL SYSTEM (AN/ASQ-19()] NSM: 5895-00-411-1666	-411-1666	
Name	Nomenclature	Location	٥	Dimensions (Inches)	•	Volume	Weight	Aircraf	Aircraft	1	Cooling	
			×	2	Q	Inches)	(somos)	¥	8	Distipation	Method*	Sur Dimor
UMF Subsystem	,											
Antendas (2)	AS-1611A	Upper in Pin Cap on Vert Fin (Door 68);** Lower on Hose Wheel Door				166	5.0					
Control Unit	C-6684/ASQ	Fur Cockpit Right Console	÷.	5.75	5.0	184	5.5					
Control Unit (TACAN)	C-6685/AC	Aft Cockpit Laft Console	2.25	5.75	3.3	\$	<u>:</u>					
Freq Channel Indicator	7.54/1111-d1	Ned Cockpit Hain Instr. Panel	:	9:	5.9	12	3. 0	SV Light	5V Light 25-29V,IA			
Receiver Transmitter	KT-791/ASQ	Below Aft Cockpit Left Console	7.5	.:. 83	16.3	1449	35.9	115V 400 Hz 3¢ 230VA (XMT) 91VA (NX)	27.5 ±34 (PC)			
Ampliffer-Power Supply-Receiver (7UX)	AM-2349A/ASQ-19 CNI	CNI Bay (Nose Massivelli)	٠ <u>٠</u>	÷	23.2	7921	36.0	2 5	130v' .27A		Forced Air	
IFF Subsystem												
Antennati	2285-1	Above Door 19				9	0, 73					
Transponder Com, uter	KIT-1A/TSEC	CNI BLY				344	0.≱:	•	•		Forced Air	
Transponder Control	C-6280(P)/APX	Ned cockpit Right Console	\$.75	\$.78	0.0	ç					Convection	
Coder-Receiver Transmitter	KY-532()/ASQ-19(1); [CHI Bay	.	÷	22.5	12.3.R	3 .6 .c	115V 400 HE 70VA	28V, . 2A		Forced Air	
The outer 190 lies and admi-	1				1	T						

"The overall CMI requires cooling air at 3.2 1b/min.
**Opper UHF Antenna will be relocated to top of fuselage forward of Vertical Fin with ANN-101 installa.
**Nutliary Deceive power only. Power supply is the central source for entire integrated Electronic Central System and its power requirement is TBD.
**Powered from KY-532().

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				•	Table 6-1.	. (continued)	Q						
į	Momenclature	Location	۵	Dimensions (Inches)		Molum (Object	Meight	Aircraft	¥ #	Ĭ	Cooling		
			*	>	٥	[aches]	(Pounds)	¥	R	Dissipation	Method	Nount ing	
TACAN Subeystem													_
Radio Receiver Transmitter	RT-547-ASQ-19	Chi bay	5.5	7.5	32.6	1441	6 0.0	400 Hz*	27.50		Convection w/internal		
Pulse Decoder	KY-312/ASQ-19	Door 19	7.5	;	22.5	1080	39.5	400 Hz 115V . SA	27.58		Convection		
Antennas (2)	DM-NI-29	Upper-Above Door 115				×	6.5						
	TRANSCO 2282-1	Lover-on Pad Nose Gear Door			***************************************	*	9.5						
Intercom													
Intercomm Stations (2)	LS-4608/AIC	Pud and Aft Cockpit Left Consoles	2.25	\$.73	;	3	9.0		2 & E		Convection	Console	
ADF Subsystem													
An kenna.	A5-9CD1/ARA-48	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	ž	*	*	ŧ	\$	400 HE			•		
*Powered by Amp	*Powered by Amplitier-Power Supply Unit.	oly Unit.	2	ition 8	ynchro.								

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	8		ion Console											•		
	Cooling		Convention				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·									
	Past	Dissipation														
IS SET KY-28	Aircraft	8	×	%	····								·		-	
UNICATION		٧						 	 	·						
SECURE COMMUNICATIONS SET NY-28	Weight	(Pounds)		15.0				. <u>.</u>	·							
P-4E AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:	Volume	Inches)	*	355					·		······································					
XXIII TONIN	evo (e	۵	2.3													
VIORICS (Dimensions (Inches)	2	5.75													
		=	 3.6	*: *:		5			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 			
Table 6-2.	Location		Ned Cockpit Right Console	Lower Shelf CMI Bay Aft of Mose Wheelvell	Ped Cockpit Main Instr. Panel Lower Right	Aft Cockpit on Canopy Arch Panel Assy.										
	Momenclature		C-8057/AMC HSM: 5821-00- 067-1504	TSEC/KY-28 NSM: TBD												
	į		Control Unit	Remote Unit	Indicator Lights (2)											

		Mounting	Hard	Hard	
	Cooling	Hethod	Convection	Convection	
RADIO TRAMSPOMDER SST-181X, AN/UPN-25 MSM: 5695-00-137-0439	Bet	Dissipation			
MSH: 5895	Afreraft	8	24-30V 16-27k		
AN/UPN-25	Afre	K			
R SST-181X,	Weight	(Pounds)	3.3	•	both.
THAMSPORDE	Wolume (Cubic	Inches)	66	o. 	Characteristics cited apply to both.
į.	3.	٥	•.o	o ·	stics cit
ATION DAT	Oimensions (Inches)	2	2.9		aracter!
COMP TOUR		=	3.4		
P-4E AVIONICS COMPIGNATION DATA:	Location		Door 19		on requirement
fable 6-3. P.	Momenclature		RT-846/UPN RT-855/UPN-25		stalled depending
	ž		Radio Transion- der or Radio Receiver Transmitter*		*Either may be installed depending on requirements.

		Mounting							
	100	Nethod							
		ton			<u> </u>				
14 Jan		10							
CHOET NS	Aircraft	R					,		
INECTOR	Aire	K							
A: FLICHT DIRECTOR CROCK NSM: TBD	A P	(Pounds)					, T. T. T. T. T. T. T. T. T. T. T. T. T.		
F-4E AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:	Volume	(Cubic Inches)							
ics cont	3	٥							
IE AVIONI	Dimensions (Inches)	,							
	,	=							
Table 6-4.		Location	Aft Cockpit Right	Pwd Cockpit Main Instr. Panel	Ped Cockpit Main Instr. Panel	Ped Cockpit Above Left Console	Aft Cockpit Hain Instr. Panel	Afe Cockpie Main Inser. Panel	
		Purenciature			AF/A24G-1				
		į	Flight Picture Computer	Mode Selector Control	Morizontal Situation Indicator	HSI Amplifier	Bearing Oistance Heading Indicator	Select Switch	

Table 6-5. F-4E AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA: FLICHT CONTROL GROUP AN/ASA-12	Diseasions Volume Volum	N N D Inches)	ipit meole	itpit insole	Aft.	•	62	Ť.					
E AVIONICS COMPL	mens ions Inches)								 	 			
			1.e	J =			,			 	 		
Tab	Location		Aft Cockpit Left Console	Ped Cockpit Left Console	Door 891. Behind Aft Cockpit seat Door 898	Door 168	Door 168	Pud Stick Grip					
	Nomenclature		C-6563/ASA-32B NSN; TBD	C-6564/ASA-32H NSN: 6615-00- 907-0197	CN-506/ASA-32 CN-558/ASA-32 CN-559/ASA-32 NSN: TBD	MX-3423/ASA-320 MSM: 6615-00- 600-1007	MX-3421/ASA-32D NSN: 6615-00- 600-0969	TR-175/A6A-32D NSN: 6615-00- 590-5172					
	Z Z		Control	Auto-Pilot Engaging Cortroller	Rate GYRCS Pitch Poll Yaw	Accelerometers G-Limiting	Latural	Motional Pick- Up Transducer					

	.IdeT	Table 6-6. P-42 AVI	F-42 AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:	NF I GURA	TION DAT		LTIPETER SYS	TEH, AM/AI	N-155 NSN:	RADAR ALTIMETER SYSTEM, AM/ARN-155 MSN: 5841-00-411-1661	19	
j	Momenclature	Location	٥	Dimensions (Inches)	*	Volume (Cubic	Weight	ASEC	Aircraft	Fart	Cooling	
			×	*	٥	Inches	(Founds)	Ŋ	3	Dissipation	Nethod	MOUNT ING
Moceiver- Transmitter	RT-649	Door 19**	6.8	3.75	15.75	402	11.7	115V 400 Kz 1 ¢	27.5V 156°		Forced Air 0.4 1b/min	
Meceive Antenna	AS-1386	DOOR 27L	3.0	9.6	14.2	609	3.3					
Transmitter Antenna	AS-1442	Door 27R	9.0	9.6	14.2	409	3.3					
											·	
*42W during warm **Located in CMI	**Located in CMI Bay on 8 airciaft.	۲.										b a second

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	o de la constante de la consta		Rack	Hard	Hard	Panel		Panel	Panel	Nard	
	Cooling	Method									
-	Heat	Dissipation									
AIR DATA COMPUTER SYSTEM	Aircraft Power	ä								·	
DATA CO	A	Ş			- <u>-</u>						
	Weight	(spunou)					0∵	1.0	4.5		
fable 6-7. F-4E AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:	Volume (Cubic	Inches)			\$		116	22	25		
IONICS O	•	٥			2.5		5.5	6.9	8.		
F-4E AV	Dimensions (Inches)	3			3.6		4.9				
le 6-7.	Δ	×			5.0		3.3	2.0 (diam.)	3.3 (dim.)		
1.Ch	Location		Aft Cockpit Laft	Door 3	Door 2	Pyd and Aft Cockpit Main Instr. Panels	Door 19	Fed and Aft Cockp t Main Instr. Panels	Fwd and Aft Cockpit Main Instr. Panels	Pwd Oockpit Center	
	Nomenclature		CPK-92/A24G-34 MSN: TBD	TRK-58/A24C-16 NSN: 6610-00- 987-5611	TRK-64/A24G-19 NSN: TBD	\rk-10a/a24G-8	CVK-99/A24G-34 NSN: TBD	AVK-14/A24G-B NSN: TBD	ARU-19A NSN: TBD	0-1647/APN NSN: TBD	
	Name		Air Oata Computer	Angle of Attack XMTR	Electrical Resistance Temporature Transmitter	Anglo of Atta: Indicators	Altitude Encoder Unit	True Airspeed Indicators	Dual Servoed Altimeters	Stall Warning Aural Tone Generator	

4	Sur vince	Console- sounted		Panel - mounted			
Cooling	Method		·	Convection			•
100	Dissipation						
Aircraft Power	26					: -7.	
Aire	×				26v 400 Hz 25%	115v 400 nz 1 + 125vA	E. Jav.
Weight (Bounds)	1 common					₩.O.₩	
Volume	Inches)	\$3	168	Ģ			
•	۵	=	=	_			
Dimensions (Inches)	3	^	<u> </u>				
	×	,	•				
Location		Aft Cockpit Right Console	Aft Cockpit Laft	Aft Cockpit Main Instr. Panel Right			
Momenclature			AM-3724 NSN: 6605-00- 957-3810	ID-1126 NSM: TB0			
***		Computer-Control CP-721B NSN: 6605-00- 867-6159	Amplifier- Computer	Ground Speed Indicator			

		Table 6-9.	l 1	VIONICS	COMP I CLII	F-4E AVIONICE CONFIGURATION PATA.	118/VOR SYSTEM, AM/AMM-127 MSH:	ISTEM, AM	AM-127 K	QEL J		
į	Komenclature	Location	8	Dimensions (Inches)		Volume	Pe 1ght	ALK 5	Aircraft	1	Cooling	
			=	7	n	Inches)	(Poweds)	پا	ی	Distigation	Ne t hod	Mount 1 Irg
Control Panel	C-10124	Ped Cockpit Left Console	\$3	3.6	\$	5	7.7				wata cabac,	
Course	TD-3518/ARM	Aft Cockpit Canopy			· · · · · ·			·,				
GS/VOR/ILS Antenna	DPBH)-5	Nose Radome Left Door 1										
Marker Beacon Antenna		Dave 25L					. ——			. —		
Receiver Mounting Base	R- 20 12	Might Might	7 °	£.	•	3	Digital Control of the Control of th	27.7 410.0 Ma 40.0 Ma	22.55V		\$	
				1	1	1						

		Table 6-10. F-	4E AVIO	MICS 00	TICORAT	F-4E AVIONICS CONFICUINATION DATA: II	HERTIAL MAVI	CATION ST	STEM, AK/AS	INERTIAL MAVICATION SYSTEM, ANJASH-63 MSH: TBD		
3	Momenclature	Location	i.s	Dimensions (Inches)	3 -	Volume (Cubic	Belght	ALTA	Aircraft Power **	Ĭ	Cooling	
			×	2	۵	Inches)	(Poweds)	¥	R	Dissipation	Net hod	Mountaine
Navigation Set Control	C-4779/ASM	Aft Cockpit Right Console	2.2	5.4	5.1	19	1.5	400 NZ 115v	380		Convection	Console- Mounted
Mavigation Computer	CP-733/ASN	Aft Cockpie Right Console	0.0	7.3	26.1	1524	\$. 0	3.0 750va Per 0			Porced Air	Console- mounted
GTRO 5.27 LLLFRd Platform	MX-4839/ASM MX-7299/ASM-74*	Aft Cockpit Right	10.0	11.25.	14.9	1676	y. 9.	MO2 ◆ 1			Internal Blower to cir- culate heated alr with	Kard
Output Signal Distribution	MX-6728/ASN-63	Aft Cockpit Right		7.1		637	10.0	····			forced air intake to cool and stabilise tomperature.	Hard
<u>ئ</u>												
								······································				
*Either unit ma	*Either unit may be included in 7-4E ING. **System power walue only.	7-4E 1NS.										

		Table 6-11.		E AVION	ICS CONF	P-4E AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:	ì	STEM, AN/A	IFF SYSTEM, AN/APX-80A MSN: TBD	: 13 0		
į	Momenclature	Location	٥	Dimensions (Inches)	,	Volume	Melght	Airc	Aircraft	Fac	Cooling	
			×	2	۵	Inches)	(Pounds)	Ŋ.	ä	Dissipation	Nethod	Mount 1 ng
Racelver- Transmitter	PT-868A/APX-76	Door 19	7.6	5.0	19.4	787	19.0	115V, 2A 28V, 1A 400 Hz	28v, 1A		Forced Air 0.27-0.50	
Pacelver Transmitter	RT-961A/APX-81A	Door 19	7.5	7.5	21.5	1209	29.0	15V 125M 400 Hz	28V, 0.6A		lb/min. Convection	
Interrogator Set Centrol	C-8518A/APX-80A	Aft Cockpit Left Vert Panel	0.5	5.75	3.7	5	2.0	0-, 28V 400 Hz	20V 0.075A		Convection	
Electrical Synchronizer	5N-416()/APX- 76	Door 19	6.9		7.5	230	1.1	115V 0.24A 400 Hz	28V, 1A		Convection	
Switch Amplifier	SA-1568A/APX-76	Door 19	0.9	 	11.4	349	10.0	115V 0.1A 400 Hz	28V, 0.2A		Convection	
Interrogator	KIR-1A/TSEC	CMI BAY	6.0	6.7	10.0	402	15.0				Convection	
Bandpass	F-1346/APX	Door 19	7.0	0.	0:	\$	0.				Convection	
Coupler	CU-2099/APX	Hose Radome	2.5	0.	1.4		9.0				Convection	
Coupler	CU-2100/APX	Nose Radome	3.5	0.	<u>:</u>	*	•,				Convection	
Coaxiel Switch	THANSCO 13730	Ocor 19	2.5	5.0	7.1	68	2.0				Convection	
Hybrid Coupler Dipole Antennas (4)	HAZELTINE 117893	Nose Redome	6.0	0;	6.0	-	0.25				Convection	
Dipole Antennas (4)		Mose Radome										
		1		1		7						

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į	Momenclature	Location	•	Dimensions (Inches)	7 _	Volume	Weight	Aire	Aircraft Power*	¥.	Coolina	
			×	3	۵	Inches)	(Pounds)	Ŋ	8	Dissipa ton	Method	Mounting
Antenna	AS-2072() or AS-2781 or AS-2961	Radome					81.5	115V 400 Hz	28V 525W		Porced Air	N Ck
Antenna Control	C-7346()	Aft Cockpit Right Console					3.3	3 ¢ 6600va			Convection	Conso 1
Radar Set Control	C-8908()	Aft Cockpit Left Console					5.1	28V 1 \$ 50VA			Convection	Console
Control-Monitor	C-7345	Aft Cockpit Center					2.7				Convection	Panel
Control- Indicator	C-8909** or C-9798† or C-8671()	Aft Cockpit Laft Console					47.0 42.0 29.8				Internal Blower	Console
Intratarget												
Ş	1P-1094** or 1204†	Cockpit					37.8/38.1				Internal	
Aft	IP-1093** or 1205†						42.8/35.0				Blower	
151												
Intercept	CP-8918 or CP-891C	Padome					43.7				Forced Air	Pack
Power Supply	PP-4848 or PP-6992	Radome					43.1				Forced Air	Rack
Transmitter	T-1050A or T-1269()	Radome					78.9		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Forced Air	Rack
Electrical Synchronizer	SN-464 or SN-472 or SN-483	Radome					12.5				Forced Air	Reck Ck
Antenne Control (Servo)	C-9047 or C-9736 or C-9737	Radome					27.9				Forced Air	Rack
Oyro Stable Platform	KX-8276	Radome	•				0.9				Porced Air	E ck

Table 6-12. (continued)	Dimensions Volume Weight Power Heat Cooling	H W D Inches)	Aft 1.1 Convection Console	111.5 Forced Air Hard	25.0 Forced Air Nard	5.9 Porced Air	40.2 Forced Air Rack	9.3 Porced Air Rack	9.4 Forced Air Rack	Convertion Panel	11.8 Forced Air Rack	40.8 Porced Air Rack		.tp.tc	Cavity		
Table 6-12		۵															
	Di Location		Below Aft Left Console	1	-					Aft Cockgit Instr. Panel	2		Pad Cockpit Laft	Aft Cockpit	Left Pud Hissile Cavity		
	Momenclature		AM-6044 Belo	M7-1868 or Radome M7-4613 or M7-4613 or M7-4720	CX-10548 Redome	C-7349 or Radome C-9465	CG-3365 or Radone CG-3775	PP-4847 or Radome PP-6993	0-1430() Radome	ID-1494 Aft	ND-735 RAdome	AH-4827 Redome	25	22	Left Miss	 	
	į		Blanking Pulse Amplifier/ Divider	Elect Equipment Pack	Cable Assembly	Control	Waveguide Assembly	Power Supply (Pump Tube)	RF Oscillator	Range Indicator	Modulator- Oscillator	Nr Amplifier	AUX Armament Control Panel	Control Relay Panel	AIM-4D SEQ Melay		

K.	Moreov, L. cure	Location	ă ~	Dimensions (Inches)		Volume (Cubic	Melght	Aire	Aircraft	Ĭ	Cooling	
			*	3	۵	Inches)	(Pounds)	¥	8	Dissipation	Method	Mounting
Converter Stabiliser Generator Group	W-8585	Left ving Inboard Boor 141L						115V 26-28V 400 Hz 3 :	: 20v :: 2v :: 3v : 3v		Porced 2.1- 3.1 lbs/min	
Power Supply	PP-6425	Dong 184 or 361.		·····				115V 400 Kg 3 ¢	•			
Control	C-6591	Aft Cockpit Left Console						\$ \$ \$	212 205.		Convection	
Video Processor	814-451	Left wing Inboard Edge Door 141L							112V VEK:		Forced .35-	
Radar Logic Unit	KK-9338/A	CHI Bay (No. of wheelvell)						115v 400 Hz	· .		Convection	
Otaplay Pane 1		PAU OCCIPIT Instr. Panel										

		bur a mona							
	Cooling	Method			Onvection				
5865-00-091-8623	ä	Dissipation							
	Aircraft	R			112v				
R-46 (V) IK	Atro	Ŋ	115V 400 Hz 2.5A	11.0 11.0 12.0 13.0 14.0 15.0					
MIAN SET AN/ALR-46 (V) NSH:	Keight	(Founds)		°.	5.5				
	Volume (Cubic	Inches)		259	7.00			25 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	
F-4E AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:		۵		10.);¢			⊃ ÷	
NICS CON	Dimensions (Inches)	3		o.				2.6 (cex.h)	
-4E AVIO		=	 	•	3			\$:	
Table 6-14. F	Location		Coor 185	. Door 185	Door 65 (2) Door 1968 Door 1954	Pud and Aft Hain Instr. Panels	Pud and Aft Main instr. Pancis	Door 107 Broth Wing Tip Laft Wing Tip	
	Mosenclature		G-442()	P-1854()	AM-6619	10-1902	10-957/APR- 39(7)		
	į		Signal Processor	Counter- Measures Receiver	Amplifier Detectors (4)	Indicator Controls (2)	Azimuth Indicators (2)	Antennas (4)	

		Table 6-15.	. F-4E AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:	1 COMP. 1G.	PATION DATA		NG SYSTEM	ECH JAMEING SYSTEMS (PODS) HSH: TBD	Off ins		
į	Nomenclature	Location	Dimensions (Inches)	2 -	Volume (Cubic	Meight	Alre	Aircraft Power*	T.	Cooling	
			Diameter	۵	Inches)	(Founds)	23	8	Dissipation	Nethod	Sur Junou
EC# Pod	ALQ-71 (V) -2	Wing Pods	10			242					Pods use Mounting
ZCM Pod	ALQ-71 (V) -3	Wing Pode	01	114.6	1006	35.0					
FCW Pod	ALQ-72	Wing Pods	01	8.	27.75	237					
ECH Pod	ALQ-87, A, (F)	Wing Pods	0,7			900			ويدي جنهو		
ECM Pod	ALQ-101A	Wing Pods	01	8	7854	232					
ECH Pod	8- (A) 101-01V	Wing Pods	10	15.7	18131	570					
ECM Pod	ALQ-119(V)-7, 8, 9	Wing Pods	10	25.	12095	\$65 307					
ERCH Pod	AAQ-8	Wing Pods				264					
ECH Pod.	ALQ-131()	Wing Pods	12 BA K.	172	19453	831					
Control Panel	8-04/1026-□	Part of 6631 panel when used									
Control Panelt	C-6631/ALQ	Aft Cockpit Lower Right Instr. Panel									
Control Panel+	C-9492/ALQ										
											no, anno, 2-40 - 500 to
*Pods use airci	*Pods use aircraft power. **Expected to supersed ALQ-119 and become standard USAF tactical aircraft pod. fonly one control panel insealed in aircraft.	and become stands	ard USAF tactic	al airer	Aft pod.						

								 	 -			-							
	Mounting																		
ļ								 		·	·		<u> </u>						-
	Cooling	thod																	-
۱ ۵	 	ž													•			···	
5855-01-060-7327	َ پِ	#t ton																	
2855-01	1	Dissipation																	
: NSN 0	ب	8						 											1
4/ ALE-4	Aircraft Power						<u></u>	,										: <u>:</u>	1
		¥								·				. 41					4
Section 2121E7, AN ALECTO NOR	Weight	Louis			6.1	7.2													
	Volume (Cubic	Inches)			374	151		 				,,	.,						_
ı		۵			8.3	8.2		 		•				- <u></u>		<u> </u>			4
	Dimensions (Inches)	3			9.5	7.5		 					-					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	$\frac{1}{2}$
	Ę	×						 											-
-						10m													4
	Location		Aft Cockpit Left Console	Nd Cockpit Left Console	Inboard Armament Pylon	Inboard Armament Pylon													
	ure		4 H	<u> </u>		~ <							 					····	$\frac{1}{2}$
	Momenclature																		
	į		Control Unit	Programer	Chaff Payload Module	Flare Paylord Module	<u> </u>												
			S	Prog	e s	Flar Modu.													

1.0 407VA @ 20M @ 115Vac 28Vdc (Total**) 28Vdc (Total**) 3.00 3.00 3.00 3.00 3.00 3.00 3.00 3.0	į	Momenclature	Location	7	Dimensions (Inches)	3 ~	Volume (Cubic	Weight	Aic	Aircraft Power	Beat	Cooling	
NK-7311/AB-1A DOCE 89L 3.5 4.1 3.5 5.0 3.0 407A NK-12/24-1A Aft Cocepit 3.0 5.0 11.7 176 9.25 1D-1144/AB-7 PAC Cocepit 3.25 5.0 8.0 210 5.00 AMD-11/A Panel 2.6 5.8 6.4 96 3.0 CP-715/AB-7 Aft Cocepit 4.1 5.1 9.6 201 8.5 Sat C-4781/AJB-7 PAC Cocepit 4.1 5.1 9.6 201 8.5 CP-715/AJB-7 Aft Cocepit 4.1 5.1 3.1 3.2 3.0 CP-715/AJB-7 Aft Cocepit 7.7 7.1 15.2 811 24 CP-714/AJB-7 Aft Cocepit 2.4 2.4 8.25 48 2.7 CP-714/AJB-7 Aft Cocepit 2.4 2.4 8.25 48 2.7 CP-714/AJB-7 Aft Cocepit 2.4 2.4 3.25 48 2.7 CP-714/AJB-7 Aft Cocepit 2.4 4.7 10.4 204 7.3 CP-714/AJB-7 Aft Cocepit 2.8 2.7 4.9 3.7 CP-714/AJB-7 Aft Cocepit 2.8 2.7 4.8 31 0.6 CP-714/AJB-7 Aft Cocepit 2.8 2.4 4.8 31 0.6 CP-714/AJB-7 Aft Cocepit 2.8				×	2	٥	Inches)	(Nomes)	¥C	ä	Dissipation	Method	Mount ing
MSK-12/24-1A	Accelerometer	HX-2911/AJB-3A HX-6663/AJB-7	Door 89L	3.5	4.	5.5	8	3.0	407VA @ 115Vac (Total**)				
10-1144/A/B-7	Amplifier-PWR Suppy	ASK-12/224-1A	Aft Cockpit Left	3.0	5.0	11.7	176	9.25					
CP-735/AJB-7 Aft Cockpit 2.6 5.8 6.4 96 9.0	Attitude Indicator*	10-1144/AJB-7 ARU-11/A	Pwd Cockpit Main Instr. Panel	5.25	\$.0	8.0	210	5.00					
Main Main	Bomb Release Angle Computer	CP-735/AJB-7	Aft Cockpit Right Vertical Panel	9:	S. B	6.4	*	3.0					
G-4781/AJB-7 Fud Cockpit 2.6 5.8 1.0 45 3.0 ML-: Left Wing Door 197 or 646 SBK-8/A24G-1A Aft Cockpit 7.7 7.1 15.2 811 26.7 T-7 Aft Cockpit 5.4 2.4 8.25 48 2.7 Fahl J. 10.4 264 7.5 Fahl J. 10.4 264 7.5 Fahl J. 10.4 264 7.5 Fahl J. 10.4 264 7.5 Fahl J. 10.4 264 7.5 Fahl J. 10.4 264 7.5 Fahl J. 10.4 264 7.5 Fahl J. 10.4 264 7.5 Fahl J. 10.4 Aft Cockpit 2.8 2.7 4.9 37 3.6 Fahl J. 10.4 Aft Cockpit 2.8 2.7 4.9 37 3.6 Fahl J. 10.4 Aft Cockpit 2.8 2.7 4.8 31 0.6 Fahl J. 10.4 Aft Cockpit 2.65 2.4 4.8 31 0.6	Compass Adapter Compensator	ADK-182/A24G-1A		1:	5.1	9.6	201	\$.5					
NL-: Left Wing 1.8 3.1 2.1 25 1.2 Door 197 or 646 SBK-8/A24G-IA	Compass	G-4781/AJB-7	Fwd Cockpit Right Console	3.6	æ.	3.0	\$	3.0					
SBK-8/A24G-1A Aft Cockpit 7.7 7.1 15.2 831 2t Aft Cockpit 2.4 2.4 9.25 48 2.7 Right Veitical Panel Right Veitical Panel Aft Cockpit 2.8 2.7 4.9 37 3.6 T-751/AJB-JA Aft Cockpit 3.8 2.7 4.9 37 3.6 ARU-13A Aft Cockpit 3.25 8.6 3.25 JI 3.8 ARU-13A Aft Cockpit 2.65 2.4 4.8 31 0.6 ARU-13A Aft Cockpit 2.65 2.4 4.8 31 0.6	Compuss Transmitter			3.8	1.	2.1	25	2					·
Mft Cockpit 2.4 2.4 9.25 48 2.7 Right Vertical Panel r CP-734/AJB-7 Aft Cockpit 2.8 2.7 4.9 37 3.6 T-751/AJB-3A Aft Cockpit 3.25 8.6 3.25 31 3.8 ARU-13A Aft Cockpit 3.25 8.6 3.25 31 3.8 HG-1 Aft Cockpit 2.65 2.4 4.8 31 0.6	Displacement GYRO Assembly	SBK-8/A24G-1A	Aft Cockpit	7.7	7.1	15.2	118	- JZ					
T-731/AJB-7 Aft Cockpit 5.4 4.7 10.4 264 7.3 Left T-751/AJB-3A Aft Cockpit 3.8 2.7 4.9 37 3.0 T-970/AJB-7 Left Console 3.25 8.6 3.25 J1 3.8 ARU-13A Aft Cockpit 3.25 8.6 3.25 J1 3.8 Panel ARU-13A Aft Cockpit 2.65 2.4 4.8 31 0.6	Dual Timer	i	Aft Cockpit Right Vertical Panel	* :	2.4	9.25	9	2.7					
T-751/AJB-JA Aft Cockpit 2.8 2.7 4.9 37 3.6 T-970/AJB-7 Left Console 3.25 8.6 3.25 J1 3.8 ARU-1JA Aft Cockpit 1.25 8.6 3.25 J1 3.8 Panel HG Aft Cockpit 2.65 2.4 4.8 31 0.6	Flight Director Bombing Computer		Aft Cockpit	4.5	4.7	10.4	264	7.3					
# ARU-13A Aft Cockpit 3.25 8.6 3.25 J1 3.8 Hain Instr. Panel HC-1 Aft Cockpit 2.65 2.4 4.8 31 0.6 BHD Seat Left	Pate GYNO Transmitter*	T-751/AJB-3A T-970/AJB-7	Aft Cockpit Left Console	2.8	2.7	6;		3.6					
MC-1 Aft Cockpit 2.65 2.4 4.8 31 0.6 BHD Seat Laft	Remote Attitude Indicator	ARU-13A	Aft Cockpit Main Instr. Panel	3.25	9.6	3,25	=	3.8					
		1-54	Aft Cockpit BHD Seat Left	2.65	7.	œ ÷	ä	9.0	•				
					~								

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	Table 6-18.	F-4E AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:	CONT. I CU	PATION D		APON RELEAS	PARON RELEASE CONFUTER SYSTEM, AN/ASO-91 NSN:	YSTEH, AH	ASO-91 MSN	1: 1270-00-410-9123	123	
ij	Momenclature	Location	٥	Dimensions (Inches)	•	Volume (Cubic	Weight	Aire	Aircraft Power*	Heat	Cooling	ding
			×	A	۵	Inches)	(Monde)	Ŋ	8	Dissipation	Ne thod	
Rallistics Computer	CP-805()	Pror 19	8.4	2.7	19.6	1185	36.6					
Computer Control	C-6480A	Aft Cockpit Right Console	6.0	5.75	5.0	173	3.6					
Cursor Control	C-6481A	Aft Right Console	3.0	3.75	3.75	\$	* :					
Meapons Delivery Penel	MPG Part No. 53-81211-1	Aft Cockpit Right Console										
					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			400 Hz 115V 3 &	A G			
								14/28v	304			
								25VA 400 Hz				
												
					·							
				· · ·			منطق ما جيدو وسنست					
							<u></u>					
												
*Total system power data.	er data.				1					and the same of th		Andreas de la companya de la company

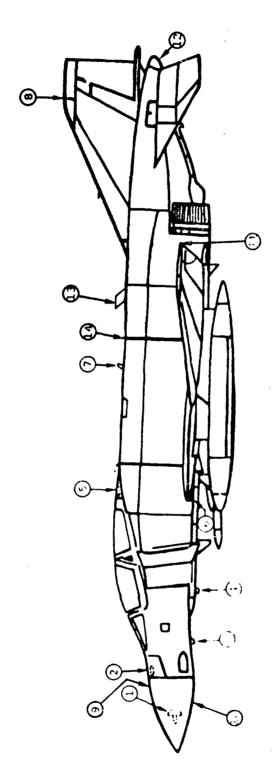
6 4	rable 6-19, F-4E	F-4E AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:	UPATION	DATA:	LEAD COP	PUTING OPTI	CAL SIGHT SY	STEM (LCOS	S), AN/ASC	LEAD COMPUTING OPTICAL SIGHT SYSTEM (LCCSS), AN/ASG-26() MSN: 1270-00-105-9006	0-00-105-9006	
, see	Momenclature	Location	O	Dimensions (Inches)	4	Volume (Cubic	Meight	Aircraft Power*	raft ner *	Beat	Cooling	
			×	3	٥	I.sches)	(Pounds)	Ş	8	Dissipation	Method	
Optical Display Unit	St-40	Fwd Cocapit Front Center	10.6	12.0	12.5	7290	25.0				Convection	Attached to Pwd Radar Indicator Unit
Computing	AH-6492	Door 19	8.5	6.3	18.3	816	16.4				Convection	Kard
Computing Gyroscope	CN-1388	Door 19	8.9	7.9	6.3	935	11.2			,	Convection	Shock
Gyro Mount	HT-1909	Door 19	2. 25	20.5	10.4	246	3	400 Hz 115 3 ; 190VA	24-2 9V 4 Ok		Convection	Park
fotal system power data.	er data.											

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7. ANTENNA LOCATIONS

Figure 7-1 shows the approximate location of the antennas on the F-4E. The F-4E antenna nomenclature is as follows from the most recently dated technical orders:

	Antenna	Nomenclature or Part Number
1.	Radar	AS-3083/APQ-120(V)
2.	ADP	AS-909A/ARA-48
3.	Lower	11C21400
4.	Lower UHF	AS-1611/A
5.	IFF	2285-/A
6.	Radar Altimeter	AS-1386/AS-1142
7.	Upper TACAN	DMNI-29
8.	LORAN X-Axis	TBD
9.	VOR/ILS Glide Slope	DMN9-5
10.	AN/APX-80A IFF Dipole	TBD
11.	Left Wing Tip ALR-46 RHAW (Same on right wing)	TBD
12.	ALR-46 RHAW (2)	93346
13.	Upper UHF	AS-1611/A
14.	LORAN X-Y Axis Cross Loop	AS-4010/A



1. Radar Antenna 2. ADF Antenna

Lower TACAN Antenna ADF Antenna

Lower UNF Antenna IPF Antenna

Radar Altimeter Antenna 6. Radar Altimeter Autenna 7. Upper TACAN Antenna

LORAN X-Axis Antenna VOR/ILS Glide Slope Antenna AN/APX-80A IFF Dipole Left Wing Tip ALR-46 RHAW Antenna (Same Right Wing) 10.

11. Left Wing Tip ALR-46 RHAW Antenna 12. ALR-46 RHAW Antennas (2) 13. Upper UHF Comm Antenna 14. LORAN X-Y Axis Cross Loop Antenna

Figure 7-1. F-4E ANTENNA LOCATIONS

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8. INTERFACE DATA

Data were not available for this section.

9. FUTURE MODIFICATIONS

Table 9-1 lists the known ongoing or near-term F-4E modifications (Block 48 and up) not previously discussed in Section 6. Table 9-2 presents some of the planned or tentative Class V modifications. Because the details of some modifications are classified, this section is limited in its content. Tables 9-3 through 9-5 list LRU data for the ARC-164, ARN-118, and ARN-101, respectively.

Table 9-1.	F-4E CHGOING MODIFICATIONS
Terminology/Nomenclature	Remarks
AIM-7E Interface	Replaces analog fire control computer with digital air combat computer.
PAVE TACK/AVQ-26	Provides ARN-101-equipped aircraft with the capability to acquire targets and employ terminally guided direct attack weapons.
Maverick/AGM-65A	Maverick missile carriage and launch capability.
UHF Radio/ARC-164	Replaces appropriate UHF portion of ASQ-19(). (Near Completion)
TACAN/ARN-118	Replaces appropriate TACAN portion of ASQ-19().
Digital Avionics System/ ARN-101	Replaces ASN-63, ASN-46A, and ASQ-91 systems.
GBU-15 Data Link/AXQ-14	Provides ARN-101 aircraft with TV display signals and provides data link for GBU-15 weapon guidance.
Digital Scan Converter Group	Provides integrated and improved radar, optical, and TV display capability to the forward cockpit and radar/TV display to the rear cockpit.
Video Tape Recorder	Provides capability to tape information presented on the Digital Scan Converter displays.

Table 9-2.	F-4E PLANNED/TENTATIVE MODIFICATIONS
Terminology/Nomenclature	Remarks
Compass Tie/ALR-69	Improved RHAW system and added ECM power manage- ment capability.
AIM-9L	TBD
Global Positioning System	Space-based radio navigation system that provides worldwide precise three-dimensional location information.
AN/ALQ-131() Jammer	Replacement for ALQ-119 Pod Jammer. The system will be modularized to provide mission-tailored ECM jamming capability.
VHF AM-FM Radio/ARC-196	Addition of VHF communication capability.
Vinson/KY-58	Secure-voice replacement for KY-28.
GRU-15	Planar wing weapon.

			6	octoon;				1	1			
į	Momenclature	Location	3	(Inches)	•	Volume	We ight	ž 2 —-	Mont	Ĭ	Cooling	
			×	2	٥	Inches)	(Longeda)	ĸ	я	Dissipation	Method	
Naceiver- Transmitter (Remote)	RT-1145	•	· .	5.0	4.25	\$:	400 Es 5Vac (Pane) Lights)	27.59 1038 Tr mode 308 Rt mode		Porced hir	
Main Receiver**	R 1977										-	
Guard Receiver**	R-1976											
Transmitter**	T -1307					-						
Signal Data Converter**	CV-3297											
Radio Control Panel	C-6684	ů.	¢.	\$.75	5.3	6	;		27.5V		Convection	Console
Freq/Channel Indicator	ID-1961† or ID-1994A	Q.E.T.	2.25	7.4	ę. s	22					Convection	Console of Panel
ADP Amplifier Relay Assembly	AN-3624/ABA-50											
*Anticipate lik	*Anticipate likely installation in spaces vacated by Integrated Electronic Central UNF Communications equipment.	in spaces vacati	ed by In	tegrated	E100612	nic Contral	UNE COMPANY	cations .	quipment.			
fconfiguration not yet decided	not yet decided.											

			Table 9-	- T-	AVIORIC	Table 9-4. F-4E AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:	Ĭ .	TACAN LAN	TACAN LINE, AM/AMI-110	• 11		
Name	Momencleture	Secation	ة ا	Dimensions (Inches)		Volume (Cubic	re i gh.	Aire	Aircraft Power	ĭ	Cooling	Howat Spo
			*	2	٥	Inches)		Ŋ	R	Dissipation	Mechad	
Tranceiver	RT-1159/A	•	8.	7.5	• • •	745	×.	115V 400 Rg 1 6 250Va			laterhal Mount	Ja Trana- celver Rount
Digital-to- Analog Adapter	MX-9577/A	٠	• •	1.73	: :	181	•· •	26V••			Charaction	5
Transceiver	HT-4926/A	•		11.7	20.5	3		28 vdc			Convection	Shock
Control Unit	C-10062/A	o t t	2.25	\$.73	* .	č	°.				Charaction	Console
Adapter Mount	HT-4927/A	•										
*Installation into space **For analog indicators.	*Installation into space vacated by Categrated Electronic Central TACAM equipment is likely.	by Categrated	Electron	te Centi	al TACA	equipment	is likely.					

		-	Pable 9-	5. 7-4	AVICHIC	Table 9-5, F-4E AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA.		ANVANN-101 CONTONNERS			
į	Nomenclature	Location	٥	Dimensions (Inches)		Volume (Cubic	E LOSK	Adrerate Noor	Heat	Cooling	9
			×	2	٥	Inches)	(Poweds)	(Total Matts)	Dissipation	Hethod	
Signal Data Converter, Unit 301	CV-3467/A	Aft Cockpit RH Console	9.34	7.61	9.25	ŝ	16.9	133			
Computer, Navigation, Unit 302	CP-1314/A	Aft Cockpit RH Console Area	11.84	11.02	3.	i	7.90	320			
Inertial Measurement Unit Buffer, Unit 304	MX-9697/A	Aft Cockpit PM Console	6.5	7.31	0.	ŝ	13.0	\$			-
Power Supply, Unit 305	PP-7428/A	Aft Cockpit LM Console Are:	7.53	7.52	6.76	<u> </u>	17.2	011			
Keyer Control, Unit 306	C-9474/A	Aft Cockpit My Console	8.	\$.75	7.87	*		"			
Control, Nav. Computer, Unit 307	C-9472/A	Aft Cockpit LH Console	4.50	5.75	8.6	3	2.2	•			
Indicator, Digital Display, Unit 308	N/2961-01	Aft Cockpit Instrument Panel	\$.78	\$.75	3.00	1	*	\$			
Indicator, Aux. Digital Display, Unit 309	ID-1941/A	Fud Cockpit Instrument Panel	8.6	2.36	2.38	*	1:1	•			
Receiver, Loran, Unit 310	R-2086A	Upper Equip- ment Bay Shelf	12.84	3.76	7.63	*	13.3	\$01			
Antenna Coupler, Unit 311	CU-2150/A	Upper Zquip- ment Bay	7.52	2.91	2.53	\$	1.0	-			
Course Select Panel, Unit 312		Pwd Cockpit Instrument Panel	1.87	6. 22	1. 83	32.6	5 .0	•			
Relay Assembly. Unit 113**	RE-1118/A	Upper Equip- ment Bay Door 19	8.25	4.72	5	155	•	*			
*Replaces the AS	*Replaces the ASQ-91, ASN-46A, and	nd ASN-63 system	£ 5	7.							
**Also herein referred to as Relay	ferred to as Rela	y Box Unit (MBU).									

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				-		
		-				
	Cooling	He thod	·			
	i e	Dissipation				
	Aircraft Power	(TOCAL MOCLA)	\$	\$	•	
(coatimed)	Fe i ghe	(agranou)	10.0	o.	*	
Table 9-5.	Volume (Cubic	Inches)	330	11.	18. 7	
		٥	3.3	9.19	1.12	
	Dimensions (Inches)	2	3.03	1.75	5.75	
	ď	×	1.93	6.19	8.	
	Location		Center Fuse- laye Foor 48	Aft Puselage Vertical Tail Fin	Aft Cockpit LH Console	
	Nomenclature		AS-4010/A	AS-4011/A		
	į		Antenna, Loran, X-Y Axis, Unit 314	Antenna, Loran, Z Awis, Unit 315	Taryet Insert Panel, Unit 316	

10. DATA SOURCES

The following sources of data were used in preparing this summary:

- Aircraft and avionics configuration data assembled by ARINC Research, principally in the form of copies of applicable sections, tables, and figures from the aircraft and equipment Technical Orders listed at the end of this section
- Avionics Planning Baseline Document October 1978
- McDonnell Report 8738, Environmental Design Requirements and Test Procedures - Aircraft Electronic Equipment - 5 April 1962, Rev. 1 July 1964.
- Information supplied by Ogden ALC
- Technical Order T.O. 12P2-2APQ-120-2-1 for the MSDG and DSCG display information
- ARINC Research Informal Report: Technical Report, Preliminary JTIDS Configuration Data Analyses, May 1978

Inventory of Technical Orders

T.O. Number	Subject	Change Number	Date
1F-4E-1	Flight Manual	9	9/15/78
1F-4E-2-1	Aircraft, General	18	4/15/78
1F-4E-2-4	Flight Control Systems	5	12/15/77
1 F-4E- 2-9	Air Induction System	13	6/1/77
1F-4E-2-10	Fuel Sys ams	12	11/15/77
1F-4E-2-11	Instrument System	19	12/15/77
1F-4E-2-12	Air Data Computer Set	8	12/15/77
1F-4E-2-13	Electrical System	2	12/15/77
1F-4E-2-14	Integrated Electronic Central Radar Altimeter Radar Beacon System	Original	6/15/77
1F-4E-2-15	Navigation System	17	4/15/77
1F-4E-2-17	Avionics Navigation Instrument System	8	12/1/77
1F-4E-2-18 (Volume 1)	Armament Systems (Sections 162)	15	6/1/77
1F-4E-2-18 (Volume 2)	Armament Systems (Sections 3,4,5,6,7)	15	6/1/77
1F-4E-2-19-1 (Volume 1)	Weapons Control System (P. 1-1; 6-430)	16	4/15/77

(continued)

Inventory of Technical Orders (continued)

T.O. Number	Subject	Change Number	Date
1F-4E-2-19-1 (Volume 2)	Weapons Control System (6-430, end)	16	4/15/77
1F-4E-2-22	Systems Integration	16	7/15/77
1F-4E-2-23 (Volume 1)	Wiring Diagrams (Sections 1,2,3)	Basic	4/1/77
1F-4E-2-23 (Volume 2)	Wiring Diagrams (Sections 4,5)	Basic	4/1/77
1F-4E-2-30	Electronic Intelligence System	3	4/1/77
1F-4E-2-33	Weapons Release Computer	9	4/1/77
1F-4E-2-38	Electronic Optical Target Designator	Basic	4/1/77
1F-4E-4-4	Instrument, Electric, Systems	24	4/15/77
1F-4E-4-7	Index	2	8/15/77
1F-4E-21	Equipment Inventory	3	11/4/76
1F-4E-34-1-1	Weapons Delivery	1	•
12R2-2ARC164-2	Radio Set	_	7/15/77
12R5-2ARN118-1	TACAN Navigational Set	Basic	6/20/76
12P5-2APN-32		Basic	10/15/76
en o en ave	Receiver-Transmitter and Antennas	13	12/1/76
12R5-2ARN127-2	Radio Receiving	Basic	1/15/77
12P3-2ALR46-42	Signal Processor	4	12/31/77

AVIONICS INTERFACE DATA SUMMARY FOR F-4G



October 1979

issued by

The Deputy for Avionics Control
ASD/AX
A Joint AFSC/AFLC Organization

FOREWORD

This document is one of a series of reports that describe Avionics interfaces for various USAF aircraft. It was prepared for the Deputy for Avionics Control, Aeronautical Systems Division (ASD/AX), Wright-Patterson AFB, Ohio by ARINC Research Corporation, Annapolis, Maryland under Contract F33657-79-C-0567.

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Change	Subject	Date Entered	Initials
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1. INTRODUCTION

This document contains configuration data relating to the integration of additional avionics into the F-4G aircraft.

This document will be revised periodically as additional modifications are planned and incorporated into the aircraft. Queries regarding information contained herein should be addressed to:

The Deputy for Avionics Control Code: ASD/AXP Wright-Patterson AFB, Ohio

This document was compiled from Air Force source materials by ARINC Research Corporation under Contract F33657-79-C-0567.

The applicable Technical Orders are included in the references listed in Section 10.

2. COCKPIT SPACE

Figures 2-1 through 2-6 present the current forward and rear cockpit layout, respectively, for the F-4G aircraft. Space availability within each cockpit is extremely limited. The rear cockpit underwent an extensive change as a result of APR-38 ECM system installation.

It is expected that further significant cockpit modifications will occur in the near future with the addition of an airborne video tape recorder in the forward cockpit right console and a new navigation system (such as the ARN-101 or AJQ-25). It is noteworthy also that the layout shown does not reflect the ARC-164 UHF Radio or the ARN-118 TACAN installations that are nearing completion.

igure 2-1. FRONT MAIN PANEL AREA

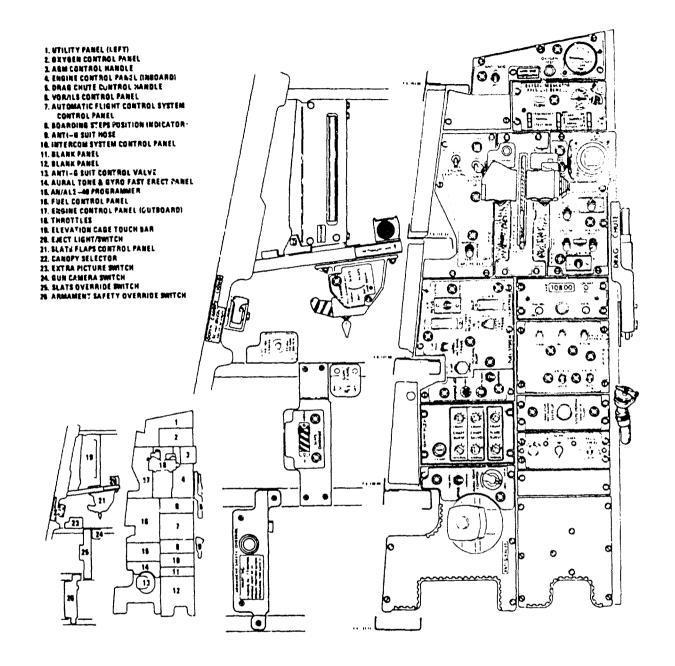


Figure 2-2. FRONT LEFT CONSOLE AREA

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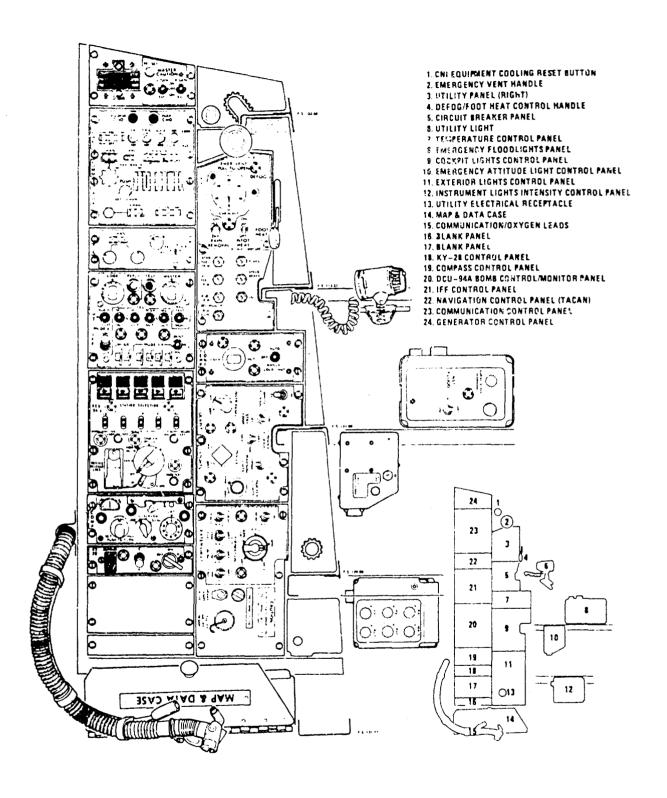


Figure 2-3. FRONT RIGHT CONSOLE AREA

Figure 2-4. REAR MAIN PANEL AREA

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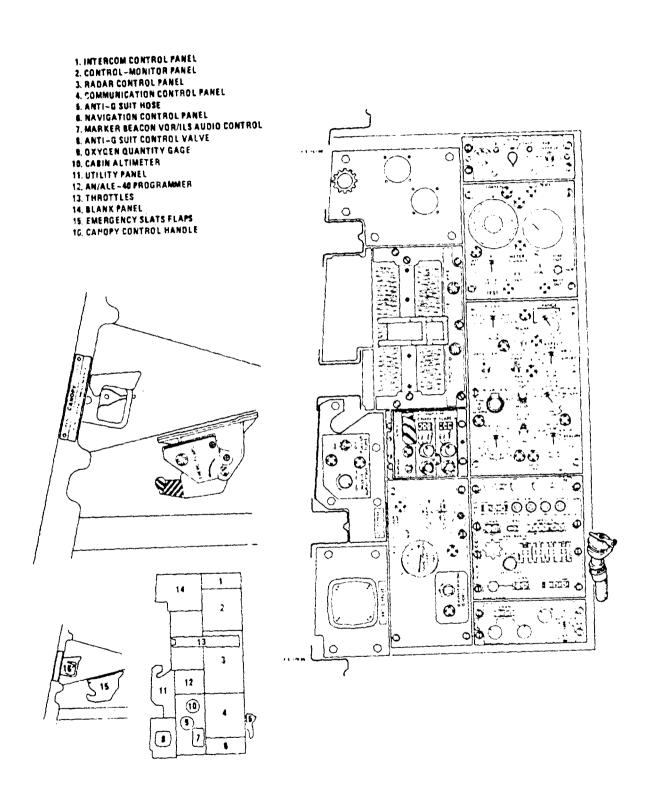


Figure 2-5. REAR LEFT CONSOLE AREA

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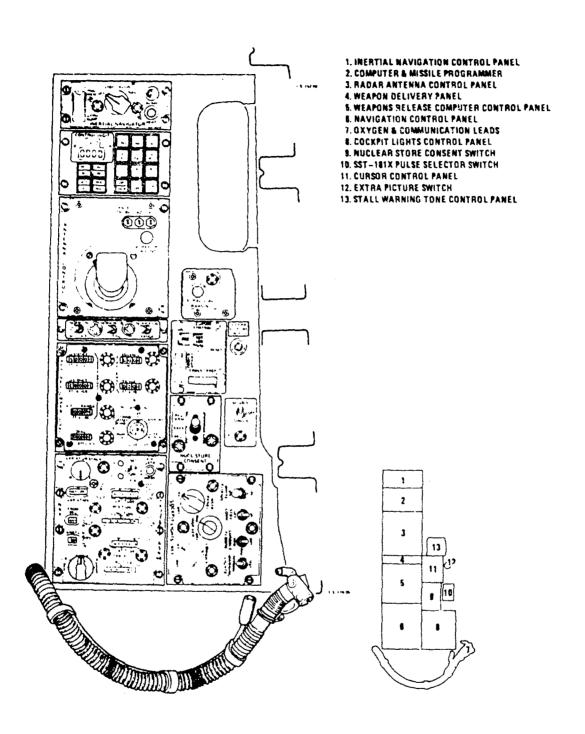


Figure 2-6. REAR RIGHT CONSOLE AREA

3. AVIONICS SPACE AVAILABLE

On the basis of the examination of a production F-4G aircraft (Serial Number 69-7201) at Ogden ALC with the APR-38 system installed, available avionics space, as shown in Table 3-1, were identified. The location of these areas are listed in the table and are also keyed to Figure 3-1.

There exists a large space in the tail area, moderate space in the upper avionics bay and in the "Rat Bay", and smaller spaces in various other locations throughout the aircraft.

Table 3-2 details several possibilities for providing space in the 1984 time frame. These alternatives will require replacement or modification of certain systems. Locations are keyed to Figure 3-1.

The environmental data for the areas cited has been extracted from McDonnell Report 8738 and presented in Table 3-3. Although the addition of the "chin" pod and other structural changes made during the F-4E to F-4G conversion might produce some aerodynamic effects (e.g., added drag at low speeds and altitudes), the applicability of the environmental data contained in the report is considered valid currently and no known new/special temperature - altitude - vibration testing is now planned.

		Table 3-1. F'E	Table 3-1. F'E SUMMARY · F-4G		
i se i c		Ро	Potential Available Space		
	A	Ą	Ą	A	83
Location Reference and Description	CNI Bay. Replacement of Amp-Power Supply. Aux Royr AM-2349/ASD	CNI Bay Nose Wheel- well behind KIT-IA	CNI Bay Nose Wheel- well Behind KIR-1A	CNI Bay Nose Wheel- well Behind KIR-1A	Upper Avionics Bay - Door 19 Previous Lead Computing Gyro Location
Rectangular Size	8.5", 6.4", 23.2"	8.0'', 6.0'', 10.0''	7.8", 5.0", 11.0"	6.7", 6.0", 10.0"	14", 14", 16"
Volume	0.7 tt³	3.3 ft'	0.25 ft³	0.2 ft²	1.8 ft²
Type Cooling Available	Forced Air Canditioning	Forced Air Conditioning	Forced Air Conditioning	Forced Air Conditioning	Forced Air Conditioning
Temperature - Altitude Condition*	Condition 1	Condition I	Condition 1	Condition 1	Condition 1
Vibration Region**	Region 1X	Region 1X	Region 1X	Region IX	Region X
Possible Candidates for the Space	None Known	None Known	VHF AM/FM ARC - 186	VHF AM/FM ARC - 186	VHF AM/FM ARC - 186
Remarks	The unit provides aux UHF receiver & intercom power functions. It is conceivable that at least half of the volume shown could be gained through replacement or repackaging methods without a loss of capability.				

•Where LRU is currently installed, the dimensions given represent dimensions of LRU; when no LRU is installed, the dimensions given are those of the available space.

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		Table 3-1. (CONTINUED)	ONTINUED)		
		Pot	Potential Available Space		
F'E Criteria		C	3	<u>.</u>	G
Location Reference and Description	"Rat" Bay Door 185L	Tail Area of Fuselage Aft of =7 Fuel Cell Door 61L	APR-38 Chin Pod Under Radome Door 71L Next to Analysis Rcvr.	Nose Radome Area	Door 183 Over Left Wing TISEO Power Supply Location on F-4E
Rectangular Size	17.0°, 25.0°, 5.1°, (max)	27.0", 17.0", 15.0"	7.0", 6.0", 19.0"	4", 6", 10"	6.1", 6.2", 12.4"
(H, W, D) Volume	1.3 (t)	4.0 ft³	0.5 ft³	0.14 ft³	0.3 ft ³
Type Cooling Availatde	Cooling Air Blird Into Bay From Upper Avionics Bay	Convection Only	Forced Air Conditioning	Forced Air Conditioning	TBD. Forced Air Conditioning Available to
Tamperature - Altitude Condition*	Condition 1	Condition II	Condition IV	Condition IV	Condition 1
Vibration Region**	Region I	Region 1	Region VII	Region VII	Region I
Possible Candidates for the Space	None Known	None Known	APR.38 Enhancement Program (Not Yet Approved)	None Known	None Known
Remarks	This is a very shallow compartment.	No power or forced air cooling currently available. Severe ambient temperature environment.		4 spaces approximately this size currently exist on the radar shock mount. Spaces are not adjacent.	F-4G does not have TISEO (ASX-1) System rectalled. This space as well to space on left wing inboard used for TISEO or F-4E should be available. This space size has not been confirmed.

**Where LRU is currently installed, the dimensions given represent dimensions of LRU; when no LRU is installed, the dimensions given are those of the available space. **See Table 3.2.

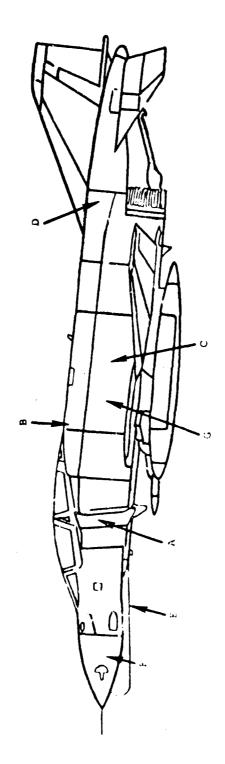


Figure 3-1. F-4G SPACE LOCATIONS

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7	<i>Table 3-2.</i> F-4G	RAW ENVIF	RONMENT	F-4G RAW ENVIRONMENTAL DATA SYNOPSIS	
		Tempera	Temperature Data		
Temperature-			Condition	ition	
Condition	-			=	2
Continuous	.54°C to +71°C, Sea level -54°C to +24°C, 60,000'	Sea level 60,000'	54°C t	-54°C to +71°C, See level -54°C to +24°C, 60,000'	Par
30 Minutes	to +95°C, Sea level to +83°C, 60,000	vel o	to +95° to +100	to +95°C, Sea level to +100°C, 60,000'	MAC Detailed Performance
10 Minutes	to +101°C, Sea level to +143°C, 50,000'	level 00'	to +109 to +170	to +109°C, Sea level to +170°C, 50,000'	Specification
		Vibration Data	on Data		
Equipment Performance			Region	ion	
(double amplitude)	-	3		×	×
5-10 Hz	0.060 inches	0.060 inches	ches	0.060 inches	0.060 inches
10-15 Hz	0.063 inches	0.100 inches	ches	0.078 inches	0.064 inches
15-20 Hz	0.036 inches	0.036 inches	ches	0.036 inches	0.036 inches
20-23 Hz	0.036 inches	0.080 inches	ches	0.050 inches	0.060 inches
23-50 Hz	0.036 inches	0.036 inches	ches	0.036 inches	0.036 inches
<50 Hz	+5g	£54		+5g	£5g
				Y	

4. ELECTRICAL POWER SYSTEM

4.1 Main Power System

The main electrical power system in the F-4G is composed of two 30 kVA, 115 volt, 400 Hz 3-phase power generators with a constant-speed drive (CSD) unit regulating the generator at 8,000 rpm. The load is evenly divided between the generators when they are operating in parallel. If a fault in either generator occurs, it is removed from the line. Two underfrequency protectors prevent underfrequency operation of the generators.

4.2 Power Conversion and Distribution System

The power conversion and distribution system has three main functions: (1) distributes internal emergency and external ac power to the aircraft, (2) distributes dc power to the aircraft, and (3) converts 115 Vac to 28/14 Vac and 28 Vdc. Power from the left generator is supplied to the left main 115 Vac bus and instrument 200/115 Vac bus. The right generator delivers power to the 115 Vac right main bus and the essential 115 Vac bus. In normal operation the emergency generator delivers ac power to the essential and instrument buses.

Two 100 ampere transformer-rectifiers convert the received ac power from their generators to the 28 Vdc power.

4.3 Battery Power

The battery power supply system contains a 24 volt nickel cadmium battery rated at 11 ampere-hours at a 2-hour discharge rate. The aircraft battery is used for normal ground and emergency air starts as well as to provide power to the four floodlights. If total ac-to-dc power conversion fails, the battery will supply power to the essential dc bus.

5. ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL SYSTEM

5.1 General

The aircraft environmental control system air conditioning is divided into two major systems, one for cabin areas and one for electronic equipment cooling. Both systems use high temperature, high pressure, and seventeenth-stage engine compressor bleed air from either or both engines.

5.2 Cabin Air Conditioning

The cabin air conditioning system (CACS) on the right side of the fuselage consists of two air-to-air heat exchangers and other associated equipment. The CACS allows a selection of cabin conditioning temperatures, defogging, rain removal, and ram air operations.

5.3 Equipment Air Conditioning

The equipment air conditioning system, located on the left side of the forward fuselage, supplies cooling air for the radar compartment in the nose, the electronic equipment compartment aft of the nosewheel well, and the electronic equipment shelf behind the rear cockpit bulkhead. System control is entirely automatic with the temperature being controlled at approximately 84°F from sea level to 25,000 feet and 40°F from 25,000 feet up.

5.4 Equipment Auxiliary Air System

The equipment auxiliary air system (EAAS) uses partially cooled air from the equipment air conditioning system. The EAAS distributes the cooled air as follows:

- Anti-G System
- · Canopy Seal System
- · Air Data Computer
- Radar Wave Guide
- · Rear Cockpit Radar Scope
- Radio Receiver(s) Transmitter
- · Fuel Pressurization System
- Pneumatic System Air Compressor

6. CURRENT AVIONICS

6.1 Summary of Current Avionics

Table 6-1 lists the current avionics systems in the F-4G. Those that are different from the F-4E configuration or unique to the F-4G are annotated.

Systems unique to the F-4G are described in this section. The reader is referred to the F-4E Configuration Data Summary for details of the common avionics systems. The unique systems are the AN-APR-38 ECM System and the AN/ASG-30 Computing Optical Sight.

Tables 6-2 and 6-3 list the available LRU data for the ECM System and the Computing Optical Sight System, respectively. A detailed description of the APR-38 system was not available for this report; however a mock diagram of the APR-38 ECM system is presented in Figure 6-1.

Refer to Section 9 of this document for avionics systems which can be expected to exist on the F-4G in the 1984 time frame (some pending approval) and replace many of those listed in Table 6-1.

4.5

Table 6-1. PRINCIPAL AVIONICS SYSTEMS CURRENTLY INSTALLED ON THE F-4G AIRCRAFT

Fligh		1
riian	E Con	rroi

ASA-32()

Flight Director Computer

TBD (Same as non-ARN-101 equipped F-4E aircraft)

Air Data Computer

CPK-92/A24G-34

Attitude Reference Bombing Computer

AJB-7

Fire Control

APQ-120(V) with Digital

Scan Converter Group Display

Flight Data Recording

TBD (Same as F-4E)

Inertial Navigation

ASN-63

Integrated Electronic Central

ASQ-19A w/KIT-1A, KIR-1A

IFF CRYPTO

Intercommunications

UHF Communications

Automatic Direction Finding

TACAN

IFF

ASG-30*

Computing Optical Sight
Navigation Computer

ASN-46A

Radar Altimeter

APN-155

Radar Beacon

SST-181X or UPN-25

IFF Interrogator

APX-80A

Speech Security

KY-28

.....

300 01

Weapons Release Computer

ASQ-91

Radar Receiving Set (RHAW)

APR-38**

ILS/VOR

ARN-127

Countermeasure Dispenser

ALE-40

Data Recording Cameras

KB-18A or KB-25A

Electronic Countermeasures Pods

ALQ-119(V)-12, -14

Armament

Missile Launching System

For AIM-7, -9 and AGM-45, -65A

Multiple Weapons System

For conventional stores

Special Weapons Monitor

Nuclear Stores Consent Switch

and DCU-94/A.

Centerline Weapons Release

AERO-27A, or BRU-5/A

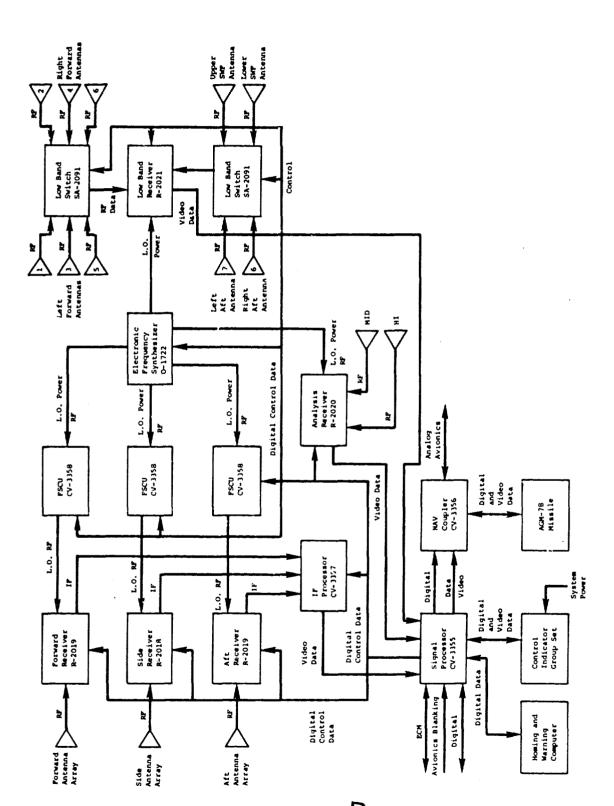
^{*}Differs from F-4E.

^{**}Unique to F-4G.

	,			rable	Fable 6-2.	AN/APR-38 E	AN/APR-38 ECH SYSTEM (WILD WEASEL)	ILD WEASE!	NSN:	78D		
į	Momentature	Location		Dimension (Inches)	,	Volume	Weight	Adre	Aircraft Power	Fat	Cooling	
			z	,	Q	Inches)	(Pounds)	K	ន	Dissipation	Method	Security 100
Frecuency Sclect Control/ Converter	CV-3358 (Quantity of 2)	Chin Pod Radome, Aft Side					25 each					
Porward Radio Receiver Array	R-2019	Gun Compart- ment Radome Access Door 8					50					
Side Radio Receiver/Array	R-20.8	Radome Access Doors 52L/R					æ					·
Antenna Selector Low Band/ Special Wa.ning Switch	SA-2091	Access Door 171			······································							
Lighting Unit	PP-7290	Bulkhead Aft Cockpit Right Side										
Mid-Band Antenna	AS-3120	Bottom of Chin Pod				Data for t	Data for this equipment		are Classified.			······································
High Band Antenna	AS-3121	Bottom of Chin Pod										
Omni Antenna (Blade)	AS-1122	Bottom of Chin Pod										-
Antenna	AS-3119 (Qualtity of 9)	Left Side (3) and Right Side (3) of Radome 6 2 on vertical										
'igital Computer	CF-1255	Access Door 171					\$					
Signal Data Converter (SPU)	CV-3355	Access Door 77					*					
Mouncing Base	MT-4826											
Signal Data Converter/ Storer (NAV Coupler)	CV-3356	Access Dour 171					61	Mary Mary		-		
*To be supplied when available.	when available.										uco)	(continued)

		•	Table 6-2.	2. AM/I	BR-39 B	CM System (1	AM/APR-19 ECH System (Wild Weasel)	MSM: T	TBD (continued)	(pen		
3	Momenclature	Location	Ğ	Dimensions (Inches)		Volume (Cubic	Meight	Air	Aircraft Power	Heat	Cooling	Kounting
			31	2	٥	Inches)	(spunou)	¥	8	Dissipation	Method	
Electronic Frequency Synthesizer	C-1722	Access Door 168					æ					
Electronic Equipment Mounting Base	ит-4828											
Analysis Receiver	R-2020	Access Door 71R					*					
Low Band Radio Receiver	R-2021	Access Door 77					53					
Central Power Supply	PP-7298	Access Door 171					\$					
Mounting Base	MT-4827 (Quantity of 2)		-			Data for	Data for this equipment are Classified	are C	lassified.			
Signal Data Converter (IF Processor)	CV-3357	Access Door 173					61					
Antenna Selec- tor/Low Band Special Marn- ing Switch	5A-2091	Access Door 171										
Signal Data Converter (DEU)	CV-1352	Access Door 170					8					
Flan Position Indicator	1P-1250	Forward Cock- pit Instru- ment Panel					•				······································	
Cdr Warning Control/ Indicator	10-2066	Forward Cock- pit Instru- ment Panel										
Panoramic Analysis and Homing Indicator	IP-1249	Aft Cockpit Instrument Panel					≈					
Plan Position Indicator and Control Unit	IP-1248	Aft Cockpit Instrument Panel										
*To be supplied when available.	when available.	7									(continued)	

Part Part			•	Table 6-2. Dimen	(mensions		stons		1	ircraft			
C-10023 Aff Cecle N	i	Momenclature	Location	4	(Inches)		Volume (Cubic Toches)	Weight (Pounds)	Z	ž	Heat Dissipation	Cooling	Mounting
CV-1358 Tail Bod Try CV-1358 Tail Bod Try CV-1358 Tail Bod Try CV-1358 Tail Bod Try CV-1358 Tail Bod Try CV-1358 Tail Bod Try CV-1358 Tail Bod Try CV-1358 Tail Bod Try CV-1358 Tail Bod Try CV-1358 Tail Bod Try CV-1358 Tail Bod Try CV-1358 Tail Bod Try Tail	umming itor	C-10023	Aft Cockpit Right Console	*	2	۵			Ä	8			
CV-3356 Tail Pod Top	ol Roviver		Tail Pod Tup of Vert Stabiliser Doors 97 and				Data for	20 this equilment	nt are CI	assified.			
	ency c Control		Tail Pod Top of Vert Stabilizer Door 85					2					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·



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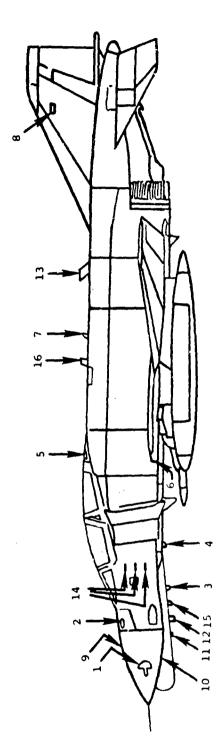
Figure 6-1. AN/APR-38 Simplified Block Diagram

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7. ANTENNA LOCATIONS

Figure 7-1 shows the approximate location of the antennas on the F-4G. Antenna nomenclature from current technical orders is as follows:

	Antenna	Nomenclature
1.	Radar	AS-3083/APQ-120(V)
2.	ADF	AS-909A/ARA-48
3.	Lower TACAN	11C21400
4.	Lower UHF Comm.	AS-1611/A
5.	IFF	2285-1
6.	Radar Altimeter	AS-1386/AS-1442
7.	Upper TACAN	11C21400
8.	APR-38 Low Band	AS~3119/APR-38
9.	VOR/ILS Glide Slope	DMN9-5
10.	AN/APX-SOA IFF	AS-2072/APQ-120
11.	APR-38 High Band	AS-3121/APR-38
12.	APR-38 Special Warning (Lower)	AS-3122/APR-38
13.	Upper UHF Comm.	AS-1611/A
14.	APR-38 Low Band	AS-3119/APR-38
15.	APR-38 Mid Band	AS-3120/APR-38
16.	APR-38 Special Warning (Upper)	AS-3122/APR-38



i. Radar Antenna 2. ADF Antenna

3. Lower TACAN Antenna
4. Lower UHF Antenna
5. IFF Antenna
6. Radar Altimeter Antenna
7. Upper TACAN Antenna

VOR/ILS Glide Slope Antenna 8. APR-38 Low Band Antenna 9. VOR/ILS Glide Slope Ante

10. AN/APX-80A IFF Dipoles (4) APR-38 High Band Antenna

12. APR-38 Special Warning Antenna (Lower)

APR-38 Mid Band Antenna APR-38 Special Warning Antenna (Upper) 14. APR-38 Low Band Antennas 15. APR-38 Mid Band Antenna 16. APR-38 Special Warning An

Figure 7-1. F-4G ANTENNA LOCATIONS

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8. INTERFACE DATA

This section contains examples of interface signal characteristics. These data were extracted from applicable sections of the Interface Control Drawings (ICDs) for integration of GPS user equipment in the F-4G aircraft. Each sheet discusses a particular signal. The top line contains the signal name, type of signal (digital, analog, descrete, or synchronous), its signal source and load, and whether the signal is an input or output of the GPS user equipment. A functional description follows, as well as a description of the signal's characteristics.

SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	Т0
Bearing	Synchro	0	UE	Pilot's HSI'& WSO's BDHI

<u>Functional</u> Description

Provides angular information to the bearing pointer® to display relative bearing of the aircraft's present position to selected waypoint.

"Note: No. I pointer on BDHI

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: 0° to 360°
ACCURACY: ± 1°
INDEX REFERENCE: Aircraft Heading
POSITIVE DIRECTION SENSE: Increasing Bearing
SCALE FACTOR: 1° = 1°
RESOLUTION: ± 2.5° (HSI); ± 1.25° (BDHI)

<u>Electrical Characteristics</u> (continued on next page)

LOAD: 1) Pilot's MSI (AF/A24J-1), 3-Wire Synchro, Bendix Type EP AY-500-5

or equal 2) WSO's BDHI (ID-663()/U), 3-Wire Synchro, Type 26Y-1::X4, or equal

SOURCE: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

Wire Type & No.: Twisted Pair (X,Y)

Wire Size; No. 22 ANG

Note: "Z" tied to ground

A/C: F-46 HEF: MIL-I-22075

MIL-H-27269 1F-4E-2-14

ICD-GPS-020

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

HSI (AF/A24J-1), Bea Synchro, Bendix Type	ring Pointer, AY-500-5 or e	3-Wire qual	BDHI (ID-663()/U), Sy 26V-11TX4 or equal	mchro, Type	
ROTOR	26	Volts	Input Voltage	26	Volts
Input Voltage Frequency Input Current Input Power Resistance (DC)	400 530	Cycles ma Watts Ohms	Input Current Input Power Transformation Ratio Sensitivity Phase Shift Impedance, Zro	242 .87 .454 206 40 14.9 + j106	ma Watts mv/deg lead Ohms
STATOR Input Voltage Input Current Input Power Resistance (DC) Rotor Output Voltage Phase Shift (S to R) Accuracy (Max) Null Voltage (Max)	11.8 20 0.090 188 19 15 15	Volts ma Watts Ohms Volts Degrees Minutes mv	Impedance, Zso	760 + 14540	Ohms
IMPEDANCE Zso Zro Zrss	222 + j470 940 + j2260 1050 + j450		•		

SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO	
Distance, Units	Synchro	0	UE	Pilot's HSI & MSO's BDHI	

Functional Description

Provides angular information to rotate the units digit in the range window. Displays aircraft present position distance to selected waypoint in lnm increments (0.5mm indexed). Driven independently of other digits, but read in conjunction with them in order to provide the least significant digit.

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: 0 to 9 (0° to 360°) ACCURACY: + 3.6° INDEX REFERENCE: 0

POSITIVE DIRECTION SENSE: To decreasing values (distance to go) SCALE FACTOR: 360 = 1 numeral RESOLUTION: + 90

Electrical Characteristics (continued on next page)

LOAD: 1) Pilot's HSI (AF/A24J-1), 3-Wire Synchro, Clifton Type CRC-8-A-1

or equal
2) WSO's BDHI ID-663()/U, 3-Wire Synchro, Type 26V-11TX4 or equal

SOURCE: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

Wire Type & No.: Twisted Pair (X,Y)

Wire Size: No. 22 ANG

Note; "Z" leg tied to ground

A/C: kEF: F-4G

MIL-1-22075

MIL-H-27269 1F-4E-2-14

ICD-GPS-020

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

LOAD 1	LOAD 2			
HSI (AF/A24J-1), Distance Display, 3-Hire Synchro, Clifton Type CRC-8-A-1 or equal	BDHI (ID-663()/U), Synchro, Type 26V-11TX4 or equal			
Primary Winding Rotor Primary Voltage (400 Hz) 26 Volts Secondary Voltage 11.8 Volts Input Current 100 ma Input Power .54 Watts Accuracy 30 feet Impedance, Zro 54 + j260 Ohms Impedance, Zso 12 + j45 Ohms Rotor DC Resistance 37 Ohms Stator DC Resistance 12 Ohms Phase Shift 8.5 Degrees	Input Voltage 26 Volts Input Current 242 ma Input Power .87 Watts Transformation Ratio .454 Sensitivity 206 mv/deg Phase Shift 40 lead Impedance, Zro 14.9 + j106 Ohms Impedance, Zso 760 + j4540 Ohms			
rnase shirt 0.3 segrees				
	A ICD-GPS-020			
	100-04-3-020			

SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
Distance, tens	Synchro	0	UE .	Pilot's HSI & WSO's BOH!

Functional Description

Provides angular information to rotate the tens digit in the range window. Displays aircraft present position distance to selected waypoint in 10mm increments. Driven independently of other distance digits but read in onjunction with them.

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: 0 to 9 (0° to 360°) ACCURACY: $\pm 3.6^\circ$

INDEX REFERENCE: 0
POSITIVE DIRECTION SENSE: To decreasing values (distance to go)
SCALE FACTOR: 36 = 1 numeral
RESOLUTION: +90

Electrical Characteristics (coninued on page 10-5)

LOAD: 1) Pilot's HSI (AF/A24J-1), 3-Wire Synchro, Clifton Type CRC-8-A-1 or equal 2) WSO's BDHI (ID-663()/U), 3-Wire Synchro, Type 26V-11TX4 or equal

SOURCE: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

Wire Type & No.: Twisted Pair (X,Y)

Wire Size: No. 22 AWG

Note: "Z" leg tied to ground

A/C: F-4G KEF: MIL-I-22075 MIL-H-27269

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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
Distance, hundreds	Synchro	0	UE	Pflot's HSI & WSO's BDHI

Functional Description

Provides angular information to rotate the hundreds digit in the range window. Displays aircraft present position distance to the selected waypoint in 100mm increments. Driven independently of the other distance digits, but read in conjunction with them in order to provide the most significant digit for the distance value. distance value.

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: 0 to 9 (0° to 360°) ACCURACY: $\pm 3.6°$

INDEX REFERENCE: 0
POSITIVE DIRECTION SENSE: To decreasing values (distance to go)
SCALE FACTOR: 36° = 1 numeral
RESOLUTION: + 9°

Electrical Characteristics (continued on page 10-5)

LOAD: 1) Pilot's MSI (AF/A24J-1), 3-Wire Synchro, Clifton Type CRC-8-A-1 or equal 2) MSO's BDHI (ID-663()/U), 3-Wire Synchro, Type 26V-11TX4 or equal

SOURCE: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

Wire Type & No.: Twisted Pair (X,Y)

Wire Size: No. 22 AWG

Note: "Z" leg tied to ground

A/C: F-4G KEF: MIL-1-22075

MIL-H-27269

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ICD-GFS-020

SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO	
Distance Flag	Discrete	0	UĒ	Pilot's MSI MSO's BDHI	

Functional Description

Provides a discrete signal to operate the distance warning flag. The flag is normally out of view when the range indicator is operating and the range data is valid. The flag covers the range indicator when the distance information is not valid or the device supplying the distance data is not operating.

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: 28 Vdc applied, Flag out-of-view 28 Vdc not applied, Flag-in-view

Electrical Characteristics

LOAD: 1) Pilot's HSI (AF/A240-1), Distance shutter mechanism,

28 Vdc, 150ma Max.

2) | WSO's BDHI (ID-663')/U), Distance shutter mechanism.

28 Vdc, 150ma Max.

SOURCE: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

Wire Type & No.: Two Single Conductors

Wire Size: No. 22 AWG

A/C: F-4G KEF: MIL-1-22075 MIL-H-27269

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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO	
Thousand Digit	Discrete	0	υE	Pilot's HSI WSO's BDHI	

<u>Functional Description</u>

Provides a discrete output signal to operate the thousand digit shutter of the HSI when the distance to a selected waypoint is greater than 999 nautical miles.

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: 28 Vdc applied, thousand digit in-view 28 Vdc not applied, thousand digit out-of-view

Electrical Characteristics

LOAD: 1) Pilot's HSI (AF/A24J-1), Distance 1000 digit shutter, 28 Vdc. 150 ma (Max)
2) WSO's BDHI (ID-663()/U), Distance 1000 digit shutter, 28 Vdc.

150 ma (Max)

SOURCE: TBD-1

Interconnection Data

WIRE TYPE & NO.: Two Single Conductors WIRE SIZE: No. 22 AWG

A/C: KEF:

F-4G MIL-I-22075 MIL-H-27269 1F-4E-2-14

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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
To-From	Analog	0	UE	Pilot's HSI FDC

Functional Description

Provides a d.c. analog signal to drive the To-From indicator. If the aircraft is flying toward the waypoint and has not intercepted a reference line perpendicular to the aircraft ground track and through the waypoint, the indication will be TO. Once past the waypoint reference line, the indication will be FROM, as long as the same waypoint is selected.

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: TO = +225 µa Max BLANK = no signal FROM = -225 µa Max

Electrical Characteristics

LOAD:

1) Pilot's HSI (AF/A24J-1), To-From Arrow Meter movement, 150 - 250 Ohms

SOURCE: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

Wire Type & No.:

Wire Size: No. 22 AWG

A/C: KEF:

F-4G MIL-H-27269 1F-4E-2-14

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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
Horizontal Deviation	Analog	0	UE	Pilot's HSI FDC

Functional Description

Functional Description

Provides a variable d.c. signal that indicates the displacement of the aircraft to the left or right of a selected course. The displacement represented by the indicating device will be controlled by UE software and will be dependent upon aircraft flight phase. Deflection of the indicating device may represent angular displacement (e.g., 10° for a TACAN approach: 2.5° for ILS) or distance. For an area navigation system, the Area Navigation Subcommittee has recommended the following ranges for the flight modes indicated: a) Enroute: 2-6 miles full scale, b) Terminal(1-2 miles full scale and c) Approach: 600-3000 feet full scale. Choice of presentation (distance/degrees) and scales are (TBD-1).

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: 0 to ± 150 µa RESOLUTION: 3 µa ACCURACY: ± 12 µa

INDEX REFERENCE: Selected Course
POSITIVE DIRECTION SENSE: Fly right (+)
SCALE FACTOR: 75 ua/dot on the HSI

Distance/angular displacement scale factor (TBD-1)

Electrical Characteristics

LOAD: 1) Pilot's HS1 (AF/424J-1), course bar mechanism, Input Impedance: 1000 Ohms + 3% Input Current (Max): 500 u a

2) Flight Director Computer (CPU-82/A)
Input Impedance: 1000 Ohms ±3%

Input Current (Max): 500 µa

SOURCE: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

WIRE TYPE & NO.: Two Single Conductors

WIRE SIZE:

No. 22 AWG

A/C: F-46 MEF: MIL-H-27269

1F-4E-2-14

ARINC Characteristic 582-5

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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO TO
Horizontal Deviation Flag	Discrete	0	UE	FDC.

Functional Description

Provides a discrete signal to operate the vertical director warning flag of the ADI when the deviation data is unreliable or a malfunction has occurred in the horizontal deviation circuitry.

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: Flag in view, input current <245 ua Flag out-of-view. input current >245 ua

Electrical Characteristics

LOAD: Flight Director Computer (CPU-82/A)
Input Impedance: 1000 Ohms +3%
Input Current (Max): 380 ua

SOURCE: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

WIRE TYPE & NO.: Two Single Conductors WIRE SIZE: No. 22 AWG

A/C: F-46 KEF: MIL-I-27619

1F-4E-2-17

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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
Vertical Deviation	Analog	0	UE	FDC

Functional Description

Provides a variable d.c. signal that indicates the displacement of the aircraft above or below a desired flight path. The displacement represented by the indicating device will be controlled by UE software and will be dependent upon aircraft flight phase. Deflection of the indicating device may represent angular displacement (e.g., 0.5° for ILS) or distance. For an area navigation system, the Area Navigation Subcommittee of the Air Transport Association's Air Traffic Control Committee has recommended the following ranges for the flight modes indicated: a) Enroute: 200 to 2000 feet full scale, b) Terminal: 60-200 feet full scale and c) Approach: 40-100 feet full scale. Choice of presentation (distance/degrees) and scales are (TBD-1).

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: 0 to + 10 ma
RESOLUTION: + 0.1 ma
ACCURACY: + 7.5%
INDEX REFERENCE: Desired flight path
POSITIVE DIRECTION SENSE: Fly down (+)
SCALE FACTOR: 2.51 ma/inch deflection on the indicator
Distance/angular displacement scale factor (TBD-1)

Electrical Characteristics

LOAD: Flight Director Computer (CPU-82/A)
Input Impedance: 1000 Ohms +3%
Input Current (Max): 13.5 ma

Interconnection Data

WIRE TYPE & NO.: Two Single Conductors WIRE SIZE: No. 22 AMG

A/C: F-46 KEF: MIL-I-27619 1F-4E-2-17

ARINC Characteristics 582-5

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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	то
Vertical Deviation Flag	Discrete	0	UE	FDC

Functional Description

Provides a discrete signal to the FDC to advise when the UE vertical deviation signal is not reliable.

<u>Signal Characteristics</u>

RANGE: Flag in view, input current <245 µa Flag out-of-view, input current >245 µa

Electrical Characteristics

LOAD:

Flight Director Computer (CPU-82/A) Input Impedance: 1000 Ohms ±3% Input Current (Max): 380 µa

SOURCE:

Interconnection Data

Wire Type & No.: Two Single Conductors

Wire Size: No. 22 AWG

A/C: KEF: F-4G MIL-I-27619 1F-4E-2-17

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. SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	†o
Digital Output Data	Digital	0	UE	AN/ARN-101 (Future Mod)

Functional Description

- 1) Latitude
 2) Longitude
 3) Altitude
 4) Velocities (Vx, Vy, Vz)
- 5) Covariances
- 6) Time 7) Display Data

Signal Characteristics

(TBD-3)

Electrical Characteristics

(TBD-3)

Interconnection Data

(TBD-3)

A/C: F-4G REF:

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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	T0
Magnetic Heading	Synchro	1	ARBCS	UE

<u>Functional Description</u>

Provides angular reference signal of alreraft heading relative to magnetic north.

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: 0° to 360°
ACCURACY: + 0.5°
INDEX REFERÊNCE: Magnetic North
POSITIVE DIRECTION SENSE: Mose Right
SCALE FACTOR: 1° = 1°
RESOLUTION: (TBD-1)

<u>Electrical Characteristics</u> (continued on next page)

SOURCE: 1) ARBCS, Compass Adapter Compensator (ADK-182/AZ4G-1A); Synchro, Bendix Type EP AY-500-5 or equal

LOAD: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

Wire Type & No.: Two Conductors (X,Y)

Wire Size: No. 22 AWG

Note: "Z" leg tied to ground

A/C: F-4G REF: 1F-46

F-4G 1F-4E-2-17

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

sout	RCE .	-
Synchro, Bendix Ty	ype EP AY-500)-5 or equal
Rotor		
Input Voltage Frequency Input Current Input Power Resistance (DC)	26 400 530	Volts Cycles ma Watts Ohms
Stator		
Input Voltage Input Current Input Power Resistance (DC) Rotor Output Voltage Phase Shift (S to R) Accuracy (Max) Null Voltage (Max)	11.8 20 0.090 188 19 15 15	Volts ma Watts Ohms Volts Degrees Minutes mv
Impedance	000 : 4470	0.
	222 + j470 940 + j2260 1050 + j450	
	•	

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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
Pitch	Pitch Synchro		ARBCS	UE

Functional Description

Provides a synchro signal representing aircraft pitch attitude to the UE.

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: 0 to 360°
ACCURACY: ± 0.5°
INDEX REFERENCE: 0° Pitch
POSITIVE DIRECTION SENSE: Nose up
SCALE FACTOR: 1° = 1°
RESOLUTION: (TBD-1)

Electrical Characteristics

SOURCE: ARBCS, Displacement Gyroscope Assembly (SBK-8/A24G-1A), Synchro Bendix Type AY-300-5 or equal (see page 10-17 for synchro characteristics)

LOAD: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

WIRE TYPE & NO.: Twisted Triad WIRE SIZE: No. 22 AMG

A/C: F-4G MEF: MIL-C-26485 1F-4E-2-17

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STENAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
Roll	Synchro	1	ARBCS	UE

Functional Description

Provides a synchro signal representing aircraft roll attitude to the UE.

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: 0 to 360°
ACCURACY: + 0.5°
INDEX REFERENCE: 0° Roll
POSITIVE DIRECTION SENSE: Right Wing Down
SCALE FACTOR: 1° = 1°
RESOLUTION: (TBD-1)

Electrical Characteristics

SOURCE: ARBCS, Displacement Gyroscope Assembly (SBK-8/A24G-1A), Synchro, Bendix Tyep AY-500-5, or equal (see page 10-17 for synchro characteristics)

LOAD: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

WIRE TYPE & NO.: Twisted Traid WIRE SIZE: No. 22 AMG

A/C: kEF: F-46

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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
True Airspeed	Synchro	- 1	Air Data Computer	UE

<u>Functional Description</u>

Provides an input of true air speed in synchro format.

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: 150 - 1500 knots ACCURACY: (TBD-2) INDEX REFERENCE: (TBD-2) POSITIVE DIRECTION SENSE: Increasing air speed SCALE FACTOR: (TBD-2)

Electrical Characteristics

SOURCE: Air Data Computer (CPK-92/A24G-34), Synchro, Type (TBD-2)

LOAD: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

Wire Type & No.: Twisted Triad

Wire Size: No. 22 AWG

A/C: F-4G REF: T.O. IF-4E-2-12

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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
Barometric Altitude	Synchro	I	Altitude Encoder Unit	UE

Functional Description

Provides an input of pressure altitude in synchro format for use by the system when operating with less than full navigation capability.

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: -1000 to 80,000 feet

ACCURACY: + 0.05 inch Hg and + 0.2% indication
INDEX REFERENCE: 0 Feet (29.9Z inches of mercury)
SCALE FACTOR: 36⁰/1000 feet
POSITIVE DIRECTION SENSE: Up-perpendicular to horizontal earth plane
RESOLUTION: 0.01 inch Hg

Electrical Characteristics

SOURCE: Altitude Encoder Unit (CVK-99/A24G)
LOAD: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

Wire Type & No.: Twisted Triad

Wire Size: No. 22 AWG

A/C: F-46 REF: 1F-4E-2-12

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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	T 0
Course Set	Synchro	1	Pilot's HSI	UE

Functional Description

Provides an electrical reference signal fo the course manually selected by the course set control on the HSI. This signal will be used by the UE as a reference for positioning the course deviation and To-From indicators on the HSI.

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: 0° to 360°
ACCURACY + 0.5°
RESOLUTION: + 1.0°
INDEX REFERENCE: Magnetic North
POSITIVE DIRECTION SENSE: Right Hand Increments
SCALE FACTOR: 1° = 1°

Electrical Characteristics (continued on next page)

SOURCE: HSI (AF/A24J-1), Course Resolver, Bendix Type EP AY221-5-B, or equal

LOAD: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

WIRE TYPE & NO.: Seven conductors; one twisted, shielded pair and five single conductors
WIRE SIZE: No. 22 AWG

F-46

MIL-H-27269

1F-4E-2-14

ICD-GPS-020

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SOURCE HS1 (AF/A24J-1), Course Resolver, Bendix Type EP AY-221-5-B, or equal	
Input Winding	
	•

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. SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
Digital Input Data	Digital	1	AN/ARN-101 (Future Mod)	UE

Functional Description

Provides the UE with the following digital data to aid in acquiring satellites and improving AJ capabilities:

- 5) Others (TBD-3)
- Latitude Longitude Velocities (Vx, Vy, Vz) Covariances

Signal Characteristics

(TBD-3)

Electrical Characteristics

(TBD-3)

Interconnection Data

(TBD-3)

A/C: HEF: F-46

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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
Blanking Pulses	Pulse	1	IFF	UE
	1	ľ		

Functional Description

Provides blanking pulses (suppression) to blank the GPS UE receiver when the IFF is transmitting.

Signal Characteristics

(TBD-2)

Electrical Characteristics

SOURCE: IFF, Coder-Receiver Transmitter (KY-532A/ASQ)

LOAD: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

WIRE TYPE & NO.: Coaxial Cable, Type (TBD-2)

A/C: F-4G REF: 1F-4E-2-14

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9. FUTURE MODIFICATIONS

9.1 On-Going and Near-Term Modifications

Table 9-1 lists some of the known on-going or near-term F-4G modifications not previously addressed herein. Some of the modifications (e.g., the installation of the ARC-164 UHF Radio and the ARN-118 TACAN Set) may be incorporated shortly into the actual F-4E to F-4G conversion/production modification process. If so, then only a limited number of F-4G production aircraft completed previously would need a retrofit for these systems, that could be accomplished at the operational squadron or wing location.

9.2 Future Planned Modifications

Table 9-2 lists some of the planned or tentative Class IV and V modifications that could impact an available spares if approved.

Table 9-1. ON-G	Table 9-1. ON-GOING/NEAR-TERM MODIFICATIONS				
Terminology/Nomenclature	Remarks				
UHF Radio/ARC-164	Replaces appropriate UHF radio portion of the ASQ-19 Integrated Electronic Central. The RT-1145 transceiver unit with associated mounting adapter (Magnavox #706521-801) replaces the RT-793A unit. See the RF-4C and F-4E configuration summaries, Section 11 for ARC-164 details.				
TACAN Set/ARN-118	Replaces appropriate TACAN portion of the ASQ-19 system including the RT-547 transceiver and the KY-312 pulse decoder. See the F-4E and RF-4C data summaries for details.				
ECM Mission Recorder	Mounting provisions are provided as part of the APR-38 installation. The unit is not yet in production.				
Navigation System	An improved navigation system will most likely be installed in the F-4G. However, the candidate has yet to be selected from among several contenders, including the ARN-101 and the AJQ-25 systems. Details of the ARN-101 are contained in the F-4E Data Summary, Section 11.5.				

(continued)

Table	9-1. (continued)	
Terminology/Nomenclature		Remarks
Airborne Video Tape Recorder	will provide capa	kpit console mounted unit ability to video tape ented on radar and E/O
AGM-65A Maverick Capability	fication cycle, missile carriage the Digial Scan (the F-4G production modi- this mod provides AGM-65A and launch capability and Converter to the F-4G. An lay for the APQ-120 Fire stem is included

Table 9-2. PLANNED MODIFICATIONS			
Terminology/Nomenclature	Remarks		
VHF AM/FM Radio/ARC-186	Provides VHF AM and FM voice or data communications capability.		
Intercommunications Set/ AIC-18	Possible replacement of ASQ-19 intercom with separate system.		
Global Positioning System	Highly accurate, three-dimensional, space located, world-wide, position-fixing system.		
Vinson/KY-58	Replacement for Parkhill/KY-28 Secure System.		
APR-38 Enhancement Program	Expansion of current ECM Receiving System (Wild Weasel) Capability. This is not completely formulated/approved as yet.		
JTIES	Time Division Multiple Access to the Communicating System		

10. DATA SOU CES

The following sources of data were used in preparing this summary:

- Aircraft and avionics configuration data assembled by ARINC
 Research, principalty in the form of copies of applicable sections,
 tables, and figures from the aircraft and equipment Technical
 Orders listed at the end of this section
- · Avionics Planning Baseline Document October 1978
- McDonneil Report 8738: Environmental Design Requirements and Test Procedures - Aircraft Electronic Equipment, 5 April 1962, Rev. 1 July 1964.
- Information supplied by Ogden ALC
- ARINC Research Informal Report: Technical Report, Preliminary JTIDS Configuration Data Analyses, May 1978

inventory of Technical Orders

T.O. Number	Subject	Change Number	Date
1F-4G-1	Flight Manual		9/15/78
1F-4G-2-1	Africaft General		12/15/77
1F-4G-2-22	System Integration		1/15/78
1F-4G-501	Group 8 Installation for APR-38	1	1/20/77
1F-4G-600	F-4E to F-46 Conversion		
	Including Group A Installation for APR-38		Final Draft Copy

AVIONICS INTERFACE DATA SUMMARY FOR F-15A



October 1979

Issued by

The Deputy for Avionics Control
ASD/AX
A Joint AFSC/AFLC Organization

FOREWORD

This document is one of a series of reports that describe Avionics interfaces for various USAF aircraft. It was prepared for the Deputy for Avionics Control, Aeronautical Systems Division (ASD/AX), Wright-Patterson AFB, Ohio by ARINC Research Corporation, Annapolis, Maryland under Contract F33657-79-C-0567.

Change	Subject	Date Entered	Initials
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1. INTRODUCTION

This document contains configuration data relevant to the integration of additional avionics into the F-15A aircraft.

This document will be periodically revised as additional modifications are planned and incorporated into the aircraft. Queries regarding information contained herein should be addressed to:

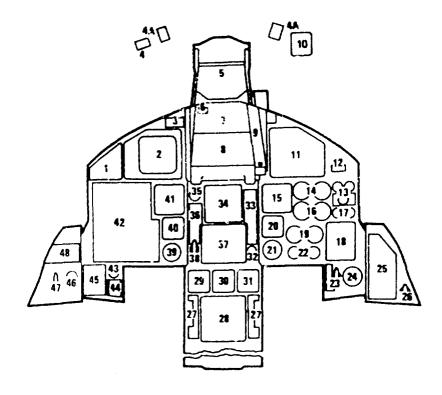
The Deputy for Avionics Control Code: ASD/AXP Wright-Patterson AFB, Ohio

This document was compiled from Air Force source materials by ARINC Research Corporation under Contract F33657-79-C-0567.

The applicable technical orders are included in the references listed in Section 10.

2. COCKPIT SPACE

There is agade available for controls within the F-15A cockpit (Figures 2-1, 2-2, and 2-3). On the right console there is a single blank panel approximately 1.91" \times 5.75". On the left console there are five blank panels. The total amount of space available is 12.1" \times 5.75"; with proper alterations, most of this space can be utilized.



MAIN PANEL AREA

- 1. FIRE WARNING/EXTINGUISHING PANEL
- 2. VERTICAL SITUATION DISPLAY (VSD)
- 3. RADIO CALL PANEL
- 4. AIR REFUELING READY LIGHT
- 4A. LOCK/SHOOT LIGHTS (SOME AIRCRAFT)
- 5. HEAD UP DISPLAY COMBINING GLASS
- **B. MASTER CAUTION LIGHT**
- 7. MAIN COMMUNICATIONS CONTROL PANEL
- 8. HEAD UP DISPLAY CONTROL PANEL
- 9. GUN SIGHT CAMERA CONTROL PANEL
- 10. STANDBY MAGNETIC COMPASS
- 11. TEWS DISPLAY UNIT
- 12. CANOPY UNLOCKED WARNING LIGHT
- 13. HYDRAULIC PRESSURE INDICATORS
- 14. ENGINE TACHOMETERS
- 15. ALTIMETER
- 16. FAN TURBINE INLET TEMPERATURE INDICATORS
- 17. ENGINE OIL PRESSURE INDICATORS
- 18. FUEL QUANTITY INDICATOR
- 19. ENGINE FUEL FLOW INDICATORS
- 20. VERTICAL VELOCITY INDICATOR
- 21. EIGHT DAY CLOCK
- 22. ENGINE EXHAUST NOZZLE POSITION INDICATORS
- 23. JET FUFL STARTER CONTROL HANDLE

- 24. CABIN PRESSURE ALTIMETER
- 25. CAUTION LIGHTS PANEL
- 26. EMERGENCY VENT CONTROL HAMDLE
- 27. CIRCUIT BREAKER PANELS
- 28. COCKPIT COOLING AND PRESSURIZATION OUTLET
- 29. STANDBY AIRSPEED INDICATOR
- 30. STANDBY ATTITUDE INDICATOR
- 31. STANDBY ALTIMETER
- 32. RUDDER PEDAL ADJUST RELEASE KNOB
- 33. MASTER MODE CONTROLS/MARKER BEACON PANEL
- 34. ATTITUDE DIRECTOR INDICATOR
- 35. EMERGENCY JETTISON SWITCH
- 36. STEERING MODE PANEL
- 37. HORIZONTAL SITUATION INDICATOR
- 38. EMERGENCY BRAKE/STEERING CONTROL HANDLE
- 39. ACCELEROMETER
- 40. ANGLE OF ATTACK INDICATOR
- 41. AIRSPEED/MACH INDICATOR
- 42. ARMAMENT CONTROL PANEL
- 43. PITCH RATIO INDICATOR
- 44. PITCH RATIO SELECT SWITCH
- 45. LANDING GEAR CONTROL HANDLE
- 46. FLAP POSITION INDICATOR
- 47. EMERGENCY LANDING GEAR HANDLE
- 48. ARRESTING HOOK CONTROL SWITCH

Figure 2-1. COCKPIT, MAIN INSTRUMENT PANEL, F-15A

RIGHT CONSOLE AREA

- 1. OXYGEN REGULATOR
- 2. ECS PANEL
- 3. TEMPERATURE PANEL
- 4. CANOPY CONTROL HANDLE
- 5. INTERIOR LIGHTS CONTROL PANEL
- 6. TEWS POD CONTROL PANEL
- 7 OXYGEN HOSE STOWAGE FITTING
- 8. BLANK
- S. ENGINE START FUEL SWITCHES
- 10. UTILITY LIGHT
- 11. STOWAGE COMPARTMENT
- 12. OXYGEN/COMMUNICATION OUTLET PANEL
- 13. COMPASS CONTROL PANEL
- 14. TEWS POWER CONTROL PANEL
- 15. NAVIGATION CONTROL PANEL
- 16. ENGINE CONTROL PANEL

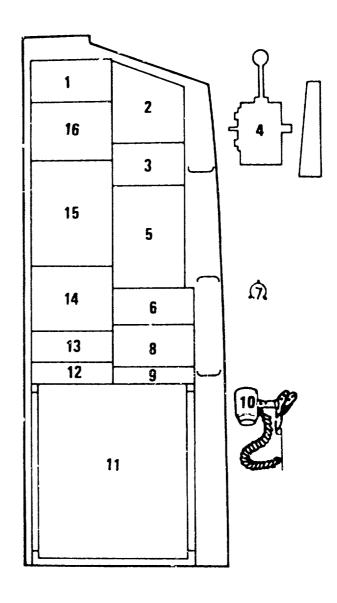


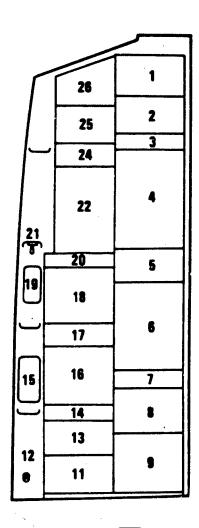
Figure 2-2. COCKPIT, RIGHT CONSOLE AREA, F-15A

LEFT CONSOLE AREA

- 1. ILS/TACAN CONTROL PANEL
- 2 CONTROL AUGMENTATION SYSTEM CONTROL PANEL
- 3 BLANK
- 4. THROTTLE QUADRANT
- & EXTERIOR LIGHTS CONTROL PANEL
- 4. INTEGRATED COMMUNICATIONS CONTROL PANEL
- 7. BLANK, (F); TAKE COMMAND/ICS CONTROL PANEL, (TF)
- & BLANK
- & ANTI-G PANEL
- 18. SOARDING STEPS POSITION INDICATOR
- 11. BLANK
- 12. ARMAMENT SAFETY OVERRIDE SWITCH
- 13. GROUND POWER PANEL
- 14. BLANK
- 15. EMERGENCY AIR REFUELING HANDLE
- 18. BIT PANEL
- 17. INTERROGATOR CONTROL PANEL
- 18 IFF CONTROL PANEL 18. IFF ANTENNA SELECT SWITCH
- 28 TEWS PAREL
- 21. SEAT ADJUST SWITCH
- 22. RADAR CONTROL PANEL
- 23. VMAX SWITCH
- 24. BLANK
- 25. FUEL CONTROL PANEL
- 28. MISCELLANEOUS CONTROL PANEL
- 27. CANOPY JETTISON HANDLE

NOTE

(F) 77-9061 AND UP; (TF) 77-0154 AND UP.



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Figure 2-3. COCKPIT, LEFT CONSOLE AREA, F-15A

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3. AVIONICS SPACE

Currently there are 20.8 cubic feet of equipment space in the P-15A located in six different areas (Figure 3-1 and Table 3-1). Table 3-1 lists possible spaces where new equipment may be installed. Some candidate avionics for these spares are listed also. With the tail area there are two large areas that will require coding. The irregular interior of the space in Section B may complicate equipment installation.

Additional new avionics or ECPs (listed in Tables 5-1 and 9-1) that are not already shown as candidates for the spaces shown in this section are not expected to have any impact on these spaces. A possible exception may be SEEK TALK which is still in preliminary planning. The engine diagnostics system listed in Table 5-1 is currently planned for aircraft F-105 through F-110 only.

Table 3-1. F'E SUMMARY - F-15A

F ² E Criteria		Potential Av	Potential Available Space	
Location Reference and Description	A Aft Cockpit Bay 5	A Bay 5 Next to Rear Wall	B Canopy Shalf Above Bay 5	C Access Door 10R
Rectangular Size * (H, W, D) Volume	24" 21-1/2" 32" 9.6 ft	15" 10" 10" 0.9 ft'	8.5" 16.5" 34" 2.8 ft³	6" 3" 9" 0.3 ft³
Type Cooling Available	Convection and Forced Air	Normal Cockpit Cooling	Normal Cockpit Cooling	Convection
Temperature-Altitude Vibration	Cont. Op540° to 71° C at 70k Ft, 30 min. +95° C at 50k Ft. 12 g Maximum Endurance 9.5 gs 50 to 2 000 Hz	Class 2, MIL-E-2400 50 to 1,000 Hz 0.019 g² /Hz Performance 0.047 a² /Hz Performance	Class 2, MIL.E.2400 50 to 1,000 Hz 0.019 g² /Hz Performsmoe	Class 2, MIL-E-2400 50 to 1,000 Hz 0.019 g ² /Hz Performence 0.057 g ² /Hz Endirence
Possible Candidates for the Space	TEWS Threat Update	None Known	Video Tipa Recorders	None Known
Remarks	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
*Where LRU is currently in of I.RU; when no I.RU is available space.	*Where LRU is currently installed, the dimensions given represent dimensions of I.RU; when no I.RU is installed, the dimensions given are those of the available space.	en represent dimensions iven are those of the		

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Table 3-1. (continued)

F ² E Criteria		Potential Available Space	silable Space	
Location Reference And Description	D Access Door 6R	D Access Door 6R	E Acosts Door 47L	E Access Door 47R
Rectangular Size * (H, W, D) Volume	4.5" 4" 5" 0.05 ft¹	2.25" 6.5" 7 0.06 ft	7" 6.5" 21" 0.9 ft'	7" 10.25" 21" 0.9 ft³
Type Cooling Available	Forced Air Avaitable	Forced Air Available	Convection	Convection
Temperature-Altitude 5 Vibration 0	Class 2, MIL-E-2400 50 to 1,000 Hz 0.019 g²/Hz Performance 0.067 g²/Hz Endurance	Class 2, MIL-E-2400 50 to 1,000 Hz 0.019 g²/Hz Performance 0.067 g²/Hz Endurance	Class 2, MIL.E.2400 50 to 1,000 Hz 0.019 g²/Hz Performance 0.067 g²/Hz Endurance	Class 2, MIL-E-2400 50 to 1,000 Hz 0.019 g² /Hz Performance 0.007 g² /Hz Endurance
Possible Candidates for the Space	None Known	None Known	None Known	Tail Warning Set
Remarks	Small	Small	Space contains dead-ended cabling	Existing

Table 3-1. (continued)

F2 E Criteria	ď	Potential Available Space	80
Location Reference and Description	E Access Door 48R	F Bay 155L	F Bay 155R
Rectangular Size * (H, W, D) Volume	10.5" 14" 10.25" 0.9 ft	6.5" 12.25" 16." 0.8 ft³	7" 12" 20.5" 1.0 ft¹
Type Cooling Available	Convection	Convection	Convection
Temperature-Altitude Vibration	Cont. Op54° 10 71°C at 70k Ft. 50 min, 95°C of 50k Ft. ±2 g Maximum Endurance 9.5 gs 50 - 2kHz	Cont. Op54° to 71°C at 70k Ft. 30 min, 95°C of 50k Ft. ±2 g Maximum Endurance 9.5 gs	Cont. Op54° to 71° C at 70k Ft. 30 min, 95° C of 50k Ft. ± 2 g Maximum Endurance 9.5 gs
Postible Candidates for the Space	ALE-40 Chaff Disp. Set	None Known	Tail Warning Set
Remarks	Rectangular	Existing	Existing

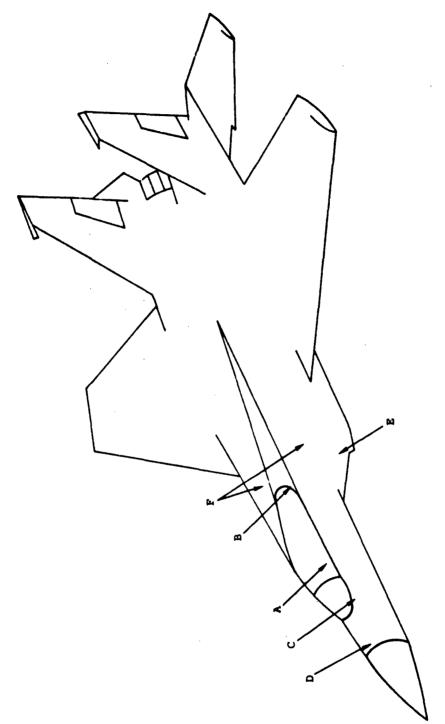


Figure 3-1. F-15A GROWTH VOLUME

4. ELECTRICAL POWER

4.1 Main Power System

The main electrical power system is made up principally of two 40/50 kVA, 115 Vac, 3-phase, 400 Hz, constant-speed drive generators. These two generators are connected in split-bus nonsychronous operation to supply the essential and emergency/essential buses. This generating system consists of the following:

- Integrated Drive Generator
- Generator Control Unit
- Current Transformer Assembly
- Bus Tie Fuses
- Line Contactor
- GEN OUT Caution Light

4.2 Emergency Power Supply System

If the main power system breaks down, the emergency power system will provide ac and dc power to the essential loads of the aircraft. This system will supply power to fuel control valves during engine start or shutdown.

The following components make up this system:

- Emergency generator
- Emergency generator-hydraulic motor
- Emergency generator/stabilator selector valve
- Emergency generator control unit
- Engine control bus relay
- Emergency/essential relay
- Emergency/essential bus lock-in relay
- Essential power control relay
- Ac present relay
- Essential ac contactor
- Essential dc contactor
- EMERG GEN switch
- EMER GEN ON light

4.3 Power Conversion and Distribution System

This system supplies and distributes power to various aircraft systems, converts 115 Vac 3-phase to 28 Vdc, and converts 115 Vac to 26 Vac. To

perform these operations, there is a need for a left, right, and essential 115 Vac, 400 Hz, 3-phase bus system, and a low-voltage ac and dc bus system. Normally the left and right buses are operated in a split-bus condition, and the essential 115 Vac, 3-phase bus is powered from the left bus via the deenergized contacts of the essential ac contactor.

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4-2

5. ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL SYSTEM

5.1 General

The F-15A Environmental Control System (ECS) employs a conventional bootstrap air cycle that is augmented by a regenerative heat exchanger to provide cooling air to the avionics and electrical equipment, as well as to the cabin. A liquid cooling system is used to cool the radar transmitter.

5.2 Cabin Cooling

The Air-Cycle Air Conditioning System (ACACS) provides conditioned air to both the cabin and the avionics; the cabin airflow requirements have priority over the conditioned air required for avionics cooling. If cabin cooling requirements cause a decrease in the avionics airflow, the entire ACACS is automatically adjusted until the airflow requirements of both the cabin and avionics can be satisfied the nominal airflow rate into the cabin is 13 lb./min. with a maximum capability of 25 lb./min.

5.3 Avionics Cooling

The ECS is designed to provide sufficient cooling airflow to limit the equipment bays' total mixed-air discharge temperature to a maximum of 160°F with the Internal Countermeasures Set (ICS) "ON" or 140°F with the ICS "OFF". The cooling airflow is provided to the various equipments by the ECS via ducting. The desired airflow rates and temperature levels are controlled by the avionics air circuit controller (AACC) which can manipulature hot and cold air modulating valves to control airflow temperature.

The AACC is set to maintain the airflow temperature at $82.5^{\circ}F$ ($\pm 2.5^{\circ}$) at altitudes less than 34,500 feet and at $53^{\circ}F$ ($\pm 3^{\circ}$) at altitudes greater than 34,500 feet. The two different airflow temperatures are used to avoid moisture condensation in the avionics compartments at low altitudes and to minimize bleed air requirements at high altitudes.

The total cooling airflow required is established by the AACC. The actual airflow is controlled by a ground-selected schedule to provide the flow rate necessary to maintain the equipment bay's total mixed-air discharge temperature requirements of 160°F or 140°F. There are five such flow-rate schedules. The specific schedule selected operates within tolerence band rather than to a set curve. The flow-rate tolerence bands vary within the five schedules from 63 to 90 lb./min. at 85°F for Schedule 1 to 83 to 109 lb./min. at 85°F for Schedule 5. The AACC will maintain the airflow nominal altitude-dependent temperatures of 82.5°F or 53°F as long as the ECS has the capability to deliver air temperatures as low as the control temperatures.

A liquid cooling system is used to cool the radar transmitter. The present liquid cooling load is approximately 6,350 watts.

5.4 Avionics Forced-Air Cooling Power

The avionics cooling air allocations are illustrated in Table 5-1. Table 5-1 may be summarized as follows:

19,828.4 watts
4,999.0 watts
496.0 watts
1,650.0 watts
26,973.4 watts
25,394.4 watts

Deficit Cooling Power

1,579 watts

The present F-15A ECS capacity cannot meet the cooling requirements of the planned equipment installations throughout the airplane operating envelope. Approximately 1,050 watts of cooling power presently held in reserve may be added to the available cooling power, which will reduce the deficit to 529 watts. Additionally, an investigation is underway into changing the airflow temperature and flow schedules. These changes have the possibility of adding up to 7,000 watts of additional cooling power to the airplane.

		Airflo	w at 85°F
Compartment	Cooling Power (Watts)		/Min.)
	(MECLE)	ICS On*	ICS Off**
Instal	iled Avionics		
Bay 1 Left	4,891.5	15.462	21.085
Bay 1 Right	2,281.1	7.211	9.833
Bay 2 Left	1,224.0	3.871	5.278
Bay 2 Right	573.5	1.813	2.473
Bay 3 Left	878.4	2.778	3.788
Bay 3 Right	1,322.2	4.184	5.705
ICS Bay (Aft cockpit - Bay 5)	7,849.0† 1,046.5††	24.810†	4.4910
Aft Bays	460.2	1.475	1.987
Right Rear Cockpit	348.5	1.100	1.500
Subtotal	19,828.4	62.704	56.140
Approved Engine	ering Change Prop	posals	
TEKS Threat Update CCP-120-ICS/#WR Bands (ICS Bay)	4,954	15.654	1.5660,00
Video Tape Recorder ECP 1045 VTR (Aft Bay)	45	0.142	0.194
Subtotal	4,999	15.796	1.760
Pending Enginee	ering Change Prop	osals	
ECP TWS	396	1.251	1.706
Engine Diagnostics System	100	0.316	0.431
Subtotal	496	1.567	2.137
Anticipated	Additional Avioni	ics	
TISEO	950	3.002	4.094
IR Tail Warning	600	1.896	2.586
ALE-40(V) Chaff Dispenser	100	0.316	0.431
Subtotal	1,650	5.214	7.1'1
Total	26,973.4	85.281	67.148

^{*}Airflow required to limit average total mixed air discharge temperature to a maximum of 160°F.

**Airflow required to limit average total mixed air discharge temperature to a miximum of 140°F.

**Cooling power for ICS on.

**Hooling power for ICS in standby. Total cooling power based on ICS on.

on ICS on.
#Based on cooling power for ICS in standby. Included in ICS off totals.

6. CURRENT AVIONICS

Tables 6-1 through 6-22 contain LRU data relating to the F-15A avionics systems that make up the current or near-term configuration. Where no entries are shown, the data were not available for this report. Data pertaining to future avionics modifications are presented in Section 9.

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- -	<u> </u>						Ī
	Mount Ind	Conmole	Console	Console	Pane1	Console	
Cooling	Method	Convection	Convection	Convection	Convection	Convection	-
Alscraft Asst.	Dissipation	110M TX Mode 35W W Mode					
Aircraft Power	8	27.5V	27.5v				
Aure	¥	x#0C\$	27.57				
Weight	(Pounds)	9.25	8.10	4.32	6.0		1100
Volume	Inches	342	194	95	31.6		-4601; VIS: -4599; V24; -4601; VI: .4604; VX460
•	۵	8.62	9.25	5.34	3.8		100
Disensions (Inches)	2	\$1.75	4.38	5.75	2.38		7.47
å	×	4.87	4.73	4.87	2.25		-45991
Location		Loor 38	Door 38	Cockpit	Cockpat	Cochpit	
Monenclature		RT-1169, AC-164	RT-1145/ARC-164	C-9533/ARC-164	ID-1961/ARC-164	C-4808/AMC-164	*AFC-164/V13: 5821-01-008-4600; V14;
Z.		Main R/T	Guard P/T	Control	Indicator	Antenna Selector	IC-164/V131 582

Name		Table 6-2.	F-15A AVIONICS C	CONT. TGUR	NTION DA	TA: AM/A	URC-109 UHF #	KLDIO XSW: 5	1821-00-494	6-9236 (BE.	AVIONICS CONTIGURATION DATA: AN/ARC-109 UHF RADIO MSN: 5821-00-496-9236 (BEING REPLACED BY AN/ARC-164)	NN/ARC-164)	
No. No.	ž Ž	Momenclature	Location	٥	(Inches)		Volume	We ight	Adre	raft	Feat	Cooling	
### A5-2817/ARC-109 Door 16 ### 42-0 ### 42-0 ### 42-0 ### 42-0 ### 42-0 ### 43-0 #### 43-0 #### 43-0 #### 43-0 #### 43-0 #### 43-0 #### 43-0 #### 43-0 #### 43-0 #### 43-0 #### 43-0 #### 43-0 ##### 43-0 ##### 43-0 ##### 43-0 ###################################				¥	>	q	Inches)	(apurou)	ķ	8	Dissipation	M thod	burramow
FY UNIT R-1789/ARC-109 Door 3R 5.59 b.40 11.9 65.3 0.136 0.33 ib/gin lorced Air ion for the following C-9614/ARC-109 Door 5R 6.79 8.84 14.8 28.7 701ced Air for the following C-9614/ARC-109 Door 6R 6.79 6.70 for the following C-9013/ARA Coelpit	HP Antenna Low)	AS-2817/AMC-109	Door 1L										Hard
10 RF-461/ARC-109 Door 18 6.18 9.84 14.8 78.7 70ccd Arr format C-9614/ARC-109 Door 68 C-9015/ARA Coctpit	uxiliary UMF eceiver	R-1789/ARC-109	Door JR	5.59		11.9		63.3	0.136		0.25 lb/min	torced Air	
C-9015/AbA Cocput	HF Radio	RT-967/ARC-109	Door JR			14.0		28.7			J	4	
C-9015/ANA Coctput	HF Antenna elector	C-9634/ARC-109	Door 38									A Design	Shock Tray
C-9015/ARA	dr Antenna Low)	AS-2817/ARC-109										,	
	ontrol	C-9015/ARA	Cockpit										

		f		Pane 1	
	'				
	Cooling	Ne thod	Convection	Convection	
SECURITY SET	Heat	Dissipation	100 BTU/hr		
HOGILA'S SI	Aircraft Power	ä	28V 0.04kW	78 <i>7</i>	
HUNICATION	Airc	Ŋ			
Table 6-3. F-15A AVIONICS CONTIGURATION DATA. KY-28 CONUNICATIONS SPEECH SECURITY SET	Meight	(Founds)	75.0		
	Volume	Inches)	\$51		
	•	a	9.1		
VIONICS	Dimensions (Inches)	2	\$.0	5.75	
1	٥	×	7.8		
Table 6-3.	Location		Boor JR	COCKPIT	
	Nomenclature		TSEL/KY-28 NSN: TBO	NSN: TBO	
	N. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C.		Crypto	Control	

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	Cooling	Method Mounting				
	Ĭ	Dissipation				
OA-8639/AND UHF-ADF	Autoraft	8				
3	Mesght	(Pounds)	3.6			
Table 6-4. P-15A AVIONICS CONFICURATION DATA:	Volume (Cubic	Inches)				
15a AVIOHIC	tons es)	۵	5 7.0			
1.	Dimensions (Inches)		4.5 5.5			
Table		*	.			
	Location		Door JR	Cockpit	More Realcase	
	e an a e proeseoge		AM-0440, APD		AS-2701/ARD MSN: 5826- 00-262-5022	
	r (m		Control	Control Unit	Antenna	

	T			
		Nount ing		
	Cooling	Method		
SN: TBD	Keat	Dissipation		
TOR SYSTEM	a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a	8		
F-15A AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA: ANYAJH-18 PLIGHT DIPECTOR SYSTEM NSN:	Aircraft	¥		
AN/AJM-18	Me 1ght	(Pounds)		
TI'M DATA:	Volume	Inches)		
CONFIGURA	900	a		
AVIONICS	Dimensions (Inches)	32		
1	1	Ŧ		
Table 6-5.	Location		8 8	
	Momenclature		MX-9119/AJN-18	
	N.		Adapter Adapter	

		Table 6-6.		AVIONIC	S CONFIC	F-15A AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:	7A: AM/ASK-(S CADC NS	AN/ASK-6 CADC NSN: 6610-00-295-2454*	-295-2454*		
į	Momenclature	Location	۵	Dimensions (Inches)		Volume	Weight	N, P	Aircraft Power	Heat	Cociting	
			H	3	Q	Inches	(Pounds)	3	8	Dissipation	Method	Mounting
Air Data Computer	AN/ASK-6	Door 3R										
Arrapeed Mach Indicator	AVU-25/A	Cockpit										·····
Altitude Indicator	ID-1618/ASN	Cockpit										
Left AOA Transponder	T-1217/AR	Door SL									·	•
Right ADA Transponder	T-1217/AR	Door 5R									-	
Indicator	ANU-29/A	Cockpit										
**130 6610-00-505-1798.	6-1798.		1									

					ļ
	Cooling	Method			
AN/ASN-109 INE	Heat	Dissipation			
. NAVIGATIO	Aircraft Power	8			
J INERTIAL	Air	J.			
NFIGURATION DATA:	Weight	(Logues)			
	Volume (Cubic	Inches)			
	ns.	۵			
A AVIONICS	Dimensions (Inches)	=			
1		x			
Table 6	Location		Door 3R		
	Nomenclature		CN-1376/ASN-109 CN-1376/ASN-109 CN-1376/ASN-109	304-2454	
	41 8 N		Inertial Measureme t	Indicator of the land of the l	

	Mount in				
	Cooling	Method			
TION DATA: AN/ASN-108 ATITUDE-HEN	Heat	Dissipation			Propriet and the state of the s
REFERENCE	Aircraft Power	8			
E-HEADING	Air	ä			
-108 ATITUD	Weight	(Founds)	13.9	13.9	
	Volume	Inches)			
RATION D		۵	9.6	9.75	
CONFIGU	Dimensions (Inches)	3	7.0	7.75	
AV IONICS		Ξ	7.05	6.10	
	Location		Door 6R	Door 6R	
rab!	Nowenclature		CN-1375/ASN-108	AM-6435/ASN-108	
	e de		Gyro	Gyro Amplifier A	

		Sounting											
NFICURATION DATA: AM/ARM-112 INST	Cooling	Method											
SYSTEK	Fat	Dissipation											
OFT LANDING	Aircraft Power	Я	0.03										
THIS TRUME	Air	¥						· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			····		
AN/ARN-112	Weight	(Pounds)	6. 8										
ATION DATA	Volume	Inches)									-		
S CONFIGURATION DATA	1	۵	10.0				<u> </u>						
AVIORICS	Dimensions (Inches)	x	3.75										
1		Ŧ	5.0						 				
Table 6-9.	Location		Door 3R	Cockpit	Door 1								
	Nomenclature		R-1755/ARN-112 NSN: 5826-00- 279-6334	C-9014/ARN-112 NSN: 3130-00- 367-6298	A5-2704/ARN-112 NSN: TBD	AS-28961/ARN- 112 NSN: TBD							
	× ×		ILS Receiver	Integrated Navigation Air Control Fanel	Glide slope/ Localizer Antenna	Marker Beacon Antenna							

		bu to unot	Shock	Shock	Console	
1111	Cooling	Method	Convection	Convection	Convection	
AH/ARN-118 TACAN NSH: 5826-01-015-0934 (BEPLACES AN/ANC-111)	1	Dissipation	1004	10 801	354	
15-0434 (3,00	ង	7 8 7			
0-10-979¢	Aircraft	¥	400012 115V 0.250Ku 19	26V 470Hz		
IN AN INSK!	Meight	(Lorange)	26.5	\$.0	5.0	
ŧ	Volume	Inct se)	345	35	73.4	
	•	۵	9.4.6	13.1	5.5	
1	Oimensions (Inches)	3	7.5	1.73	5.0	
		×	6. 8	6.78	:	
	Location		Door JR		Cockpit	
	Nomenclature		KT-1159/ARN-118	MX-9577/ARN-118	C-9014/ARN-118	
<u> </u>	Name		Receiver Transmicter	Receivor Transmitter Adapter	Control	

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Momenclature	Location	۵	Dimensions (Inches)		Volume (Cubic	be ight	ALF.	Arcraft	Heat	Cooling	
		E	Я	٥	Inches)	(Spends)	¥	8	DISSIPATION	# thod	
RT-1045/ARW-111	Door 3R	6.86	6.85								
		-			······································						
											
											
					, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,						

		, ,, .		· · · · · · · ·							
											
	•			·							

						Total and the state of the stat
	Cooling	Nethod				
	Meat	Dissipation				
CENTRAL CONTUTER	Aircraft	R				
1	*	يز				
ATION DATA:	No ight	(Nounds)				
Table 6-12. P-15A AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:	Volume	Inches)				
SA AVTOR	tons (e	۵				
13. F-1	Dimensions (Inches)	>				
Table 6-		×				
	Location		79	79	1 9	
	Momenclature		CP-1075/AYK MSM: 4730-00- 142-1418	CP-111/AVQ-20 NSN: 5910-00- 020-2834	CP-1088P NSM, TBD	
			Computer	Data Processor	Data Processor	

		but tunou		
	Cooling	Method		
9	Heat	Dissipation		
INTENTERNE BLANKER HSH: TWO	Azzeraft Fower	8		
	Weight	(Pounds)		
F-15A AVIONICS CONFICURATION DATA:	Welter (Cubic	Inches)		
AVIORICS CURT	Dimensions (Inches)	9		
1 1) 70	z		
fable 6-13.	Lucation		at .	
	Nomenulature			
	Kane		Interference	

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	T		T		
		Mounting	Special	Console	
	Cooling	Nethod	Convection		
F-15A AVIONICS COMFLUDRATION DATA: AM/APK-101 IFF TRANSFONDER NSM: 5895-01-016-6719	Neat	Dissipation	MSS	Ž	
ER MSM: 58°	Aircraft	æ	5.0615	285 0.28	
TIMISFOR	Alin	S		35	
PX-101 1PP	Me 19h C	(Powds)	14.3	o **	
N DATA: AM/J	Volume	Inches)	יינו	*	
ri JUNATIO	na C	a	10.82	3.1	
NICS COM	Dimensions (Inches)	2	6.0	5.3	
-15A AVIO		32	5.8	5.25	
Table 6-14. F.	Location		Door 38	cockpit	
74	Nomenclature		KT-1063/APX-101	C-62BGA/APX	
	Мавс		R/T Unit	Control Panel	

	į.	Table 6-15. F-1	SA AVION	ics con	IGURATIO	IN DATA: ANA	I 441 91-X4X	DITEMOCAT	UP MSN: 56	F-15A AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA: AN/APX-76 IFF INTERACCATUR MSM: 5695-60-115-7813*		
N She	Nomenclature	Location	۵	Dimensions (Inches)		Volume	Me 1gh*	ALLE	Attoraft	ž Ž	Cooling	
			=	3	۵	Inches)	(Pounds)	¥	ង	Dissipation	Method	Mount Ing
R/T Unit	RT-868A/APX-76	Door JR	7.63	5.0	19.17	137.2	19.0	0.230	0.034		Porced Air	Mt-4024
Control Unit	C-7959/APX-76	Cockpit	2.87	5.75	2.25						Convection	Pane
Evaluator	MX-9147/APX-76	Door 38										İ
Computer Interrogator	KIR-1A/APX-76	Door 18	0.9	6.1	10.0	603.0	n.0	0.0		УОМ	Convection	
Switch Amplifier	SA-1568A/APX-76	OH.	0.9	5.125	11.5	349.0	10.0	115V 0.1A 400Mg	28V 0.2A		Convection	MT-3629
Electronic Synchronizer	SN-416A/B	78C	6.3	5.125	ş. Ş		7.35	p.344	5		Convection	HT-3923
*Also 5895-00-702-4040.	02-4040.											

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Radar S/T AS-2712/APG-63 Nose Radome 34 Antenna Integrating Gyro Radar Horn AS-2711/APG-63 Nose Radome Antenna Antenna Radar Power PP-6682/APG Door 3L Supply Radar Data HX-9099/APG Door 3L Frocessor Radar Power T-1208/APG-63 Door 3L Fransmitter	F-15a AVIONICS COMPICURATION DATA: AN/APG-63 FIRE CONTROL/ACQUISITION BADAR NSW: 5641-01-060-0616								
AS-2712/APG-63 Nose Radome AS-2711/APG-63 Nose Radome AS-2711/APG-63 Nose Radome WX-9100/APG Door 3L WX-9099/APG Door 3L T-1208/APG-63 Door 3L T-1208/APG-63 Door 3L T-1208/APG-63 Door 3L	Dimensions (Inches)	2.0	Volume (Cubic	Metght	Alrerate		ĭ	Cooling	
AS-2712/APG-63 Nose Radome AS-2711/APG-63 Nose Radome AS-2711/APG-63 Nose Radome WX-9100/APG Door 3L WX-9099/APG Door 3L T-1208/APG-63 Door 3L T-1208/APG-63 Door 3L T-1208/APG-63 Door 3L	3	a	Inches)	(Sounds)	¥	R	Dissipation	Method	Mount ing
MS-2711/APC-63 MX-9100/APC PP-6682/APC MX-9099/APC T-1208/APC-63 O-1620/APC-63	36.0 36.0	23.23		011					
MS-2711/APG-63 MOSS MX-9100/APG DOO! PP-6682/APG DOO! MX-9099/APG DOO! T-1208/APG-63 DOO! FF R-1765/APG DOO!									
MX-9100/APG DOOF PP-6682/APG DOOF T-1208/APG-63 DOOF T-1765/APG DOOF FF R-1765/APG DOOF	*			-		 ,			
PP-6682/APG DOOF MX-9099/APG DOOF T-1208/APG-63 DOOF ST R-1765/APG DOOF									
HX-9099/APG DOOF T-1208/APG-63 DOOF O-1620/APG-63 DOOF er R-1765/APG DOOF									
T-1208/APG-63 Door or O-1620/APG-63 Door or R-1765/APG Door									
ğ ğ									
ğ									
	1	1	1	T		1			

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		Mountaing						
	Cooling	Method						hangasa wasanwasaninenina aka antakanah tantakan yang da
P-15A AVIOHICS CONFIGURATION DATA: AN/ALQ-128 RADAR MAMMING SYSTEM NEM: 5865-00-209-3961	Ē	Dissipation						The second secon
SYSTEM MSH.	Aircraft	ä						
MAJON I ING	14	¥						
-128 BADAR	Melght	(Pounds)						
DATA: AN/ALC	Volue :	Inches)						
URATION	9	۵						
CS CORPTIC	Dimensions (Inches)	3				_,		
SA AVIONI		1						-
Table 6-17. P-1	Location			Poor 3R	Nose Kadome	Nose Radome	Door 18	
Tabl	Momenclature		AN/ALQ-128	10-2101/ALQ-128	SA-1985/ALQ-128	AS-2958/ALQ-128	OR-132/ALQ-128	
	Name		ICS Radar	Sum and Difference Diplexer	Switch	Antenna	Radic Warning	

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	Table 6-19.		ONICS CC	NP I GURAT	TOB DAT	A: AN/ALQ-1	35 ELECTIONIC	COUNTE	OEASURES N	P-15A AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA: AN/ALQ-135 ELECTHONIC COUNTENERSURES NSN: 5865-00-209-3962*	1962*	
N OB OB	Kwenclature	Location	۵	Dimensions (Inches)		Volume	Weight	A A	Atroraft Power	Heat	Cooling	
			¥	3	٥	Inches)	(Founds)	¥	8	Dissipation	Ne thod	Surraine.
ICS Antenna	AS-2903/ALQ-135	Door 3L										
ICS Antenna	AS-2903/ALQ(v)	Door 68										
Summing Network	CU-2081/ALQ-135	#5 Bay L.										
R F Amplifier	AM-6597/ALQ-135	45 Bay L.										
Oscillator Control	C-9341 (p) /ALQ- 135 (v)	•5 Bay L.										
Oscillator	C-9362 (p) /ALQ-	#5 Bay L.										
R F Amplifier	AM-6598/ALQ-135	45 Bay L.		. ——								
*MSM given for AN/ALQ-135(9).	an/alq-135(%).											

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(Cubic	(Inches)
D Inches	1
	
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	Kounting			Shock	 Andrew Address			
	Cooling	Method		Convection				
Q B:	Heat	Dissipation	30%		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>			
KIT-A IFF CRYPTO NSN: TBD	Aircraft Power	8						
-A IFF CR	Airc Po	¥	1¢ 0.03					
	Weight	(Founds)		0.7				
F-15A AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:	Volume (Cubic Inches)							
VIONICS C		۵	8.5	2		-		
F-15A A	Dimensions (Inches)	3	5.0	0				
Table 6-21.		I	6.5	7	 			
Tabl	Location		TBO	a tdxxxxx				
	Nomenclature		TSEL/KIT-1A	091				
	7. 2.000		Crypto Unit	Control			 	1

		A THE STATE OF THE	Table 6-22.	,	15A AVIC	MICS CONFIG	P-15A AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:		MISCELLANGOUS			
<u>i</u>	Momenclature	Location	ă	Dimensions (Inches)	10	Volume (Cubic	Weight	A.A.	Aircraft Power	Hoa c	Cooling	
			=	2	۵	Inches)	(Pounds)	χ	8	Dissipation	Method	Mountang
Interference Blanker	NX-9287/A	Door 3R										
Electronic	ABJ-K7/A373-8 NSN: TBD	Door 6R										
Lead Computing Gyro	CN-1377/AWG NSN: 1270-00- 516-9059	Door 10R							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Sign: 1 Data Receiver	AN/ASH-28 NSN: TBD			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
Visual Site Display	NSN: TBD											
\												

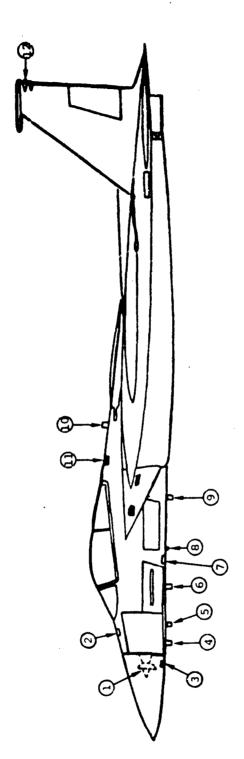
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7. ANTENNA LOCATIONS

Figure 7-1 shows the approximate location of the antennas on the F-15A.

The nomenclature for the antennas, as shown on the figure, is as follows:

Location	Antenna	Nomenclature or Part Number
1	Radar/IFF	AS-2712/APG
2	ADF Antenna	AS-2701/ARD
3	Glide Slope/Localizer	AS-2740/ARN
4	TACAN/UHF	AS-2817/ARC
5	ILS Transmit	AS-2903/ALQ-135
6	UHF/IFF	AS-2817/ARC
7	Marker Beacon	AS-2796/ARN
8	Radar Warning	AS-2903/ALQ-135
9	ICS Transmit	AS-2903/ALQ-135
10	Upper TACAN	AS-2799/ARN
11	UHF/IFF	AS-2817/ARC
12	Radar Warning	AS-2959/ALQ-128



Glideslope/Localizer Antenna
 TACAN/UHF Antenna

Radar/IFF Antenna
 ADF Antenna

5. ILS Transmit Antenna

- - 6. UHF/IFF Antenna 7. Marker Beacon Antenna
- 7. Marker Beacon Antenna
 8. Radar Warning Antenna
 9. ICS Transmit Antenna
 10. TACAN Antenna
 11. UHF/IFF Antenna
 12. Radar Warning Antenna (both sides)

Figure 7-1. F-15A ANTENNA LOCATIONS

8. INTERFACE DATA

This section contains examples of interface signal characteristics and a description of the F-15A Multiplex bus requirements. These data were extracted from applicable sections of the Interface Control Document (ICD) for integration of GPS User Equipment in the F-15 aircraft.

Each signal characteristic sheet discusses a particular signal. The top line contains the signal name, type of signal (digital, analog, discrete, or synchronous), signal source and load, and whether the signal is an input or output of the GPS user equipment. A functional description follows, together with a description of the signal's characteristics.

The general requirements of the F-15A data bus, were originally extracted from a report (H009) dated 12 March 1969 entitled F-15 Multiplex Data Bus. A copy of the preliminary draft of that report is included in this section, beginning on page 8-2.

SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
Bearing	Digital	0	UE	Flight Director Adapter

Functional Description

Provides angular information, in digital format, of the relative bearing of the aircraft's present position to a selected waypoint. The relative bearing is the difference, in degrees, between the lubber line and the bearing pointer as read from the compass card.

Signal Characteristics

WORD/FRAME STRUCTURE: See Appendix III, Paragraph 2.2
INFORMATION IDENTIFIER: See Appendix III, Paragraph 2.2.1
TIHING TOLERANCES: See Appendix III, Paragraph 3.2.1
DATA STANDARD: See Table 1A, Item 1 and Appendix III, Paragraph 2.2.2

Electrical Characteristics

See Appendix III, Paragraphs 3.2.2, 4.2.1, 4.2.2

Interconnection Data

See Appendix III, Paragraph 4.0

F-15A

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ICD-GPS-011

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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	10
Distance	Digita?	0	UE	Flight Director Adapter

Functional Description

Provides the distance from the aircraft's present position to the next selected waypoint.

Signal Characteristics

MORD/FRAME STRUCTURE: See Appendix III, Paragraph 2.2
INFORMATION IDENTIFIEP: See Appendix III, Paragraph 2.2.1
TIMING TOLERANCES: See Appendix III, Paragraph 3.2.1
DATA STANDARD: See Table IA, Item 2 and Appendix III, Paragraph 2.2.2

Electrical Characteristics

See Appendix III, Paragraphs 3.2.2, 4.2.1, 4.2.2

Interconnection Data

See Appendix III, Paragraph 4.0

A/C: F-15A REF: IF-15A-2-18 Report H009

ICD-695-011 ⊶m 10-3

SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
'Course Set	Digital	0	Flight Director Adapter	UĒ

Functional Description

Provides an electrical reference signal of the course manually selected by the Course Set Control or the HSI. This signal will be used by the UE as a reference for positioning the course deviation and To-From indicators on the HSI.

Signal Characteristics

MORD/FRAME STRUCTURE: See Appendix III, Paragraph 2.2 INFORMATION IDENTIFIER: See Appendix III, Paragraph 2.2.1 TIMING TOLERANCES: See Appendix III, Paragraph 3.2.1 DATA STANDARDS: See Table IA, Item 3 and Appendix III, Paragraph 2.2.2

Electrical Characteristics

See Appendix III, Paragraphs 3.2.2, 4.2.1, 4.2.2

Interconnection Data

See Appendix III, Paragraph 4.0

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	SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	70
Horizo	ntal Deviation	Digital	0	UE	Flight Director Adapter

Functional Description

Provides a variable signal that indicates the displacement of the aircraft to the left or right of a selected course. The displacement represented by the indicating device will be controlled by UE software and will be dependent upon aircraft flight phase. The indicating device may display angular displacement (e.g., 10° for a TACAN approach: 2.5° for IL5) or distance. For an area navigation system, the Area Navigation Subcommittee of the Air Transport Association's Air Traffic Control Committee has recommended the following ranges for the flight modes indicated: (a) Enroute: 2-6 miles full scale, (b) Terminal: 1-2 miles full scale and (c) Approach: 600-3000 feet full scale. Choice of presentation (distance/degrees) and scales are TBD-3.

Signal Characteristics

WORD/FRAME STRUCTURE: See Appendix III, Paragraph 2.2
INFORMATION IDENTIFIER: See Appendix III, Paragraph 2.2.1
TIMING TOLERANCES: See Appendix III, Paragraph 3.2.1
DATA STANDARD: See Table IA, item 4 and Appendix III, Paragraph 2.2.2

Electrical Characteristics

See Appendix III, Paragraphs 3.2.2, 4.2.1, 4.2.2

Interconnection Data

See Appendix III, Paragraph 4.0

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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	70
Vertical Deviation	Digital	0	UE	Flight Director Adapter

Functional Description

Provides a variable signal that indicates the displacement of the aircraft above or below a desired flight path. The displacement represented by the indicating device will be controlled by UE software and will be dependent upon aircraft flight phase. The indicating device may display angular displacement (e.g., 0.5° for ILS) or distance. For an area nevigation system, the Area Navigation Subcommittee of the Air Transport Association's Air Traffice Control Committee has recommended the following ranges for the flight modes indicated: (a) Enroute: 200 to 2000 feet full scale, (b) Terminal: 60-200 feet full scale and (c) Approach: 40-100 feet full scale. Choice of presentation (distance/degrees) and scales are TBD-3.

Signal Characteristics

WORD/FRAME STRUCTURE: See Appendix III, Paragraph 2.2
INFORMATION IDENTIFIER: See Appendix III, Paragraph 2.2.1
TIMING TOLERANCES: See Appendix III, Paragraph 3.2.1
DATA STANDARD: See Table IA, Item 5 and Appendix III, Paragraph 2.2.2

Electrical Characteristics

See Appendix III, Paragraphs 3.2.2, 4.2.1, 4.2.2

Interconnection Data

See Appendix III, Paragraph 4.0

A/C: F-15A

REF: T.O. 1F-15A-2-18

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A ICD-GPS-011

SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
To-From	Digital	0	UE	Flight Director

Functional Description

Provides a digital signal which indicates direction aircraft is flying in relation to the selected waypoint. If the aircraft is flying toward the waypoint and has not intercepted a reference line perpendicular to the aircraft ground track and through the waypoint, the indication will be To. Once past the waypoint reference line, the indication will be From, as long as the same waypoint is selected.

Signal Characteristics

MORD/FRAME STRUCTURE: See Appendix III, Paragraph 2.2 INFORMATION IDENTIFIER: See Appendix III, Paragraph 2.2.1 TIMING TOLERANCES: See Appendix III, Paragraph 3.2.1 DATA STANDARD: Logic 1 = From Logic 0 = To

Electrical Characteristics

See Appendix III, Paragraphs 3.2.2, 4.2.1, 4.2.2

Interconnection Data

See Appendix III, Paragraph 4.0

A/C: REF: F-15A

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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	то
Distance Flag	Digital Discrete	0	UE	Flight Director Adapter

Functional Description

Provides a digital discrete signal to the Flight Director Adapter to operate the HSI distance warning flag. The flag is normally out of view when the range indicator is operating and the range data is valid. The flag covers the range indicator when the distance information is not valid or the device supplying the distance data is not operating.

Signal Characteristics

MORD/FRAME STRUCTURE: See Appendix III, Paragraph 2.2
INFORMATION IDENTIFIER: See Appendix III, Paragraph 2.2.1
TIMING TOLERANCES: See Appendix III, Paragraph 3.2.1
DATA STANDARD: Logic 1 = Valid
Logic 0 = Invalid

Electrical Characteristics

See Appendix III, Paragraphs 3.2.2, 4.2.1, 4.2.2

Interconnection Data

See Appendix III, Paragraph 4.0

A/C: F-15A REF: T.O. 1F-15A-2-18

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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	то
Horizontal Deviation Flag	Digital Discrete	0	UE	Flight Director Adapter

Functional Description

Provides a digital discrete signal to the Flight Director Adapter to operate the MSI and ADI deviation warning flags or circuits when the deviation data is unreliable or a malfunction has occurred in the course deviation circuitry.

Signal Characteristics

MORD/FRAME STRUCTURE: See Appendix III, Paragraph 2.2
INFORMATION IDENTIFIER: See Appendix III, Paragraph 2.2.1
TIMING TOLERANCES: See Appendix III, Paragraph 3.2.1
DATA STANDARC: Logic 1 = Valid
Logic 0 = Invalid

Electrical Characteristics

See Appendix III, Paragraphs 3.2.2, 4.2.1, 4.2.2

Interconnection Data

See Appendix III, Paragraph 4.0

A/C: F-15A REF: T.O. 1F-15A-2-18

Report HOO9

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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	T 0
Vertical Deviation Flag	Digital Discrete	0	UE	Flight Director Adapter

Functional Description

Provides a digital discrete signal to the Flight Director to advise the ADI when the UE vertical deviation signal is not reliable.

Signal Characteristics

WORD/FRAME STRUCTURE: See Appendix III, Paragraph 2.2
INFORMATION IDENTIFIER: See Appendix III, Paragraph 2.2.1
TIMING TOLERANCES: See Appendix III, Paragraph 3.2.1
DATA STANDARD: Logic 1 = Valid
Logic 0 = Invalid

Electrical Characteristics

See Appendix III, Paragraphs 3.2.2, 4.2.1, 4.2.2

Interconnection Data

See Appendix III, Paragraph 4.0

A/C: F-15A REF: T.O. 1F-15A-2-18 Recort H009

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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
Latitude .	Digital	0	UE	Flight Director Adapter

Functional Description

Provides present position latitude in digital format to Flight Director Adapter for transfer to the Central Computer.

Signal Characteristics

WORD/FRAME STRUCTURE: See Appendix III, Paragraph 2.2
INFORMATION IDENTIFIER: See Appendix III, Paragraph 2.2.1
TIMING TOLERANCES: See Appendix III, Paragraph 3.2.1
DATA STANDARD: See Table IA, Item 6 and Appendix III, Paragraph 2.2.2

Electrical Characteristics

See Appendix III, Paragraphs 3.2.2, 4.2.1, 4.2.2

Interconnection Data

See Appendix III, Paragraph 4.0

A/C: F-15A REF: T.O. 1F-15A-2-18

Report H009

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A ICD-GPS-011	
100 But 900 to 00000 to	

SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	70
Longitude	Digital	0	UE	Flight Director Adapter

Functional Description

Provides present position longitude in digital format to the Flight Director Adapter for transfer to the Central Computer.

Signal Characteristics

MORD/FRAME STRUCTURE: See Appendix III, Paragraph 2.2 INFORMATION IDENTIFIER: See Appendix III, Paragraph 2.2.1 TIMING TOLERANCES: See Appendix III, Paragraph 3.2.1 DATA STANDARD: See Table IA, Item 7 and Appendix III, Paragraph 2.2.2

Electrical Characteristics

See Appendix III, Paragraphs 3.2.2, 4.2.1, 4.2.2

Interconnection Data

See Appendix III, Paragraph 4.0

F-15A

A/C: REF: T.O. 1F-15A-2-18 Report H009

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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	70
North-South Velocity	Digital	0	UE	Flight Director Adapter

Functional Description

Provides north-south velocity in digital format to the Flight Director Adapter for transfer to the Central Computer.

Signal Characteristics

WORD/FPAME STRUCTURE: See Appendix III, Paragraph 2.2 INFORMATION IDENTIFIER: See Appendix III, Paragraph 2.2.1 TIMING TOLERANCES: See Appendix III, Paragraph 3.2.1 DATA STANDARD: See Table IA, Item 8 and Appendix III, Paragraph 2.2.2

Electrical Characteristics

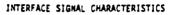
See Appendix III, Paragraphs 3.2.2, 4.2.1, 4.2.2

Interconnection Data

See Appendix III, Paragraph 4.0

A/C: F-15A REF: T.O. 1F-15A-2-18 Report H009

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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FRCM	TO
East-West Velocity	Digital	0	UE	Flight Director Adapter

Functional Description

Provides east-west velocity in digital format to the Flight Director Adapter for transfer to the Central Computer.

Signal Characteristics

WORD/FRAME STRUCTURE: See Appendix III, Paragraph 2.2 INFORMATION IDENTIFIER: See Appendix III, Paragraph 2.2.1 TIMING TOLERANCES: See Appendix III, Paragraph 3.2.1 DATA STANDARD: See Table IA, Item 9 and Appendix III, Paragraph 2.2.2

Electrical Characteristics

See Appendix III, Paragraphs 3.2.2, 4.2.1, 4.2.2

Interconnection Data

See Appendix III, Paragraph 4.0

A/C: F-15A REF: T.O. 1F-15A-2-18 Report H009

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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	то
Vertical Velocity	Digital	0	UE	Fiight Director Adapter

Functional Description

Provides vertical velocity in digital format to the Flight Director Adapter for transfer to the Central Computer.

Signal Characteristics

MORD/FRAME STRUCTÜRE: See Appendix III. Paragraph 2.2 INFORMATION IDENTIFIER: See Appendix III, Paragraph 2.2.1 TIMING TOLERANCES: See Appendix III, Paragraph 3.2.1 DATA STANDARD: See Table IA, Item 10 and Appendix III, Paragraph 2.2.2

Electrical Characteristics

See Appendix III, Paragraphs 3.2.2, 4.2.1, 4.2.2

Interconnection Data

See Appendix III, Paragraph 4.0

A/C: F-15A REF: T.O. 1F-15A-2-18

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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
BIT Acknowledge	Discrete	0	UĒ	BIT Control Panel

Functional Description

Discrete is sent to BIT Control Panel during the time the UE is in a BIT routine as a result of receiving a BIT Initiate discrete (see page 10-32), from the BIT Control Panel.

Signal Characteristics

TBD-2

Electrical Characteristics

TBD-2

Interconnection Data

TBD-2

A/C: F-15A REF: T.O. 1F-15A-2-17 T.O. 1F-15A-2-18

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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
Antenna Fail	Discrete	0	UE	Avionics Status Panel

Functional Description

An Antenna Fail discrete is sent to the Avionics Status Panel when a UE antenna failure is detected by UE BITE circuits after a BIT Initiate discrete is received from the BIT Control Panel (see page 10-32).

Signal Characteristics

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Electrical Characteristics

TBD-2

Interconnection Data

TBD-2

A/C: F-15A REF: T.O. 1F-15A-2-17 T.O. 1F-15A-2-18

ICD-6PS-011 10-17

SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO ·
Preamplifier Fail	Discrete	0	UE	Avionics Status Panel

Functional Description

A Preampliffier Fail discrete is sent to the Avionics Status Panel when a UE preampliffier failure is detected by UE BITE circuits after a BIT Initiate discrete is received from the BIT Control Panel (see page 10-32).

Signal Characteristics

TBD-2

Electrical Characteristics

TBD-2

Interconnection Data

TBD-2

A/C: F-15A REF: T.U. 1F-15A-2-17 T.O. 1F-15A-2-18

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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
Receiver in 1	Discrete	0	UE	Avionics Status Panel

Functional Description

A Receiver Fail discrete* is sent to the Avionics Status Panel when a UE receiver failure is detected by UE BITE circuits after a BIT Initiate discrete is received from the BIT Control Panel (see page 10-32).

*A separate discrete will be provided for each receiver LRU.

Signal Characteristics

TBD-2

Electrical Characteristics

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Interconnection Data

TBD-2

A/C: F-15A REF: T.U. 1F-15A-2-17 T.O. 1F-15A-2-18

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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
CDU/NCI Fail	Discrete	0	UE	Avionics Status Panel

Functional Description

A CDU/NCI Fail discrete is sent to the Avionics Status Panel when a CDU/NCI failure is detected by UE BITE circuites after a BIT Initiate discrete is received from the BIT Control Panel (see page 1C-32).

Signal Characteristics

TBD-2

Electrical Characteristics

TBD-2

Interconnection Data

TBD-2

A/C: F-15A REF: T.O. 1F-15A-2-17 T.O. 1F-15A-2-18

ICD-GRS-011 10-20

SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
GPS No-Go	Discrete	0	UE	BIT Control Panel
	1	1		1

Functional Description

A GPS No-Go discrete is sent to the BIT Control Panel when a GPS UE failure is detected by UE BITE circuitry after receipt of a BIT Initiate discrete from the BIT Control Panel (see page 10-32).

Signal Characteristics

TBD-2

Electrical Characteristics

TBD-2

Interconnection Data

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A/C: F-15A REF: T.O. 1F-15A-2-17 T.O. 1F-15A-2-18

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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0.	FROM	TO
Magnetic Heading	Digital	1	Flight Director Adapter	UE

Functional Description ,

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Provides magnetic heading in digital format to the GPS UE.

Signal Characteristics

WORD/FRAME STRUCTURE: See Appendix III, Paragraph 2.2
INFORMATION IDENTIFIER: See Appendix III, Paragraph 2.2.1
TIMING TOLERANCES: See Appendix III, Paragraph 3.2.1
DATA STANDARD: See Table IA, Item 11 and Appendix III, Paragraph 2.2.2

Electrical Characteristics

See Appendix III, Paragraphs 3.2.2, 4.2., 4.2.2

Interconnection Data

See Appendix III, Paragraph 4.0

A/C: F-15A REF: T.O. 1F-15A-2-18

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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
True Air Speed	Digital	1	Flight Director Adapter	UE

Functional Description

Provides true air speed in digital format to the SPS UE.

Signal Characteristics

MORD/FRAME STRUCTURE: See Appendix III, Paragraph 2.2
INFORMATION IDENTIFIER: See Appendix III, Paragraph 2.2.1
TIMING TOLERANCES: See Appendix III, Paragraph 3.2.1
DATA STANDARD: See Table IA, Item 12 and Appendix III, Paragraph 2.2.2

Electrical Characteristics

See Appendix III, Paragraphs 3.2.2, 4.2.1, 4.2.2

Interconnection Data

See Appendix III, Paragriph 4.0

A/C: A-15A REF: T.O. 1F-15A-2-18 Report H009

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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
Blanking Pulse	Pulse	I	Blanker	UE

Functional Description

The blanking pulse blocks the input to the UE preamplifier when other selected equipments, such as IFF, are transmitting.

Signal Characteristics

SIGNAL TYPE: Positive Pulse
AMPLITUDE: 0 to +40 volts
FREQUENCY RANGE: 20,000 PPS (max.)
DUTY CYCLE: 15% (max.)
LOGIC ONE LEVEL (SUPPRESSION): +20 to +40 volts
LOGIC ZERO (NON-SUPPRESSION): 0 ±0.5 volts
START TIME: See next page
STOP TIME: See next page

Electrical Characteristics

SOURCE: IFF (AN/APX-101), Receiver-Transmitter RT-1063B/APX-101(Y), R = 100 Ohrs \pm 10% LOAD: 300 to 2,200 Ohms shunted by 1850 PF

Interconnection Data

WIRE TYPE: RG-58C/U Coaxial Cable

A/C: F-15A REF:

ICD-GPS-011 -ur 10-24 967

SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
Blanking Pulse (continued)	Pulse	I	Interference Blanker	UE

Signal Characteristics (continued)

START TIME: The suppression pulse shall rise to 7.5 volts minimum at least 0.5 usec but not more than 3.0 usec before the RF output pulse has reached 10% of its amplitude. For auxiliary trigger and Modu 4 replies, the pulse shall rise to 7.5 volts minimum less than 0.5 usec before the RF output pulse has reached 10% of its amplitude. Maximum rise time (10-90%) shall be 0.5 usec.

STOP TIME:

The suppression pulse shall be less than 1.0 volt, 3.0 used after the 10% amplitude point of the trailing edge of the last RF framing pulse of the reply pulse train or after the 10% amplitude point of the trailing edge of each RF output pulse resulting from the auxiliary trigger input.

A/C: F-15A KEF:

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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	10
Barometric Altitude	Digital	1	Flight Director Adapter	UE

Functional Description

Provides becometric altitude in digital format to the GPS UE.

Signal Characteristics

MORD/FRAME STRUCTURE: See Appendix III, Paragraph 2.2 INFORMATION IDENTIFIER: See Appendix III, Paragraph 2.2.1 TIMING TOLERANCES: See Appendix III, Paragraph 3.2.1 D'TA STANDARD: See Table IA, Item 13 and Appendix III, Paragraph 2.2.2

Electrical Characteristics

See Appendix III, Paragraphs 3.2.2, 4.2.1, 4.2.2

Interconnection Data

See Appendix III, Paragraph 4.0

A/C: F-15A REF: T.O. 1F-15A-2-18

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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
Pitch	Digital	1	Flight Director Adapter	UE

Functional Description

Provides pitch in digital format to the GPS UE.

Signal Characteristics

MORD/FRAME STRUCTURE: See Appendix III, Paragraph 2.2
INFORMATION IDENTIFIER: See Appendix III, Paragraph 2.2.1
TIMING TOLERANCES: See Appendix III, Paragraph 3.2.1
DATA STANDARD: See Table IA, Item 14 and Appendix III, Paragraph 2.2.2

Electrical Characteristics

See Appendix III, Paragraphs 3.2.2, 4.2.1, 4.2.2

Interconnection Data

See Appendix III. Paragraph 4.0

A/C: F-15A REF: T.O. 1F-15A-2-18

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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
Ro11	Digital	1	Flight Director Adapter	UE

Functional Description

Provides roll in digital format to the GPS UE.

Signal Characteristics

MORD/FRAME STRUCTURE: See Appendix III, Paragraph 2.2 INFORMATION IDENTIFIER: See Appendix III, Paragraph 2.2.1 TIMING TOLERANCES: See Appendix III, Paragraph 3.2.1 DATA STANDARD: See Table IA, Itam 15 and Appendix III, Paragraph 2.2.2

Electrical Character(stics

See Appendix III, Paragraphs 3.2.2, 4.2.1, 4.2.2

Interconnection Data

See Appendix III, Paragraph 4.0

A/C: F-15A REF: T.O. 1F-15A-2-18 Heport HO09

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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
True Heading	Digital	1	Flight Director Adapter	UE

Functional Description

Provides true heading in digital format to the GPS UE.

Signal Characteristics

MORD/FRAME STRUCTURE: See Appendix III, Paragraph 2.2
INFORMATION IDENTIFIER: See Appendix III, Paragraph 2.2.1
TIMING TOLERANCES: See Appendix III, Paragraph 3.2.1
DATA STANDARD: See Table IA, Item 16 and Appendix III, Paragraph 2.2.2

Electrical Characteristics

See Appendix III, Paragraphs 3.2.2, 4.2.1, 4.2.2

Interconnection Data

See Appendix III, Paragraph 4.0

A/C: F-15A REF: T.O. 1F-15A-2-18 Report H009

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ABSTRACT

This report contains specifications defining the standard interface between the control computer complex and associated peripheral equipment via multiplex buses to be used in the F-15 Avionics System.

Attachment A of Appendix III 1CD-GPS-011 Reproduced from H009, 12 March 1969, F-15 Hultiplex Data Bus

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PICURE STANDARD MESSAGE AND WORD FORMAT DATA AND CLOCK SIGNAL WAVE SHAPES

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1.0 SCOPE

This report defines the operating characteristics and standard format for multiplexed digital data transmission between the Central Computer Complex (P.S. 68-870060) and associated peripheral units in the F-15 avionics system. Included are detail performance requirements of standard interface units required to transmit, receive and process the multiplexed digital data. Detail contents of the standard digital words will be as defined by the input/output digital data table contained in individual procurement specifications for specific sub-system components affected.

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2.0 OPITATITIS CHARACTTUTOTICS

2.1 General - Digital data transmission between peripheral avionic system components and the Central Computer Complex (CCC) shall be in a word serial, hit serial time division multiplex (TEC) format over standard buses. The transmission of standard messages shall be accomplished using half duplex (two way transmission, but not simultaneous) operation controlled by the CCC. A continuous system timing reference (clock) signal, originating in the CCC, shall be distributed to all multiplex terminals in the peripherals to allow bit synchronous data transmission. Two identical transmission lines (one data line and one clock line) shall constitute a multiplex bus. Two multiplex buses, providing system selectable standby redundancy, will be routed to each peripheral. Interfacing units will be connected to the buses in parallel (party line) fashion; therefore, all units connected to a bus will see all data on the bus.

2.2 Standard Message and Word Format - All data transmitted over multiplex buses

2.2 Standard Message and Word Formst - All data transmitted over multiplex buses interfacing with the CCC shall be transmitted as standard messages. A standard message shall be composed of a "Select" word originating in the CCC and one or more (15 maximum) "Data" words transmitted to or from a single peripheral. All select words and data words shall be composed of 17 bits: 16 bits of information (bits 0 through 15) plus a 17th (bit 16) bit providing odd "ones" parity. See Figure 1.

The content and detail format of all messages, select words, and data words will be specified in the input/output digital data table for the related peripheral 2.2.1 Select Words - Select words shall be used to initiate all data exchanges (messages) and shall originate only in the CCC. A select word shall provide one of three functions; request data transmission from a peripheral, command a peripheral to take some action other than to transmit data, or identify data to be transmitted from the CCC to a peripheral. A select word shall be composed of three separate fields; a four bit equipment address field (bits 0 through 3), 30-8

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a single bit command indicator (bit 4), a six bit control field (bits 5 through 10), a single bit T/R indicator (bit 11), and a four bit word count field (bits 12 through 15). The 17th bit (bit 16) provides odd "ones" parity. The equipment address field shall contain a unique code identifying the unit on the bus to which the communications are being directed. The command indicator identifies whether it is a command or data message. The control field shall identify the data to be transmitted by the CCC or by a peripheral following the select word, or for a command message, the command which causes the peripheral to take some action other than transmit data. The command indicator (bit 4 in the select word) shall be a logical "one" if the select word is a comund which requires no specific data from a peripheral except to acknowledge receipt of the command. Bit 11 in the select word shall be a transmit/receive (T/R) indicator with a logical "one" indicating the northbary must expense the data word(s), or a logical "zero" indicating the computer will transmit the data word(s). The word count field shell specify the number of data words to follow the select word by a four bit binary number (183 = bit 15) in bits 12 through 15. If the select word is a command the T/R bit shall be a logical "one" and the word count shall equal one.

Select words shall always be preceded by a no-data period (no signals on the data transmission line) equal to or greater than 8 periods of the reference clock signal. This no-data period shall identify the word following as a select word and the start of a message (see Figure 1). Bit 0 shall be transmitted first and parity (bit 16) transmitted last.

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2.2.2 <u>Data Words</u> - Data words shall originate either in the CCC or a peripheral unit and contain the data identified by the control field of the select word. If the control field of the select word identifies a block of data, individual words within the block shall be identified by their relative position in the message, i.e., word number one follows the select word in the serial bit stream, and word number two follows word number one, etc. All data words regardless of content shall be composed of a 16 bit data field (bits 0 through 15) plus a 17th bit (bit 16) providing odd "omes" parity. The content and format of all data words shall be approved by MDC. The general rules for data word formatting follow.

If the select word indicates a command massage, the peripheral shall acknowledge receipt of the command by transmitting one data word which is identical to the select word received.

If the select word indicates a data message, the peripheral shall transmit or receive the data words. In general, each data word shall contain only one numerical parameter. The numerical value of the parameter shall be represented using a true binary/two's complement notation. The most significant bit (MSB) (bit 0) shall be transmitted first with the remaining less significant bits (bits 1 through 15) following in descending order of their value. The number of bits used to define the numeric shall be consistant with the resolution or accuracy required. If more than 16 bits are necessary to achieve the required resolution or accuracy, the less significant bits which cannot be included in the 16 bit word shall be transmitted as a part of the next data word in the message, starting at the beginning of the word with the remaining less significant bits following in descending order of their

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value. If less than 16 bits are required, the unused bit positions shall be transmitted as logical "C" bits unless discrete bits are to be included in the word according to the ground rules established in a later paragraph of this section.

The binary value of a numerical data word shall be capable of ranging from (-) MAX to (+) MAX. Each bit in the word transmitted as a logical "1" shall have a sign and value associated with it. The MSS (bit 0) shall have the sign of (-) and the value of (MAX) and each bit following shall have the sign of (+) and the value of MAX/2n, where n is the bit number; thus, bit 1 has the value (+) MAX/2l, bit 2 has the value (+) MAX/2, etc. For nonangular quantities, MAX shall be an exact power of two (i.e., MAX=2¹, where i is an integer) in the units of the parameter. For angular quantities which require the full 360° angular range, such as bearing -1,21-1, MAX shall have the value 180° to +180°). For angular ranges less than ± 180°, MAX shall have the value 180°/2¹, where i is an integer chosen such that the binary data word is capable of representing the entire range of the parameter. In all cases, the MSS has the sign and value of (-MAX) with each subsequent bit having the sign and value of (-MAX), where n is the bit number.

Discrete functions, i.e., data functions which can assume only one or two states (such as an OW-OFF) shall be transmitted as single discrete bits within a data word, or as combinations of single discrete bits which represent a uniquely recognizable code or straight binary number. Discrete functions directly related to an individual numeric parameter such as special "validity bits", or mode definition functions for the parameter shall be included in the word with the numerical value of the parameter if unused bit positions are available. Other unrelated discretes shall be formutted into a special "discrete function" data word unless the total quantity of these discretes in the message is such that they all can be 30-11

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included in the unused portion of one data word. If the quantity of unrelated discretes in the message is greater than 16 or some multiple of 16, and the remaining bits can all be combined in the unused portion of one data word they may be "packed" into that word. In summary only one data word carrying a numerical parameter in any message can include unrelated discretes.

Multi-position switch functions, i.e., data representing one out of n switch positions, shall, in general, be binary encoded such that the number of bits used to represent the switch position shall be the smallest value of 2^4 , where i is an integer.

In summary, the above formatting rules for data words are general guidelines. Detailed formats for specific subsystem input/output signals will be contained in the individual procurement specifications for the subsystems and are all subject to final MCATE approval.

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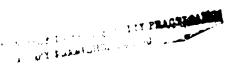
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2.3 Bus Central - The CCC will select which of the data buses will be used for data transmission and will initiate a data exchange by transmitting the appropriate select word over the selected bus. No peripheral shall be required to receive or transmit over more than one bus at a time. Data words transmitted by the CCC shall be transmitted on the same bus as the initiating select word. Peripheral unit4 shall transmit or accept the data defined by the select word over the same bus which carried the select word and the clock signal. When a bus is shut down, either because it has failed or because it is a back up bus, the data line and clock line are disabled by the CCC. All terminals operating from a bus that is shutdown during operation shall resynchronize their terminal data processing functions regardless of their operating mode, either transmitting or receiving. 2.3.1 Data Transmission From Peripherals - A peripheral shall transmit only after the receipt of a valid select word requiring data transmission and only when it is operating normally and is capable of initiating the data word exactly 5 clock periods after receipt of the last bit of the select word, or after transmitting the last bit of the previous data word. A valid select word requiring data transmission from a peripheral shall meet the following criteria:

- a) A no-data period equal to or greater than 8 clock periods shall have been detected on the data transmission line prior to receipt of the first bit of the select word.
- b) The code represented by the address field (bits 0 through 3) shall compare to the address code preset in the peripheral unit.
- c) The code represented by the control field (bits 5 through 10) shall be recognised as one of the data word or command word codes assigned to the peripherul

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- d) The T/R bit (bit 11) shall be a logic "one".
- e) The parity bit (bit 16' shall produce an odd "ones" count.
- f) No data dropouts shall have occured during the 17 clock periods immediately following the start of the select word.
- 2.3.2 <u>Data Accordance By a Perimberal</u> A peripheral shall accept data only after the receipt of a valid select word indicating data to be transmitted by the CCC to the peripheral. The validating criteria for a select word directing a peripheral to accept data shall be the same as that directing transmission, except that the T/R bit shall be a logical "zero".

If a parity error or dropout is detected by the peripheral during reception of a data word, that word shall be invalidated.

- 2.3.3 <u>Data Acceptance By The CCC</u> If no data word is detected by the CCC from a peripheral 5 clock periods after *renewistion of a select word requiring a response (i.e., a request for data or a command) the CCC will internally flag a no response condition. This no-response condition indicates that one of the following conditions exists:
- a) The peripheral failed to recognize the select word as valid due to a signal dropout, a transmission error, or a momentary malfunction producing a parity error.
- b) The peripheral was not operating normally and was unable to reply within the required 5 clock periods.
- c) The communications link between the CCC and the peripheral has failed.
- d) The peripheral has failed.

When a no-response condition is recognized by the CCC after 5 clock periods, the CCC may, at the option of the program, reinterrogate the peripheral by retransmitting the same select word after the required 8 clock periods of "no data". The computer may also, at the program option, switch

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to the stundby bur and repeat the interrogation process, or ignore the no response condition and go on.

If a parity error or dropout is detected by the CCC during the reception of a data word, the CCC may request a repeat transmission over the same bus or over the back-up bus by retransmitting the select word after the required 8 clock periods of "no data".

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3.0 STOWL AND STANDARDED LINE ON PACTFACTURES

3.1 <u>Multiplex Bun</u> - A multiplex bus shall be composed of two transmission lines. One line carries the 1 MHz clock reference signal from a master multiplex system clock in the CCC to all terminals on the bus and the other line carries digital data signals at a 1 Megabit rate to and from the CCC-I/C and the peripheral unit terminals. All terminal units on a single bus will be connected to the transmission lines comprising that bus in parallel, such that the physical removal of the unit from the line will not interrupt the continuity of the lines. Transmission lines shall be driven and terminated in a balanced to ground configuration to minimize the effects of ground plane noise. Fransmission line shields will be grounded at each terminal.

Two redundant multiplex buses (& trans ission lines total) will interface with each regimeral unit.

3.1.1 <u>Transmission Line Charact ristics</u> - The transmission line used for data and reference clock signal transmission shall be of shielded twisted pair construction having a characteristic impedance of approximately 68 ohms. The shielded twisted pair shall have a line to line capacitance of less than 30 pf per foot and a line to ground especitance of less than 50 pf per foot.

3.2 Signal Characteristics

3.2.1 Reference Clock Signal - The clock signal shall be a bipolar differential 6.1% sinusoidal signal at a nominal frequency of 1 FHz ± 15% Long term variations shall not exceed ± 15% of the nominal frequency. The positive going zero crossing shall define the start of a clock period. Short term variations, i.e. cycle to cycle variations in the clock period, shall not exceed 5 nanoseconds.

The reference clock signal shall be generated and transmitted by the CCC I/O to all multiplex terminal on the buses. All terminals shall receive the clock signal via the clock receiver in the terminal unit. The clock signal transmitter shall

have the same characteristics as those specified for the transmit mode of the receiver/transmitter except the mode switching capability (see paragraph 4.2). The clock transmitter shall be transmitting the reference clock signal whenever a particular multiplex bus has been enabled by the CCC.

3.2.2 <u>Data Simmal</u> - The data signals shall be bipolar differential signals which are "bi-phase level: coded and smoothed. The harmonic content shall be limited such that frequency components at 2.5 MHz and above are at least - 25 Db (referenced to the peak amplitude of the signal) and components in the frequency band 0.5 to 1.5 MHz are essentially unaffected. A logical "one" (data bit one) shall be transmitted as a coded bipolar 1,0 signal, i.e. a positive going pulse followed by a negative going pulse resulting in a signal which is in phase with the reference clock signal. A logical "zero" (data bit zero) shall be transmitted as a coded bipolar 0,1 cismal. In a require going pulse followed by a positive going pulse resulting in a signal which is 180° out of phase with the reference clock signal (see Figure 2). No signals shall be generated on the data line during the intervals between words (no-data periods).

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MEDITAGE 15 A TOTAL TOTAL TRANSPORTER

4.0 MINTIPLEM THROUGH

The standard multiplex terminal shall be incorporated as an integral part of each equipment item serviced and shall provide an interface between the standard multiplex bus and the digital circuitry of the component serviced.

The functions performed by the multiplex terminal in the receive mode shall be to accept standard format data and clock signals from the multiplex bus, to detect and decode the incoming data using the incoming system clock signal as a reference, to convert the data to signals which are compatible with the subsystem component logic, and to generate the control signals necessary to supply the incoming data to the peripheral services with proper identification.

The functions performed by the multiplex terminal in the transmit mode shall be to accept signals from the subsystem component logic, to convert these signals to the standard transmission format using the incoming clock signal as a reference, and to transmit these signals at the proper time.

The multiplex terminals shall include a data receiver/transmitter, a clock receiver, data presence detection circuitry, and the necessary logic to provide control signals to interpret select words and regulate the operation of the terminal unit. The terminal units shall be designed such that no single component failure in a terminal, except the coupling transformer, degrades the transmission line or results in unwanted data transmissions. Redundant portions of the terminal shall be sufficiently isolated so that a failure of one transmission line does not degrade the performance of the other bus coupled to the unit.

A.1 <u>Clock Receiver</u> - The clock receiver shall be coupled to the clock signal transmission line through a transformer with grounded center taps. The coupling transformer shall have a narrow pass band which rejects noise at frequencies above and below the clock signal frequency, but passes the clock signal with

30-18

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minimum attenuation and phase distortion. The impedance reflected onto the transmission line through the coupling transformer shall be 10,000 chms or greater line to line, shall be essentially resistive, and shall be believed to ground to within 15. These impedance requirements shall apply even when terminal power is off. The clock receiver shall produce signals suitable for use in the terminal and for transferring data to the digital equipment in the interfacing unit. The clock receiver shall operate with input signal amplitudes in the range of ± 1 wolt to ± 7 volts peak line-to-ground (± 2 volts to ± 14 volts peak line-to-line) and shall be capable of withstanding over voltage inputs without perminent damage to the receiver. Over voltage protection shall be consistent with that provided for other input signal lines in the equipment item serviced.

4.2 <u>Data Receiver/Transmitter</u> - The data receiver/transmitter shall be compled to the data signal transmission line through a transformer with grounded center taps. The coupling transformer shall have a narrow pass band which passes the data signal with a minimum of attenuation and phase distortion. The impedance reflected onto the transmission line through the transformer shall be essentially resintive and balanced to ground to within 1% in both modes of operation, even when terminal power is off. When power is off, the magnitude of the reflected impedance shall be 10,000 ohms or greater line-to-line.

4.2.1 Receiving Node - When operating in the receiving mode the magnitude of the impedance reflected onto the data transmission line shall be 10,000 ohms or greater, including any effects of the transmitter in the terminal. The receiver shall be capable of operating with input signal amplitudes in the range of ± 1 volt to ± 7 volts line to ground, and shall be capable of withstanding over voltage inputs without permanent damage to the unit. The receiver shall be capable of detecting and indicating the presence of bi-phase coded data, and of

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decoding the bi-phase data (i.e. identifying a logical "core" or logical "zero" code) by comparison with the reference clock signal, even though the inceming data lags the clock by as much as 200 nanoseconds. The receiver shall also have the capability of recognizing improperly coded signals, or a data dropout, occurring during reception of a word, and of producing an error signal indicating that an invalid word has been received.

4.2.2 Transmitting Mode - When operating in the transmitting mode, the magnitude of the impedance reflected onto the data transmission line shall be 68 ohms + 10%. The transmitter shall be capable of driving a load equivalent to 175 chms lineto-line pure resistance to a peak amplitude of 5 volts + 1 volt line to ground (10 volts * 2 volts line to line). The output wave form will be similar to that shown in Figure 2 with its spectral content limited as defined in paragraph 3.2.3. The mid-period zero correcting of the data signal, with the transmitter operating with a 175 ohm resistive load, shall lag the mid-period zero crossing (negative going zero crossing) of the signal on the clock line by no zore than 35 nanoseconds. The terminal shall be capable of driving a transmission line producing cape : which are equivalent to 19 ohms in series with 1850 pfd without ampl. aristions from the levels achieved with the 175 ohn resistive load. (Note: Line load cannot be similated by a capacitance alone.) 4.2.3 Mode Switching - Switching of the receiver/transmitter unit between the receive mode and transmit mode shall be controlled by the terminal control logic based on the contents of the select word and system operating characteristics defined in Section 2. When a receiver/transmitter is operating in the transmit mode (68 ohm reflected impedance), it shall maintain the transmit mode impedance characteristic for a minimum of 3 clock periods (3 usec) after transmitting the last bit required and shall switch to a stabilized receive mode (10K ohm refleeted impedance) within the next 2 clock periods (2 usec.) When the receiver/ 30-20

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transmitter is in the receive mode it shall switch to a stabilized transmit mode (68 ohms reflected impedance) within 2 clock periods (2 usec) after receiving the last bit required when transmission is indicated. Hode switching shall be accomplished without generating significant transients on the transmission line.

- 4.3 <u>Terminut Control Functions</u> The terminal unit shall include control circuitry which regulates the operating mode of the Data Receiver/Transmitter (R/T) unit, identifies and selects the bus to be used for receiving or transmitting data, and identifies, decodes, and processes incoming and outgoing messages.
- 4.3.1 Receive/Transmit Mode Selection Receiver/Transmitter units in the CCC-I/O terminals shall operate in the transmit mode at all times except when required to receive data from a peripheral as indicated by the presence of a logical "l" as bit 11 of the transmitted select word. The unit shall remain in the receive mode until all words contained in the message (the number indicated by the count field of the select word) have been received or a "no-data response" condition is recognized, i.e. no data word is received after the five "no-data" clock periods. When either of these two conditions occur, the receiver/transmitter shall resynchronize and switch to the transmit mode in p.sparation for transmitting the next select word.

Receiver/transmitter units in peripheral equipment terminals shall operate in the receive mode at all times except when requested to transmit data as indicated by the presence of a logical "1" as bit 11 of a valid select word. The unit shall remain in the transmit mode until all data words requested (the number indicated by the word count field of the select word) have been transmitted or the clock signal on the operating bus is shut down causing the terminal to resynchronize. After the last bit of the last word of the message has been transmitted, or the terminal is resynchronized, the receiver/transmitter unit shall switch to the receive mode.

30-21



A.3.2 <u>Mural and Persons Twentification and Synchronization</u> - The terminal shall provide facilities for identifying incoming words as "Select" or Data" words based on the length of the no-data period following the preceding word. It shall provide a capability for counting both incoming and outgoing bits to define the end of a word. It shall check or generate the parity bit. It shall provide a capability for counting or outgoing words to define the end of a message based on the value of the word count field of the select word. If a no-data period greater than 5 clock periods is detected after a word and before the end of a message, or the bus is shut down (i.e. the clock signal is interrupted) before the word counter has counted down to zero, the system shall resynchronize and prepare to receive the next select word. This condition results when the message being transmitted is not completed because of a failure, or the inability of the transmitting unit to supply the data to complete the message, or the bus is shut down by the CCC. It should be noted that a select word is always followed by at least one data word ransmitted either by the CCC or a peripheral.

and a valid parity check has been made, the terminal shall inspect the address field to determine if the address code compares to the address code which has been pre-set into the terminal. Provision shall be provided to set the terminal address code by physical connections (e.g. jumpers, patches, plugs etc.) which are nade on the bench in a shop; flight line address code programming is not required or desired. The CCC-I/C is not required to recommize address codes.

When an address code is recognized, the terminal shall determine if the peripheral is required to supply data words, or accept data words, by imprection of the T/R bit (bit 11 in the select word). If the terminal is required to transmit data, the receiver/transmitter shall be switched to the transmit mode.

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The terminal shall store the contents of the control field (bits 4 through 10) and the contents of the word count field (bits 12 through 15) of the select word, which is combination identify the data word(s) to be accepted or supplied by the peripheral.

\$.3.* Outputting Data Vords - When a peripheral receives an indication that a data word must be supplied to the terminal for transmission, it shall select the data word (identified by the control field code and the word count) from its data storage and transfer that word to the terminal unit for transmission. After the data word is transfered to the terminal, and the required 5 clock periods have elapsed, the terminal shall transmit the data word, with the correct parity bit at the end of the word. After the data word and parity bit have been transmitted, the word counter shall be decremented one count. If the word count is not zero, the terminal shall again indicate to the peripheral that a data word is to be supplied for transmission. This process shall be repeated until all the data words required for the message have been transmitted, as indicated by a zero count of the word counter.

4.3.5 <u>Inputtine Data Words</u> - When a peripheral receives an indication that a data word directed to it has been received by the terminal with correct parity, it shall transfer that data word into the storage or buffer location identified by the control field code and word_count indicated. After the required 5 clock periods have elapsed the terminal shall inhibit transfer of data from the terminal to the using unit, and decrement the word counter one count. If the word count is not sero the terminal shall accept the next data word on the data transmission line. This process shall be repeated until all data words in the message have been received as indicated by a zero count of the word counter.

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5.0 RELIABILITY

5.1 <u>Reliability Data</u> - Reliability data for the terminal equipment shall be combined with reliability data for the peripheral, such that the reliability of the peripheral shall include terminal reliability considerations exclusive of transmission line reliability.

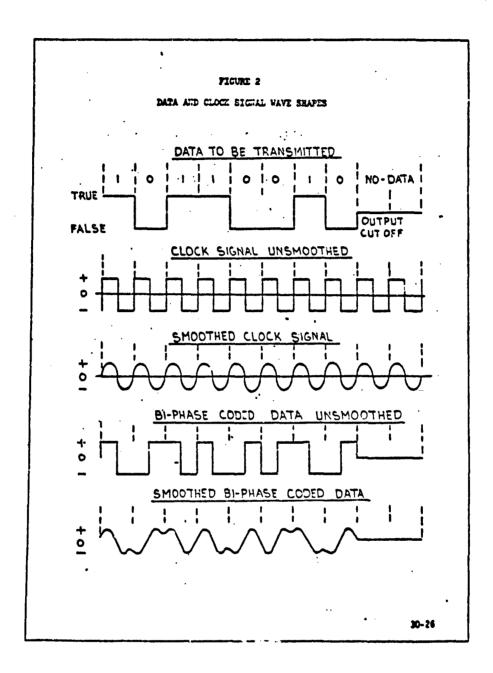
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9. FUTURE MODIFICATIONS

Table 9-1 lists future modifications planned for the F-15A.

Table 9-1.	FUTURE MODIFICATIONS
Terminology/Nomenclature	Remarks
HAVE QUICK	Interim AJ voice capability; now being developed; preliminary planning for F-15A.
SEEK TALK	AJ voice capability; under develop- ment by ESD; preliminary planning for F-15A.
Video Tape Recorder (ECP 1045 VTR)	Preliminary planning for F-15. Would use TEAC recorder. Awaiting ASD/AE development of new CCD camera to replace existing camera.
Programmable Signal Processor	Modification to F-15A radar to enhance capability. Item under devalopment; preliminary planning for F-15 C/D aircraft.
ALE-40(V) Dispenser Set	Development contract expected shortly. Planned to retrofit all F-15As.
TEWS Threat Update (CCP 120-ICS)	R&D ECP now under way. Modification to ALR-56 to enhance capability. Add Band 3 to ICS system; modify Band 2 capability of ICS.
Tail Warning System (ECP TWS)	Two competing systems: ALQ-153 (Westinghouse) and ALQ-154 (AIL). Prototype contracts to be awarded mid-1978. McAIR to start Group A kit development October 1978. Installations starting in 1981 to 1982.
AN/ARC-186 VHF/AM Radio	Preliminary planning for F-15. VHF/UHF requirements being defined by TAC. Installation of dual ARC-164 UHF could be superseded by installation of single ARC-164 and single ARC-186.
UHF - Dual ARC-164	Replaces AN/ARC-109.
TACAN - AN/ARN-118	Replaces AN/ARN-111.
ECPs 899 and 900	Modifications to APG-63 radar software; AIMVAL and ACEVAL; 1100 words of com- puter memory.
GPS	Global Positioning System.

10. DATA SOURCES

The following sources of data were used in preparing this summary:

- Aircraft and avionics configuration data assembled by ARINC Research, principally in the form of copies of applicable sections, tables, and figures, form the aircraft and equipment Technical Orders listed at the end of this section.
- Avionics Planning Baseline Document October 1978
- Requirements Analysis for a Multifunction, Multiband Airborne Radio System (MFBARS), March 1978, ARINC Research Corporation Publication 1935-11-01-1769

Inventory of Technical Orders

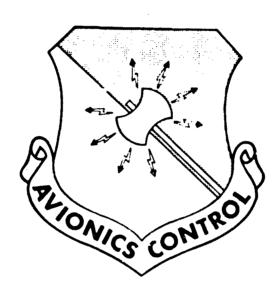
T.O. Number	Subject	Change Number	Date
IF-15A-01	List of Publications	Basic	4/15/77
IF-15A-1	Flight Manual	3	5/1/79
IF-15A-2-13	Weapons Control and Delivery System	9	8/1/77
IF-15A-2-16-1	Central Computer System	6	8/15/77
IF-15A-2-17	Air Data and Instrument System	11	7/15/77
IF-15A-2-18	Inertial Navigation, Site Indicator System	9	7/1/77
IF-15A-2-19	TACAN and Instrument Landing System	6	5/1/77
IF-15A-2-20	Auto Flight Control System	7	6/1/77
IF-15A-2-21	Auto Direction Finder	1	5/1/77
IF-15A-2-22	Identification and Recognition System	3	6/1/77
IF-15A-2-24	Head Up Display System	8	5/1/77
IF-15A-2-25	Radar System	ì	9/15/77
IF-15A-2-26	Lighting System	6	8/15/77
IF-15A-2-27	Electrical Power Supply	8	9/1/77
IF-15A-2-28-1	Wiring Diagrams	6	9/1/77
IF-15A-2-28-2	Wiring Diagrams	5	9/15/77
IF-15A-4-4	Instrument and Electric, Electronic Systems	1	6/15/77

(continued)

Inventory of Technical Orders (continued)

T.O. Number	Subject	Change Number	Date
IF-15A-4-7	Parts Index	1	5/15/77
IF-15A-21	Equipment Inventory	Basic	6/15/77
IF-15A-34-1-1	Non Nuclear Weapon Delivery Manual	Basic	9/1/77
12P4-2APX101-2	Radio	Basic	9/1/75
12P4-2APX76-2	Interrogator Set	Changed	1/15/77
12P2-2APG63-2	Antenna	1	12/15/76
12R2-2ARC109-4	Radio Set	9 .	6/15/76
12R5-2ARN118-1	TACAN Navigational Set	Basic	10/15/76
12R2-2ARC164-2	Radio Set	Basic	6/20/76

AVIONICS INTERFACE DATA SUMMARY FOR F-16A



October 1979

Issued by

The Deputy for Avionics Control
ASD/AX
A Joint AFSC/AFLC Organization

FOREWORD

This document is one of a series of reports that describe Avionics interfaces for various USAF aircraft. It was prepared for the Deputy for Avionics Control, Aeronautical Systems Division (ASD/AX), Wright-Patterson AFB, Ohio by ARINC Research Corporation, Annapolis, Maryland under Contract F33657-79-C-0567.

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Change	Subject	Date Entered	Initials
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1. INTRODUCTION

This document contains configuration data relevant to the integration of additional avionics into the F-16A aircraft.

This document will be revised periodically as additional modifications are planned and incorporated into the aircraft. Queries regarding information contained herein should be addressed to:

The Deputy for Avionics Control Code: ASD/AXP Wright-Pat%erson AFB, Ohio

This document was compiled from Air Force source materials by ARINC Research Corporation under Contract F33657-79-C-0567.

The applicable technical orders are included in the references listed in Section 10.

2. COCKPIT SPACE

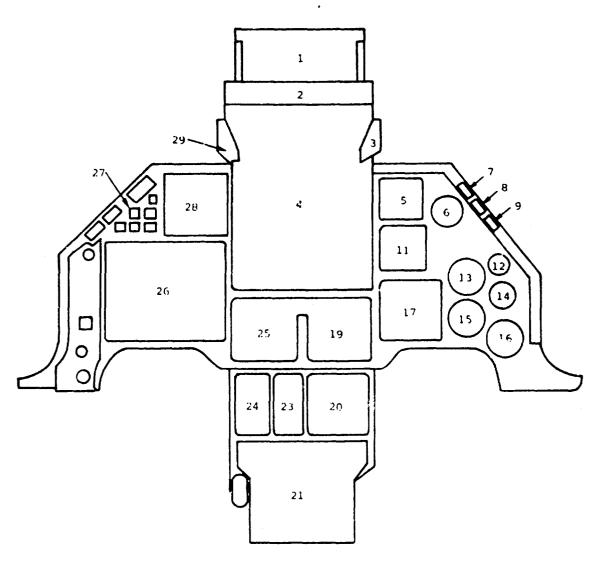
Table 2-1 summarizes the available cockpit space in the F-16A and provides references, as appropriate, to Figures 2-1, 2-2, and 2-3.

The F-16 program office is currently planning to relocate the cockpit Fire Control/Navigation Panel (FCNP) from the right console to the left console (ECP0076). No detailed information is currently available on this cockpit rearrangement except as shown in Figure 2-4 and in the ECP0076 overview that follows:

ECP0076 (Relocate FCNP) Modifications for FOTEE

- Modification will be made in accordance with formal retrofit engineering for FOTSE aircraft
- All modifications of approved ECP0076 configuration will be made:
 - Relocate FNCP (which necessitates moving other panels)
 - .. Relocate 3 Autopilot Switches
 - .. Delete Alternate Release Switch in F-16B Front Station
 - .. Relocate Selective Jettison Switch to the SM Panel
 - ** Reverse Gain and Symbology Controls on Radar/E-O Display
 - ** Increase Rotation of Manual Range Control
 - ** Rearrange Volume Control Knobs on COMM Panel
 - •• Change Intensity Control of AUX Console Gauges to the Instrument Control Knob
 - .. Reduce Intensity of AOA and NWS/AR Lights
 - Reverse the Switch Activation for Designate/Return-to-Search
 - .. Spring Load Speed Brake Switch in F-16B Rear Station
 - •• Additional Cockpit Utility Lights
 - •• Add the Roll, Pitch, Yaw, and Standby Gain Caution Lights to the Press-to-Self-Test Switch in the Crew Station

	Table	Table 2-1. F-163	P-16A AVAILABLE COCKPIT SPACE	
Unit	Figure Number	Item	Size (W, H, D)	Notes
INS Control (FCNP)	2-3	9	5-3/4" × 6" × 7"	To be relocated - ECP0076
Communications Panel	22	-		To be relocated - ECP0076
Anti-Ice/Antenna Select Panel	2-3	1 and 2	5-3/4" × 1-3/8"	To be relocated - ECP0076
Blark (reserved for video recorder)	2-2	25	5-3/4" × 2-1/4" × 7"	Growth space
Blank (reserved for video recorder)	2-3	16	5-3/4" × 2-5/8" × ×7"	Growth space
Blank	2-2	11 and 18	5-3/4" × 9" × ≈4"	Growth space (extended to
Blank	2-3	19	6" × 5" × 9-1/4"	Growth space
Stores Control Panel	2-1	26	6" × 5" × 9-1/4"	•
Threat Warning Azimuth Indicator	2-1	28	3-1/4" × 3"	
Radar/EO Display	2-1	21		CRT size is 4" x 4"
ILS Control	2-2	17	5-3/4" × 1-1/2" × 8"	To be relocated ~ ECP0076
WHF Control/Radio	2-2	4	5-3/4" × 4-7/8" × 8"	To be relocated - ECP0076
UHP Control/Radio	2-3	m	5-3/4" × 4-7/8" × 8"	To be relocated - ECP0076
Radar Control	2-2	71		To be relocated - ECP0076
Interior Lights Panel	2-3	4	5-3/4" × 4-3/8"	



- 1. HUD Combiner Glass
- 2. Gun Camera
- 3. Air Refuel Status/NWS Indicator
- 4. HUD Control Panel
- 5. Standby Attitude Indicator
- 6. FUEL FLOW Indicator
- 7. DUAL FC FAIL Warning Lamp (Red)
- 8. HYD/OIL PRESS Warning Lamp (Red)
- 9. CANOPY Warning Lamp (Red)
- 10. Deleted
- 11. Vertical Velocity Indicator
- 12. Engine Oil Pressure Indicator
- 13. Tachometer
- 14. Nozzle Position Indicator

- 15. FTIT Indicator
- 16. Fuel Quantity Indicator
- 17. Altimeter
- 18. Deleted
- 19. Attitude Director Indicator (ADI)
- 20. Horizontal Situation Indicator (HSI)
- 21. Radar/EO Display
- 22. Deleted
- 23. Angle of Attack (AOA) Indicator
- 24. Instrument Mode Select Panel
- 25. Air Speed/Mach Indicator
- 26. Stores Control Panel
- 27. Threat Warning Indicator Control Unit
- 28. Threat Warning Azimuth Indicator
- 29. Angle of Attack (AOA) Indexer

Figure 2-1. INSTRUMENT PANEL

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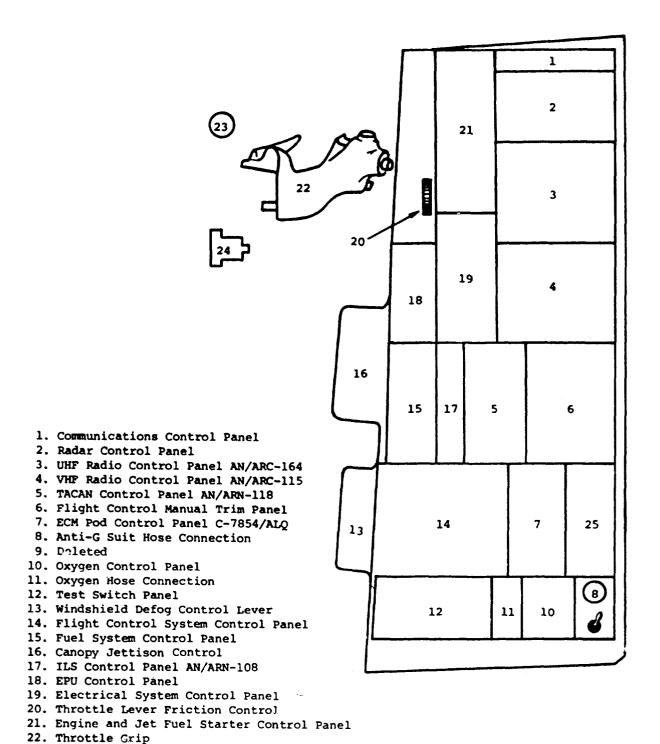


Figure 2-2. LEFT CONSOLE

23. Chaff/Flare Dispenser Button (on left

vertical panel)
24. Reduced Idle Thrust
25. Reserved-Video Recorder

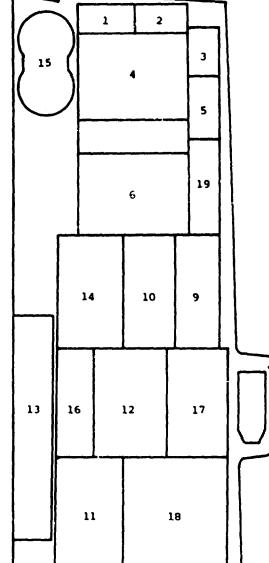


Figure 2-3. RIGHT CONSOLE

1. Engine Anti-Ice Switch 2. Antenna Select Panel

7. Deleted 8. Paleted

11. Growth Space

15. Side Stick

18. Growth Space 19. Growth Space

3. Nuclear Consent Switch (Guarded)

4. Interior Lighting Control Panel 5. Pressure Suit Vent Switch

9. Air Conditioning Control Panel 10. Secure Speech Control Panel KY-28/TSEC

17. Oxygen Regulator Control Panel

13. Map and Data Stowage Bin 14. External Lighting Control Panel

16. Reserved for JTIDS

12. Chaff/Flare Dispenser Control Panel

6. Fire Control/Navigation Control Panel (INS)

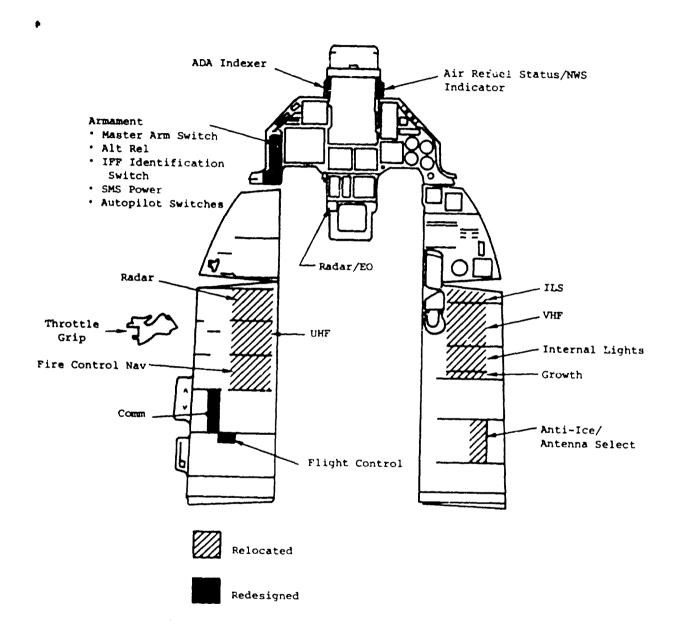


Figure 2-4. ECP0076 F-16A CREW STATION MODIFICATIONS

3. AVIONICS SPACE

There are several areas that could become locations for additional avionics equipment (see Figure 3-1 and Table 3-1). Behind the seat there is an avionics growth space. This space is irregularly shaped. The nominal size is 12 inches $H \times 24$ inches $W \times 24$ inches D. If JTIDS took over TACAN, that space would also be available. There are also two spaces available that have either limited or no access. There is also a radar growth space available. Space A (Figure 3-1) has not been dedicated to any avionics equipment.

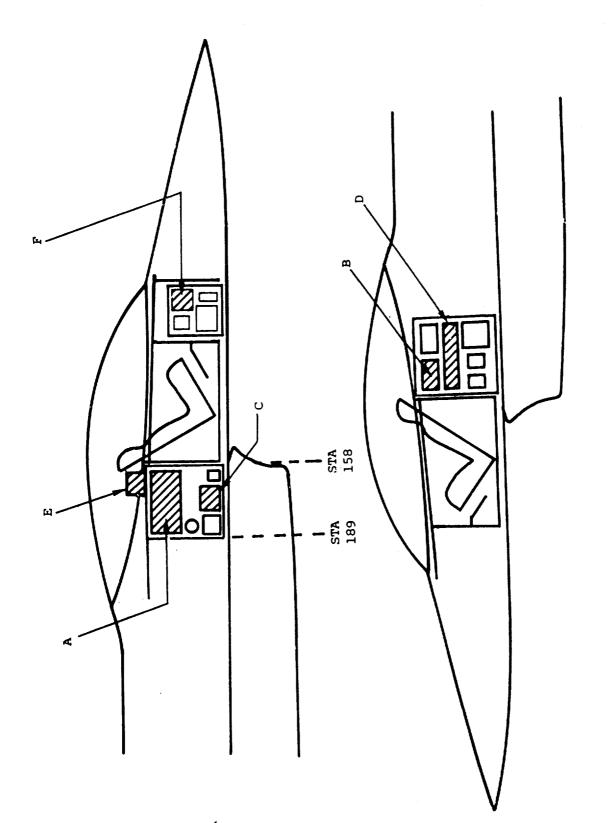


Figure 3-1. F-16A AVAILABLE AVIONICS SPACE

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Table 3-1. F2E SUMMARY - F-16A

F² E Criteria			Potential Available Space	lable Space		
Location Reference and Description	A 2404 Bay, RH Door 2404	C 2202 Bay, RH, ARN-118 TACAN Door 2202	B 2404 Bay, LH No Direct Access	D 2404 Bay, LH Door 2101	E Shelf Above and Behind Seat Cockpit	F RH Fwd Bay (Radar) TBD
Rectangular Size (H, W, D – Inches) Volume (Ft³)	12 × 24 ×24 4 Ft³	8.9 × 11.7 × 20.5	10× 11.2 × 5 0.3 Ft ³	4 × 15 × 9 0.3 Ft³	6×5×17 0.3 Ft³	6 × 9 × 8.2 0.3 Ft³
Type of Cooling Available	Forced Air Available	Forced Air Available	Fç/ced Air Available	Forced Air Available	Normal Cockpit Cooling	Forced Air Available
Temperature-Altitude Vibration	Class 2, MIL·E· 5400 8-15G	Class 2, MIL-E- 5400 8-15G	Class 2, MIL-E- 5400 15-30G	Class 2, M:L-E- 5400 15-30G	Class 1, NIL-E- 5400 8-15G	Class 2, MIL-E 5400 8-15G
Possible Candidates for this Space	Not Known	GPS	Not Known	Not Known	Not Known	Radar (Dedicated Growth Spece)
Remarks		IF JTIDS Performs TACAN	No Direct Access	Awkward Access	Awkward Form Factor	
*Where LRU is currently installed, the dimensions given represent dimensions or when no LRU is installed, the dimensions given are those of the available space.	y installed, the dim ed, the dimensions g	he dimensions given represent dimensions of LRU; isions given are those of the available space.	ent dimensions of e available space.	LRU;		

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4. ELECTRICAL POWER SYSTEM

The electrical power system in the F-16A consists of a primary ac power generating system, an emergency ac power generating system, a dc power system, a flight control power supply system, and a power distribution and control system.

Normally, electrical power is supplied by a 40 kVA generator system, supplying 115/200 V 400 Hz to the two ac power panel essential and non-essential buses. The emergency back-up system supplies 5 kVA 115/200 V 400 Hz electrical power. This generator is driven by the emergency power unit accessory gear box. If this system fails, the permanent magnet generator section of the emergency generator will supply dc power to the four flight control power supplies.

A 24 V battery system and two ac-to-dc, 100-amp converters supply 28 Vdc power. The converters take the power from either the main generator or emergency generator and convert it to dc power.

Reported electrical power growth reserve in the F-16A aircraft is as follows:

- 50 kVA ac capability
 - •• 33.7 kVA load
 - •• 16.3 kVA growth
- 200 amp 28 Vdc capability
 - •• 120 amp load
 - •• 80 amp reserve (nonessential bus limited)

5. ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL SYSTEM

5.1 General

The F-16A Environmental Control System (ECS) uses a regenerative, bootstrap open-air refrigeration system to provide cooling air to the cabin and to the various avionics and electrical equipments. The ECS uses bleed air from the seventh- and/or thirteenth-stage compressor bleed ports (depending on the available bleed pressures). The bleed air is cooled by the heat exchangers, passed through a water separator, then routed into two lines for cabin and avionics cooling.

5.2 Cabin Cooling

The ECS is designed to maintain a shirt-sleeve cockpit environment while cooling heat loads up to 7,834 BTU/hr or 2.296 kW. The cabin cooling air is discharged through the cabin pressure regulator into the forward equipment bay to aid in equipment cooling. In the forward equipment bay, the cabin air mixes with the discharge air from the forced air cooled equipment. The air mixture then flows aft through the under-floor and aft equipment bays, through the right-hand strake equipment bay, and is discharged overboard.

5.3 Avionics Cooling

The cooling air supplied by the ECS for force-cooled equipment is controlled at a nominal lower limit of 35°F, except during supersonic transients at high altitude when the cooling air temperature may be as low as 0°F. The ECS cooling air is maintained below 80°F at all times. The design cooling airflow is designed to vary with temperature. Minimum airflows of 1.69, 2.25, and 3.95 pounds per minute are required for temperatures of 0°F, 35°F, and 80°F respectively per kilowatt of electrical heat dissipated to the cooling air.

Those equipments which are not designed for forced-air cooling are cooled by convection to the surrounding air.

Table 5-1 illustrates the present ECS loads and anticipated load growth. Table 5-2 illustrates the ECS loads by compartments.

5.4 Cooling System Growth

Forced-air cooling system growth reserve is reported to be available to handle additional heat dissipation beyond current loads. Rated figures are as follows:

Capacity: 6.90 kW

Load: 5.43 kW

Reserve: 1.47 kW (this is forced-air cooling to avionics)

Identified Growth: 1.81 kW (see Tables 5-1 and 5-2)

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Table 5-1. F-16A AND E	ECS LOADS (WATTS) LECTRICAL EQUIPMEN	
	Cooling	Load
Equipment	Forced-Air Cooled	Self-Cooled to Ambient
Produc	ction Equipment	
Fire Control	3,892	332
Navigation	292	244
Penetration Aids	372**	428
Commun-Ident	145**	197
Flight Control	225**	43
SLM and CTG Accel	- -	139
Electrical	501	848
Other	7**	269
Total	5,434	2,500
Iden	tified Growth	
CW Illuminator	1,390	
Data Link	425	
Video Recorder		32
Total	1,805	32
Total Load	7,239	2,532

^{*}Data taken from General Dynamics Report 16 PR226A, 15 November 1976: F-16A/B Environmental Control System Analysis, with Table 3.1.2 revision dated 13 January 1978.

^{**}Equipment is self-cooled. Forced-cooled listing results from equipment bay area cooling requirements.

Table 5-2.		CONICS AND ELEC	CTRICAL ECS LO	F-16A AVIONICS AND ELECTRICAL ECS LOADS (WATTS) BY COMPARTMENT	COMPARTMENT	
	Presen	Present Loads	Identifi	Identified Growth	Total Heat	Total Heat Discipation
Compartment	Forced-Air Cooled	Self-Cooled to Ambient	Forced-Air Cooled	Self-Cooled to Ambient	Forced-Air Cooled	Self-Cooled to Ambient
Cabin	1	670	-	2		672
Padome	;	137	1	1	1	137
Forward Equipment Bay	3,157	16	l l	;	3,157	16
Under Floor Bay	1,026	200	l l	1	1,026	200
Aft Equipment Bay	436	1,009	1,805	30	2,241	1,039
Right-Hand Strake	240	375	1	;	240	375
Lower Equipment Bay	575*	93	;	•	575	93
Totals	5,434	2,500	1,805	32	7,239**	2,532
*Equipment is self-cooled.	led. Forced-	cooled listing	results from	Forced-cooled listing results from equipment area cooling requirements	e cooling vo	i romonte

"**System forced-air cooling capacity is 6,900 units.

6. CURRENT AVIONICS

Tables 6-1 through 6-13 contain LRU data relating to the F-16 avionics systems that make up the current or near-term configuration. Where no entries are shown, the data were not available for this report. Data pertaining to future avionics modifications are presented in Section 9.

		Table 6-1.	F-16A	AVIONICS	COMPTG	F-16A AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:	1	SET LAIS	UNP PADIO SET LRIS AN/ARC-164 KSH;*	· RSM:		
į	Momenclature	Location	۵	Dimensions (Inches)	4	Volume (Cubic	Weight	Aire	Aircraft	Ses t	Cooling	
			=	2	۵	Inches)	(Pounds)	Ş	8	Dissipation	Method	MOUNT THE
Receiver Transmitter:	RT-1168	Cockpit Left Console	€.	8.8	8.6	346.4	9.3	400W SVac Panel	v2.75	11.04 TX Node 154	Convection	Console
Main Receiver*	A-1977							14				•
Guard Receiver**	R-1976					-				.,-		
Transmitter*	T-1307											
Antenna Selector	C-4808/ARC	Right Lower Stiake			•							
UMF Blade: Antennas		Co-located with IFF Antennas										
Anti-Ice Antenna Selector Panel		Cockpit										
*ARC-164/V13: 5821-01-009	5821-01-008-4600; V14:	1	51 -4599	, v24:	4603; V	-4601; V15; -4599; V24; -4603; V3; -4604; V4: -4598	1: -4598					

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MTA: VHP RADIO SET LBUS AN/ARC-115 NSN: 5821-00-431-9824	or) description		Console	Cr*028	Console	
	Cooling	Method				
5821-00-431-9824	Heat	Dissipation	85W TX Mode			ment.
K-115 NSN:	Aircraft Power	R	27.5v			nis require
RUS AN/AF	Alre Por	ñ				rating th
RADIO SET L	Weight	(spinor)	6.5			5072. Trol incorpo
	Volume (Cubic	Inches)	205.8			821-00-935-5 cations cont
F-16A AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:	2	۵	0.8			d up: 5 1 communi be share
IICS CONF	Dimensions (Inches)	3	5.25			rs 401 au ntegrate cator to
6A AVION		=	¢:			al numbe y have i ncy indi
Table 6-2. F-1	Location		Cockpit Left Console	Cockpit Left Console	C.v. pit Right Instrument Panel	60-1710; seri et. F-16A ma parate freque
Tab	Momenclature		AN/ARC-115	C-6533/ARC or C-9533/ARC		eded for radio s on alludes to se
	į		Putto Sec	Control	Channel/Frequency+* Indicator (ilentrical)	*Serial numbers 1-400: \$821-00-150-1710; serial numbers 401 and up: \$821-00-935-5072. **Or equivalent needed for radio set. F-16A may have integrated communications control incorporating this requirement. **F-16 documentation alludes to separate frequency indicator to be shared by UMF and WMF sets.

	fable 6-3.	F-16 AVIOWICS CONFIGURATION DATA:	ONFICURA	TION DAT		PPCOMMUNICAT	INTERCOMMUNICATIONS SET AN/AIC-18*	AIC-18.		NSN:	: 5831-00-116-6503	503
ě	Momenclature	Location	٩	Dimensions (Inches)	•	Volume (Cubi :	Weight	Aircraft Power	ircraft Power	Heat	Cooling	
			z	3	۵	Inches	(Pounds)	¥C	8	Dissipation	Method	but a mode
Amplifier	АМ-1963/AIĊ	Behind Pilot Seat	3.0	5.7	4.7	₩.08	2.6				Convection	
Station Amplifier	C-6624/AIC-25	Ground Surface Compartment Lower Right of Engine Nacelle									Convection	
Marning Tone Generator		Right Console Below Exterior Lights Panel										
Intercommunica- tion Relay Matrix Assembly		Behind Pilot Seat										
Control Panel		Console										·
*5831-07-116-6503 also	3 also										Av & a	
						-						

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March Marc	Column C	1					-							
No. 11			* Samuel of use	Location		(Inches)		Volume (Cubic	Weight	Airc	raft er	Heat	Cooling	
Occepit Provided Jasters 3.13 8.0 84.5 5.0 115V JVA JVA JVA JVA JVA JVA JVA JVA JVA JV	Occepit intermediate 1.25 1.25 8.0 84.5 5.0 115V intermediate 107A intermediate Convection Section for fault 1.25 3.25 9.0 95.1 6.0 115V intermediate 280dc Convection Cockpit Center 1.25 2.375 2.375 1.315 14.1 0.815 39c Convection Cockpit Right 2.4 7.61 43.8 5.96 35.4 Convection Convection Sisk Forward 1.4 3.4 7.5 1.1 115V 9d Convection Posteral 1.43 3.53 3.51 1.1 115V Sya Convection Posteral 2.8 2.815 4.75 18.2 2.5 2.5 2.94 Convection Posteral 2.1 2.1 1.0 5.4 2.4 3.4 3.5 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.8 3.7 3.8 3.8 3.8 3.8 3.8 </th <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>I</th> <th>2</th> <th>Ω</th> <th>Inches)</th> <th>(Nomore)</th> <th>ç</th> <th>8</th> <th>Dissipation</th> <th>Method</th> <th>MOMBELLING</th>				I	2	Ω	Inches)	(Nomore)	ç	8	Dissipation	Method	MOMBELLING
Cockpit Right 1.25 1.25 9.0 95.1 6.0 115VA 594ac 26Vdc Comwetten Cockpit Right Value 2.5 2.375 2.375 1.4.1 0.6975 5Vac 5Vac Comwetten Cockpit Right Value 2.4 7.61 43.8 7.8c 5Vac 5Vac Comwetten Instrument Panel 1.35 5.375 25.1 1.1 115V 5Vac Comwetten Panel 1.25 5.375 25.1 1.1 115V 5Vac Comwetten Avionice Ray 2.8 2.875 1.89 10.7 1.0 5Vac Comwetten Connection 2.375 1.89 10.7 1.0 5Vac Convection	Cockpit Right 1.25 3.15 9.0 95.1 6.0 113V 154.6 26Vdc Commetion Cockpit Right 2.5 2.375 1.4.1 0.835 5Vac 228d Commetion Cockpit Right 2.4 2.4 7.61 41.8 7.5 1.1 115V 794 Commetion Cockpit Center 1.436 3.5 3.375 35.1 1.1 115V 794 Commetion Cockpit Right 2.135 2.815 4.75 38.2 2.5 37A 284 Commetion Aviorace Bay 2.8 2.815 4.75 38.2 2.5 37A 38A Commetion Contacted 2.135 2.315 1.89 10.7 1.0 5Vac Commetion Commetion		Carcago	Cockpit Forward Instrument Panel	3.25	3.25	0.8	84.5	5.0	115V 10VA 5VA 5VAC			Convection	Console
Cockpit Right 2.5 2.375 2.375 14.1 0.875 SVac Auxilisty 2.4 7.61 43.8 5Vac 28Vdc Convection Sister Forest Sister 1.43 1.25 5.375 5.375 35.1 1.1 115V SVA Convection Panel Forest Cockpit Center 1.439 3.25 5.375 3.37 35.1 1.1 115V SVA Convection Port of Convertion Sedestal 2.8 2.875 4.75 38.2 2.5 28Vdc Convection Cockpit Right 2.375 1.89 10.7 1.0 5Vac SVac Convection	Cockpit Right 2.5 2.375 2.375 14.1 0.875 SVac Auxilisty Console Cockpit Right 2.4 7.61 43.8 50.00<	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	420-13A 131, 6610-00- 427-9220	Cockpit Center Pedestial	3.25	3.25	9.0	95.1	0.9	115V 15VA 5V&C 26V&C	26vdc		Convection	Console
ABY-2/A-1 Cockpit Right 2.4 7.61 43.8 5.94 5894 Convection 1.1.1 115V 94 Convection Panel Instrument 1.438 3.25 5.375 25.1 1.1 115V 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0	AB2/A-1 Goodpit Right 2.4 7.61 41.8 5.45 5.47 5.40 6 Convection 5.45 5.45 5.45 5.45 5.45 5.45 5.45 5.4		A	Cockpit Right Auxiliary Console	2.5	2.375	2.375	14.1	0.875	SVac				
Cockpit Center 1.438 1.25 5.375 25.1 1.11 115V Convection Pedestal 200	Cockpit Center 1.438 3.25 5.375 25.1 1.1 115V Convection Pedestal 2.8 2.875 4.75 38.2 2.5 2.84 Convection Forward Avionics Bay 2.8 2.875 4.75 38.2 2.5 2.5 28Vdc Convection Cockpit Right 2.375 1.89 10.7 1.0 5Vac Convection Console 2.375 1.89 10.7 1.0 5Vac Convection		1.2 + 4510-00- 1.2 + 4510-00- 1.2 + 4773	Cockpie Right Sida Porward Instrument Panel	2.4	2.4	7.61	43.8		SVac	28Vdc 25W 9W		Convection	Cantolo
Forward Avionics Bay Avionics Bay 1.8 2.85 4.75 18.8 2.5 280dc Convection 15th 944 Cockpit Right 2.375 2.375 1.89 10.7 1.0 5Vac Console	Porvard 2.875 4.75 38.2 2.5 289dc Convection Avionics Bay 2.375 1.89 10.7 1.0 5Vac 9M Convection Cockpit Right 2.375 2.375 1.89 10.7 1.0 5Vac Convection		3-,-014-001 8-y-014-001 8-yyy		1.438	3.25	5.375	25.1	:	115V 5VA 5V 2VA			Convection	Console
Cockpit Right 2.375 2.375 1.89 10.7 1.0 SVac	Cockpit Right 2.375 2.375 1.89 10.7 1.0 SVac		Ti 2A/A N° 1. 5615-00- ICB+ 1564	Forward Avionics Bay	2.8	2.875	4.75	38.2	2.5		28Vdc 15W		Convection	Console
			ABE 31/A NS : 3545-00- GT: 3050		2.375	2.375	1.89	10.7	1.0	SVac			Convection	Console
					- 12						* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *			
						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·					14-14-14-1	

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	Novating		lack	'lard	Mard	Hard	P. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C.	Constite	e::oseo:	Connect to	
NSW: TBD	Cooling	Method	Forced Air	K/A	*	K/A	Convection	Convection	Convention	Convection	
	Heat	Dissipation									
748.85	Aircraft Power	8									
CADC AND OTHERS	Aire	J.	#59 ASTT	115V 350M	135V 1700V	26Vac 800Hz 115V 125VA+ 30VA		SVac	2.5vA 25vA 5vac 28v 2.5vA	SVec	
	Weight	(Pounds)	17.5		5.5	2.7		2.5	4.5	1.75	
F-16 AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:	Volume	Inches)	537.9					6.9.9	73.9	29.6	
AVIONIC	9 .	Q	12.5	N/A		N/A		6.62	7.0	2.375	
	Dimensions (Inches)	,	6.2	N/N		ž		3.25	3.25	2.375	
Table 6-5.		=	6.94	۲ ۲		<u> </u>		3,25	3.25	5.25	
	Location		Forward Avionics Bay	Lower Left On Fuselage	No see	One On Each Side Of Nose	Avionics Caution Panel Cockpit Right Console	Center Instru- ment Panel	Center Instru- ment Panel	ment Panel	
	Money		Sperity 4025110~902	MS2718% 2 NSN: 6+R5+00+ 803- 77/55	Rosemo: 855EG	Teledyna S129695		AVU-BC/A NSN: TBD	AAU- 34/A NSN: TBD	AAU-18/A NSN: 6610-00- 078- 5694	
			Air Data Computer	Total Temperature Probe	Pitot Static Probe	Angle of Attack Probe	CADC Fail Lamp	Airspeed Indicator	Altimeter	Vertical Velocity Indicator	

		Tab!	Table 6-6.	F-16A A	VIONICS	COMPIGURATIO	F-16A AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA: TACAN LHUS ANJANN-118	N THE N	K/AM-118		MSH: 5826-01-015-0839	015-0019
1	Momenclature	Location		Dimensions (Inches)	•	Volume	160 ight	Aircraft	raft	ž	Cooling	:
			*	,	۵	Inches)	(Pounds)	¥	Ħ	Dissipation	Method	Mount Ling
Transceiver Unit	KT-1159/A	Right Strake Equipment Bay	6.8	7.5	14.5	745.5	26.5	115V 150#		100%	Internal Blower	Secured to mount with two captive
Digital-to- Analog Adapter	HX-9577/A	Right Strake Equipment Bay	8 .9	1.7	13.0	159.1	».	26V*		100	Convection	nut latches Secured to mount with one captive
Mount	HT-4682/A	Aight Strake Equipment Bay	2.1	11.7	20.5	503.7	-	26V 26VA			Convection	mut latch Shock
Control Unit	C-9603/A	Left After Cockpit Console		e.	*	73.	~	25.0VA**		ž.	Convection	- Consol •
*For analog indicators. **Total system power required.	icators.											

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		Pour region	Quick Memoval From 190/Patt Mount	Console Nountaed	Outch Pennyal From 110/Park Hount	
MSM: 178.D	Cooling	Method	Forced Air	Convection	COB 120 COB 12	
t Laus	Ĭ	Dissipation	:			e poest.
TON SYSTEM	Alreraft	8		2 av dc 5 ou		Value shown is running prime
L HAVICAT	ALM	ĸ	300VA* 10 1115Vac 6008 60VA 10 26Vac	15va 0-5vac		Own 16 ru
TA: INENTI	Meight	(Pounds)	¥ .	ê.	3	1 1
P-16A AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA: INENTIAL MAVICATION SYSTEM LAUS	Volume (Cubic	Inches)	₹ .	249.7	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	for heaters
ites conn	, J	٥	15.2	7.3	ý.]
16A AVION	Dimensions (Inches)	,	\$.5	<u>'</u> ;	6	Det veen
1 1		3	7.6	0.9	•	divides
Table 6-7.	Location		Forward Avionics Bay	Cockpit Right Console	Avionics Bay	1480 VA of this divides between 2 phases for heaters.
	Momenclature		Singer-Kearfott Porward Part No. K160A030	Singer-Kearfott Cockpit Right Part No. K330A034	Gulton ind., inc Forward Part Mo. 16342 Avionics Bay	p, 3 \$ 400 N. 14 g airflow require
	į		Inertial Mavigation Unit	Fire Control/ Navigation Panel	Battery	*1830 VA start-up, 3 \$ 400 N. 1480 VA of this ** Mafer to cooling airflow requirements curve.

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Continue Continue	Miccaft Noight Power (Pounds) AC DC 28V* 45M Max
1.5 5.4 4.7 38.1 Convection 4.89	7 28V* 45W A&X
5.1 1.9 10.1 200.9 7 28V* Convection 458 1.5 5.4 4.7 39.1 Convection Convection Convection 1.9 0.6 2.5 0.4 28Vdc	
1.5 5.4 4.7 39.1 Convection Convection 1.9 0.8 2.5 0.4 2894c 1.9 0.8 2.5 0.4 2894c	36.1
0.0 2.5 0.4 2.5 Convection Convection 1.9 0.4 1.40%	
1.9 0.8 2.5 0.4 2.6Vdc Convection 1.9 0.8 1.0Ns	
1.9 0.8 2.5 0.4 286dc Convection	
1.9 0.6 2.5 0.4 28vdc 140vs 140vs	
1.9 0.6 2.5 0.4 28Vdc 1.9 140Ms	
1.9 0.6 2.5 0.4 28Vdc 140Ms	

739	3		Rack	Console	Rack (no isolatora)	Console	Hard	HAEG	
5895-01-016-6739	Cooling	Method	Convection	Convection	Convection		4.00		
11 KSH :	Haat	Dissipation	. MS 9		304				
AN/APX-10	raft	¥.	28V 63.5W	0.2A 28V	400Hz 30W				
STEN LRUS	Aircraft Power	ž		6∨€	†				
F-16A AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA: IFF SYSTEM LRUS AN/APX-101	Weight	(pumou)	14.3	3.0	11.0			:	
PIGURATION D	Volume (Cubic	Inches)	375.8	93.6	266.5				
NICS CON		Q	10.8		8.212				
16A AVIO	Dimensions (Inches)	3	6.0	5.75	5.010				
	a .	Ŧ	5.8	5.25	6.522				
Table 6-9.	Location		Left After Equipment Bay	Cockpit Left Forward Console	Left After Equipment Bat	Cockpit Right Consolu	Top Fuselage Forward of Vertical Stabilizer	Bottom Fuselage Forward of Front Wheel	
	Nomenclature		RT-106 JB	C-6280A(P)	KIT-1A/TSEC				
	ě		Transponder	Control Panel	Transponder Computer	Antenna Selector Switch	Upper Antenna	Lower	

	Tab	Table 6-10. F-16A	AVIORIC	S CONFIC	JRATION	F-16A AVIONICS CONFICURATION DATA: RADAR SYSTEM (WESTINGHOUSE # 646FA83CD1)	SYSTEM (WE	STINGHOUSI	E 6 646R48	3001)	MSW: TBD	
i	Nomenclature (Westinghouse	Location	٥	Dimensions (Inches)		Volume	Welght	Airc Por	Aircraft Power*	HE C	Cooling	Hounting
	Drawing Numbers)		=	*	۵	Inches)	(Founds)	ķ	ន	Dissipation	Method	
Antenna	16VE009001	Nose Radome					61.1	681VA		8 .0	Forced Air at 27°C	Hard
Transmitter	16VE009002	Porward Equip- ment Bay Left	11.8	18.5	10.5	2292.2	69.2	1424VA	294	3.6	Forced Air at 27°C	Rack
Low Power RP	16VE009003	Forward Equipment Bay Right	11.3	7.0	22.4	1771.8	52.7	60 JVA	207w	2.5	Forced Air at 27°C	Rack
Digital Signal Processor	16VE009006	Forward Equipment Bay Right	11.3	7.1	23.4	1877.4	63.4	1059VA		:	Forced Air at 27°C	Rack
Computer	16VE009004	Forward Equip- 11.3 ment Bay Right	11.3	0.	24.5	1107.4	30.5	348VA		1.2	Forced Air at 27°C	Rack
Radar Control Panel	16VE009005	Left Cockpit Console	3.8	5.8	6.5	143.3	3.8	8vA	12W		Convection	Console
Pa CK	16VE009007									·		•
*All ac power is	"All ac power is 115 v, 3 o, 400 Hs; all dc power is 28 vdc." **Neat dissipation is given in terms of pounds/minute of forced air.	O Hz; all dc powers of pounds/mi	er is 28 inute of	vdc. forced	itr.							

	,				_
		The same of the sa			
MSM: TBD	Cooling	Method	Convection	Convection	
	ĭ	Dissipation	100 MTU 1 PF		
EQUI PHENT	raft.	8	7.5	ě	
CRYPTOGRAPHIC SQUIPMENT	Aircraft	×		\$	
	Weight	(Longue)	4.25		
F-15A AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:	Volume (Cubic	Inches)			
towics of	ns)	۵	4 .2	2.3	
AV W01-1	Dimensions (Inches)	2	\$.0	5.8	
- 1		*	4.88	3.6	
rabie 6-11.	Location				
	Momenclature		TSEC/KY-58	C-7990/ARC	
	N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N		Secure Voice Device	Control Unit	

-	_		т											
- ;		Mounting					Pres	Hard	Hard					
MSM: TRO	Cooling	Method			Porced Air		\$	Ş	4					
	les t	Dissipation												
STATE TO	Aircraft	8												
STORES INCINCENSITY STRING LICE	A P	¥		Š	3306		*	ž	2					
MIA! STORE	Meight	(Pounds)		\$;	17.9		 s	2.3	2.3 4.5					
Will write out the same of the	Volume	Inches)		279	1458									
	3 _	۵		9.3	12.0		13.25	13.25	13.25		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	(Inches)	,		9.	13.5	5.0	3.	3.2	?					
- 1		•		5.0	9.0	::	2.0	2.0	5.0					
	Location		Left Instru-	Left Instru- ment Panel	Left Forward Avionics Bay	Right Cockpit Console	Under Wings Between Pylons	Under Wings On Appropri- ate Pylons	Under Wings On Appropri- ate Pylons	Left Porvard Cockpit Console				
	Nomenclature				G-D Part No. 81755-16E1235- 827								· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	į		Armament Panel	Stores Control Panel	Central Inter- face Unit	Nuclear Consensistich	Jettison and Release Remote Interface Units	Conventional Weapons Inter- face Units	Missle Remote Interface Units	Emergency Stores Jettison Switch Panel				

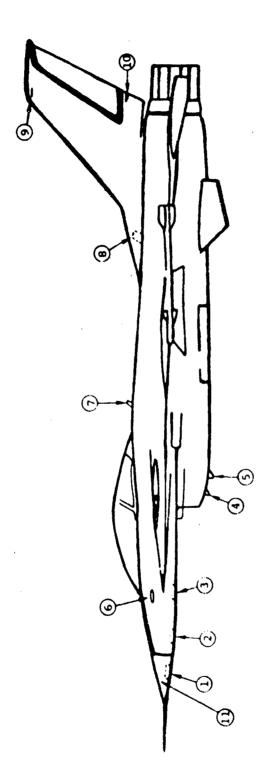
	Enter to								
	Cooling	Method	Forced Air	Convection	Convection	Forced Air	Porced ALE	Con vact i en	
Accesso		Di se ipat ion							
	Power	Ħ		3					
	E E	K	1928	ζ	ğ	125w	1744	**	
	be light		*	\$	9	•	2	s.c	
	Volume (Cubic	[aches]	56 0			ş	731.3		
		۵	20.0			15.0	13.0		
Laena lor	(Inches)	>	8.0			7.0	7.5		
		=	7.8			0,	7.5		
	Location		Right After Equipment Bay	Top Center Instrument Panel	Mottom Center Instrument Panel	Left Forward Avionics Bay	Left Forward Avionics Bay		
	Momenclature		Delco Magic 362F-2						
	**************************************		Fire Control Computer	Head-Up Display	El. ctro/Optical Display	Reo Electronics Kaiser PN Unit	Head-Up Display Electronics Unit	Unit Senbor	

7. ANTENNAS

Figure 7-1 shows the antenna locations for the antennas of the F-16A aircraft.

The antenna functions and nomenclature are as follows:

1.	Glideslope	Collins No. 608-6929-001
	Localizer	Collins No. 608-6930-001
2.	TACAN (flush)	Transco No. 2282-2
3.	Marker Beacon	Transco No. 16F0-1500-1
4.	TWS	TBD
5.	UHF/IFF	Dorne and Margolin No. CN18-7
6.	TWS	TBD
7.	TACAN	Sensor Systems No. 565-5366-16L
8.	UHF/IFF	Dorne and Margolin No. CN18-7
9.	VHF	GD 16E130-3
10.	TWS	TBD
11.	Radar	Westinghouse, #646R483G01



1. Glideslope/Localizer Antenna 2. TACAN Antenna

3. Marker Beacon Antenna 4. Threat Warning Antenna 5. URE /IFF Antenna 6. Threat Warning Antenna

7. TACAN Antenna 8. UHF/IFF Antenna

9. VHF Antenna

10. Threat Warning Antenna 11. Radar Antenna

Figure 7-1. F-16A ANTENNA LOCATIONS

360

7-2

8. INTERFACE DATA

This section contains examples of interface signal characteristics and a description of the F-16A-MIL STD 1E53 Multiplex bus requirements. These data were extracted from applicable sections of the Interface Control Document (ICD) for integration of GPS User Equipment in the F-16 aircraft.

Each signal characteristic sheet discusses a particular signal. The top line contains the signal name, type of signal (digital, analog, discrete, or syncronous), signal source and load, and whether the signal is an input or output of the GPS user equipment. A functional description follows, together with a description of the signal's characteristic:.

The general requirements of the MIL STO 1953 data bus, as applied in the F-16A, are included in this section beginning on Page 8-9. These requirements are extracted from the Interface Control Document for the F-16 Avionics System, 16PP188(C) dated 27 July 1976.

	SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	70
ì	Horizontal Deviation	Analog, d.c.	С	UÉ	IMSC

Functional Description

This signal provides a variable d.c. signal that indicates the displacement of the aircraft to the left or right of an approach course. The displacement represented by the indicating device will be controlled by UE software.

Signal Characteristics

Range: Typically ± 2.5⁰ full scale angular deflection for localizer. For area navigation systems, the Area Navigation Subcommittee of the Air Transport Association's Air Traffic Control Committee has recommended a range of 600 to 3000 feet full scale* deflection for

approach flight modes.

Index Reference: Desired approach course Positive Direction Sense: Fly right (+ right)

Electrical Characteristics

Load: d.c. meter movement (two in parallel) impedance: 1000 ± 30 ohms (one instrument) Current: 2.5 ma for full scale deflection Scale Factor: 2.2 ma for 0.875 inch deflection Resolution: 166 µa | one bar width) Accuracy: ±7.5 percent

Interconnection Jata

Wire Type: Two conductor, twisted Wire Size: No. 22 AWG

Figure 1-16. F-16A Horizonta Deviation Inverface Signal Characteristics

*Reference ARING Characteristic 582-2

	Ā	 :co	- GPS -0	12	-
į	tt=-(٧		35	_

SIGNAL MAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	το
Horizontal Deviation Flag	Discrete	0	UE	IMSC

Functional Description

Provides a discrete signal to operate the horizontal deviation warning flag or circuit when the deviation data is unreliable or a malfunction has occurred in the course deviation circuitry.

Signal Characteristics

Deviation signal valid or invalid

Electrical Characteristics

Load: d.c. meter movement (two in parallel) Impedance: 1000 + 30 ohms (one instrument) Input Voltage: 245 to 500 mv = signal valid <180 mv = signal invalid

Interconnection Data

Wire Type: Two conductor, twisted Wire Size: No. 26 AWG

Figure 1-1c. F-16A Horizontal Deviation Flag Interface Signal Characteristics

ICD-GPS-012

SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	70
Vertical Deviation	Analog, d.c.	0	UE	IMSC

Functional Description

Provides a variable d.c. signal that indicates the displacement of the aircraft above or below a desired flight path. The displacement represented by the indicating device will be controlled by UE software. Deflection of the indicating device may represent angular displacement or distance.

Signal Characteristics

Range: Typically ± 0.5° full scale angular deflection for glideslope operation. For an area navigation system, the Area Navigation Subcommittee of the Air Transport Association's Air Traffic Control Committee has recommended a range of 40 to 100 feet full scale for approach flight modes.*

Electrical Characteristics

Load: d.c. meter movement (two in parallel)
Impedance: 1000 + 30 ohms (one instrument)
Current: 2.5 ma for full scale deflection
Scale Factor: 2.2 ma for 0.875 inch deflection
Resolution: 106 ua (one bar width)
Accuracy: + 7.5 percent

Interconnection Data

Wire Type: Two conductor, twisted Wire Size: No. 26 AWG

Figure I-1d. F-16A Vertical Deviation Interface Signal Characteristics

*Reference ARING Characteristic 582-2

A ICD-GPS-012

SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	T 0
Vertical Deviation Flag	Discrete	0	UE	IMSC

Functional Description

The state of the s

Provides a discrete signal to operate the vertical deviation warning flag or circuit when the deviation data is unreliable or a malfunction has occurred in the vertical deviation circuitry.

Signal Characteristics

Deviation signal valid or invalid

Electrical Characteristics

Load: d. c. meter movement (two in parallel)
Impedance: 1000 + 30 ohms
Imput Voltage: 245 to 500 mv = signal valid
<180 mv = signal invalid

Interconnection Data

Wire Type: Two conductor, twisted Wire Size: No. 26 AWG

Figure 1-le. F-16A Vertical Deviation Flag Interface Signal Characteristics

ICO-GPS-012

Attachment to Appendix 1V Reproduced from Interface Control Document For The F-16 Avionics System 16PP188(C) 27 July 1976

3. REQUIREMENTS

3.1 General Requirements. The detailed interface requirements for the F-16 Avionic System shall be as specified in this document.

3.2 Zlectrical Interface

3.2.1 General. The signal interface for each subsystem is documented in the subsection covering tie-ins for the individual subsystem. Electrical signal specifications are included for signals routed "to", "from", and/or "within" the subsystem. The electrical signal specification number is assigned by using the convention outlined in Figure 1. This specification number is used as the "tie-in" sheet number.

Schematic diagrams, signal flow diagrams, and sketches of physical hook-ups are provided as supplementary sheets where required for clarification of interface requirements.

3.2.2 Signal Interface Definition

- 3.2.2.1 <u>Signal Types</u>. This paragraph contains a definition of the basic types of electrical signal interfaces and terms which describe signal characteristics. Signal types include:
- 1. Power Excitation and Reference All 115 vac, 400 herts, and 28 vdc power excitation and reference signals.
 - 2. Analog Synchro, AC, and DC analog signals.
- 3. <u>Discrete</u> All two-state signals which are transmitted or received over one wire and a return. The return may be common to several discretes. It is also used for complementary two-state which are transmitted or received over two wires and a common return.
- 4. <u>Serial Digital</u>. All signals transmitted or received on the multiplex data bus in standard binary digital format; it includes status and control signals.
- 5. <u>Video</u> All video and high frequency signals when coaxial or waveguide transmission lines are employed.

ELECTRICAL SIGNAL SPECIFICATION IDENTIFICATION NUMBER

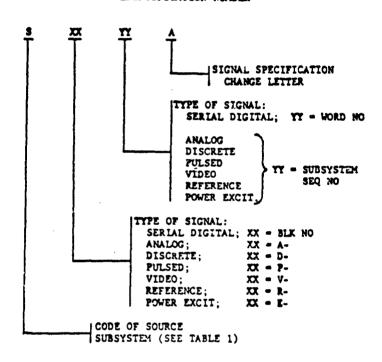


Figure 1 BREAKDOWN OF SIGNAL SPECIFICATION NUMBER

3.2.3.2 <u>Signal Interface Specification Description Format</u>. The format to be used for each of the above signal types and a definition of interface terms are presented in this paragraph.

3.2.2.2.1 <u>Definition of Interface Terms</u>. The interface terms are defined as follows.

ACCURACY - (ANALOG) - Unless otherwise specified, the accuracy shall be defined as the overall RMS error, in units of physical data, in the tie-in signals at the input of the receiving element. This accuracy does not include the error contributed by the receiving element, but it does include the loading effect of the receiver. Accuracy values are included under remarks section for reference only.

ACCURACY - (SERVAL DIGITAL) - Number of significant bits required to represent the value of the quantity, i.e., minimum number of bits needed to preyent degradation.

BANDWIDTR - The electrical bandwidth of the signal.

BINARY STATES - The True (T) state, logical "l" with voltage tolerances and the False (F) state, logical "O" with voltage tolerances.

BIT NUMBERS - Definition of the parameters of the data bits of a specified serial digital address.

BIT RATE - The rate at which bits are generated at the source (bits/second).

BLANKING INTERVAL - (VIDEO) - The interval during which blanking occurs.

CABLE TYPE - Type of interconnecting cable (i.e., wirs size, twisted pair, twisted shielded triplet, coaxial, etc.)

COMPUTATION RATE (SERIAL DIGITAL) - The rate at which data is updated at the source.

DATE - Date of the last signal revision in the format: day, month, year.

DC REFERENCE LEVEL - (VIDEO) - Reference level of the wideo signal, at output of transmitting LRU.

DESTINATION - Set or interim distribution point which receives the tie-in signal.

DISTRIBUTION - Listings of all destinations receiving the tie-in signal.

ELECTRICAL SIGNAL SPECIFICATION - The specification number for a particular signal shall be of the form SXXYYA as shown in Figure 1. Each signal, from origin to destination, will have a distinct specification number.

ISOLATION - Type of isolation required at the destination load.

LSB VALUE - The value assigned to the least significant bit of the parameter data.

MAXIMUM LOAD CURRENT - The maximum signal current allowed in a receiver load.

MAXIMUM NOISE LEVEL - The maximum electrical noise level that can be tolerated on the circuit without degradation.

 ${\tt MAXIMUM\ POWER\ -\ The\ maximum\ source\ signal\ power\ available\ from\ the\ transmitting\ element.}$

MAXIMUM PRF - The maximum pulse repetition frequence of the element from which the RF energy is originally transmitted.

MAXIMUM SOURCE CURRENT - The maximum current the source must be capable of providing.

MAXIMUM VOLTAGE - The maximum signal voltage encountered on a particular conductor (maximum steady-state voltage allowed by MIL-STD-704A at -65°).

MAXIMUM VSWR - The maximum ratio occurring between the standing wave maximum voltage and the standing wave minimum voltage measured along a particular RF conductor.

MINIMUM VOLTAGE - The minimum steady-state source signal voltage encountered on a particular conductor.

MSB VALUE - The value assigned to the most significant bit of the parameter data.

NO. OF BITS - Number of bits utilized for a particular parameter or the number of complementary bits required to transfer the specified data the tie-in represents.

NOMINAL VOLTAGE - (POWER EXCITATION AND REFERENCE) - Value of voltage with tolerances. This value is specified at the output of the transmitting equipment.

OFFSET VALUE - Value of a constant that is added to actual engineering data to represent the data.

PHASE - (POWER AND REFERENCE) - This term is used to identify phase for AC signals.

PHASE SHIFT - (ANALOG) - The nominal phase angle between the reference voltage and the voltage in question. Phase shift is referenced to the A/C bus Phase A. If the tie-in voltage leads the referenced voltage, the phase shift is defined as positive.

PHASING - (ANALOG) - Phase relationship between the analog signal and the physical data (i.e., +AB for east values, CCW rotation for increasing north latitudes, etc.). The med wire (R1) on all synchro control transmitters will be excited by A/C bus Phase A. Synchros shall be zeroed and installed in accordance with ARINC unless otherwise noted.

PIN NUMBER - The identifying character(s) for the termination contact.

RATE - (DISCRETE)(PULSES) - The maximum number of pulses occurring in one second.

(STEADY-STATE) - Maximum rate of change of the tie-in signal in terms of units of physical data per unit time at which the tie-in signal will maintain full accuracy (maximum rate at which the discrete can change state).

RECEIVER LOAD - The impedance characteristics of the tie-in signal termination at $25\,^{\circ}\text{C}_{\odot}$

REMARKS - Additional information, specification, etc. not covered by the format.

REPETITION PERIOD - (VIDEO) - Time required for a repetitive cycle in the various fields of view,

RESOLUTION - The minimum increment by which a parameter changes.

SCALE FACTOR - (ANALOG) - The nominal ratio of the incremental change in analog signal to the incremental change in physical data (i.e., - volts/knot, - volts/foot, - volts/degree, etc.). In general, the absolute scale factor will change with changes in primary input voltage, but the ratios will remain constant. Scale Factor is not applicable to switching signals.

SCALE FACTOR - (DIGITAL) - The number of places and direction that the binary point is shifted in converting a binary quantity to its fractional representation in the interface data word (left shift positive, right shift negative).

SENSITIVITY - (SYNCHRO) - Applicable only to control type synchro tie-ins. The nominal voltage gradient as measured at the rotor of the reference synchro under total configuration as per synchro chain drawings (defined as the voltage at maximum coupling times the sine of one degree). Unless otherwise specified on a particular interface sheet, the tolerance on the sensitivity resulting from the transmitting element is +5 percent. An additional tolerance of +5 percent can result from MIL-STD-704A line voltage variation.

SENSITIVITY - (ANALOG) - The minimum increment by which a parameter changes.

SHIELD - The subcontractor shall define the termination of the shield (i.e., Ground, Float, Connector pin number for carry through).

SIGNAL INTERVAL - (VIDEO) - The time interval during which wideo is present.

SIGNAL LABEL - The unique signal label which is utilized as an abbreviation to represent the signal name.

SIGNAL NAME - Name of the electrical signal.

SIGNAL RANGE - The upper and lower set of values which physical data may assume.

SIGNAL TYPE - The distinct type of signal being generated.

SOURCE - The subsystem from which a particular signal originates.

SOURCE CODE - A single alphanumeric character used in the signal specification to designate the source (see Table 1).

SOURCE IMPEDANCE - Output impedance of the transmitting element.

SUBADDRESS - Identification of block of word(s) to be transmitted/received over the data bus.

TRANSMISSION RATE - The rate at which a parameter shall be transmitted from the origin to the destination.

UNITS - Parameter measure, e.g., ft/second, semicircles, degrees.

VOLTAGE RANGE - The variation in voltage required in representing the physical range of the signal.

- 3.2.3 Avionic serial digital interface description. Digital communication between avionic subsystems shall be in a bit serial, word serial format, over time division multiplexed serial data buses. All serial digital communication between avionic subsystems shall conform to the detail requirements delineated in this section. These requirements were generated utilizing MIL-STD-1553 dated 30 August 1973 for reference.
- 3.2.3.1 Serial digital functional interface. The serial digital data bus shall function asymptomously in a command/response mode, and transmission shall occur in a half-duplex manner. Sole control of information transmission shall reside with the bus controller, which shall initiate all transmissions. The information flow on the data bus shall be comprised of messages which are, in turn, formed by three types of words (command, data and status) as defined in 3.2.3.3.7. All elements of the avionic subsystia interfaces shall conform to the electromagnetic interference and electromagnetic compatibility requirements specified in paragraph 3.2.7.

SURSYSTEMS ABBREVIATION AND CODE

2000	ABBREV	SUBSYSTEM	3000	ABBREY	SUBSTSTEM
L .	23	FIRE CONTROL COMPUTER	<	API	AUTO PILOT
e £	FCA	FIRE CONTROL RADAR	•	11.5	INSTRUMENT LANDING SYSTEM
I	GAN	HEAD UP DISPLAY	٥	KBC	KB-26 CAMERA
S	SHS	STORES MANAGEMENT SUBSYSTEM	ပ	LCP.	LANDING GEAR CONTROL
7	REO	RADAR/ED DISPLAY SET	ר	rc.	LIGHTING CONTROL PANEL
м	211	INERTIAL MAVICATION UNIT	0	VDR	TIDEO RECORDER
۵.	<u>5</u>	FIRE CONTROL/NAVICATION PANEL	۳	ISC	INSTRUMENT MODE SELECT
ပ	ADC	CENTRAL AIR DATA COMPUTER			COUPLER
W	TSL	TARGET IDENTIFICATION SET, LASER	,	FQC	FUEL QUANTITY CONTROL UNI
I	AIL	THROTTLE CRIP	×	. S	INTERCOM SYSTEM
~	FTC	SIDE STICK CONTROLLER		PPL	POWER PANEL
•	MDI	ATTICHDE DIRECTOR INDICATOR	×	HS I	HORIZONTAL SITUTATION IN-
	BIK	BLANKER			DICATOR
7	رڊ دو	CAUTION PANEL			
6 0	3	CREW STATION WARNING LICHT'S			
~	EG S	ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL SYSTEM	×	CSR	CROUND SENSING RELAY
4	EOS	EO SENSOR			
7	Ħ	FUEL FLOW TRANSMITTER			

Table 1 SUBSTSTEDS ABBLEVIATION AND COOR

3.2.3.2 <u>Communication modes</u>. The serial digital data bus shall employ three modes of information transfer: (1) bus controller to avionic subsystem transfer, (2) avionic subsystem to bus controller transfer, and (3) avionic subsystem to avionic subsystem transfer. Two special functional command modes shall also be employed: (1) dedicated function commands transmitted to individual avionic subsystems and (2) broadcant function commands issued to all subsystems simultaneously. These modes shall operate as described in paragraph 3.2.3.3.8.

3.2.3.3 Deta transmission characteristics

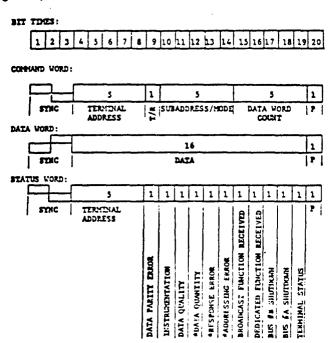
- 3.2.3.3.1 <u>Data form.</u> Digital data shall be transmitted in a form compatible with the message and word formats defined herein. A 2's complement representation of negative numbers shall be assumed for the transmission of numerical data unless otherwise specified. Any unused bit positions in a word shall be transmitted as logic zero.
- 3.2.3.3.2 <u>Bit priority</u>. The most significant bit shall be transmitted first with less significant bits following in descending order of value. The number of bits required to define a quantity shall be consistent with the resolution or accuracy required. In the event double precision quantities (information accuracy or resolution requiring more than 16 bits) are transmitted, the most significant half shall be transmitted first, followed by the least significant half.
- 3.2.3.3.3 <u>Modulation</u>. The signals shall be transferred over the data bus in serial digital pulse code modulation form.
- 3.2.3.3.4 Data code. The data code shall be Manchester biphase level as defined in MIL-STD-442B. A logic "one" shall be transmitted as a bipolar coded signal 1/0 (i.e., a positive pulse followed by a negative pulse). A logic "zero" shall be bipolar coded signal 0/1 (i.e., a negative pulse followed by a positive pulse). A transition through zero occurs at the midpoint of each bit time (see Figure 3).
- 3.2.3.3.5 Data rate. The data transmission rate on the bus shall be 1.0 megabit per second with a long term stability of ± 0.01 percent (i.e., ± 100 Hz). The short term stability (i.e., stability over a 1.0 second interval) shall be at least 0.001 percent (i.e., ± 10 Hz).

NOTES: MANCHESTER II BI-PHASE LEVEL
"1" REPRESENTED BY PLUS/HINUS
"0" REPRESENTED BY HINUS/PLUS

- VOLTAGE

Figure 3 DATA CODE

- 3.2.3.3.6 Word size. The word size shall be 16 bits plus the sync waveform and the parity bit.
- 3.2.3.3.7 Word formats. The word formats shall be as shown in Figure 4 for the command, data, and status words.
- 3.2.3.3.7.1 <u>Command word</u>. A command word shall be comprised of a sync waveform, subsystem address, transmit/receive bit, subaddress/mode, data word count, and a parity bit (see Figure 4).



"Weed only by FCC for internal status information.

Figur 4. WORD FORMATS

3.2.3.3.7.1.1 Sync. The command sync waveform shall be an invalid Manchester waveform as shown on Figure 5. The width shall be three bit times, with the waveform being positive for the first one and one-half bit times, and then negative for the following one and one-half bit times. If the next bit following the sync is a logic zero, then the last half of the sync waveform will have an apparent width of two clock periods due to the Manchester encoding.

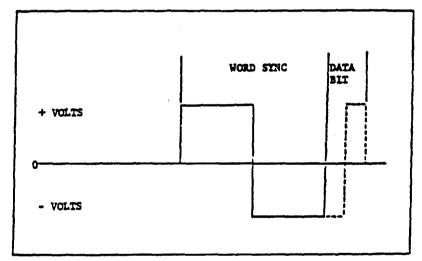


Figure 5 COMMAND AND STATUS SYNC

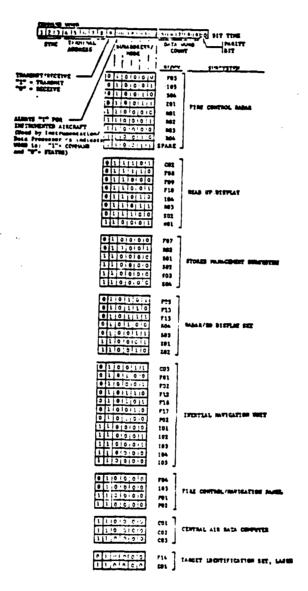
- 3.2.3.3.7.1.2 Address. The next five bits following the sync shall be the subsystem address. The most significant bit of the address shall be transmitted first.
- 3.2.3.3.7.1.2.1 Unique addresses. The unique address assigned to each subsystem shall be as defined in Table 2. In order to permit the use of multiple subsystems of a given type on a single bus in expanded system configurations, each subsystem shall be capable of decoding a minimum of two addresses. Selection of the specific address shall be determined by the presence or absence of continuity between pins on the subsystem input-output connector. The presence or absence of continuity shall be established in the sirplane wiring.
- 3.2.3.3.7.1.2.2 Universal address. In addition to its unique address, each subsystem shall decode and respond to decimal address 31 (all 1's) as described in paragraph 3.2.3.3.8.5. This address is used only for broadcast function commands. Separate decoding of the transmit/receive bit and the subaddress field of the command word is not required when the command word terminal address field contains all ones.
- 3.2.3.3.7.1.3 Transmit/receive. The next bit following the address shall be the transmit/receive bit, which shall indicate the action required of the subsystem. A logic zero shall indicate receive, and a logic one shall indicate transmit. The transmit/receive bit shall be set to a logic one in broadcast and dedicated function command words.
- 3.2.3.3.7.1.4 <u>Subaddress/mode</u>. The next five bits following the transmit/receive bit shall be utilized for either subsystem subaddresses or to indicate function commands.
- 3.2.3.3.7.1.4.1 <u>Subaddresses</u>. Any value in the subaddress/mode field other than all ones shall be interpreted by a subsystem as the subaddress of a block of words to be received or transmitted by the subsystem. Subaddress assignments shall be indicated in Table 3.
- 3.2.3.3.7.1.4.2 Mode. A value of all ones in the subaddress/mode field shall indicate that the command word is a function command and that data is not to be transmitted or received.
- 3.2.3.3.7.1.5 Word count. The next five bits following the subaddress/mode field shall be used to indicate either the quantity of data words to be sent or received by the subsystem or the particular function command to be executed.

Table 2 AVIONIC SUBSYSTEM TERMINAL ADDRESSES

Subsystem	Terminal Address							
	Bit Time	4	5	6	7	8		
FCC		0	0	0	x	x		
FCR		1	0	1	0	X		
HUD		0	1	1	0	x		
SPS		1	1	0	0	x		
REO		1	0	0	0	x		
inu		0	0	1	0	X		
FCNP		0	1	0	0	X		
CADC		1	1	1	0	x		
TISL		1	0	0	1	X		

NOTE: The "X's" shown in the five bit binary address field indicate connector programmable bits (reference paragraph 3.2.3.3.7.1.2.1). In the baseline system the bits shown as "X's" will all be set to logic "zero's." (All five bits of the terminal address field may be connector programmable.)

TABLE 3. COMMAND WORD SUBADDRESS CODE



If the subaddress/mode field contains all logic ones, the word count field shall be decoded by the subsystem to determine the function command to be executed. If the subaddrass/mode field contains any value other than all ones, the word count field shall be decoded to indicate the quantity of words to be transmitted or received.

3.2.3.3.7.1.5.1 <u>Data transfer</u>. A maximum of 32 data words may be transmitted or received in any one message block. All ones shall indicate a decimal count of 31, and all zeros shall indicate a decimal count of 32.

3.2.3.3.7.1.5.2 Function modes. The word count field shall contain a bit pattern that identifies the function of functions to be performed if the subaddress/mode field contains all logic ones. Word count field bit patterns common to all subsystems shall be as shown in Table 4. If a subsystem receives a function command with the word count field all zeros or with a bit pattern in the word count field which that subsystem is not mechanized to execute, the subsystem shall reset/initialize its receiver logic and respond with its status word in accordance with the requirements of paragraphs 3.2.3.3.7.3, 3.2.3.3.8.4, and 3.2.3.3.8.5.

Table 4 FUNCTION WORD COMMANDS COMMON TO ALL SUBSYSTEMS

Word Count Field

Command Interpretation

Bit Time	15	16	17	18	19	•
	0	0	0	C	1	

Reset Times

3.2.3.3.7.1.6 Parity. The last bit in the word shall be used for parity over the preceding 16 bits. Odd parity shall be utilized.

3.2.3.3.7.2 <u>Date word</u>. A data word shall be comprised of a sync waveform, data pits, and a parity bit (see Figure 4).

3.2.3.3.7.2.1 Sync. The data sync waveform shall be an invalid Manchester waveform as shown on Figure 6. The width shall be three bit times, with the waveform being negative

for the first one and one-half bit times, and then positive for the following one and one-half bit times. Note that if the bits preceding and following the sync are logic ones, then the apparent width of the sync waveform will be increased to four bit times.

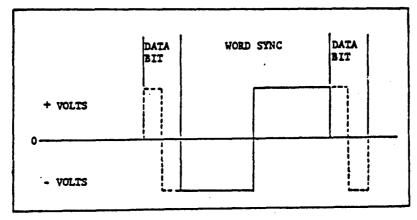


Figure 6 DATA SYNC (INVALID MANCHESTER WAVEFORM)

- 3.2.3.3.7.2.2 <u>Data</u>. The 16 bits following the sync shall be utilized for data transmission as specified in 3.2.3.3.2.
- 3.2.3.3.7.2.3 Parity. The last bit shall be utilized for parity as specified in 3.2.3.3.7.1.6.
- 3.2.3.3.7.3 Status word. A status word shall be comprised of a sync waveform, subsystem address, failure/status bits, and a parity bit (see Figure 4). Subsystems shall reset to zero all status word failure/status bits following each status word transmittal.
- 3.2.3.3.7.3.1 $\underline{\text{Sync}}.$ The status sync waveform shall be as specified in 3.2.3.3.7.1.1.
- 3.2.3.3.7.3.2 <u>Subsystem address</u>. The next five bits following the sync shall contain the address of the subsystem which is transmitting the status word.

- 3.2.3.3.7.3.3 Parity error. The first bit after the address, bit 9, shall be utilized to indicate a parity error in one or more words of a preceding message. A logic one shall indicate the presence, of a data word parity error; a logic zero shall indicate its absence. This bit shall be reset to its logic zero state upon receipt of a valid command word.
- 3.2.3.3.7.3.4 <u>Instrumentation bit</u>. Bit 10, the first bit after the parity error bit, shall always be set to a logic zero.
- 3.2.3.3.7.3.5 <u>Data quality bit</u>. Bit 11 shall be used to indicate the occurrence of a data word validation error or errors in a preceding message. A logic one shall indicate a data validation error as described in paragraph 3.2.3.3.10.5. A logic zero shall indicate the absence of any of these fault conditions in the previously received data block. This bit shall be reset to its logic zero state upon receipt of a valid command word.
- 3.2.3.3.7.3.6 <u>Data quantity bit</u>. Bit 12 shall not be used by any subsystem acting as a remote terminal. The bit shall be transmitted over the bus as a logic zero. The bit shall be used for internal status information by the Fire Control Computer when the FCC is acting as a bus controller. A logic one shall indicate an improper data word quantity in a data transmission from a remote terminal. A logic zero shall indicate proper data quantity.
- 3.2.3.3.7.3.7 Response bit. Bit 13 shall not be used by any subsystem acting as a remote terminal. The bit shall be transmitted over the bus as a logic zero. The bit shall be used for internal status information by the Fire Control Computer when the FCC is acting as a bus controller. A logic one shall indicate that a remote terminal did not respond to a command in the proper time allowed. A logic zero shall indicate that a remote terminal response was received.
- 3.2.3.3.7.3.8 Addressing bit. Bit 14 shall not be used by any subsystem acting as a remote terminal. The bit shall be transmitted over the bus as a logic zero. The bit shall be used for internal status information by the Fire Control Computer when the FCC is acting as a bus controller. A logic one shall indicate that the terminal address received in a status word did not match with the associated terminal address in a command word. A logic zero shall indicate that no addressing error condition occurred.

- 3.2.3.3.7.3.9 <u>Breadcast function command received bit.</u>
 Bit 15 shall be used to indicate the receipt of a broadcast function command. A logic one shall indicate the receipt of a broadcast function command. A logic zero shall indicate that no broadcast function command has been received since the previous status word transmittal.
- 3.2.3.3.7.3.10 <u>Dedicated function command received bit.</u>
 Bit 16 shall be used to indicate the receipt of a dedicated function command. A logic one shall indicate the receipt of a dedicated function command. A logic zero shall indicate that no dedicated function commands have been received since the previous status word transmittal.
- 3.2.3.3.7.3.11 Bus B shutdown bit. Bit 17 shall be used to indicate that a transmission on bus B was terminated due to (1) receipt of a valid command word on bus A during a transmission on bus B or (2) detection of an abnormal transmission as described in paragraph 3.2.3.3.11.2. A logic one shall indicate a transmission termination. A logic zero shall indicate that no transmission termination has occurred since the previous status word transmittal.
- 3.2.3.3.7.3.12 Bus A shurdown bit. Bit 18 shall be used to indicate that a transmission on bus A was terminated due to (1) receipt of a valid command word on bus B during a transmission on bus A or (2) detection of an abnormal transmission as described in paragraph 3.2.3.3.11.2. A logic one shall indicate a transmission termination. A logic zero shall indicate that no transmission termination has occurred since the previous status word transmittal.
- 3.2.3.3.7.3.13 Terminal status bit. Bit 19 shall be used to indicate the existence of subsystem fault conditions which might affect the validity of data from that subsystem.
- 3.2.3.3.7.3.14 Parity. The last bit shall be utilized for parity as specified in 3.2.3.3.7.1.6.
- 3.2.3.3.8 Message formats. The messages transmitted on the data bus shall be in accordance with the formats shown in Figure 7. The maximum and minimum response times shall be as stated in 3.2.3.3.11.1.
- 3.2.3.3.8.1 Controller to subsystem transfers. The controller shall issue a receive command followed by the

DATA DATA DATA DATA (NO STATUS RESPONSE) STANUS DATA WORD DATA HORD STATUS WORD STATUS RECEIVE TRANSHIT COMMAND COMMAND PATA PUNCTION COMPAND TRANSMIT FUNCTION RECEIVE CONTROLLER TO SUBSYSTEM TRANSFER SUBSYSTEM TO SUBSYSTEM TRANSFER SUBSYSTEM TO CONTROLLER TRANSFER DEDICATED FUNCTION COMMAND BROADCAST FUNCTION COMMAND

Figure 7 MESSAGE FORMATS

specified number of data words. The subsystem shall, after message validation, transmit a status word back to the controller. The command and data words shall be transmitted in a continuous fashion with no interword gaps.

- 3.2.3.3.8.2 Subsystem to controller transfers. The controller shall issue a transmit common to the subsystem. The subsystem shall, after verification, transmit a status word back to the controller, followed by the specified number of data words. The status and data words shall be transmitted in a continuous fashion with no interword gaps.
- 3.2.3.3.8.3 Subsystem to subsystem transfers. The controller shall issue a receive command to subsystem "A", followed by a transmit command to subsystem "B". Subsystem "B" shall then transmit the data as specified in 3.2.3.3.8.2 and subsystem "A" shall receive the data as specified in 3.2.3.3.8.1.
- 3.2.3.3.8.4 <u>Decicated function commands</u>. The controller shall issue a dedicated function command to the subsystem. The subsystem shall, after execution of the action required by the function word, transmit a status word back to the controller.
- 3.2.3.3.8.5 <u>Broadcast function commands</u>. The controller shall issue a proadcast function command to all subsystems utilizing the universal address specified in paragraph 3.2.3.3.7.1.2.2. Subsystems shall execute the command indicated in the word count field. No status word shall be transmitted. The broadcast function word received bit described in paragraph 3.2.3.3.7.3.9 shall be retained for a subsequent status word transmittal.
- 3.2.3.3.9 <u>Transmission line</u>. The data bus shall utilize, as the transmission media, a twisted, shielded, wire pair.
- 3.2.3.3.9.1 <u>Cable</u>. The cable used shall be a two conductor, twisted shielded, jacketed cable with a distributed capacitance of no greater than 50 picofarads per foot.
- 3.2.3.3.9.2 <u>Characteristic impedance</u>. The characteristic impedance shall be between 63 olms and 77 ohms at a frequency of 1 MHz.
- 3.2.3.3.9.3 <u>Cable attenuation</u>. The cable loss shall be 1 dB/100 feet or less.

- 3.2.3.3.9.4 Cable length. The cable length may be up to 300 feec long.
- 3.2.3.3.9.5 <u>Cable shield termination</u>. The cable shield shall be terminated to air vehicle ground at every break point and the length of the termination shall not exceed 2 inches. Insulation resistance shall be no less than 2 megohms.
- 3.2.3.3.9.6 <u>Cable termination</u>. The cable shall be coupled to the subsystem as shown in Figure 8. A long stub is defined as any stub greater than 1 foot in length while a short stub is defined as any coupling cable 1 foot or less in length. The length of any stub shall not exceed 20 feet. The two ends of the cable shall be terminated with a resistance equal to the cable characteristic impedance.

3.2.3.3.10 Subsystem/bus interface circuits

- 3.2.3.3.10.1 <u>Circuit configuration</u>. The subsystem input/output circuits shall contain two coupling transformers. Isolation resistors shall be provided as specified in 3.2.3.3.10.2.
- 3.2.3.3.10.2 <u>Fault isolation</u>. An isolation resistor shall be provided with a value of 54 ohms plus or minus 5 percent in series with each output lead of the subsystem signal input-output circuit coupling-transformer. The isolation resistors shall be located in the aircraft harness between the subsystem connector and the transmission cable. The impedance reflected on the cable shall be no less than 103 ohms for any failure of the coupling-transformer or transmitter-receiver circuit.

3.2.3.3.10.3 Subsystem output characteristics

3.2.3.3.10.3.1 Output power. The subsystem signal output circuitry shall be capable of driving the cable specified in 3.2.3.3.9.1 and not less than 33 other subsystem inputs, as specified herein, each attached to the cable by means of a cable stub of length specified in 3.2.3.3.9.6. The output circuitry shall maintain the specified operation with the exception of a 25 percent maximum reduction of the data bus signal amplitude in the event that one of the subsystems has a fault that causes it to reflect the fault impedance specified in 3.2.3.3.10.2.

3.2.3.3.10.3.2 Output voltage. The subsystem signal output shall be ± 12 volts ± 10 percent peak line-to-line when measured at the subsystem connector (point "B" on Figure 8). (This requirement should be tasted with the subsystem operating into a 143 ohm \pm 1 percent resistive load.)

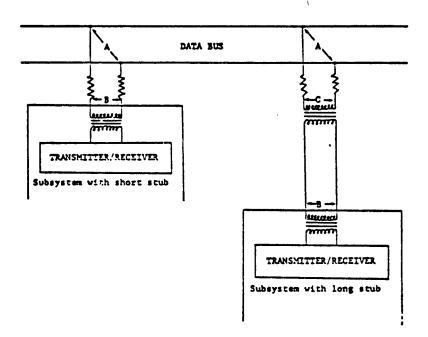


Figure 8 DATA BUS INTERFACE

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3.2.3.3.10.3.3 Output waveform. The waveform seen at the point specified in 3.2.3.3.10.3.2 shall be as specified in 3.2.3.3.4. The rise and fall times of this waveform shall be 120 nanoseconds, plus or minus 80 nanoseconds, when measured at the 10 percent and 90 percent points of the signal voltage limits specified in 3.2.3.3.10.3.2. Any distortion of the waveform including overshoot and ringing shall not exceed 1.2 volts peak-to-peak, line-to-line, as me sured at the point specified in 3.2.3.3.10.3.2.

3.2.3.3.10.3.4 Output noise. Any noise transmitted to the data bus when the subsystem is receiving, or has power removed, shall not exceed a value of 40.0 millivolts peak-to-peak, line-to-line, as measured at the point specified in 3.2.3.3.10.3.2.

3.2.3.3.10.4 Subsystem input characteristics

3.2.3.3.10.4.1 <u>Input waveform compatibility</u>. The subsystem shall be capable of receiving and operating with the incoming signals specified herein, and shall accept waveforms varying from a squarewave to a sine wave. The subsystem shall respond to an input signal whose positive or negative peak amplitude, line-to-line, is within the range of 4.0 volts to 0.6 volts. The subsystem shall not respond to an input signal with a positive or negative peak amplitude, line-to-line, within the range of 0.45 volts to 0.0 volts. The subsystem shall operate as specified in 3.2.3.3.10.4.2 with an input signal level in the range of 4.0 volts to 1.5 volts peak, line-to-line. All voltages are with respect to the subsystem input point cited in 3.2.3.3.10.3.2.

3.2.3.3.10.4.2 Noise rejection. The subsystem shall exhibit a maximum bit error rate of one part in 107, prior to the validation checks specified in 3.2.3.3.10.5, when operating with a signal-to-noise ratio of +14 dB. The signal-to-noise ratio shall be determined with ±1.5 volt peak, line-to-line sync and data signals as specified herein, and with white gaussian noise distributed over the frequency band of 1.0 kHz to 4.0 kHz. All measurements are relative to the subsystem input point specified in 1.2.3.3.10.3.2. For purposes of computing bit error rate, each failure of the subsystem to make a bit decision and each incorrect bit decision, i.e., a logic one interpreted to be a logic zero or a logic zero interpreted to be a logic one, shall be counted as a bit error. (Testing of this requirement shall be accomplished with a ±1.5 volt peak, line-to-line signal having the rise time characteristics specified in paragraph 3.2.3.3.10.3.3 and additive white gaussian noise having an RMS amplitude of 300 millivolts.)

3.2.3.3.10.4.3 <u>Common mode rejection</u>. The subsystem shall not respond, i.e., the subsystem logic shall not indicate the receipt of sync or data bits, when any signals from dc to 2.0 MHz, with amplitudes equal to or less than +25.0 volts peak, lineground, are applied at point A of Figure 8. Any signals, with amplitudes equal to or less than +50.0 volts peak, similarly applied, shall not damage or permanently impair the operation of the subsystem.

3.2.3.3.10.4.4 <u>Input impedance</u>. The subsystem input impedance, when the subsystem is not transmitting, or has power removed, shall be a minimum of 2000 ohms within the frequency range of 100 KHz to 1.0 MHz. This impedance is that measured line-to-line at point "B" of Figure 8.

3.2.3.3.10.5 <u>Data validation</u>. Logic shall be provided in each subsystem to recognize improperly coded signals, data dropouts, or excessively noisy signals. Each word shall conform to the following minimum validating criteria:

- a. The word begins with a valid-sync field
- b. The bits are in a valid Manchester II code.
- c. The word has 16 bits plus parity.
- d. The word parity is oid.

Where a word fails to conform to the preceding criteria, the word shall be considered invalid and shall not be used by the receiving subsystem. If an invalid word sync occurs, or if the number of words in a received data block is different from the value encoded in the word count field of the command word associated with the data block, the subsystem shall inhibit its status word transmission and reset/initialize its receiver logic.

3.2.3.3.11 Terminal operation. Each avionic subsystem shall operate in response to commands received from the bus controller. Data transferred from the controller to the subsystem shall be held on a message basis until the last data word is properly received by the subsystem, at which time the entire block of data words shall be utilized by the subsystem. Subsystems containing a central memory element may store the data words of a message in that central memory and indicate any errors to the processing element of the subsystem if such errors should occur. The subsystem shall be capable of receiving a command word at any time on a bus

except when it is transmitting on that bus. A second command word sent to a subsystem after it is already operating on one shall invalidate the first command and cause the subsystem to begin operation on the second command. Receipt of a valid command word (including a broadcast function command word) shall reset/initialize terminal logic, i.e., it shall clear any previous command to the subsystem to receive data which has not been executed.

- 3.2.3.3.11.1 Response time. The subsystem shall respond to a valid transmit data command during the time period 2.0 to 5.0 microseconds after receipt of the last bit of the command word except for the condition described in 3.2.3.4.2. The subsystem shall respond to a valid receive data command during the time period 2.0 to 5.0 microseconds after receipt of the last bit of the last data word. The subsystem shall respond to a valid dedicated function command during the time period 2.0 to 5.0 microseconds after receipt of the last bit of the command word except for the condition described in 3.2.3.4.2.
- 3.2.3.3.11.2 Subsystem interface fail-safe operation. The subsystem shall contain the self-test circuitry necessary to detect erroneous transmission of data on to the data bus. This circuitry shall include a transmission time-out which will preclude signal transmission periods of excessive duration. When the self-test circuitry detects any such erroneous transmission, it shall automatically shut down the transmitter portion of the subsystem during the time period 0.66 to 1.0 milliseconds after the transmission was initiated. The transmitter shut down shall be reset following receipt of a valid command word on the shut down bus.
- 3.2.3.3.11.3 <u>Time coherence</u>. Each subsystem shall be responsible for maintaining the time coherence of information it transmits over the bus. The subsystem design shall provide mutually consistent samples of information and deterministic transport lags.
- 3.2.3.3.11.3.1 <u>Sample consistency</u>. The subsystem design shall ensure that messages transmitted over the bus by the subsystem contain only mutually consistent samples of information. Different words used to transmit multiple precision parameters shall all be members of the same sample set. Functionally related parameters updated at the same rate shall all be members of the same sample set. Suitable buffering and transmission control logic shall be provided to prevent the transmission of a partially updated message that would contain mutually inconsistent data.

- 3.2.3.3.11.3.2 Transport lag. The subsystem design shall provide for the transmission of data with deterministic transport lags. Since an individual subsystem cannot control the transmission time of information over the bus, it shall (1) provide time tags that can be used to determine when a set of parameters was sampled or a message established, (2) accept synchronizing function word commands from the bus controller and maintain a repeatable operation sequence, or (3) use a combination of time tagging and synchronization to establish deterministic transport lags. Unless specifically excepted by General Dynamics, each subsystem shall provide a 16-bit timer in the subsystem that can be used to time tag designated parameters or messages. The timer shall have a resolution of 64 microseconds per count and shall be capable of being reset by a function word command.
- 3.2.3.4 Redundancy. The avionic serial digital interface architecture shall be as depicted in Figure 9. Dual redundancy shall exist in (1) the transmission cables, (2) the interface electronics of each avionic subsystem, and (3) the bus control function.
- 3.2.3.4.1 <u>Transmission cables</u>. Two separately routed transmission cables having the characteristics specified in paragraph 3.2.3.3.9 shall be utilized to provide signal path redundancy.
- 3.2.3.4.2 <u>Interface electronics</u>. Each subsystem having an avionic serial digital data bus interface shall be capable of receiving command words over either of the two buses and transmitting/receiving data over either bus. A subsystem shall respond to commands to transmit or receive data only over the bus on which a command is received. If a subsystem is transmitting data on one data bus and a valid transmit/ receive command is received on the other bus, the subsystem shall terminate its communication on the first bus and respond to the command received on the second bus. When a subsystem is commanded to terminate a communication, it shall do so word synchronous. That is, turn off shall occur at the end of a word, not mid-bit or mid-sync or mid-word. In this mode, if a subsystem response is expected, the response gap time may be as long as 25 microseconds following the command word. Command words transmitted over both buses will not overlap.

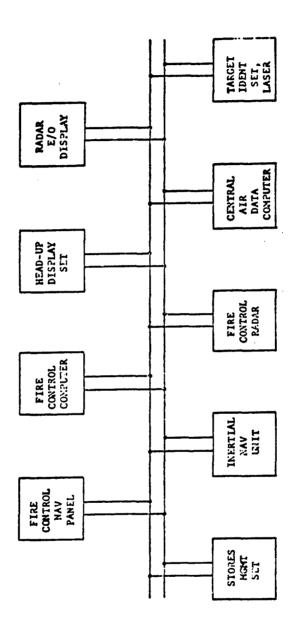


Figure 9 F-16 AVIONIC SERIAL DIGITAL INTERFACE

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- 3.2.3.4.3 <u>Bus controllers</u>. The primary bus control function shall reside in the Fire Control Computer. In the event that the Fire Control Computer becomes unable to perform bus control, the Inertial Navigation Subsystem shall assume the responsibility for bus control. A discrete from the Fire Control Computer to the Inertial Navigation Subsystem shall indicate when the Inertial Navigation Subsystem is to perform the bus control function. The discrete logic shall be such that when the Fire Control Computer is disabled (powered down) the Inertial Navigation Subsystem is commanded to perform bus control.
- 3.2.3.5 Bus control. The bus control function shall be accomplished by either the Fire Control Computer or the Mertial Navigation Subsystem as specified in paragraph 3.2.3.4.3. The bus control function shall (1) supervise all serial digital data transmissions and (2) manage the data bus redundancy.
- 3.2.3.5.1 <u>Transmission supervision</u>. The bus control function shall initiate all communication sequences by issuing command words over the data bus requesting subsystems to transmit or receive data or to execute special functions. The securce of these commands shall be established by operational at the subsystem providing the bus control function. The bus control function shall also monitor each communication sequence and initiate corrective action for command words which are not properly executed.
- 3.2.3.5.2 Redundancy management. The bus controller shall manage the serial digital data bus redundancy. The bus controller may use one bus for all communications or it may interleave communications on the two buses, i.e., complete a communication on one bus and use the other bus for the next communication.

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- 3.2.4 <u>Standard Discrete Signal Interface Definition</u>. The characteristics of standard Low Level Complementary and High Level discrete signals are defined in this section.
- 3.2.4.1 Standard Definition for Low Level Complementary Discretes

Driver (See Figure 10)

Type: Differential

Voltage: Differential = +2.0 volts

Logic "1" Output = +2.4 to 5.5 VDC @ I = -10ma Logic "0" Output = .4 VDC maximum @ IOL = 20ma

Output Impedance: Active, 15-30 ohms typical

Short Circuit Protection: Infinite duration short to ground.

Output Noise: The driver while under normal load Impedance (i.e., receiver connected) shall not generate any spurious outputs greater than +450 MVDC differential for more than 200 microseconds when in the process of being turned off or turned on.

Output Low-clamp Voltage: -1.5 VDC max @ Ing.c = -40 ma

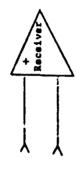
Receiver (See Figure 10)

Type: Differential

Voltage: Logic "1" input = +2.0 VDC differential min
Logic "0" input = -2.0 VDC differential min or
open Circuit or powered down driver having the characteristics
above

Input Load Current: 2.0 Ms maximum

Filtering: The receiver shall operate normally without degradation within all the EMG requirements (including paragraph 3.3.2.2(a)) of the CEI specification. The logical delay caused by the receiver filtering to meet this requirement shall be subject to General Dynamics approval and shall be specified on the interface sheet for each individual signal. In addition, the spurious output produced by the driver and having the characteristics stated above for the driver shall not produce false triggering of the receiver.



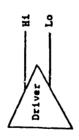


Figure 10 STANDARD LOW-LEVEL COMPLEMENTARY DISCRETE INTERFACE

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Input Protection: The receiver shall not be designed by a short circuit on the input to ground.

3.2.4.2 <u>Standard Definition for High Level Single Ended Discretes</u>. The characteristics of high level single ended discretes are described below and in Figure 11:

Receiver

Type: High Level

Voltage: Logic "1" input - The receiver shall operate normally, i.e., produce a logic "1" when the input voltage is in the range of 22.5 volts min to 30 volts max.

Logic "O" input - open circuit

Input Load Current: 6 ms maximum

Input Protection: Short circuit to ground

Input Logic "O" voltage: This voltage which appears at the input of each receiver during open circuit shall be nominally 0 volts (.5 volts maximum). Other receivers having the above characteristics may be connected to the same input (see Figure 11). This condition shall not degrade the performance of any receiver connected to the line.

<u>Filtering</u> - The receiver shall operate normally without degradation for any transient input voltage spike of less than 50 microseconds duration within the limits of paragraph 3.2.7 of MIL-E-6051D dated 7 September 1967. The receiver shall also operate normally within all the EMC requirements (including paragraph 3.3.2.2(a)) of the applicable item specification. The logical delay caused by the receiver filtering to meet this requirement shall be subject to GD approval and shall be specified on the interface sheet for each individual signal.

Transients - The receiver shall not be damaged for any input voltage spike within limits 1 and 4, Figures of MIL-STD-704A, dated 9 August 1966.

- 3.2.5 <u>Electrical Connectors</u>. Electrical connectors shall be in accordance with 1622008 "Electrical Connector Selection and Requirements for the F-16", 17 March 1975.
- 3.2.6 <u>Circuit Classification Requirements</u>. This subsection contains circuit classifications and grounding, shielding, and wire grouping requirements for all signal types contained within

Input Logic "O" Voltage (receiver supplied) Receiver

Figure 11 HI LEVEL DISCRETE INTERFACE

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the F-16 system. These requirements, in addition to the requirements of MTL-W-5088E and MTL-E-5400P, must be met within all equipment as well as the airframe to be compatible with electromagnetic requirements. Wire and cable grouping within equipments shall be such that airframe wiring may comply with the following requirements.

- 3.2.6.1 <u>Circuit Type Definition</u>. Aircraft wiring is made up of individual wiring circuits combined into wiring harnesses. These individual circuits will range from the simplicity of a system's power input to the complexities of multiplexing. Some of these typical aircraft circuits are defined and described below.
- 1. A. C. Power Circuit Any circuit in which 115/200 wolt 400 hertz power is supplied by the sircraft or ground power sources.
- 2. D. C. Power Circuit Any circuit operated by D. C. voltage with the current in excess of 1/2 ampere.
- . 3. A. C. Control Circuit Any circuit in which A. C. power is used for control purposes.
- 4. Audio Circuit An audio frequency circuit is defined as a circuit carrying information in the frequency range of from 0 to 15,000 hertz.
- 5. Video Circuit An extremely wide band information circuit.
- 6. Synchro Circuit A circuit which transmits three-wire; variable-voltage shaft position signals between synchronous devices.
- 7. Discrete A circuit for the purpose of transmitting a single valued word.
- 8. Analog Circuit A circuit for AC or DC variable voltage signals.
- 9. R. F. Circuit A circuit operating in the frequency range above 15,000 hertz.
- 10. Digital Circuit A circuit which transmits a series of information bits at a predetermined voltage amplitude.

- Il. Multiplexing Circuit A circuit used to transmit a large quantity of signals over a single path by using time sharing and/or frequency division methods.
- 12. Weapons Control Circuit A circuit transmitting signals that arm and/or release weapons.
- 13. Antenna Circuit A circuit carrying high level R. F. signals to be transmitted outside the airplane or low level signals from the antenna to a receiver. These are usually coaxial cables.
- 14. Secure Communications Circuits An information circuit from which undesired signal data emanations are reduced to the point that unauthorized information detection is not possible.
- 15. AMAC Circuit A circuit defined by Sandia Drawing 185475.
- 3.2.6.2 <u>Circuit Classification</u>. Each circuic in the airborne weapon system shall be considered in terms of a specific classification. The classifications shall be established on basis of the closest similarity to one of the types described in the following paragraphs.
- 3.2.6.2.1 Class I Power and Control Circuits. This classification includes primary A. C. power circuits, D. C. power circuits, switching circuits, and any other interference producing circuit not susceptible to power line frequencies and transients.
- 3.2.6.2.2 <u>Class II High Level Susceptible Circuits</u>. This classification includes audio circuits, video circuits, synchrocircuits, digital circuits, and other semi-high-level signal circuits.
- 3,2.6.2.3 <u>Class III Low Level Susceptible Circuits</u>. This classification includes low level analog circuits and other low level susceptible circuits.
- 3.2.6.2.4 Class IV Antenna Cables. This classification includes any cable carrying an R. F. signal to an antenna for transmission from the aircraft or carrying a received signal from an antenna to a receiver.

- 3.2.6.2.5 Class V Electro-Explosive Device Circuits. This classification includes all circuits used to energize/detonate electro-explosive devices.
- 3.2.6.2.6 Class VI AMAC Circuits. All nuclear weapon circuits defined by Sandia Drawing 185475 shall be isolated from all other circuits.
- 3.2.6.2.7 Class VII Secure Circuits. A secure circuit is an information circuit from which undesired signal data emanations are reduced so that unauthorized information detection is not possible.
- 3.2.6.3 <u>Wire Grouping</u>. Wires in each of the above circuit classifications should be grouped together into harnesses. To maintain maximum isolation between different circuit classifications, the different circuits should terminate at the avionic units and intermediate points in separate connectors. If it becomes necessary to include more than one circuit class in a single connector, each class will be separated by a row of ground contacts. Class VI and VII circuits should not be routed through connectors with wires of any other class.
- 3.2.6.4 <u>Airframe Cable Routing</u>. In the interest of eliminating cross talk and co-channel interference from coupling of signals between wires and harnesses, it is mandatory to maintain the proper degree of isolation between different circuit classifications. In wiring layout and routing, the maximum practical separation must be maintained in accordance with the general rules described below. A two-inch separation between cable types is arbitrarily set as a minimum design goal.
- 3.2.6.4.1 Power and Control Circuits. Routing and channeling of power circuits shall maintain maximum spacing from low level circuits. If multiple A. C. power sources are available, a complete set shall be provided power from only one of these sources.
- 3.2.6.4.2 <u>High Level Susceptible Circuits</u>. High level susceptible circuits shall be isolated from power and other high level interference circuits. Low level interference wiring may be routed with high level susceptible circuits, providing isolation is maintained through the proper shielding and/or twisting of wires.
- 3.2.6.4.3 Low Level Susceptible Circuits. Low level susceptible circuits shall be isolated from power and other interference

circuits. Low level susceptible circuits may be routed with low interference Class II circuits provided proper isolation is maintained through use of shields, shield terminations, and connectors as described in this document.

- 3.2.6.4.4 Antenna Cables. Antenna coaxial cables shall comply with the requirements of MIL-W-5088E(i.e., they shall be separated from any other antenna cable or cable group).
- 3.2.6.4.5 AMAC Circuits. AMAC circuits shall be isolated from all other circuits carrying electrical power. In the routing of AMAC circuits, maximum spacing shall be maintained. Connectors used for AMAC circuits shall be such as to preclude any mismating to any other circuit connectors.
- 3.2.6.4.6 <u>Secure Circuits</u>. Secure circuits shall be completely isolated from all other aircraft wiring.
- 2.2.7 Electromagnetic Interference and Compatibility. The subject equipment shall be designed to meet MIL-STD-461A, Notice 3, and shall be tested in accordance with MIL-STD-462, Notice 2. The EMC plan in accordance with MIL-STD-461A(3) shall be the controlling document for EMIC design.
 - 3.2.7.1 Design Requirements. The generation of and susceptibility to electromagnetic interference shall be controlled in all units of electrical/electronic equipment. These units shall meet MIL-STD-461A, Notice 3 requirements as specified and/or modified below. The specific requirements and modifications of MIL-STD-461A and Notice 3 are as follows:

TEST METHOD

CZ01 (7)	CS02	CS06	RS03
CE03 (1)	CS03 (2)	REO2	
CE06 (2)	CS04 (2)	RE03 (4)	
CS01	CS 05 (2)	RSO2 (5)	

The numbers in parentheses above refer to the notes which follow:

- (1) Change frequency range to .10 MHz to 50 MHz. Data shall be collected from .014MHz to .10MHz for information purposes only.
 - (2) Applies to communication and radar equipment only.
 - (3) Deleted
- (4) Applies for radar only and only in the frequency range from 8 GHz to 15 GHz.
- (5) The procedures and limits of Method RSO2 (a) and (b) shall apply except that the voltage E of Part (b) shall be 400 volts across 5 ohms.
 - (6) Deleted
- (7) This test shall be performed for data purposes only. In addition, the following EMC requirements shall apply.
- 1. Transient (inpulse) susceptibility. No change in indications, malfunction, or degracation of performance shall be indicated in any equipment and/or its load when exposed to an impulse type electromagnetic field generated by a type MS25271 relay (or an acceptable equivalent) when wired for continuous operation with a switch in series with the positive side of the line from a 28 volt DC power source. No suppression components (shielding, diodes, etc.) shall be attached to the relay or its wiring. The unshielded positive lead leaving the switch shall be laid over three sides of the test sample and then connected to the relay. The unshielded return lead from the relay shall be taped to and in parallel with input power leads, signal leads, and interconnecting leads. The total length of each external wiring narness paralleled with the relay circuit shall not be less than 60 inches. The 28 volt input shall be reversed and the transient repeated.
- 2. Magnetic susceptibility. Display equipment shall not be affected by a magnetic field which has a magnitude of 4 gauss at the equipment envelope and a gradient of 20 gauss per foot.
- 3.2.7.2 Bonding. All electrical and electronic units shall have a designed bonding interface and this interface will be shown on ICDs. Each unit shall exhibit a DC impedance of 2.5 milliohms or less from the unit case to the aircraft structure

ground and shall be bonded in accordance with MIL-B-5087B, Class R. The equipment mounting fixtures shall comply with the same requirement except that suitable jumpers may be used across any necessary vibration isolators.

- 3.2.7.3 Grounding. Grounding shall be as follows:
- Input power returns shall be brought out of the equipment on separate connector pins or connections.
- Signal grounds within the equipment shall be electrically connected to each other and to chassis at multiple points.
 The length of ground wires to chassis shall be held to a min-imum.
- 3. Chassis ground shall be brought out of the equipment on a separate connector pin or connection. Chassis shall always have a defined bond pach to air vehicle structure and this bond path shall be shown on ICDs.
- 3.2.7.4 Shielding. Wire shields shall not be used as a signal return, except for coaxiel, and shall not be used to conduct power currents. All wire shields shall be covered by a layer of insulation. All shielded wire shall be multiple point grounded to the signal ground system or chassis. Coaxiel ment for multiple shielded cables for EMI protection shall be held to a minimum.

9. FUTURE MODIFICATIONS

For production, the following systems and modifications may be incorporated:

- ECP0036 Compass Sail/Compass Tie (ALR-69)
- · Airborne Video Tape Recorder
- AN/ARC-186 VHF AM/FM Radio Set
- · High Technology Ejection Seat
- PAVE PENNY Group A provisions (no impact on avionics space -pylon-mounted)

The following systems have been mentioned as possible additions to the F-16 aircraft, but no definitive plans have been formulated and no space-power-cooling factors are defined for the F-16.

- Engine Diagnostic System in PMD as a growth system
- Global Positioning System in PMD as a growth system
- Joint Tactical Information Distribution System in PMD as a growth system
- Internal Electronic Countermeasures decision on implementation is expected shortly. Form-fit-function factors could be frozen by 1981 to 1982.
- AIM-7 Radar Missile in PMD as a growth system. (Requires CW illuminator box space in avionics bay.)
- Airborne Laser Designator in PMD as a growth system
- SEEK TALK UHF Radio Improvement

Data relevant to these possible changes are given in Table 9-1.

Table 9-1. AN/ARC-186 - VHF - AM/FM RADIO SET

Description

For the production F-16 aircraft, the AN/ARC-186 VHF - AM/FM radio set will be supplied rather than the AN/ARC-115 VHF-AM Radio Set. The only technical description available on the AN/ARC-186 is:

Frequency Band: 30 to 88 MHz FM

108 to 115.975 MHz FM - receive only

116 to 152 MHz AM

Power: Input: 28 Vdc to 50 W maximum - receive mode

28 Vdc to 150 W maximum - transmit mode

RF: 10 W - both bands (16 W maximum on FM)

Lighting: 5 Vac or 28 Vac

Sensitivity: 0.5 microvolts FM at 10 dB s/n

Weight: <9.0 lbs.

Specification: ENAC Technical Exhibit 77-25

Antenna: To be developed (adds extended frequency range for

VHF-FM band)

Physical Data: Dimensions are the same as AN/ARC-164 and

AN/ARC-115

Interface Schematic: Same as AN/ARC-115

10. DATA SOURCES

The following data sources were used to compile this summary:

- T.O. 1F-16A-1, Flight Manual, 8 July 1977
- F-16A Aircraft Configuration Data for JTIDS, 10 February 1978
- Preliminary JTIDS Configuration Data Analysis, May 1978
- GPS Phase II User Equipment Interface Requirement for the F-16A Aircraft, 15 November 1977

AVIONICS INTERFACE DATA SUMMARY FOR F-111A



October 1979

Issued by

The Deputy for Avionics Control ASD/AX A Joint AFSC/AFLC Organization

FOREWORD

This document is one of a series of reports that describe Avionics interfaces for various USAF aircraft. It was prepared for the Deputy for Avionics Control, Aeronautical Systems Divison (ASD/AX), Wright-Patterson AFB, Ohio by ARINC Research Corporation, Annapolis, Maryland under Contract F33657-79-C-0567.

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1. INTRODUCTION

This document contains configuration data relating to the integration of additional avionics into the F-lllA aircraft.

This document will be revised periodically as additional modifications are planned and incorporated into the aircraft. Queries regarding information contained herein should be addressed to:

The Deputy for Avionics Control Code: ASD/AXP Wright-Patterson AFB, Ohio

This document was compiled from Air Force source materials by ARINC Research Corporation under Contract F33657-79-C-0567.

The applicable Technical Orders are included in the references listed in Section 10.

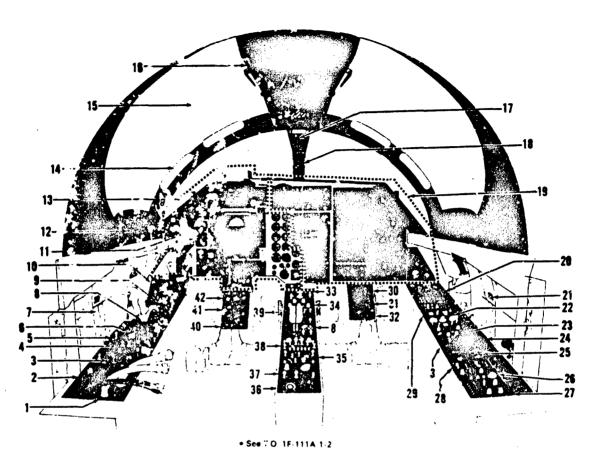
2. COCKPIT SPACE

Figures 2-1 through 2-3 depict the consoles and instrument panels for the F-111A. The available F-111A cockpit control panel space is very limited, and several modification programs will be competing for control panel space.

As shown in Figure 2-1, there is a 5-5/8 inches high by 5-3/4 inches wide blank panel in the left console. This blank panel is located between legend number 1 (Left Station Oxygen-Suit Control Panel) and legend number 3 (Interphone Panel). According to GD document FZM-12-13968, page 40, Figure E-7, a portion of this panel space is reserved for Data Link.

Certain configurations of the F-111A have some blank panel space in the right console, rather than the full complement of camera and ECM control panels, shown as legend numbers 24 through 28 in Figure 2-1. GD document FZM-12-13968, page 40, Figure E-7 identifies growth space in the right console.

The AN/AJQ-20 Bomb Nav Control Panel, legend number 17 or Figure 2-3 in the Right Main Instrument Panel, will be replaced by a smaller Digital Bomb/Nav Computer Control Panel. PAVE TACK is a competitor for the new space generated by this change.



Left Station Oxygen-Suit Control Panel (Schifig. 1-48) Electrical Power Test Panel (See fig. 1-15) (A) Oxygen Gage Panel (See fig. 1-49) (E) Interphone Panel (2) (See fig. 1-58)
Auxiliary Fligh: Control Panel (See fig. 1-28)
Flight Control Switch Panel (See fig. 1-29) Autopilot Damper Panel (See fig. 1-30) Left Sidewall (See fig. 1-21). Throttle Panel (2) (See fig. 1-4) Miscellaneous Switch Panel (See fig. 1-61) Auxiliary Gage Panel (See fig. 1-17). **Self Contained Attitude Indicator** Internal Canopy Latch Handles (2) 13. Left Main Instrument Panel (See fig. 1-5). Mirrors (4). Canopy.
Thermal Curtain (2) 15. 16 Canopy Center Beam Assembly Magnetic Compass Right Main Instrument Panel (See fig. 1-34). Armament Select Panel (See fig. 1-68) (A)

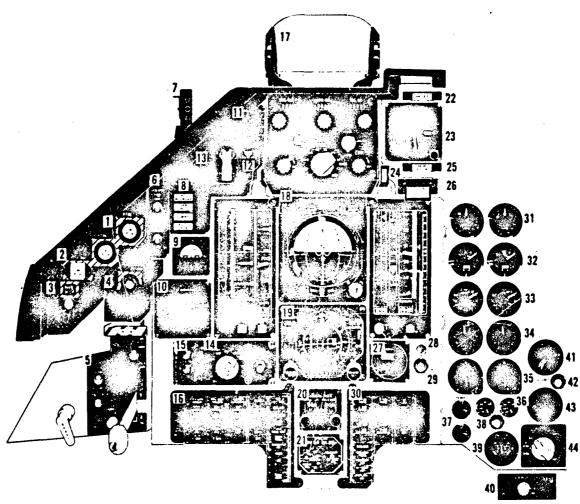
Right Sidewall (See fig. 1-45)
Attack Radar Control Panel (See fig. 1-78) HF Radio Control Panel (See figs. 1-55 or 1-56)

Weapons Control Panel (See fig. 1-71) (E)

24 Strike Camera Control Panel (See fig. 1-74) 25 •ECM Control Panel 26 • CMRS Control Parel 27 • CMDS Control Panel 28 •ECM Pod Control Punel (A)
Scope Camera Control Panel (See fig. 1-76) (E)
29 •ECM Destruct Control Panel (See fig. 1-76) (E)
Burst Control Panel (See fig. 1-66) TACAN Control Penei (See fig. 1-59) LS Control Panel (See fig. 1-60) Fuel Control Panel (See fig. 1-8) TFR Control Panel (See fig. 1-84) Electrical Control Panel (See fig. 1-11) (4) Effective Control Panel (See fig. 1-62) (E)
Scope Camaru Control Panel (See fig. 1-76) (A)
Air Conditioning Control Panel (See fig. 1-43) (E)
Air Conditioning Control Panel (See fig. 1-43) (E) Electrical Control Canal (See fig. 1-11) (E) IFF Control Panel (See fig. 1-62) (A) *ECM Pod Control Panel (E) Ejection Handles (2)

Ejection remains (2)
Antenna Select Panel (See fig. 1-63)
Windshield Wash / Anti-Iring Control Panel (See fig. 1-48)
Compass Cuntrol Panel (See Eg. 1-33)

Figure 2-1. CREW STATION GENERAL ARKANGEMENT (TYPICAL)



- 1. Engine Fire Pushbutton Warning
- Lamps.
 2. Fueelage Fire Pushbutton Warning
- 3. Agent Discharge/Fire Detect Test Switch.
- Switch.
 4. External Stores Jettison Button.
 5. Londing Gear Control Panel
 (See 8g. 1-18).
 6. Pilot's ECM Pad Control Panel
 (See 10. 15-111A 1-2)
 7. Angle-of-Altack Indexer.
 8. Left Warning and Caution Panel
 9. Self Contained Attitude Indicator
 10. Wing Sweep Flop/Slat Position Indicator
 11. Upper Warning and Caution Panel.
 12. Gun/Camera Control Switch.
 13. Air/Air IR Missile Switch. (E)
 Rounds Counter. (A)

- Rounds Counter. (A)
 14. Instrument System Coupler
 Control Panel.
 15. Lunding Geor Position Indicator
- 16. Left Main Caukon Lamp Panel
 17. Lead Computing Ophical Sight and Control Panel. See fig. 1-89.
 18. Upper Warning and Caukon Lamp Panel
 19. Integrated Flight Instruments, [See fig. 1-35]
 20. Dual Bombing Timer.
 15ev fig. 1-70.
 21. Control Surface Position Indicator.
 22. Nose Wheel Steering: Air Petueling Indicator Lamp.

16. Left Main Caution Lamp Panel

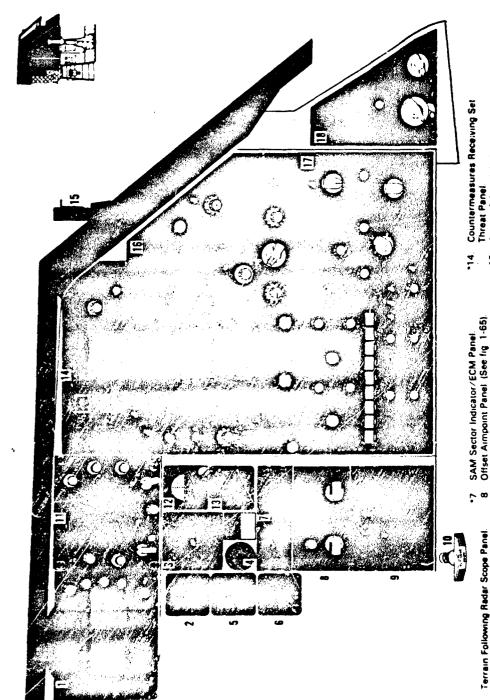
- Indicator Lamp
 Radar Altimeter Indicator,
- 23 Radar Altimeter Indicator,
 24 Stall Westurg Lump
 25. Radar Altitude Law Warning camp
 26. Master Caution Lamp
- 27 Bomb Nav Distance-Time
- Indicator
- Takeoff Trim indicator tamp
 Takeoff Trim Button
 Right Main Caut on tamp Panel

- 31. Engine Tachameters.
 32. Engine Turbine Inlet Temperature Indicators.

- 33. Engine Fuel Flow Indicators.
 34. Engine Fuel Flow Indicators.
 35. Engine Pressure Ratio Indicators.
 36. Engine Oil Pressure Indicators.
 37. Hydraulic Pressure
- Indicators.
 Oil Quantity Indicator Test 38
- Burton.
 Oil Quantity Indicator.
- Air Refueling Receptacle Lights
 Control Knob. 40

- Control Knob.
 Fuselage Fuel Quantity Indicater.
 Fuel Quantity Indicator Test Button.
 Tatal/Select Fuel Quantity Indicator
 Fuel Quantity Indicator Selector
 Knob.

Figure 2-2. LEFT MAIN IN THUMENT PANEL (TYPICAL)



9

Offset Ampoint Panel (See fig. 1-65).

UHF Radio Control Panel. (See fig. 1-54).

Landing Gear Emergency Release Handle.
Countermeasures Receiving Set.
Indicator Control Panel.
Standby Attitude Indicator.
Standby Attitude Indicator.

Standby Arraped Indicator
Bearing-Distance Heading Indicator
True Airapeed Indicator

(See fig. 1-85)

Vertical Velocity Indicator.

16 Attack Radar Scope Panel (See fig. 1-80)
17. Bomb Nav Control Panel (See fig. 1-64)
18. Nuclear Wespons Control Panel
(See fig. 1-89)
*Refer to T.Q. 1F-111A-1-2 Angle-of-Attack Indexer. hreat Panel 25 5 7 8 2 6 7 8

A£000000 -F044C

RIGHT MAIN INSTRUMENT PANEL (TYPICAL)

Figure 2-3.

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2-4

3. AVIONICS SPACE

Current and future F-11lA space availability are detailed in the F^2E Summaries, (Table 3-1 and Figure 3-1). The one space that exists currently is under door 1202; the dimensions of that space are $8.26" \times 12.0" \times 18.0"$, for a total volume of 1.08 ft³. Other space possibilities (contingent on equipment modifications) are also outlined in the F^2E summary.

	Table 3-1. F ² E	F ² E SUMMARY - F-111A	
F'E Criteria		Potential Available Space	
Location Access	A Next to KIT-1A Door 1202	B APN-167 Dual Altimetar Door 1201	C ARC-112 HF Amp-Power Supply Door 1201
Rectangular* Size (H. W, D) Volume ft³	8.62 × 12.0 × 18.04 1.08 ft ³	6.5×15× 14.5 0.85 ft ³	9.5 × 9.9 × 20.2 1.10 ft ²
Type of Cooling Available	Forced Air	Forced Air	Forced Air
Temperature - Altitude Vibration	Normal Equipment Area	Normal Equipment Area	Normal Equipment Area
Possible Candidates for this Space	KY.28	None Known	None Known
Remarks	Current	Replace with 2 ARN-194 Altimeters, Stacked	Replace HF Comm with Single LRU in Location G
*Where LRU is currently installed, the dimensions given represent dimensions of LRU; when no LRU is installed, the dimensions given are those of the available space.	Where LRU is currently installed, the dimensions given represent dime. LRU is installed, the dimensions given are those of the available space.	given represent dimensio of the available space.	ns of LRU; when no

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Figure 3-1. F-111A FORWARD RIGHT-HAND EQUIPMENT BAY SPACE LOCATIONS

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4. ELECTRICAL POWER SYSTEM

4.1 Introduction

115/200 volt, three phase, 400 cycle ac power and 28 volt dc power are provided for the electrical power system in the F-111A. This power is generated by two 62.5 kVA ac generator drive assemblies, one mounted on each engine. These generators are supplemented by two 150 AMP transformer rectifier units that convert the ac power to 28 volts dc. An aircraft battery supplies 28 volts dc to the battery bus and the dc start busses. The electrical power system consists of the following systems:

- . Main ac power system
- External ac power and monitor system
- Emergency ac power system
- Dc power system

4.2 Power Requirements

In the F-lllA, there is a basic avionics electrical power requirement of 40 kVA.

4.3 Power Generation and Distribution

The main sources of electrical power are 62.5 kVA indirect drive generators. The control units for these generators are in the forward equipment bay. The electrical power distribution system has three ac busses: A left main ac bus, a right main ac bus, and an essential ac bus.

4.4 Emergency ac Power System

The emergency ac power system provides electrical power for operation of safety-of-flight equipment in the event the main ac power system fails or hydraulic power is applied to the aircraft without electrical power, or both. The emergency ac power generator is operated by the utility hydraulic system.

4.5 DC Power System

The dc power system supplies the aircraft with the necessary 28-volt direct current power. The main dc power system uses two ac-to-dc power converters to supply the main and essential dc busses. The aircraft battery ensures that standby power is available to power engine starts, aircraft position lights, and pylon refuel/defuel valves without external power units.

5. ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL SYSTEM

5.1 General

The Environmental Control System (ECS) provides temperature controlled air for the cockpit and a temperature controlled flow of cooling air to the forward electronics bay and to the weapons bay. The ECS operates by ducting hot air from the sixteenth stage compressor of each engine through two air-to-air heat exchangers, an air-to-water heat exchanger, and a cooling turbine. The cooling turbine further cools the air to temperatures suitable for the cockpit and electronic equipment bays.

5.2 Cabin Air Conditioning

Cabin air conditioning is governed by a temperature controller that receives signals from temperature sensors and a cockpit control panel. The temperature controller allows hot air to mix with the cooled air stream to obtain air at the cockpit-selected temperature. Conditioned air flows from the cabin into the forward equipment bay.

5.3 Equipment Air Conditioning

Electronic equipment that is cooled by the ECS is grouped in the forward equipment area, cabin equipment area, aft(check) equipment area, main landing gear wheelwell area, and tail electronics area. The equipment is cooled by both area cooling and forced-air-flow cooling. Area cooling is achieved by supplying cold air to the equipment area as required to maintain the temperature at 150° (± 10°) F. In addition, a cold air flow can be forced over or into a single component or group of components.

6. CURRENT AVIONICS

Tables 6-1 through 6-27 contain LRU data relating to the F-11lA avionics systems that make up the current or near-term configuration. Where no entries are shown, the data were not available for this report. Data pertaining to future avionics modifications are presented in Section 9.

MANACLIII MANACLIII	1	Managed at ure	focation	٥	Dimensions (Inches)		Volume	Weight	Air	Aircraft Power	Heat	Cooling	9
OMMAND-112 CORE 2.62 5.15 5.0 71.5 2 1.1 1.1009 Convection				z	*	٥	Inches)	(Pounds)	¥	8	Dissiration	Method	
	HF Com	AN/ARC-112			-				1:1		1,100#		
National Color 1201 8.5 9.25 17.67 1405 40 1.1	Control Panel	C06454/ARC-112	Cockpit	2.62	5.75	5.0	73.5	7				Convection	Cockpit
NCARC-112 Soci 231 10. 11.62 16.0 42.5 16.0 12.5	Amp-PMR Sup	AN-4239/ANC-	Door 1201	8.5		17.87	1405	6	::			Forced Air	HT-3355
NAVARC-112 NAVARC-113 S. 0 S. 0 13.62 S. 0 S	RCVR-TRAIS	RT-759/ARC-112†	200r 1291	10.		16.0	42.5			•		Forced Alr	MT-3356
5 1107 14.8 Convection	Ant Coupler Set	AN/ANC-112 (OA-7149A)		0.0		12.62				·			
5 1.107 14.8 Convection	Ant Coup Cont	C-6455/ARC-112		15.25	6.5	1.75	173.5	7.4				Convection	HT-3357
	Coupler	CU-1402/ARC-112	4471/2			12.75	1307	14.8			ســـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	Convection	Haru
	Antenna Dorsal Assy								No.	····		,	Hard
	Antenna Vertical Stabilizer Assy											4	Hard
*See Table 6-2 for ARC-123 as a possible replacement system. **AM-439 installed on vir-1355: 9.5" + 9.9" + 20.2"L, 1,900 in 3. RR-759 installed on vir-1366 ill + 12.8" + 18.4". 3.50 in 3.	Variable Capacitor	CB-17/ARC	Cover 3460									8	H P P P D
	*See Table 6-2 **AM-4239 instal	for ARC-123 as a lilled on HT-1355; led on HT-1356;	9.5"H * 9.9"W	cement : 20.2"[1,900 2,591	in3.							

F-111A AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA: AN/ARC-123 HF RADIO AS A POSSIBLE REPLACEMENT SYSTEM FOR ARC-112 MSM: 5821-00-496-9234	Cooling Mounting		Convection Panel	Forced Air MT-3660/ ARC-123	Forced Air NT-3660/ ABC-123		Forced Air Shock Mount
TEM FOR ARC-112	Heat	Dissipation					11004
EPLACEMENT SYST	Aircraft Power	yc DC			1.1		
AS A PUSSION.	Weight	Щ	*	£ 1	23	T.	7,
	Volume (Cubic	Inches)	135	27.6	6.38	1554	1980
	Dimensions (Inches)	2	5.75 6.25	3.62 13.6	4.87 17.2	11.2 20.2	. 2 20.2 SWAY
	Dia.	*	3.75 5.	7.62	7.62 4.	6.87	8,75 11.2 IMI. SWAY
	Location	_	Cockpit	Door 1201	Door 1201	Door 1201	Door 1201
*	Nomenclature		C-7073/ARC	RT-822/ARC-123	AH-4573/ARC- 123	MT-3660/ARC-123	RT-822/ARC-123 AM-4573/ARC-123 HT-3660/ARC-123
	į		Control	Revr-Xatr	AmpPur. Sup.	Shockmount Base	RT and AM Installed On Mount

1	į	Nomenclature	Location	Δ	Dimensions (Inches)		Volume (Cubic	Weight	Aire	Aircraft Power	Heat	Cooling	
NAME-109 DOI 1302 6.78 6.84 14.81 688 29 0.37 3709 700004 ALF				=	3	۵	Inches)	(Pounds)	¥	8	Dissipation	Method	
FF-749/ARC-109 Door 1202 6.78 6.87 14.81 888 29 6.37 3704 Forced Alfr	HG Com	AN/ARC-109											
C-656/AMC-109 Cockpit 4.67 5.75 6.87 192 4.5 Convection C-4608 Ma-1918 Upper t Lower 1.1.5 Ma-1918 Upper t Lower 1.2. 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2	CVR-frans*	RT-749/AAC-109	Door 1202	6.78	9.84	14.81	88	\$	0.37		370W	Porced Air	ARC-109
C-6606 Door 1202 3.0 3.15 4.5 4.4 1.5 4.4 1.5 4.5 4.4 1.5 4.5	ontrol	C-6364/ARC-109	Cockpit	4.87	5.75	6.87	192	* :				Convection	Cockpit
S4-31	int. Sel	C-4808	Door 1202	3.0	3.25	4 .5	7	1.5		•		Convection	Mard
SA-51		AS-1918	Upper & Lower	9.7	3.5	7.5		~					Hard
RF-1166/ARC-164 Cockpit kepl. 4-87 5-73 7-17 200 9-2 0.11 110w Convection for C-6.64/ Owersil depth is ARC-109 8-62* inc Coetrols 8-62* inc Coetro	f Switch	SA-521	Door 1202	8.2	7.	3.2	53	9.6					Kerd
	ncl. Control			9.62.	t depth	trois							

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		Table 6-4.		AV IOH ICS	COMPLEA	F-111A AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:		AN/AIC-25 INTL.CON MIN		5831-00-457-5043			
Nage	Nomenclature	Location	۵	Dimensions (Inches)	•	Volume (Cubic	ne 1 gb.	A S	Aircraft Possi		Cooling	aunog	,
			2	3	۵	Inches)	(Pounds)	¥	8	Dissipation	Method		
Intercom Set	AN/AIC-25:	LH, RI	14.b3	_					8				
Controls + 2 Required	C0567/AK-25**	Corkpit	1.75	5.75	\$.62	121	7,			30	Convection	Cockpit	
Actions - 2 Required	C7-114/+7990-1	The let is	•	2		=	•		•			Marce	
*C-6567 Interca	*C-6567 intercom control depth is 6.75	e 6.75 in including knobe.	ding kn	 	1								

·····							Γ
	Hount Ing		Shock Nount			Hard	
	Cooling	Na Crison	Porced Air			Convection	
AM/AMA-50 UNIP-ADP HSH; \$426-00-863-5777	7		3				
ISM: SQ2	roft **	8	10.0	. •	•	•	
UNG-40F	Aircraft Power	¥	3				
	we ight		;			2	
F-111A AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:	Volume (Cubic	Inches)	90			÷	
12 COMP 10	2 _	۵	^	š		10.75	
A AVIONIC	Disensions (Inches)	3	7.25	Including Nount		10.75	
		×	•	Inc		1.75	
Table 6-5.	Location			Dex 1202		Door 1410	
	Momenclature		AN/A'A-50:	AH- 3624/ARA-50	HF-1955/ARA-50	AS-1909/ABA-48	
	N. ABC		JULJDE	Amy. 1-1. Assy. AM-3624/ARA-50	Installed	Loop Ant.	

			Table 6-6.		111A AVE	ONICS CONFIG	F-111A AVIONICS COMPIGURATION DATA:	A: INSTRUBUTATE	PEZNTS			
į	Morenclature	Location	۵	Dimensions (Inches)	49	Volume (Cubic	Weight	Aircraft Power	ircraft Power	Heat	Cooling	
			×	2	c	Inches	(Founds)	Ŋ	8	Dissipation	Method	
Instruments												
Attitude Dir Ind.	ARU-11/A NSN: 6610-424- 8740	Cockpit	5.25	5.0	10.68	280.4	8.1			36/104	Convection	cockpit
Att. Ind.	ARC-42/A-2 NSN: 6670-00- 200-8744	Cockpit	2.40	2.40	7.61	43.8	2.5	0.003	0.034/	36/10#	Convection	cockpit
Morizontal Sig Ind.	AQU4/A NSN: TBD	Cockpit	4.25	8.8	8.37	178	8.0			54W	Convection	Cockpit
Tot/Sel Fuel Quan.		Cockpit	2.0	Dia		3.14	1.5				Convection	Cockpit
Mecorder Fit Lood Type	HXK 316/A2 406 NSN: TBD	Door 1104									Porced Air	Shock
Bott	E5165001450 NSN: TEB	Cockpit									Convection	Cockpit
				1							-	

	,	,			
	Mounting		Snock		
	8	8			
	Cooling	E C	Forced Air		
179-5146		tion			
6610-00-	Beat	D1881D	36W		
ER NSM:	sfe r	ន	0.085		
OR COMPUT	Aircraft Power	¥	0.016		
FLIGHT DIRECTOR COMPUTER NSN: 6610-00-179-5146	Weight	(apunou)	10.0		- !
F-111A AVIGNICS CONFIGURATION DATA: FL	Volume (Cubic		393		
ONF IGURAT	•	۵	9.48		
)) \$57 1101 .	Dimensions (Inches)	3	5.5		
F-111A AV		Ŧ	7.35		
Table 6-7.	Location		Door 1101		
	Momenclature		CPU-76/A		
	į		Flight Director CPU-76/A Computer		
			. 0	Best Available O	

		Tuble 6-8. F-1	IIIA AVIC	MICS CO	W I GURAT	P-111A AVIONICS COMPIGURATION DATA:	AN/APN-167 BADAR ALTIMETER MSM:	ADAR ALTD	CTER RS	1: 5841-00-772 -1819	919	
SEN.	Nomericlature	Location	٥	Dimensions (Inches)		Volume (Cubic	Weight	Airc	Aircraft Power	Heat	Cooling	Hounting
			×	32	٥	Inches)	(spamou)	y.	ä	not and the total		
Endar Alt.	AN/AFN-167											····
Kevt Trans Fual	KT-771/APN-167	Boor 1201	6.5	15	14.5	14.14	26.0	%	0.01	192M	Porced Air	Ě
Autenna	AS-1758/APN-167		4.5	4.5	9.25	187	1:1		,			Hard
Abdar Alt Ind. K5186000100	к51н6000100	Cockpit					1.6/1.9•				Convection	Cockpit
Fadar Alt.												
Low Marning		Cockprt									Convection	Cockpit
				. ,								
											·	
									· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
								_				
*Two indicators in aircraft.	in aircraft.											

							 										V2
	House in		1852714-3	Shock	1 2 2	Shock				•							
	Oco 1 Lng	A CANO	Porced Air	Porced Air	Convection	Porced Air											
	198	Olsespation Olsespation															
5	2 2 2	R	-				 		·								
ON DATA:	Asceraft	¥	115 Vac	-				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·									
F-111A AVIONICS COMPLECTMATION DATA: CAP	Be ight	7	47.5														
11A AVIONICS	Volum	Inches)						 									
	,	۵	19.25														
Table 6-9.	Dimensions (Inches)	,	.				 										
		=	s				 							,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
	Location		Desit 1101	Door 1102	Cockpit	Door 1102											
	Nomenclature		190 80 13-4 NSN: -6610-00- 108-0544	1284075-3	5-2000/471	И524378-2											· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	. Kashi		Att Pata Comp.	Angle of Attack Trans.	Control	Angle of Attach Trans. Sync.											1000 高度開展
432	ı						6-1	0			పేక	ost _A	4va;	lab	le (ငတု	

	Mount for		Patrel	MT-1729/	. —	Kard		Shock House	
	Cooling	Method	Convection	Porced Air		Convection		Porced Alr	
HSH: TBO	104	Dissipation						0.31 mi	
	raft	æ						8.	
K/AMP-52 ESTALLATI	Aircraft	Ŋ						0.25	
F-111A AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA: AN/ANN-52 TACAN (BEFORE T.O. 1F-111-1140, AN/ANN-110 INSTALLATION)*	Meight	(Poweds)	*	43.25	~	•.	r-673/A386-5	•	
S COMPICURAT F-111-1148,	Volume	Inches)	ş	? ??	255	£	eplaced by	2123	
AVIONIC	9 _	٥	•	6.9	7.5	3.2	craft.	**	
1	Dimensions (Inches)	2	5.75	10 III Only	ş:;	3.2	arly Alforaft.	8	
Table 6-10.		2	-	7.35	-	 •:	ē	8	
Tab	Location		Cockpie	Door 1202	typer 6 Lower	Door 1202	Alternate Syst	Ped., NR Bay Door 1202	į
	Momenclature		C-1928/ARN-52	KT-893/AM-52	8161-SA	SA-521/A	KT-384/ARN-52	NT-1729/ARN-52	for AN/ARM-118.
	į		Control	RCVI-XBL	Antenna.	N Suitch	Rcvr-Xmtr Alternate	on Mount	*Sec Table 6-11 for AN/ARM-118.

		,	ų,		
-0839	a tung		Shock Mount	1 000	
\$826-01-015-0839	<u> </u>		G .		
MSM: 5826-	Cooling	Nethod	AT had internal Blower	Convection	
	Fear	Dissipation	0.23 KM No Forced Air Required		
REPLACIN		8	0.03		
-1148,	Aircraft Power		<u> </u>		
111-41	4	ä	0.20		
(AFTER T.O.	Beight	(Pounds)	38.5	~	
AM/ARH-118	Volume	Inches)	2123	6	Table 6-10,
TACAN,	•	a	20.5 dles	2. 4.3	sted in
ON DATA:	Dimensions (Inches)	3	8.85 11.7 20.5 Including Hardles	or Pen	ntrol li
ricuratio	Α	×	8.85 Inclu		and Cor
P-111A AVIONICS CONFICURATION DATA: TACAN, AN/ARM-118 (AFTER T.O. 1P-111-1148, REFLACING AN/ANN-52)	Location		Door 1202	Cockyll	r-Xmtr, Mount
Table o-11. P-111	Nomenclature		AN/ARN-118° KP-1159/A HX-9577/A MT-4682/A	C-1005#/AKM-11 N	*These units replace AN/ANM-52 Rovr-Amtr, Mount, and Control listed in Table 6-10.
1.	N. affic		ENCAN Keve-Nmer, D/A Converter, on Mount	Control .	These units repl

Door 2204 7.75 6.87 5.50 298 8 0.02 204 Convection Material Convection Material Convection Material Convection Material Convection Convection Material Convection Con	•	Momenclature	Location	۵	Dimensions (Inches)		Volume (Cubic	Weight	Airc	Aircraft Power	ij	Cooling	Mount inc
No. No.				=	>	٥	Inches)	(Founds)	Ŋ	8	Dissipation	Method	
150 150	211	AN/ARM-58											
10 11 12 13 13 13 13 13 13		R-843/ARM-58		27.75	6.87	5.59	398	a		0.02	204	Convection	Kard
1-0 1-0	RCVF Glide SIP/ HKR BCN	R-644/ARN-58		9.75	6.87	\$.01	35	۰		0.03	300	Convection	Hard
1.0 1.0	Control	C-6176/ARN-58A		3.0	5.75	5.0	*	1.1				Convection	
9/0 Redom Note bedom 9/0 Doors 102 9/0 Doors 103 8-1755/ Door 2204 5 1.75 11.5 216 7 0.02 204 Convection 8-1755/ After 12:	HOUR BON Ant	16000500						1.0					Kard
1,0 Doors Doors 1102 1,152 1,153 1,154 1,155 1,155 1,155	Glide Slope	P/O Redome						•					Kard
ARR-113** Door 2304 S 1.75 11.5 216 7 0.02 204 Convection Mark-113** Mark of 11.5 216 7 0.02 204 Convection Mark-113** Mark of 11.5 216 204 Convection Mark of 11.5 216 21.5 204 Convection Mark of 11.5 216 21.5 204 Convection Mark of 11.5 216 216 216 216 216 216 216 216 216 216	Localizer	P/0 Doors	Doors 1102										Mard
		ARH-112**	Door 3204 After Mechanical Med of ILS Bay	•		ş:	35.			0.00	30 4	Convection	P

": or ARM-58A, NGN: 5826-00-498-3313, "ion ARM-58A, NGN: 5826-00-498-3133, ": 1755 functionally replaces R-843 and R-944 and provides 20 additional localiser channels,

		Table 6-13.	i 1	IA AVION	ics cour	F-IIIA AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:		INS AM/AJQ-20A NSN:		100-9-00-130-6301		,
N. GR.	Nomenclature	Location	Q	Dimensions (Inches)		Volume (Cubic	Weight	Air	Aircraft Power	Heat	Cooling	Mounting
			I	2	۵	Inches)	(Pounds)	¥	8	Dissipation	Method	
Incettal Nav.	AN/AJQ-20A						:					
Stabilized Flatform	FX-6767/AJQ-20	Dx11 1102					75.0			275w	Forced Air	Shock
AMER Induct Type Flux Valve	TKU-79/A		6 t. c		2.0	25.1	·:					
Nav comp	CP-#12/AD2-30	Cockpit					77.8			281W	Convection	Panel
Computer Com	CP-937/AN-20A											

	g			
	Mounting		Shock	
	Cooling	Method	Porced Air	
5865-00-813-5469	Heat	Dissipation		
MSN:	raft	ន	·	
CE BLANKE	Aircraft Power	٧		
DIFFICURATION DATA:	Metght	(spunos)		
RATION DATA	Volume (Cubic	Inches)	ð.	
5 CONTIG	a c	a		
AVIONIC	Dimensions (Inches)	3		
_		z		
Table 6-14.	Location		2011 Joor,	
	Momenclature		MX-6770/U	:
	, and M		Interference Blanker	

			,.						_	
	Mounting		Shock Hount		Cockpit	MR-3513		MT-4579/U	Not Defined	
2112	Cooling	Method	Internal Blower		Convection	Convection			Convection	
	Hoat	Dissipation	2004		3	104		304		
NF LCURATI	raft ær	8	0.03		•	0.01			3	
	Aircraí	Э¥	0.18						3	
1FF TRANSPO	Weight	(FOURIE)	30.0		2.5	3.0	2.0	12.0	±	
TION DATA:	Volume	Inches)	2195		151	8		910	376	
COMF LCURA	2	۵	20.16		8.8	7.81		14.25 d SWAY	a .	
VIONICS (Dimensions (Inches)	,	12.69 20.16		\$.75	3.25		6.6 14.25 and MT and SMAY	٠	
F-111A A		×	8.58 Includa		5.25	1.15		8.62 Includa	\$ *	
Table 6-15.	Location		Door 1201		Cockpit	Door 1201	Upyer and Lower	boor 1202	Mot Defined	ita link. · APB.
	Nomenclature		AN/APX-64	KT-728/APX-64 KT-3497	C-6717/APX-64	TS-1843/APX	AS-1919	KIT-IA/T SEC	APX-101**	ared with DMF daplace APX-64 per
F-111A AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:	\$ EST		HF Transpoorer	Reve-Mitt. on Bount	control	Test Sut Airburne	Antenna•	Transponder Computer	Replacement Revrikate	*Antennas are shared with UMF data link. **APX-101 will replace APX-64 per APR.
Li		j		* 1	٠,	+ <	_	F (5	Best Aveil	

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		Table 6-17.	1	111A AVE	WIES CO	P-111A AVICATES COMPTEURATION DATA:		X MADAR S	ATTACK MADAR SET APQ-113	3 MSM: TBO		
39	Monetoclature	Location	<u> </u>	Dimensions (Inches!		Volume	Weight	Airceaft	raft	Neat	Cooling	
			x	7	۵	Inches	(Pounds)	¥	8	Dissipation	Mathod	to the same of the
Antenna Assy	AS-1749/APQ-113 Nose	Nose Radone	26.0	0.81	32.0	29,120	0.42					
Antenna Fotestal	AB-502/APQ-113	Money Radome	0.4	21.0	3 3	3,192	6. 1.					
Antenna Control	C-6498/ARQ-113	Nose Radome	0.01	27.0	o.	2,160	ž		•	ğ	Porced Air	MT-3384/ APQ-113
Matulator Keervet Transmitter	MP-LOH/APQ-113 Boor	Door 1101	21.0	o.14	0.12	5,733	9 (84			i i	Porced Air	MF-3384/ APQ-113
Electrical synchronizer	5N- 180/ARY-111 Door	Boor 1101	58	0.0	20.75	1,574	21.0			39.2M	Forced Air	MT-3384/ APQ-113
Indicator	1P-777/ARV-111	Cockpat	9.25	16.25	ĕ.\$	4,545	0.1.0				Convection	Cockpit
Radar Set Centrel	C-6499/APQ-113 Cockpst	contest	3.75	5.75	\$.	0+1	0				Convection	Cockpit
Automna- Indicator Control	C-6500/APQ-11.)	Cockpat	. 73	5.0	<u>.</u>	153	0.				Convection	Cockpit
Equipment Rack Rack	rr-1184/APQ-111 Dass	1101	4.3	87.1	35.35	o. • •	? •					
*Total system po	Total system power dissipation is 1.637hH ac, U.lhw ch.	18 1.637kW ac. 0	1.1km dr.	-	1							

	-	•		-		
	Cooling	3				
Table 6-18. F-111A AVIONICS COMPIGURATION DATA: INTARED MADAR ANYBAR-34 MEN: THD	ĭ	Mesipetion				
	4,	R		1, 1, 1, 1, 1	•	
	Aircraft	NC.				
	no lyhe	(Pounds)		Data for this equipment are Classified,		
	We lume (Oublice	Inches)		Data for th		
	2 -	٥				
	Dimensions (Inches)	3				
		*		-		
	Location					
	Nomenclature		C-8250/AAR-34	CV-2630/AR-34	CH-189/AAR-14	
	Name		Receiver	Search Track Scanner	Processor	

	Mounting			CH-542/XA- 1/ALR-23			Cockpit	
104-9842	Cooling	Method		Porced Air			Coevection	
	, p	Dissipation	729W	A.C.	809		136#	
Table 6-19. F-111A AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA: RADAR WARRING ALR-23 PARTIAL LISTING MSH: 5865-00-104-9842	Aircraft Power	ដ	.13					
-23 PARTU	Aire	¥	1.35					
F-111A AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA: RADAR WARNING ALR-23 PARTIAL LISTING MSH:	be ight	(appendix	68.29	21.37	27.02		1.13	
ITA: KADAR	Volume	Inches)		689	185	235	37.7	
RATION D	•	۵		16.25	15.45	22.0	7.62	
S COMPTG	Dimensions (Inches)	>		7.00			5.78	
AVIONIC	_	*		7.76	7.63 dia.	6.80 dia.	2.5	
	Location			Door 1101	Door 4491	Door 4492	Cockpit	
Jable	Nomenclature		AN/ALR-23	CH-319 (xa-2)/ ALR-23	.V-1853/ALR-23 23(V)	MX-C-)78(xA-2)/ ALP-23	C-6474/ALK-23	
	ĝ.		MVK (IR) CH	Processor Video Siq.	Scanner Search/ Track	Convertor	55 Terrior	

		Table 6-20.	: 1	11A AVIO	VICS CON	FIGURATION (F-111A AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA: AN/APS-109 ECH NSN:	S-109 BCM		5865-00-813-5413		
į	Momenclature	Location	<u>ت</u>	Dimensions (Inches)	e.	Volume (Cubic	Weight	Aircraft Power	raft Ar	Heat	Cooling	Mounting
			x	2	۵	Inches)	(srounos)	Ŋ	ä	Dissipation	Method	
Antenna Band 3	AS-1781/APS-109	Radome										
Antenna Band 3	AS-1725/APS-109 Radome	Radome										
Antenna Band 1	AS-1723/APS-109	Radome										
Antenna	AS-1719/APS-109 Radome	Radome							•			
Receiver	R-1643/APS-109	180										MT-42251
Vid. Sig. Proc	CM 392/APS-109		01	3.37	22.8			115 Vac				ME-4225/ ME-109
Indicator	SB-3355/APS-109											Panel
							<u> </u>					
						_ 						·; ·

		Table 6-21.		ILA AVIO	NICS CO	F-111A AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:		ECM AN/ALR-39 NSH:	1	5865-00-432-6014			
j	Momenclature	Location	a	Dimensions (Inches)		Volume	Weight	Aire	Aircraft Power	, E	Cooling		,
			×	3	۵	Inches)	(Pounds)),	×	Dissipation	Method	Part Sance	
Mecelver	R-15071/ALR-39												
Power Suppl.	131297-000 (or) 216801-000												
Antenna Lc. Band Blade	AT-741/A						·		•				
Antenna	112E 2946-5			Detail	s of A	4/ALR-39	Details of AN/ALR-39 are Classified.	red.					
Antenna	12E2949-803												
Antenna	1222945-5												
Control	1-1111-05	Cockpit											
Data Analysis	.t.R-39								•		Convection	Pane 3	
						•							
												-	

		rable 6-22.		IIA AVIO	NICS CON	F-111A AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:		ECH AH/ALR-41 NSN:	ľ	5865-00-432-6015		
Nume	Nomenclature	Location	ä	Dimensions (Inches)		Volume (Cubic	Weight	Aire	Aircraft Power	Bant	Cooling	pe j duncaj
			z	2	٥	Inches)	(Pounds)	Ŋ	. BC	Dissipation	Method	
Regimen	R-1633/ALR-41	Door 1202										
Ant. Klvi.	,											
Ant. Law Band Blade						Details of	Details of An/ALR-41 are Classified.	e Classif	ied.			
Perer Supply	56-1115-7	Door 1201							,			
Ant. Roct												
Control	1250002-5	Cockpit		5.75								
	·											

		Burra and	Shock	Shock	100	Page			
	Cooling	le thod	Porced Air						
	Heat	Dissipation							
	raft	ä							
,	Aircraft Powar	¥							
	Weight	(Pounds)							
Table 6-23. F-111A AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA; ECH AM/ALQ-41 NSH; \$865-00-432-6015	Volume	Inches)			The state of the s			·	
	9	۵			1				
	Dimensions (Inches)	2							
		x							
	Location		Door 1101	Door 1101	Door 1101	Cockpit			
	Nomenclature		1384001	13891G1	13892G1	C-3780/ALQ-41			
	į		nit.	Transmitter	Power Supply		Antenna		

		MOGUC 1 IM	MT-3878/ MQ-94	MT-3878/ MQ-94	M-3877/ MG-94	MT-3677/ ALQ-94	M-3679/ MQ-94	M-3679/	1											
	Cooling	Me thod	Porced Air	Porced Air	Porced Air	Porced Air	Porced Air	Porced Air	Convection											
5865-00-890-0422	Beat	Dissipation																	!	
	Aircraft Power	×																		
ECH AN/ALQ-94 HSH:	ALE	¥				fled.														
	Meight	(Pounds)				s of AN/ALO-94 are Classified.														
F-111A AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:	Volume	Inches)				OI AN/ALO														
ONICS CO	3.6	۵				Detail												 		
111A AVI	Dimensions (Inches)	3															 			
	-	=															 			
Table 6-24.	Location		Door 1101	Door 1101	Door 1101	Door 1101	Door 1201	Door 1201	Cockpit											
	See Washington Co.		AM-4851/ALQ-94	R-1438/ALQ-94	AM-1850/ALQ-94	R-1497/ALQ-94	AN-4852/ALQ-94	R-1499/ALQ-94	C-7410/ALQ-94	-										
	Ė		Amy Hid Bund	Receiver Mid	Amy Low Band	Receiver low	Amp High Band	Receivor High	Control	Ant. No. 3	Ant. No. 5	Ant. No. 7	Ant. No. 9	Ant. High	Ant. Hid	Ant. Low				

	Hount ing			Cocholt		-	Cachait	
-				8			8	4
	Conting	18 CROS		Convection			Convection	
	Reat	CLEST LPS CLOS	attt	Ž		3.050	Ř.	
	raft ••	8	.075				.8	
	Aircraft	ĸ	st.				8	
	ne tghe			•	2.3	3	* :	
	Volume (Cubic	Inches)		3	3.4	3.	25. 7¢	
		۵		6.25	5.31	32.4	0.4	
	Dimensions (Inches)	3		5.75	8.7	•	5.75	
	ō	I		4.12	2.25	9.11	1.12	
	Location	-		Cockpit			Cockpit	
	Semenciature		AN/ALE-28	C-047[/ALK-28	C-6472/ALE-2H	D-22/ALE-28		4-3146.
]	Ġ		CH Disp Set	control	Control Seq- Eject	Elect Force Disp	Disposables Cont. Panel	*Also \$865-00-114-3146.

7		\neg											 				Τ
	House Lag											٠					
		_											 				
	Cooling																
	8 :						·	 -							,		
9																	
	100																
		R												· n			
	Aircraft Power	\dashv						₹.					 				
	•	R											 			<u> </u>	
	Me 1ght																
-				······································									 				
	Volume	Inches)															
		٥	···						·				 	***************************************			
	Dimensions (Inches)		8					· 					 				
Ī	•	×											·				
-													 		 .		
	Location																
-	• 10		,										 		·		
	Nomenclature		MXK-316/ A24U-6	HXK-315/A 24U-6													
}										·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 				
	ž		Rec. Mech. Assy	Abg. Rec. Set													
\perp		\perp	žį	<u> </u>									 				

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Cockpit R
10.5 10.5 597 20.0 Conwection of the convection
1102 4.9 6.8 23 1.392 20.0 Convection 1102 4.9 8.02 15.2 597 20.0 Proceed Air 1102 10.5 10.5 9.0 992 14.0 Proceed Air 1103 1.0 8.35 15.7 1.0
1102 1.0.5 19.2 59.7 20.0 Porced ALF 1102 1.0.5 19.3 15.7 1.0.0 1.0 8.35 15.7 1.0
1102 10.5 9.0 992 14.0 Porced Air 1102 1.0 0.35 15.7 1.0
1102 10 615 157 10

7. ANTENNA LOCATIONS

Figure 7-1 shows the approximate locations of the antennas on the F-111A. Antenna nomenclature from current technical orders is as follows:

	Antenna	Nomenclature or Part Number
1.	Glide Slope Strip	12Z519-7
	Glide Slope Plate	122517-1
2.	ADF	AS-909/ARA-48
	IFF (Upper) and UHF Data Link	11D02010G-6
	Radio Beacon Set	AN/URT-27 or -33
	UHF No. 1 and TACAN Upper	11D020100-6
	HF Dorsal	12T501-807
٠.	HF Vertical	12T010-849
7	IFF Lower	AT-741B/A
	Localizer (2)	TBD
	Low and Medium Frequency Radar	LH Installation 12E2239-5
۶.	Homing (4)	
10	Forward Radar Warning (2)	
	High Frequency Radar Homing (4)	RH Installation 12E2239-6
	Terrain Following Radar (2)	AS-2136/APQ-110
	Attack Radar	AS-1749/APQ-113
	AN/ALO-94 ECM No. 3	12E2907-1
	AN/ALO-94 ECM No. 5	12E2908-1
	AN/ALQ-94 ECM No. 7	12E2909-1
15.	Radar Altimeter	LG81G3
	AN/ALR-62	311190-1
	AN/ALO-94 High Band Wing Glove (4)	12E2989-1
	AN/ALQ-94 Medium Band Wing Glove (2)	12E2987-1
	AN/ALQ-94 Low Band Wing Glove (4)	12E2988-1
	AN/ALQ-94 Mid Band, Transmit Wing	12E2999-1
	Glove (4)	•
18.	AN/ALR-62 (2)	12E2982-1
	Aft Radar Warning (2)	12E805-1
20.	AN/ALQ-94 ECM No. 9 LH Assembly	12E2910-1
	(3 antennas per assembly)	
	AN/ALQ-94 ECM No. 9 RH Assembly	12E2910-1
	(3 antennas per assembly)	
21.	UHF No. 2 and TACAN Lower	11D20100-3
22.	AN/ALQ-94 ECM No. 3	12E2907-1
	AN/ALQ-94 ECM No. 5	12E2908-1
	AN/ALQ-94 ECM No. 7	12E2909-1
23.	Marker Beacon	16D00500

Figure 7-1. ANTENNA LOCATIONS (TYPICAL)

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7-2

8. INTERFACE DATA

This section contains examples of interface signal characteristics. These data were extracted from applicable sections of the Interface Control Documents (ICDs) for integration of GPS user equipment in the F-111A aircraft. Each sheet discusses a particular signal. The top line contains the signal name, type of signal (digital, analog, descrete, or synchronous), signal source and load, and whether the signal is an input or output of the GPS user equipment. A functional description follows, together with a description of the signal's characteristics.

INTERFACE SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS

SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
Beari ng	Synchro	0	UE	HSI and BOHI

Functional Description

Provides angular information to the bearing pointer* to display relative bearing of the direcraft's present position to selected waypoint. The relative bearing is the difference, in degrees, between the lubber line and the bearing pointer as read from the compass card.

*No. 1 pointer on BDHI

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: 0° to 360° ACCURACY: +0.5° INDEX REFERENCE: Aircraft Heading

POSITIVE DIRECTION SENSE: Increasing Bearing SCALE FACTOR: 10 = 10

RESOLUTION: HSI + 2.50, BDHI + 0.50

Electrical Characteristics (continued on next page)

LOAD: 1) HSI, AQU-4/A, Bearing Pointer, 3-Wire Synchro, Bendix Type AY-500-5 or equal
2) BDHI, E5165001400, No. 1 Pointer, 3-Wire Synchro, Bendix Type AY-100 HY-59-A1 or equal

SOURCE: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

Wire Type & No.: Twisted Triad Wire Size: No. 22 AWG

A/C: F-111A/E REF: MIL-I-27848 12R5-4-65-3 1F-111A-2-18-1

1F-111E-2-18-1

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

LOAD.	 		LOAD 2					
HSI, AQU-4/A, Bearin Synchro, Bendix Type	ng Pointer, 3 AY-500-5 or	-Wire equal	BDHI, E 5165001400, No. 1 Pointer, 3-Wire Synchro, Bendix Type AY-100 HY-59- Al or equal					
ROTOR								
Input Voltage Frequency Input Current Input Power Resistance (DC)	26 400 530	Volts Cycles ma Watts Ohms	Primary Winding Primary Voltage (400 Hz) Secondary Voltage Input Current Input Power Max. Error Spread Max. Null Voltage Zro Zso Rotor DC Resistance Stator DC Resistance	20.3 .020 .060 +6 30 595 + J2130 750 + J369 409	Volts Volts Amps Watts Minute mv Ohms			
STATOR Input Voltage Input Current Input Power Resistance (DC) Rotor Output Voltage Phase Shift (S to R) Accuracy (Max) Yull Voltage (Max)	11.8 20. 0.090 188 19 15 15	Volts ma Watts Ohms Volts Degrees Minutes mv						
IMPEDANCE Zso Zro	222 + j470 940 + J2260	Ohms						
		Ohms						

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INTERFACE SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS

SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	то
Distance, Units	Synchro	0	UE	HSI & BDHI

Functional Description

Provides angular information to rotate the units digit in the range window. Displays aircraft present position distance to selected waypoint in 1 mm increments (0.5 nm indexed). Driven independently of other digits, but read in conjunction with them in order to provide the least significant digit.

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: 0 to 9 (0° to 360°) ACCURACY: ± 0.1 (± 3.6°) INDEX REFERENCE: 0

POSITIVE DIRECTION SENSE: To decreasing values (distance to go) SCALE FACTOR: 36° = 1 numeral RESOLUTION: $\pm 3^\circ$

Electrical Characteristics (continued on next page)

LOAD: 1) HSI, AQU-4/A, Distance Display, 3-Wire Synchro, Clifton Type CRC-8-A-1 or equal
2) BDHI, E5165001400, Distance Display, 3-Wire Synchro, Bendix Type AY 080-DD-46-A1 or equal

SOURCE: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

Wire Type & No.: Two Single Conductors (X, Y) - Wire Size: No. 22 AWG

Note: "Z" grounded through 26 Vac common.

F-111A/E REF:

MIL-I-27848 T.O. 12R5-4-65-3 1F-111A-2-18-1 1F-111E-2-18-1

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

LOAD 1		BDHI, E5165001400, Distance Display, 3-Wire Synchro, Bendix Type, AY 080-DD- 46-Al or equal				
HSI, AQU-4/A, Distance Disp Synchro, Clifton Type CRC-8						
Primary Voltage (400 Hz) Secondary Voltage Input Current Input Power Accuracy Impadance, Zro 54 + Impedance, Zso 12 + Rotor DC Resistance Stator DC Resistance	Rotor 26	Primary Winding Rote Primary Voltage (400 Hz) 26 Secondary Voltage 11.1 Input Current 187 Input Power 1.1 Max. Error Spread +1.2: Impedance, Zro 32 + J19 Impedance, Zro 6.8 + J2 Impedance, Zrs 57 + J14 Rotor DC Resistance 24 Stator DC Resistance 7.3	Volts Watts Degrees Other			

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INTERFACE SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS

SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
Distance Tens	Synchro	0	UE	HSI & BDHI

Functional Description

Provides angular information to rotate the tens digit in the range window. Displays aircraft present position distance to selected waypoint in 10 nm increments. Driven independently of other distance digits but read in conjunction with them.

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: 0 to 9 (0° to 360°)

ACCURACY: ± 0.1 (±3.6°)

INDEX REFERENCE: 0

POSITIVE DIRECTION SENSE: To decreasing values (distance to go)

SCALE FACTOR: 36° = 1 numeral

RESOLUTION: ±3°

Electrical Characteristics (continued on next page)

LOAD: 1) HSI, AQU-4/A, Distance Display, 3-Wire Synchro, Clifton Type CRC-8-A-1 or equal
2) BDHI, E5165001400, Distance Display, 3-Wire Synchro, Bendix Type AY 080-00-46-Al or equal

SOURCE: (TPD-1)

Interconnection Data

Wire Type & No.: Two Single Conductors (X, Y) Wire Size: No. 22 AWG

Note: "Z" grounded through 26 Yac common.

A/C: F-111A/E REF: MIL-I-27848 12R5-4-65-3

1F-111A-2-18-1 1F-111E-2-18-1

ICD-GPS-014 & 017 10-6 REV

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

LOAD 1		LOAD 2		
MSI, AQU-4/A, Distance Display, 3-Wire Synchro, Clifton Type CRC-8-A-1 or equal		BDHI, E5165001400, Distance Display, 3-Wire Synchro, Bendix Type AY080-DD- 46-Al or equal		
Primary Winding Rotor Primary Voltage (400 Hz, 26 Secondary Voltage 11.8 Input Current 100 Input Power .54 Acuracy 30 Impedance, Zro 54 + J260 Impedance, Zso- 12 + j45 Rotor DC Resistance 37 Stator DC Resistance 12 Phase Shift 8.5	Volts Volts ma Watts Feet Ohms Ohms Degrees	Primary Winding Rotor Primary Voltage (400 Hz) 26 Secondary Voltage 11.8 Input Current 187 Input Power 1.1 Max. Error Spread +1.25 Impedance, Zro 32 + 150 Impedance, Zso 6.8 + 126 Impedance, Zrs 57 + 114 Rotor DC Resistance 24 Stator DC Resistance 7.3	Volts Volts ma Hatts Degree: Ohms	

SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
Distance, indreds	Synchro	0	UE	HSI & BOHI

Functional Description

Provides angular information to rotate the hundreds digit in the range window. Displays aircraft present position distance to the selected waypoint in 100 nm increments. Driven independently of the other distance digits, but read in conjunction with them in order to provide the most significant digit for the distance value.

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: 0 to 9 (0° to 360°) ACCURACY: \pm 0.1 (\pm 3.6°) INDEX REFERÊNCE: $\overline{0}$ POSITIVE DIRECTION SENSE: To decreasing values (distance to go) SCALE FACTOR: 36° = 1 numeral

RESOLUTION: +30

Electrical Characteristics (continued on next page)

LOAD: 1) HSI, AQU-4/A, Distance Display, 3-Wire Synchro, Clifton Type

CRC-8-A-1 or equal

BDH1, E5165001400. Distance Display, 3-Wire Synchro, Bendix Type AY 080-00-46-Al or equal

SOURCE: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

Wire Type & No.: Two Single Conductors (X, Y) * Wire Size: No. 22 AWG

Note: "Z" groundes through AC common.

A/C: F-111A/E REF: MIL-I-27848 12R5-4-65-3 1F-111A-2-18-1

1E-111E-2-18-1

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

LOAD 1		LOAD 2	
HSI, AQU-4/A, Distance Display, 3-Wire Synchro, Clifton Type CRC-8-A-1 or equal		BDHI, E5165001400, Distance Dis 3-Wire Synchro, Bendix Type AYO 46-Al or equal	
Primary Voltage (400 Hz) Secondary Voltage Input Current Input Power Accuracy Impedance, Zro 54	25 Volts 11.8 Volts 100 ma .54 Watts 30 Feet 1260 145 37 Ohms 12 Ohms 8.5 Degrees	Primary Winding Rotor Primary Voltage (400 Hz) 26 Secondary Voltage 11.8 Input Current 187 Input Power 1.1 Max. Error Spread +1.2: Impedance, Zro 32 + j15 Impedance, Zro 6.8 + j2! Impedance, Zrs 57 + j14 Rotor DC Resistance 24 Stator DC Resistance 7.3	Volts Volts ma Watts Degrees
		· •	
1			

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MAK EA	-				_

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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
Distance Flag	Discrete	0	UE	HSI & BDHI

Functional Description

Provides a discrete signal to operate the distance warning flag. The flag is normally out of view when the range indicator is operating and the range data is valid. The flag covers the range indicator when the distance information is not valid or the device supplying the distance data is not operating.

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: 28 Vdc applied, Flag out of view 28 Vdc not applied, Flag in view

Electrical Characteristics

LOAD: 1) HSI (AQU-4/A), distance shutter mechanism, 28 Vdc meter movement 2) BOHI (E5165001400), distance shutter mechanism, 28 Vdc meter movement, 625 Ohms ± 10%

SOURCE: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

Wire Type & No.: Twisted Pair Wire Size: No. 22 AWG

A/C: F-111A/E REF: MIL-I-27848 12R5-4-65-3 1F-111A-2-18-1 1F-111E-2-18-1

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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
Thousand, Digit	Discrete	0	UE	нѕі

Functional Description

Provides a discrete output signal to operate the thousand digit of the MSI when the distance to a selected waypoint is greater than 999 nautical miles.

Signal Characteristics

Thousand Digit In View: 28 Vdc applied Thousand Digit Out of View: 28 Vdc not applied

Electrical Characteristics

LOAD: HSI (AQU-4/A), thousand digit shutter Input Voltage: 28 Vdc Input Current: 150 ma

SOURCE: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

(TBO-3)

A/C: F-111A/E REF: MIL-I-27848 T.O. 5F8-16-4-3

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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
To-From	Analog	0	υ£	нѕі

Functional Description

Provides a d.c. analog signal to drive the To-From indicator. If the aircraft is flying toward the waypoint and has not intercepted a reference line perpendicular to the aircraft ground track and through the waypoint, the indication will be To. Once past the waypoint reference line, the indication will be From as long as this waypoint is still selected.

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: To = +225 µa Max Blank = no signal From = -225 ya Max

Electrical Characteristics

LOAD: HSI (AQU-4/A), To-From Arrow, meter movement 200 Ohms \pm 15 resistance

SOURCE: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

Wire Type & No.: Twisted Pair Wire Size:

F-111A/E MIL-I-27848 IF-111A-2-18-1 IF-111E-2-18-1

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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	то
Horizontal Deviation	Analog	0	UE	Flight Director Computer

<u>Functional Description</u>

Provides a variable d.c. signal that indicates the displacement of the aircraft to the left or right of a selected course. The displacement represented by the indicating device will be controlled by UE software and will be dependent upon aircraft flight phase. Deflection of the indicating device may represent angular displacement (e.g., 10 for a TACAN approach; 2.5 for ILS) or distance. For an area navigation system, the Area Navigation Subcommittee of the Air Transport Association's Air Traffic Control Committee has recommended the following ranges for the flight modes indicated: (a) Enroute: 2-6 miles full scale, (b) Terminal: 1-2 miles full scale and (c) Approach: 600-3000 feet full scale. Choice of presentation (distance/dugrees) and scales are (TBD-1).

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: 0 to ±150 μa
RESOLUTION: 3 μa
ACCURACY: ±10 μa
INDEX REFERÊNCE: Selected course
POSITIVE DIRECTION SENSE: Fly right (±)
SCALE FACTOR: 75 μa/dot on the indicator.
Distance/angular displacement scale factor (TBD-1)

Electrical Characteristics

LOAD: Flight Director Computer, CPU-76/A, 1000 Ohms \pm 3% SOURCE: (T3D-1)

Interconnection Data

Wire Type & No.: Twisted Pair Wire Size: No. 22 AWG

A/C: F-111A/E

REF: MIL-1-27848

MIL-C-83013 1F-111A-2-18-1 1E-111E-2-18-1 ARING Characteristic 582-5

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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
Horzontal Deviation Flag	Discrete	0	UE	Flight Director Computer

Functional Description

Provides a discrete signal to operate the deviation warning flag or circuit when the deviation data is unreliable or a malfunction has occurred in the course deviation circuitry.

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: Deviation signal valid: 245-500 mv. Deviation signal invalid: <180 mv

Electrical Characteristics

LOAD: Flight Director Computer, CPU-76/A, 1000 Ohms, \pm 3% resistance

SOURCE: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

Wire Type & No.: Twisted Pair Wire Size: No. 22 AWG

A/C: REF:

F-111A/E MIL-I-27848 MIL-C-83013 1F-111A-2-18-1 1F-111E-2-18-1

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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO TO
Vertical Deviation	Analog	0	UE	Flight Director Computer

Functional Description

Provides a variable d.c. signal that indicates the displacement of the aircraft above or below a desired flight path. The displacement represented by the indicating device will be controlled by UE software and will be dependent upon aircraft flight phase. Deflection of the indicating device may represent angular displacement (e.g., 0.5° for ILS) or distance. For an area navigation system, the Area Navigation Subcommittee of the Air Transport Association's Air Traffic Control Committee has recommended the following ranges for the flight modes indicated: (a) Enroute: 200 to 2000 feet full scale, (b) Terminal: 60-200 feet full scale and (c) Approach: 40-100 feet full scale. Choice of presentation (distance/degrees) and scales are (TBD-1).

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: 0 to + 150 μa
RESOLUTION: 3 μa
ACCURACY: +10 μa
INDEX REFERENCE: Desired flight path
POSITIVE DIRECTION SENSE: Fly Down (+)
SCALE FACTOR: 75 μa/dot on the indicator.
Distance/angular displacement scale factor (TDD-1)

Electrical Characteristics

LOAD: Flight Director Computer, CPU-76/A, 1000 0hms \pm 3% SOURCE: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

Wire Type & No.: Twisted Pair Wire Size: No. 22 AWG

A/C: F-111A/E REF: MIL-C-83013 1F-111A-2-17-1 1F-111E-2-17-1

ARINC Characteristic 582-5

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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
Vertical Deviation Flag	Discrete	0	UE	Flight Director Computer

Functional Description

Provides a discrete signal to the Flight Director Computer when the UE vertical deviation signal is unraliable. This signal is similar to glideslope flag signal.

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: Deviation signal valid: 245-500 mv. Deviation signal invalid: $_{\rm c}$ 180 mv.

Electrical Characteristics

LOAD: Flight Director Computer, CPU-76/A, 1000 Ohms ± 32

SOURCE: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

Wire Type & No.: Twisted Pair Wire Size: No. 22 AWG

A/C: REF:

F-111A/E MIL-C-83013 1F-111A-2-17-1 1F-111E-2-17-1

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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
Digital Output Data	Digital	0	UE	IBNS

Functional Description

Provides position, velocity and time and other parameters (TBD-3) to the IBNS to update the Inertial Navigation Set and to aid in navigation and bombing solutions. (See Appendix II.)

Signal Characteristics

Word/Frame Structure: (TBD-3) Information Identifier: (TBD-3) Data Standard: (TBD-3) Timing Tolerances: (TBD-3)

Electrical Characteristics

(TBO-3)

Interconnection Lata

(780-3)

A/C: F-111A/E

ICD-GPS-014 & 017 **----** 10-17

SIGNAL NAME	• ::	1/0	FROM	TO
Magnetic Heading	Synchro	I	AFRS-Electronic Control Amplifier	UE

Functional Description

Provides angular reference signal of aircraft heading relative to magnetic north.

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: 0° to 360°
ACCURACY: ±0.5°
INDEX REFERENCE: Magnetic North
POSITIVE DIRECTION SENSE: Mose Right
SCALE FACTOR: 1° = 1°
RESOLUTION: (TBD-3;

Electrical Characteristics (continued on next page)

SOURCE: Auxiliary Flight Reference System, Electronic Control Amplifier (ASK 25A/A24G-26), 3-Wire Synchro, Clifton CGH-8-A-7 or equal

LOAD: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

Wire Type & No.: Twisted Triad Wire Size: No. 22 AWG

A/C: F-111A/E REF: MIL-C-38418 T.O. IF-111A-2-12-1 T.O. 5F4-21-3

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ELECTRICAL CHA	RACTERISTICS
SOURCE 1	
Synchro, Clifton Type CGH-6-n-7 or equal	
Input Voltage 115V 400Hz Input Current 29 ma Input Power 0.8 w Output Voltage (Max) 11.8V Sensitivity 206 mv/deg Phase Shift 11 deg DC Rotor Resistance 700 Ohms DC Stator Resistance 10.4 Ohms Impedance, Zro 950 + j3, a50 Ohms Impedance, Zros 10 + j36 Ohms Impedance, Zros 1550 + j420 Ohms Max Null Voltage 75 mv Accuracy (Max Error 14 minutes Spread)	
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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	то
True Airspeed	Synchro	I	Central Air Data Computer	UE

Functional Description

Provides an input of true airspee in synchro format.

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: ACCURACY:

INDEX REFERENCE:
POSITIVE DIRECTION SENSE:
SCALE FACTOR: (TBD-2)

RESOLUTION:

Electrical Characteristics (continued on next page)

SCURCE: Central Air Data Computer, 1903533-4, 3-Wire Synchro, Bendix

type AY 200S 16A7 or equal

LOAD: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Cata

Wire type & No.: 2 Shielded Conductors (x, \forall) Wire Size: No. 22 AWG

Note: "Z" ties to shield ground

A/C: F-111A/F REF: T.O. 5F5-4-17-3 T.O. 1F-111A-2-16-1 T.O. 1F-111E-2-16-1

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	CTERISTICS
SOURCE 1 Synchro, Bendix Type AY 300S 16A7 or equal	
Primary Winding Rotor Input Voltage 26 Vac, 400 Hz Input Power 0.6 watts Output Voltage (Max) Phase Shift 9.5° lead DC Rotor Resistance XC Stator Resistance Inpedance, Zro 70 + j305 ohms Impedance, Zso 16.5 + j50 ohms Max Null Voltage 30 mv Accuracy (Max error spread)	

SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
Barometric Altitude	Synchro	1	Central Air Data Computer	· UE

Functional Description

Provides an input of barometric altitude in synchro format.

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: ACCURACY:

INDEX REFERENCE:
POSITIVE DIRECTION SENSE:
SCALE FACTOR: (TBD-2)

Electrical Characteristics (continued on next page)

SOURCE: Central Air Data Computer, 1903633-4, 3-wire synchro Bendix type AY 300C 43Al or equal

LOAD: (TBDG)

Interconnection Data

Wire Type & No.: Shielded Pair and One Shielded Conductor Wire Size: No. 22 AWG

F-111A/E

A/C: REF:

T.O. 5F5-4-17-3 T.O. 1F-111A-2-16-1 T.O. 1F-111E-2-16-1

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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	T0
Blanking Pulses	Pulse	I	Interference Blanker	UE

Functional Description

The interference blanker provides blanking pulses to prevent interference between systems operating in the same frequency spectrum. $\frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^$

Signal Characteristics (see pages 10-24 and 10-25)

Electrical Characteristics

SOURCE: Interference Blanker, MX-8103/A

LOAD: (TBD-1)

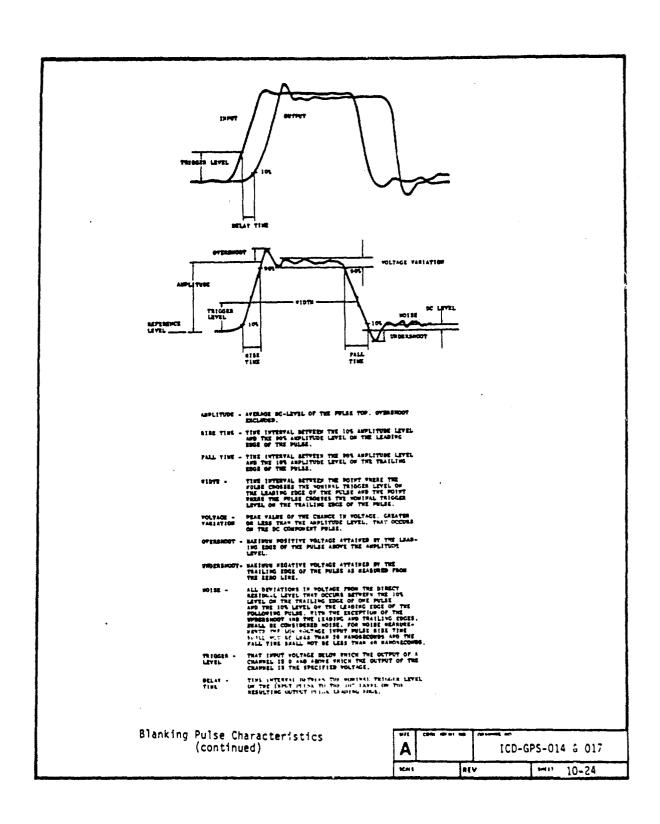
Interconnection Data

Wire Type & No.: Coaxial Cable, RG-58 C/U

A/C: F-111A/E REF: T.O. 12P3-4-22-12 T.O. 1F-111A-2-22 T.O. 1F-111E-2-22

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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	то
Pitch	Synchro	I	AFRS	UE

Functional Description

Provides an input signal proportional to fuselage pitch attitude with respect to the earth's horizon. Signal amplitude is proportioned to amount of fuselage displacement from level flight and phase indicates direction of displacement

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: 0° to +90°
ACCURACY: +0.5°
INCEX REFERENCE: 0° Pitch
POSITIVE DIRECTION SENSE: Nose Up
SCALE FALTOR: 1° = 1°
RESOLUTION: (TBD-3)

Electrical Characteristics (continued on next page)

SOURCE: AFRS, 3-Wire Synchro, Clifton Type CGH-8-A-7 or equal Electronic Control Amplifier (ASK-25A/A24G-26)

LCAD: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

Wire Type & No.: Twisted Triad No. 22 AWG

A/C: F-111A/E REF: T.O. 1F-111A-2-12-1, T.O. 5F4-2-21-3, T.O. 5F4-2-21-4, MIL-C-38418 T.O. 1F-111E-2-12-1

₩(00d0 40 41 5	•	~ ~		
A			1CD-G	PS-014	A 317
-		PEY			10-26

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SOURC	£ 1		
Synchro, Clifton Type equal	CGH-8-A-7 or		
Input Voltage Input Current Input Power Output Voltage (Max) Sensitivity Phase Shift DC Rotor Resistance DC Stator Resistance Impedance Zro Impedance Zro Impedance Zrss Max Null Voltage Accuracy (max error spread)	950 + j3, 850 Ohms 10 + j36 Ohms 1550 + j420 Ohms 75 mv	•	

1CD-GPS-014 & 017

479

SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
Ro11	Synchro	1	AFRS	UE

Functional Description

Provides an input signal proportioned to fuselage roll attitude with reference to the earth's horizon. Signal amplitude is proportioned to amount of fuselage displacement from level flight and phase indicates direction of displacement

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: 0° to +90° ACCURACY: +0.5°

INDEX REFERENCE: Zero Roll

POSITIVE DIRECTION SENSE: Right Wing Down SCALE. FACTOR: 10 + 10

RESOLUTION: (TBD-3)

Electrical Characteristics (continued on next page)

SOURCE: Auxiliary Flight Reference System, Electronic Control Amplifier (ASK-25A/A24G-26), 3-Wire Synchro, Clifton CGH-8-A-7 or equal

LOAD: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

Wire Type & No.: Twisted Triad Wire Size: No. 22 AWG

A/C: F-111A/E REF: T.O. 1F-111A-2-12-1, T.O. 5F4-21-3, T.O. 5F4-21-4, MIL-C-38418 T.O. 1F-111E-2-12-1

1		-			
	A		ICD-G	\$-014	3 017
	Mai	•1	v	heel 2.7	10-28

450

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS SOURCE 1 Synchro, Clifton Type CGH-8-A-7 or equal 115V 400 Hz 29 ma 0.8w 11.8V Input Voltage Input Current Input Power Output Voltage (max) Output Voltage (max). Sensitivity Phase Shift DC Rotor Resistance DC Stator Resistance Impedance Zro Impedance Zro Impedance Zrss Max Null Voltage Accuracy (max error spread) 205 mv/deg 700 Ohms 10.4 Ohms 950 + j3, 850 Ohms 10 + j36 Ohms 1550 + j420 Ohms 75 m 14 minutes

481

100-GPS-014 & 017

A

INER

SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
Digital Input Data	Digital	I	IBNS	UE

Functional Description

Provides the UE with position, velocities, covariances and other parameters (TBD-3). (See Appendix II.)

Signal Characteristics

Word/Frame Structure: (TBO-3) Information !dentifier: (TBO-3) Oata Standard: (TBO-3) Timing Tolerance: (TBO-3)

Electrical Characteristics

(TBD-3)

Interconnection Data

(780-3)

A/C: F-111A/E HEF:

A ICD-GPS-014 4 017 -.. 10-10

• • • • •

SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	то
Course Set	Synchre	I	45!	UE

Functional Description

Provides an electrical reference signal of the course manually selected by the Course Set control on the HSI. This signal will be used by the UE as a reference for positioning the course deviation and Yo-From indicators on the HSI.

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: 0° to 360°
ACCURACY: ±0.5°
PESOLUTION: 1.0°
INDEX REFERENCE Magnetic North
POSITIVE DIRECTION SENSE: Right Hand Increments
SCALE FACTOR: 1° = 1°

Electrical Characteristics (Continued on next page)

SOURCE: HSI (AQU-4/A), Course Resolver, Kearfott Type CR40931018 or equal

LCAD: (180-1)

Interconnection Data

wire Type & No. Seven single conductors (twisted) Wire Size. No. 24 AWG

A/C: REF:

F-111A/E 1F-111A-2-18-1 MIL-1-27843 5F8-16-4-3

5F8-16-4-4

100-GPS-014 & 017

10-31 914

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SOURCE

HSI, AQU-4/A. Course Re- Kearfott Type CR40931010	solver, 3 or equal			•
Primary Winding Input Voltage Frequency Input Current Input Power Output Impedance Output Impedance OC Resistance (rotor) OC Resistance (stator) Output Voltage Sensitivity Maximum null Voltage Maximum error from electrical zero Transformation ratio				

484

8-32

9. FUTURE MODIFICATIONS

Table 9-1 lists the avionics suite expected to be installed in each of the F-111 family aircraft by 1985. This chart is useful for comparing the members of the F-111 family. Figures 9-1 and 9-? show current and planned equipment bay space allocations. Here, the Ballistics Computer is shown removed in the planned arrangement. The KY-28 Secure Voice has been located in the right-hand equipment bay. Other systems added are AN/ALQ-137, AN/ALR-62, GPS, and AN/ARC-164.

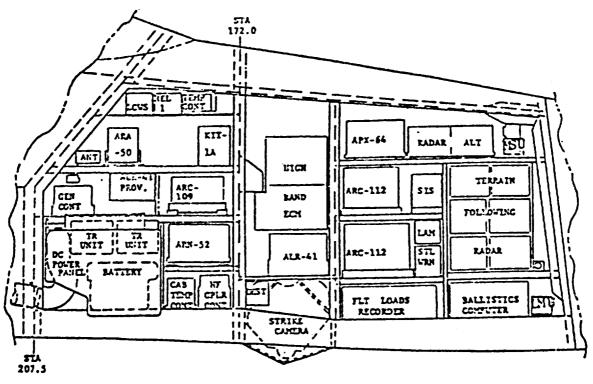
GPS UE will physically and functionally replace the AN/ARN-118 TACAN System. The GPS receiver will be installed at the present TACAN location under Door 1202. The antenna is installed above the forward, right-hand equipment bay.

The AN/ARC-164 is planned to replace the ARC-109 in most F-111As by 1985. The AN/ARC-164 Radio Set has two basic configurations, the console mount and the remote mount.

Equipment F-111A UHF ARC-109 → ARC-164 HF ARC-112/123 Intercom ALQ-20 Digital Bomb Navigational TACAN ARN-118 (Maybe GPS) ILS ARN-58 (Maybe GPS) UHF-DF ARN-58 (Maybe GPS) Radar Altimeter APN-167 TFR APQ-110 Attack Radar APQ-113 Auto Gun M61-A1 IFF A/G APX-64 IFF Crypto KIT-1A	F-111D ARC-109 ARC-164 ARC-123 AIC-25 AIC-25 AIN-16 S) ARN-52/118 (Maybe GPS) (11 ARN-58 (Maybe CAT 11 MLS) ARA-50 (Maybe GPS) ARA-167 APQ-130 APQ-130	F-111E ARC-109 ARC-164 ARC-123 AIC-25 AJQ-20 (Maybe Digital Bomb Navigational) ARN-52/118 (Maybe GPS) ARN-58 ARN-58 ARN-58	F-111F ARC-109 -> ARC-164 ARC-123 AIC-25 AIN-16 ARN-84 (Maybe GPS) ARN-88 (Maybe CAT 11 HLS) ARA-50 (Maybe GPS) ANA-50 (Maybe GPS)	EF-111A ARC-109 -> ARC-164 ARC-112 AIC-25 AJQ-20 Digital Bomb Navigational
Computer Sight Computer Sight Computer Sight Computer Sight Computer Sight Computer Sight Computer Sight Computer Sight Computer Sight Computer Sight		ARC-109 -+ ARC-164 ARC-123 AIC-25 AJQ-20 (Maybe Digital Bomb Navigational) ARN-52/118 (Maybe GPS) ARN-58 ARN-58 ARN-56	ARC-123 AIC-25 AIN-16 ARN-84 (Maybe GPS) AIN-58 (Maybe CAT 11 MLS) ARN-50 (Maybe GPS) ARN-50 (Maybe GPS) ANN-167	ARC-109 -+ ARC-164 ARC-112 AIC-25 AJQ-20 Digital Bomb Navigational
F Altimeter Radar Computer Sight Jun GG Cypto	-	ARC-123 AIC-25 AJQ-20 (Maybe Digital Bomb Navigational) ARM-52/118 (Maybe GPS) ARM-58 ARM-58 ARM-50 (Maybe GPS)	ARC-123 AIC-25 AJN-16 AJN-84 (Maybe GPS) ARN-88 (Maybe CAT 11 MLS) ARA-50 (Maybe GPS) ARA-167	AIC-25 AIC-25 AJQ-20 Digital Bomb Natigational
F Altimeter Altimeter Radar Computer Sight Jun //G	ы	AIC-25 AJQ-20 (Maybe Digital Bomb Navigational) ARN-52/118 (Maybe GPS) ARN-58 ARN-58 ARN-50 (Maybe GPS)	AIC-25 AIN-16 AIN-84 (Maybe GPS) AIN-58 (Maybe CAT 11 HLS) AIA-50 (Maybe GPS) AIA-50 (Maybe GPS)	AJQ-20 Digital Bomb Navigational AMA-118 (Macha CSC)
Altimeter Altimeter Radar Computer Sight Jun //G	ı	AJQ-20 (Maybe Digital Bomb Navigational) ARN-52/118 (Maybe GPS) ARN-58 ARN-50 (Maybe GPS) AFN-167	AJN-16 ARN-84 (Maybe GPS) ARN-58 (Maybe CAT 11 HLS) ARN-50 (Maybe GPS) APN-167	AJQ-20 Digital Bomb Navigational ABN-118 (Mavhe CDS)
Altimeter Altimeter Radar Computer Sight Jun //G	1	ARN-52/118 (Maybe GPS) ARN-58 ARN-50 ARN-50 (Maybe GPS) APN-167	ARN-84 (Maybe GPS) ARN-58 (Maybe CAT 11 HLS) ARA-50 (Maybe GPS) APN-167	ABN-118 (Mavhe CDC)
of Altimeter It Altimeter Ick Radar Computer Sight Gun A/G Crypto	11	ARN-58 ARA-50 (Maybe GPS) ARN-167	ARN-58 (Maybe CAT 11 MLS) ARA-50 (Maybe GPS) APN-167	for a family out the
rr Altimeter rr Altimeter rck Radar 1 Computer Sight 5 Gun A/G Crypto	ARA-50 APN-167 APQ-128 APQ-130	ARA-50 (Maybe GPS) APN-167	ARA-50 (Maybe GPS) APN-167	ARN-58 (Haybe CAT II MLS)
ick Radar ick Radar ick Computer Sight o Gun N/G Crypto	APN-167 APQ-128 APQ-130	APN-167	APN-167	ARA-50 (Maybe GPS)
ick Radar 1 Computer Sight 5 Gun NG Crypto	APQ-128 APQ-130	***		APN-167
r Sight	APQ-130	APQ-110	APQ-146/128/134	APQ-110
ter Sight		APQ-113	APQ-144/114	Demodify to Naval Radar
	•	ASG-23	ASG-27/25	Demodify
	H61-A1	M61-A1	M61-A1	Demodify
	APX-64	APX-64	APX-64	APX-64
	KIT-1A	KIT-1A	KIT-1A	KIT-1A
HSI AQU-4/A	NQU-4/A	AQU-4/A	AQU-4/A	AQU-4/A
CADC 1903633-4	1903634-3	1903633-4	1903634-3	1903633-4
Flight Director CPU-76 System	-	CPU-76A	CPU-76A	CPU-76, ARU-11
Auxiliary Flight A24G-26A Reference System	A24G-26A	A24G-26A	A24G-26A	A24G-26A
RHAW APS-109	APS-109	APS-109	APS-109	ALR-62 (TTWS)
ECM Receivers ALR-23	ALR-23	-	ALR-23	ALR-23 (TTWS)
AAR-34	AAR-34	AR-34	AAR-34	ALQ-137 (SPS)
Jamming Transmitters ALQ-94, 41	ALQ-94	ALQ-94, 119	AIQ-94	ALQ-99E (JSS)
Interference Blanker MX-6770	MX-8106	MX-6770A	HX-8103	MX-9879/A
Dispenser ALE-28	ALE-28	ALE-28	ALE-28	ALE-28
Strike Camera KB-18A	KB-18A	KB-18A	KB-18A	Demodify
Flight Control FC-11 System	FC-11	rc-11	FC-11	FC-11

(continued)

Trim			Table 9-1.	(continued)		
12C1154-879 12C1154-67 12C1154-879 1	Equipment	F-111A	F-111D	F-111E	F-111F	EF-111A
10-162/AIX	Fuel and Trim Assembly	12C1154-879	12C1154-867	12C1154-879	12C1154-875	12C1154-879
ter AVK-6 (2) AVK-6 (1) AVK-6 (2) AVK-6 (2) AVK-6 (2) AVK-1 AVK-1 AVK-1 AVK-1 AVK-1 AVK-1 AVK-1 AVK-1 BCM Conce ACC AVC AVC-1 AVK-1 BCM Conce ACC AVC AVC-1 AVK-1 BCM Conce ACC AVC-1 BCM Conce ACC AVC-1 BCM Conce AVC-1 BCM Conce ACC AVC-1 BCM Conce ACC AVC-1 BCM Conce ACC AVC-1	Doppler		APN-189 (Maybe GPS)	•		
ter r. r. r. r. r. r. r. r. r. r. r. r. r.	Nav Data Entry Panel	:	ID-1764/AYK	ļ		
ter AVK-6 (2)	Nav Data Display Panel	-	ID-1622/AYK	1	ID-1748/AYK	!
ter	General Purpose Computer	;	AYK-6 (2)	•	AYK-6 (2)	-
tion AYN-3 ay APN-9 APX-76 Modifications Terrain Pollow Radar Modifications Terrain Pollow Radar Modifications ALQ-119 ECM (Some A/C)	Weapons Bay Gun System	1		٤	1	Demodify
AVA-9	Multiplex Converter Unit	•	CV-2492/A	•	CV-2497/A	1
AVA-9	Horizontal Situation Display		AYN-3	•	1	1
	Integrated Display Set	-	AVA-9	•	* *	1
	IFF Interrogator	1 1	AFX-76	•	9.0	
Terrain Follow Radar	Computer Control Unit		:	•	C-8586/AYK	,
Terrain Follow Radar	UHF Crypto	7 1	,			KY-28
Terrain Follow Radar	Nav Radar	•	,			APQ-160 (Demodify)
Terrain Follow Radar			Modific	ations		
ALQ-119 ECH (Some A/C)	F2824	Terrain Follow Radar	•	Terrain Follow Radar		
SIS (Some A/C) SIS (Some A/C) SIS	F2930	ALQ-119 ECM (Some A/C)	ALQ-119 ECH (SORE A/C)	ALQ-119 ECH		
APN-167 LARA (Some A/C) APN-167 LARA (Some A/C) APN-167 LARA (Some A/C) APN-167 LARA (Some A/C) APN-167 LARA Override System APQ-113 TFR (Some) APQ-130 TFR APQ-113 TFR APQ-113 TFR ALR-62 RWR (Some) ALR-62 RWR ALR-62 RWR Jam System (Some A/C) AVA-9 IDS AVA-9 IDS	T13315A	SIS (Some A/C)	SIS (Some A/C)	SIS	SIS (Some A/C)	
LARA Override System LARA Override System LARA Override System APQ-113 TFR APQ-113 TFR APQ-113 TFR ALR-62 RWR Some ALR-62 RWR AL	T17305A	APN-167 LARA (Some A/C)	APN-167 LARA (Some A/C)	APN-167 LARA (SORE A/C)	APN-167 LARA (SOME A/C)	
APQ-113 TFR (Some) ALR-62 RWR (Some) Jam System (Some A/C)	T17310A	LARA Override System	LARA Override System	LARA Override System	LARA Override System	
ALR-62 RWR ALR-62 RWR Jam System (Some A/C) AVA-9 IDS Planned Avionics CVTR	T37063A	APQ-113 TFR (Some)	APQ-130 TFR	APQ-113 TFR	APQ-144 TFR	
Jam System (Some A/C) AVA-9 IDS AVA-9 IDS	F2957	ALR-62 RWR (Some)	ALR-62 RWR	ALR-62 RWR	ALR-62 RWR	•
AVA-9 IDS	F0000	Jam System (Some A/C)	*			* *
Planned Avionice CVTR CVTR	F15312B		AVA-9 IDS	*	***	•
Planned Avionica CVTR CVTR	Т37236я	1	-		Multiplex Converter (Some A/C)	-
CVTR			Planned)	Avionics		
	Video Tape Recorder	•	CVTR	CVTR	CVTR	



VIEW LOOKING THE RM FOULD BAY
F-111A EO. 103 - 139

CURRENT

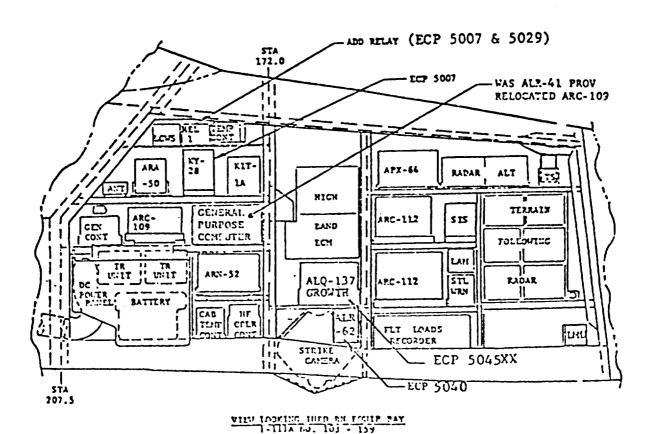


Figure 9-1. F-111A EQUIPMENT BAY CURRENT VS. PLANNED Best Available Cop

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9-4

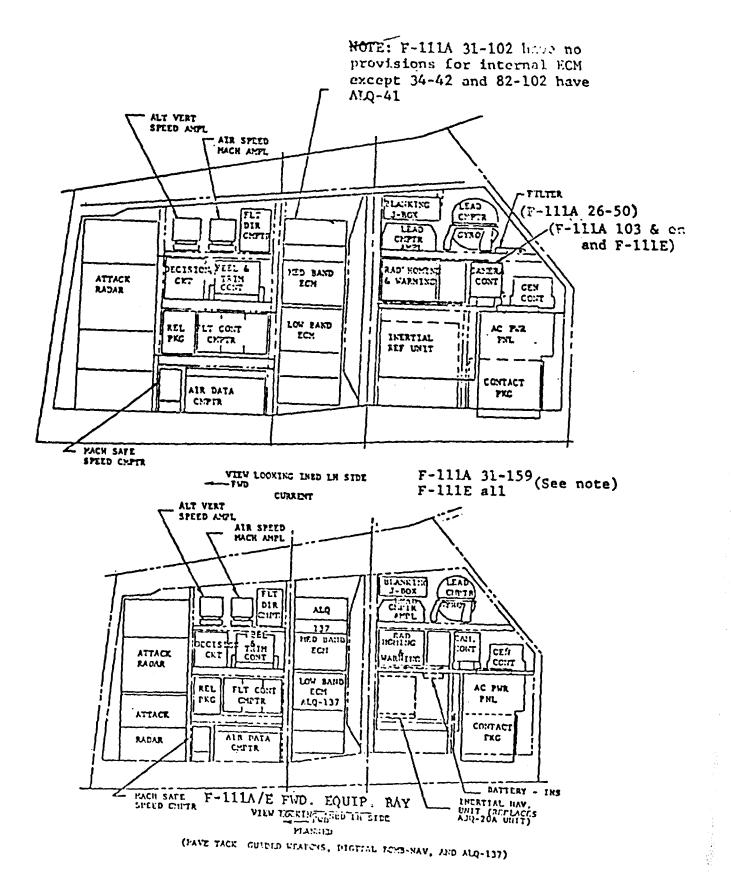


Figure 9-1. (continued)

Best Available Gopy

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10. DATA SOURCES

The following sources of data were used in preparing this summary:

- Aircraft and avionics configuration data assembled by ARINC Research, principally in the form of copies of applicable sections, tables, and figures from the aircraft technical orders, as well as from equipment technical orders listed at the end of this section.
- Avionics Planning Baseline Document October 1978
- GPS Phase II User Equipment Interface Requirements for the F-111A Aircraft; 1 September 1977

List Of Technical Orders

T.O. #	Title	Change	Date
1F-111A-01	List of Publications		4/21/72
1F-111A-1	Flight Manual	5	12/1/78
1F-111A-1-1	Performance Data	1	9/19/75
1F-111A-2-1	General Info	27	12/24/76
1F-111A-2-3-1	Auto Flight Control	7	6/3/77
1F-111A-2-4-1	Flight Control System	8	8/26/77
1F-111A-2-5-1	Fire Power Control	4	9/12/75
1F-111A-2-12-1	Instrument Systems	18	1/5/77
1F-111A-2-13-1	Electrical Power & Lighting System	20	10/29/76
1F-111A-2-16-1	Air Data Systems	Basic	10/18/74
1F-111A-2-17-1	Communications and Instrument Landing Systems	10	10/24/75
1F-111A-2-18-1	Auto Direction Finder, Inter- Communications TACAN, IFF Systems	12	1/5/77
1F-111A-2-19	Attack and Terrain Following Radar Systems	17	11/7/75
1F-111A-2-22	Systems Integration	11	6/13/75
1F-111A-4-9	Auto Flight Control	11	2/4/76
1F-111A-4-10	Air Data Computer Systems	5	1/10/75
1F-111A-4-11	Instrument Systems	27	3/18/77
1F-111A-4-12	Power and Lighting Systems	26	2/11/77 (#25 miss)

List Of Technical Orders (continued)

T.O. #	<u>Title</u>	Change	Date
1F-111A-4-14	Auto Direction Finder Commun- ications TACAN, & IFF Systems	2	7/23/76
1F-111A-4-17	Penetration aids and Electronic Counter Measures	Basic	7/16/76
1F-111A-4-19	Parts Index	5	7/27/77
1F-111A-4-20	Armament Systems	2	2/11/77
1F-111A-4-21	Comm. and Instrument Landing	14	4/16/76
1F-111A-4-22	Fire Power Control Systems	1	10/15/76
1F-111A-4-23	Attack and Terrain Following Radar System	1	2/11/77
1F-111A-34-1	Norr-Nuclear Munitions Delivery	Basic	2/6/76
1F-111A-34-1-1	Non-Nuclear Munitions Delivery	Basic	2/6/76
12P2-2APQ119-12	Terrain Following Radar Set	10	3/15/74
12P2-2APQ110-52	Terrain Following Indicator	3	3/22/74
12P2-2APQ13-12	Radar Set	Basic	1/28/77
12P4-2APX64-2	Radio Receiver Transmitters	17	11/22/77
12P5-2APN167-12	Altimeter Set	. 12	5/3/74
12R1-2ARA50-2	Direction Finder Group	2	2/1/72
12R2-2AIC25-2	Intercomm Set	10	12/1/76
12R2-2ARC109-4	Radio Set	9	6/15/76
12R2-2ARC109-42	Radio Receiver	?	6/1/77
12R2-2ARC112-42	Radio Set	6	12/1/76
12R2-2ARC123-2	Radio Set	15	10/15/76
12R5-2ARN52-2	TACAN	Changed	10/1/69
12R5-2ARN52-12	TACAN	4	2/15/73
12R5-2ARN58-2	Radio Receiving	6	5/13/77
12R5-2ARN118-1	TACAN	Basic	10/15/76
12R5-2URT27-2	Radio Beacon Set	10	6/1/77
12R2-2ARC164-2	Radio Set	Basic	6/20/76

AVIONICS INTERFACE DATA SUMMARY FOR F-111E



October 1979

Issued by

The Deputy for Avionics Control
ASD/AX
A Joint AFSC/AFLC Organization

FOREWORD

This document is one of a series of reports that describe Avionics interfaces for various USAF aircraft. It was prepared for the Deputy for Avionics Control, Aeronautical Systems Division (ASD/AX), Wright-Patterson AFB, Ohio by ARINC Research Corporation, Annapolis. Maryland under Contract F33657-79-C-0567.

Record of Changes					
Change	Subject	Date Entered	Initials		
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1. INTRODUCTION

This document contains configuration data relating to the integration of additional avionics into the F-lllE aircraft.

This document will be revised periodically as additional modifications are planned and incorporated into the aircraft. Queries regarding information contained herein should be addressed to:

The Deputy for Avionics Control Code: ASD/AXP Wright-Patterson AFB, Ohio

This document was compiled from Air Force source materials by ARINC Research Corporation under Contract F33657-79-C-0567.

The applicable Technical Orders are included in the references listed in Section 10.

2. COCKPIT SPACE

2.1 Available Control Panel Space

Figures 2-1 through 2-5 depict the consoles and instrument panels for the F-111E. In the present F-111E cockpit configuration, blank control panel space is limited. Two small blank panels exist, one on the left console and one on the right console.

A 1-3/4 inch high by 5-3/4 inch wide space is available on the left concole, between legend numbers 9 and 10 of Figure 2-3. This space is near the rear of the console.

On the right console, a 2-3/8 inch high by 5-3/4 inch wide blank space exists. This space is located between legend numbers 1 and 17 of Figure 2-5 and is within convenient reach of the Waapons Systems Officer.

2.2 Displays

Currently all of the F-111E oscilloscope displays are in the Right Main Instrument Panel (Figure 2-2, legend 1, 4, and 10, Terrain Following Radar Scope Panel, RHAW Scope Panel, and Attack Radar Scope Panel, respectively. The ASG-23 optical sight display does not have any alphanumeric characters or symbol capability potential.

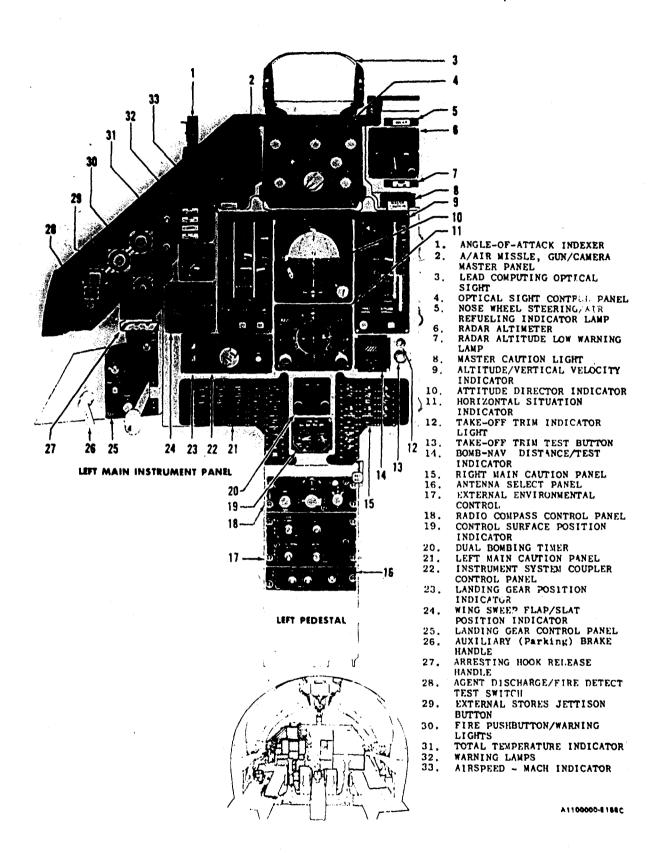
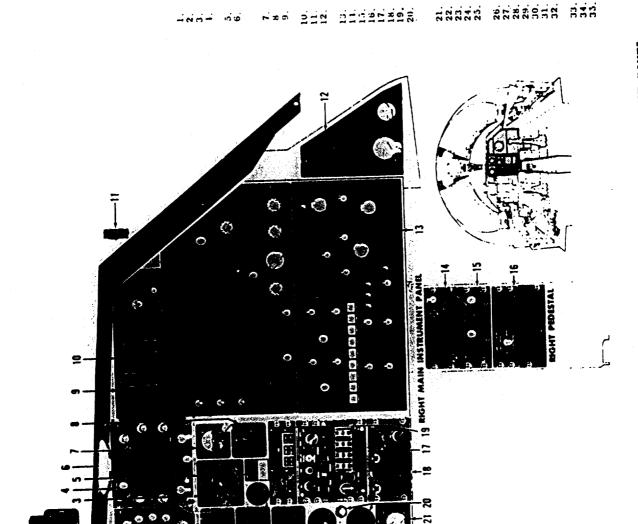


Figure 2-1. LEFT MAIN INSTRUMENT PANEL

TURBINE INLET TEMPERATURE INDICATOR (2) STANDBY AIRSPEED INDICATOR ENGINE TACHOMETER (2)

ENGINE FUEL FLOW INDICATOR (2)
TRUE AIRSPRED INDICATOR
RATE—OF-CLINB (Vertical velocity)



CALTION LIGHTS
BONB-NAV CONTROL PANEL
11.5 CONTROL PANEL
11.5 CONTROL PANEL
AND POINT TARGET ELEVATION
UHE RADIO CONTROL PANEL
SAN SECTER PANEL
FUEL QUANTITY INDICATOR TEST BUTTON
AND TOTAL SELECT FUEL QUANTITY INDI-

OIL QUANTITY INDICATOR TEST BUTTON OIL QUANTITY INDICATOR TEST BUTTON ENGINE OIL PRESSURE INDICATOR (2) HYDRAULIC PRIMARY AND UTILITY OIL

CAGE SELECT

PRESSURE INDICATOR
ENGINE PRESSURE RATIO (2)
FUSELAGE FUEL QUANTITY INDICATOR
NOZZLE POSITION INDICATOR (2)

THREAT DISPLAY, INDICATOR, WARNING, AND CAUTION LIGHTS ATTACK RADAR DISPLAY PANEL ANGLE-OF-ATTACK INDEXER NUCLEAR WEAPONS CONTROL PANEL AND

TERRAIN FOLLOWING RADAR DISPLAY STANDBY VACNETIC COMPASS BEARING-DISTANCE-HEADING INDICATOR RADAR HOWING AND WARNING CONTROL-INDICATOR PANEL

RADIO CALL RADAR HOMING AND WARNING CONTROL-INDICATOR FILTER ASSY (Stowed

STANDBY ALTIMETER

position)

RIGHT MAIN INSTRUMENT PANEL Figure 2-2.

501

Best Ava.

Ä

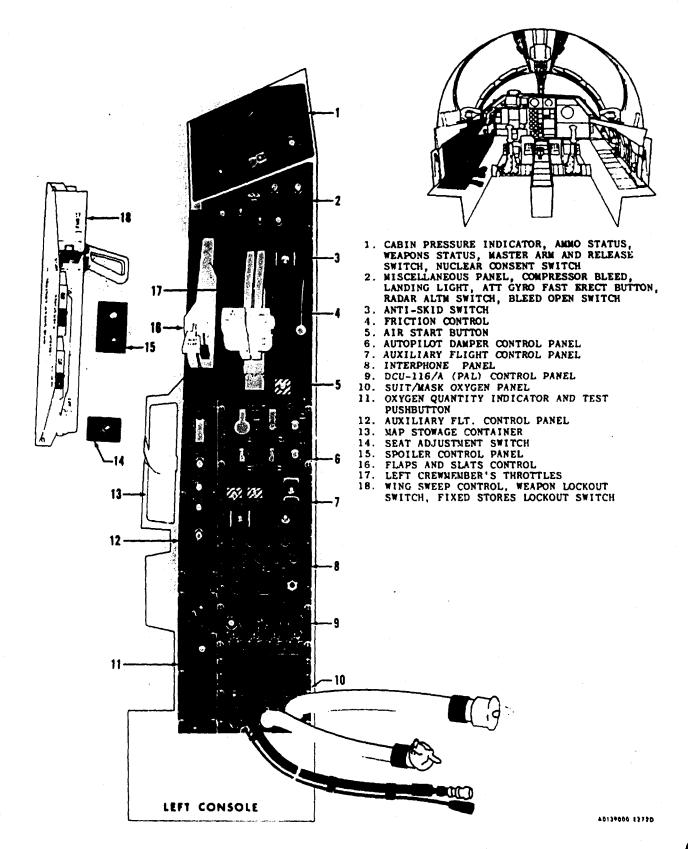
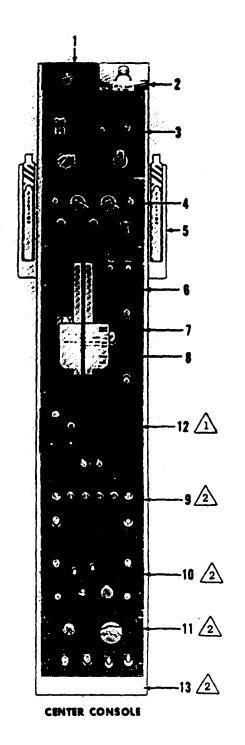
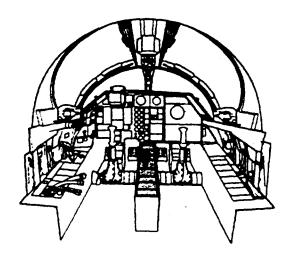


Figure 2-3. LEFT CONSOLE





- 1. AIR REFUEL RECEPTACLE LIGHT CONTROL KNOB
- 2. ALTERNATE GEAR DOWN HANDLE 3. FUEL CONTROL FANEL
- TFR CONTROL PANEL
 CREW MODULE EJECTION HANDLE (2)
- SPIKE CONTROL PANEL
- GROUND START SWITCH, AIR START BUTTON, RBS TONE SWITCH RIGHT CREWMEMBERS THROTTLES
- IFF CONTROL PANEL
- ELECTRICAL CONTROL PANEL 10. AIR CONDITIONING CONTROL
- PANEL (AIR FLOW switch effective on AF S/N 68-030 thru 68-084 and on 67-115 thru 68-029 after T.O. 1F-111-687) (EMER position of AIR SOURCE switch is effective on AF S/N 68-070 thru 68-084 and on 67-115 thru 68-029 after T.O. 1F-111-572) ECM CONTROL PANEL/ALQ-119
- 2 13. CONTROL PANEL SCOPE CAMERA

NOTES:

1 AFTER T.O. 1F-111E-521

RELOCATED AFTER T.O. 1F-111E-521D

F-111-0309

Figure 2-4. CENTER CONSOLE

Best Available

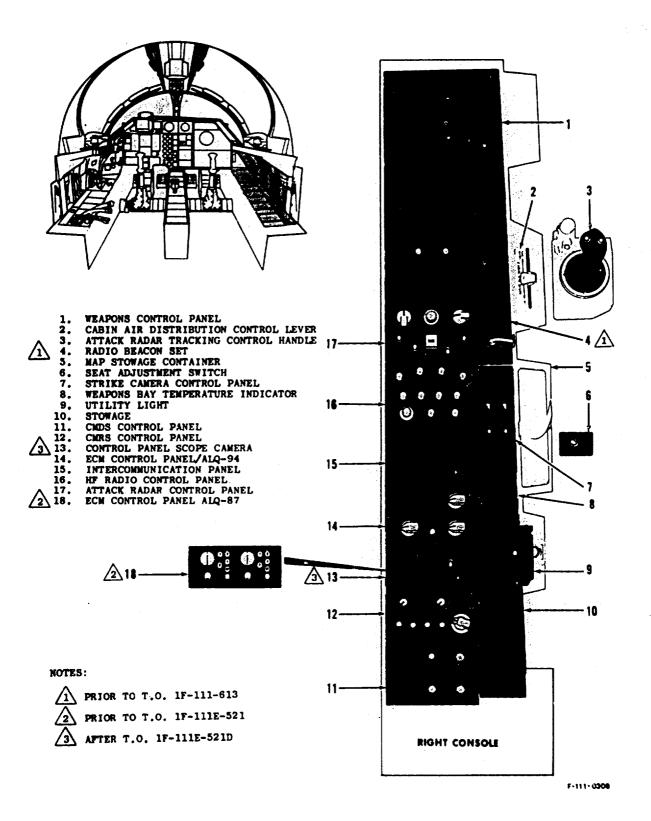


Figure 2-5. RIGHT CONSOLE

Best Available (



3. AVIONICS SPACE

The avionics space availability in the F-111E is detailed in Table 3-1 and Figure 3-1. The only space that does not have a candidate equipment designated is under door 1201; that space has a volume of 0.82 cubic feet. This space is available only if two ARN-194 altimeters are employed in a stroked configuration.

	Table 3-1. F'E	F ² E SUMMARY F-111E	
F ² E Criteria		Potential Available Space	
Location Reference and Description	A Right of SIS 3 Door 1201	B Left KIT-1A Door 1202	C Radar Altimeter Door 1201
Rectangular* Size (H, W, D) Volume	8.62" × 6.6" × 14.25" .469 Ft ³	8.7" × 12.0" × 14.3" .864 Ft ³	6.5" × 15" × 14.5" .818 Ft ³
Type Cooling Available	Forced-Air Cooled	Forced-Air Cooled	Forced-Air Cooled
Temperature-Altitude Vibration	Normal Equipment Area	Normal Equipment Area	Normal Equipment Area
Possible Candidates for this Space	KIT 1A Relocation	Digital Scan Converter	None
Remarks	Exists	Exists	Replace with 2 ARN-194 Altimeters, Stacked

*Where LRU is currently installed, the dimensions given represent dimensions of LRU; when no LRU is installed, the dimensions given are those of the available space.

Best Available

Pigure 3-1. FORWARD RIGHT-HAND EQUIPMENT BAY SPACE LOCATIONS

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4. ELECTRICAL POWER SYSTEM

4.1 Introduction

115/200 volt, three phase, 400 cycle ac power and 28 volt dc power is provided for the electrical power system in the F-111E. This power is generated by two 62.5 kVA ac generator drive assemblies, one mounted on each engine. These generators are supplemented by two 150 amp transformer rectifier units that convert the ac power to 28 volts dc. An aircraft battery supplies 28 volts dc to the battery bus and the dc start busses. The electrical power system consists of the following systems:

- . Main ac power system
- · External ac power and monitor system
- Emergency ac power system
- · Dc power system

4.2 Power Requirements

In the F-lllE, there is a basic avionics electrical power requirement of $40\ kVA$.

4.3 Power Generation and Distribution

The maj of electrical power are 62.5 kVA indirect drive generators. The clunits for these generators are in the forward equipment bay. The castrical power distribution system has three ac busses:

A left main ac bus, a right main ac bus, and an essential ac bus.

4.4 Emergency ac Power System

The emergency ac power system provides electrical power for operation of safety-of-flight equipment in the event the main ac power system fails or hydraulic power is applied to the aircraft without electrical power, or both. The emergency ac power generator is operated by the utility hydraulic system.

4.5 Dc Power System

The dc power system supplies the aircraft with the necessary 28-volt direct current power. The main dc power system uses two ac-to-dc power converters to supply the main and essential dc busses. The aircraft battery ensures that standby power is available to power engine starts, aircraft position lights, and pylon refuel/defuel valves without external power units.

5. ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL SYSTEM

5.1 General

The Environmental Control System (ECS) provides temperature controlled air for the cockpit and a temperature controlled flow of cooling air to the forward electronics bay and to the weapons bay. The ECS operates by ducting hot air from the sixteenth stage compressor of each engine through two air-to-air heat exchangers, an air-to-water heat exchanger, and a cooling turbine. The cooling turbine further cools the air to temperatures suitable for the cockpit and electronic equipment bays.

5.2 Cabin Air Conditioning

Cabin air conditioning is governed by a temperature controller that receives signals from temperature sensors and a cockpit control panel. The temperature controller allows hot air to mix with the cooled air stream to obtain air at the cockpit-selected temperature. Conditioned air flows from the cabin into the forward equipment bay.

5.3 Equipment Air Conditioning

Electronic equipment that is cooled by the ECS is grouped in the forward equipment area, cabin equipment area, aft (check) equipment area, main landing gear wheelwell area, and tail electronics area. The equipment is cooled by both area cooling and forced-air-flow cooling. Area cooling is achieved by supplying cold air to the equipment area as required to maintain the temperature at 150° ($\pm 10^{\circ}$) F. In addition, a cold air flow can be forced over or into a single component or group of components.

6. CURRENT AVIONICS

Tables 6-1 through 6-23 contain LRU data relating to the F-11E avionics systems that make up the current or near-term configuration. Where no entries are shown, the data were not available for this report. Data pertaining to future avionics modifications are presented in Section 9.

6-1

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	Mounting		Panel	NT-3660/ ARC-123	MT-3660/ ARC-123							
	Cooling	Method	Convection	Forced Air	Forced Air							
5821-00-496-9234	Bast	Dissipation							·			
	Afreraft Power	20			•							
ARC-123	Afro Po	Ş			115V 34			 		 		
HF RADIO AN/ARC-123 NSW:	Weight	(Marinda)		13.12	23.13	8.54						
F-111E AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:	Volume (Cubic	Inches)		375	638.3	1554						
ONFIGURA		٥		13.6	17.2	20.2						
TONICS	Disensions (Inches)	>	5.75	3.62	4.87	:		 				
-111E AV		=		7.62	7.62	6.87	 			 		
Table 6-1.	Location		cockpit	Door 1201	Door 1201	Noor 1201						
	Momenclatura		C-7073/AMC	KT-912/AMC-123	AN-41-73/ARC-123	HT- 3446/7ABC-123					<u> </u>	7
	į		Control	Sections -	Sugar	Clay humanit Basso - MT- 94-607/ARC-123				 		

		- Someting		MT-3321/ AMC-109	Cockpit	MT-1932A	2		
236	Cooling			Forced Air MT	Convection	Forced Air MT	Herd		
t: 5821-00-496-9236	ř	Dissipation	1504						
IS SET NSM:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	R			•				
MUNICATION	Aircraft Power	χ	150						
FILLE AVIORICS CONFIGURATION DATA: AN/ARC-109 UHF COMMUNICATIONS SET	Weight	(Pounds)	38.8	28.7	7.7	1.5	1.0		
way was	Volume	Inches)		906.1	. 140	43.9			
MATTICE DA	2 _	a		14.87	ۍ. د	·;			
31.00	Dimensions (Inches)	3		B.87	5.75	3.2%			
		*		6.87	4.87	3.0			
- 1	Location			Door 1202	Cockpit	Door 1202			
· Po Biggi	Momenclature		AN/ARC-109	RT-749/ARC-109	C-6364/ARC-109	C-4808/ARC	AS-1918	1D-1003/ARC	
	į		UNF Communications	Receiver- Transmitter	Control	Antenna Selector C-4808/ARC	Antenna	Indicator	

	8			
	Mount ing	Cockeit		
Cooling	Mathod	Convection		
E	Dissipation	204		
Mrcraft	8	8		
Man	Ä			
Weight	(Pounds)	4.2	2.2	
Volume	Inches)	121.2	81.2	
3 -	۵	5.62	5.12	
Dimensions (Inches)		\$75	3.62	
	<u>;</u> 	3.75	T	
2		Cockytt		
		AN/AIC-25 C-6567/AIC-25	C-6634/AIC-25	
1		Intercon Set Control	Station Station	Best Available (

		Table 6-4.	r-111E A	WIONICS	CONFIGUR	F-111E AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:	UHP-ADF AN/ARA-50 NSH:	VARA-SO	1	5826-00-883-5777		
į	Momenclature	Location	0	Disensions (Inches)		Volume (Cubic	Meight	Atre	Aircraft Power	Keat	Cooling	Pount (no
			=	2	۵	Inches)	(Pounds)	χ	8	Otssipation	Method	
UHF-ADE	AN/ANA-50							0.04	0.01	NOS		
Amplifier Relay AM-3624/ARA-50 Assembly	AN-3624/ANA-50	Door 1202	6.6	7.1	9.0 8.0	375	5.4				Forced Air	NT-1955/ ABA-50
UMF/ADF Loop Antenna	AS-909/ABA-48		\$:	10.25	10.25	83.	01				,	P
Best Available ි												
7								 				

		•				-					
		MONTH OF THE PARTY		Cockpit	Cockpit	Cockpit	Cockpit	Shock	Cockpit		
	Cooling	Method		Convection	Convection	Convection	Convection	Forced Air	Convection		
	Heat	Dissipation		36/10W	36/104	N S					
INSTRUMENTS	i i i	8			0.034/				· · · · · · · · ·		
	Aircraft Power.) YC			0.002						
F-111E AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:	Weight	(Pounds)	-	8.1	2.5	0.8	1.5				
VIONICS CONF	Volume	Inches)		280.4	43.8	178	3.14				
F-111E A	3	a		10.6c	7.61	9.37					
Table 6-5.	Dimensions (Inches)	,		5.0	2.40	5.00	Dia			· .	
Tabl		z		5.25	2.40	4.25	2.0				
	Location			Cockpit	Cockpit	Cockrit	Cockpit	Door 1201	Cockpit		
	Nomenc Lature		•	ARU-11/A NSN: 6610-(W)- 424-8740	ARU-42/A-2 NSN: 6610-00- 200-8744	AZO4/A NSN: TUD	•	HXK 316/A2 4U6 NSM: TBD	E5165001400 NSN: TBD		
	1	<u> </u>	Instruments	Attitus Direc- ARU-11/A tional Indicator NSN: 6610-00-	Attitude Indicator	Morizontal Size Indecator	Tot/Sel Phel Quantity	Recorder Flight Load Type	BOHI		

Best Available .

				
	Mounting		 	
			# do do do do do do do do do do do do do	
	Cooling	r Pod	¥ .	
	8	ž	Porced Air	
-5146		8		
6610-00-179-5146	E E	ssipe	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	
6610				
R NSW:	raft	8	0.065	
OPUTE	Aircraft Power	¥	0.016	
SCTOR C		Щ		
FLIGHT DIRECTOR COMPUTER NSH:	Weight	(Pound	10.0	
H DATA	Volume (Cubic	Inche	66	
F-111E AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:		۵	9.48	
S CONFI	Dimensions (Inches)	2	s.	
VIONIC	Dime (In	=		
-111E A			7.53	
و ا	Location		1011	
Table 6	3		Door 1101	
	•tur•			
	Momenclature		CPU-76/A	
			cetor	
	**************************************		Computer	

	7	Table 6-7. P-111E AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:	E AVIONI	ics cont	CURATIO		RADAR ALTIMETER ANVARM-167 HSH:	I ANJANI-1	C2 RSH:	5841-00-772-1819		
į	Momenclature	Location	a	Dimensions (Inches)	,	Volume (Cubic	We light	2777	Aircraft	ĭ	Cooling	
			Ħ	,	۵	Inchest	(Pounds)	¥	8	Dissipation	Method	
Kadar Altimeter	'AN/AI'N-16.7											
Nectver- Transmitter Dual	KT-771/AFM-167	Door 1201	6.5	15	14.5	14.4	26.0	0.066	0.01	19.7v	Porced Air	Ĵ.
Mitenna	As-1.58/APN-167		÷ .5	÷ :	9.25	187	1:1					Herd
Radar Altimeter Kilb6000100 Indicator	K*186000100	cock) it					1.6/1.8		•		Convection	Cockpit
her burning sec.		COCk 11									Convection	Cockpit
•												· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Two indicators in sircraft.	n elecraft.											

			2	Table 6-8.	l .	AVIONICS O	P-111E AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA: CADC	DATA: CA	DC			
į	Nomenclature	Location	a	Dimensions (Inches)	2	Volume (Cubic	Meight	Aircraft Power	raft	Heat	Cooling	
				3	٥	Inches)	(Pounds)	ž	8	Dissipation	Mathod	Mountang
Air Data Computer	1:03633-4 NSN: 6610-00- 168-0544	Door 1101	8	>1	19.25		47.5	115 Vac 14			Forced Air	1852714-3
Angle of Attack 12F4075-3 Transmitter	12F4075-3	Door 1102									Forced Air	Shock
Control	1280002-5	Cockpit									Convection	Panel
Angle of Attack M024378-2 Transmitter Sync.	MN24378-2	Door 1102									Forced Air	Shock
											:	
									······································			
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		,										

	Nounting			_					 ,		
	Mode	•	Penel	NT-1729/	Hard	Panel					
	Cooling	S CEO	Convection	Forced Air		Convection		 	 		
OST.	Heat	Dissipation									
CAN NSH: H-118)	Aircraft Power	R					0.0616			 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
ARN-52 TA BY AN/AR	Airc Po	YC					0.25				
F-111E AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA: AN/ARN-52 TACAN MSN: (BEFORE T.O. IF-111-1148; BEING REPLACED BY AN/ARN-118)	Weight	(spanoa)	7	43,25	7	0.34					
CONFIGURATIO	Volume (Cubic	Inches)	69	12.42	255	17.2					
VIONICS T.O. 1F-	*	٥	•	16.9	7.5	3.19					
F-111E A	Dimensions (Inches)	>	\$1.7	21	3.5	2.78					
Table 6-9.		×	3	7.35	9.1	<u>¥</u>		 		 	
Tabl	Location		Cockpit	Door 1202		cockpit					
	Momenciature		C-3-12H/ARN-52	RT-893/ANN-52	11020100-1	SA-521/A					
	ğ		[vd]29cv	neverty, fr Transmitter	Aut. me.	W seatten	at of		,		

	Mounting			HT-4682(A)/ ARH-118		Mr-1665/A	Hard		
	Cooling	Method		_ = - -		- -			
5826-01-015-0839	Heat	Distipation	3106			2814			
NSN: 5826-	raft	B	0.0616						:
	Aircraft Power	χÇ	0.250						
AN/ARN-11	Weight	(somes)		25.0		9.0	-		
F-111E AVICNICS CONFIGURATION DATA: AN/ARM-118 TACAN (AFTER T.O. 1F-111-1148, REFLACING AN/ARM-52)	Volume (Cubic	Inches)		2300		7.72			i
S CONFIG	a ~	۵		19.7		3.2			
AVIONIC T.O. 1F	Dimensions (Inches)	2		111.7		3.2		· .	
F-111E (AFTER		×		2		2.7			
Table 6-10.	Location					Cockpit	Door 1101		
	Momenclature	-	AN/ARH-118	RT-1159(A)/ ARN-118	C-10058/ARN-118	SA521/A	AS-1918		
	•		TACAN	Acciver-	Control	Antenna RP Switch	Antenna TACAN Blade		

		Table 6-11.		: AVIONIC	S CONFIC	F-111E AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA: ILS AN/ARN-58 NSN: 5826-00-883-5795*	A: ILS AN/A	JRN-58 NS	N: 5826-C	XX-883-5795*			
	Nomenclature	Location	a	Dimensions (Inches)	9	Volume (Cubic	Weight	Afr.	Aircraft Power	Heat	Cooling	Mounting	
			×	*	۵	Inches)	(appropriate)	χ	8	presidention	Method		
11.5	AN/ ARN-58								0.02		-		_
Receiver	R-843/ARN-58	Door 2204	7.75	6.87	5.01	267	7.9		220 mA	484		Shock	
Roccitor	R-H44/ARN-58	Door 2204	9.75	6.87	5.01	336	9.6			484		Shock	_
Control	C-0376/ARN-58A		3.0	5.75	5.0	86.3	1.1				Convection		
Marker Beacon Antenna							1.0					Hard	
olds state							9.0					Hard	
lacul reer Anternas											·	Hard	
-					–								_
		_											_
												, <u></u>	
													
												··	-
											2		
											·		
													_
													_
												F-1	
													_
*For ARM-58A, NSN:	41 5826-00-498-3313.	313.											
													-

		Table 6-12.		IE AVION	ICS CONP	F-111E AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:		INS AN/AJQ-20A NSW:	NSN: 660	6605-00-170-6701		
į	Momenclature	Location	٥	Dimensions (Inches)		Volume (Cubic	Meight	ALC	Aircraft Power	Heat	Cooling	
		·	32	*	٥	Inches	(Founds)	¥	8	Dissipation	Method	but runou.
Inertial Mavigational System	AN/AJQ-20A											
Stabilized Platform	MX-6767/AJQ-20	Door 1102					75.0			275W	Porced Air	Shock
Transmitter Induct Type Flux Valve	TRU-79/A		4.0 dia.		2.0	25.1	1.8					
Mavigational Computer	CP-812/AJQ-20	Cockpit					17.8			281W	Convection	Panel
Ballistics Computer	CP-937/AJQ-20A											
												· · · · · · · · ·
									-			
				,							-	-
					-							
		:										
						-						
												
				.,-								

	3			
	<u>"</u>		Shock	
	Cooling	Method	Perced Air	
5465-00-413-5469	1	Lissipation		
	Aircraft	×		
E BLANKZ	TY *	Ŋ		
INTERFRENCE BLANKER MSN:	Melght	(Longes)		
6-17. F-111E AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:	Volu.	Inches)		
COMP I CUR	3 _	Q		
/IONICS	Dimensions (Inches)	3		
-111E A		=		
Table 6-13.	Location		1102	
	Homenclature		WX-1730/V	
	Kabe		Mark r	

		the state of the s		MT-3497/ APX-64	Cockpit	MT-351?	-	HT-4579/U		
~	Cooling	Method		Porced Air	Convection			Perced Air		
\$895-00-115-7812	Past	Dissipation		1104	7.58	10.54		NOR		
	Aircraft	8	0.03			010\$		7:0.0		
THE THANKS CHACKE AND A CO. HSM.	Aire	ĸ	0.3	80.0				0.025		
	Meight	(appears)		30.0	2.5	3.0	2.0	12.0	•	
	Volume	Inches)			151	19.9		610.7		
	2	a		19.21	5.80	7.61		14.25		
	Dimensions (Inches)	>		11.13 19.21	5.75	3.25		9.9		
		*		7.0	5.25	3.15		8.67		
	Location			Door 1201	Cockpit	Door 1201		D-or 1202		
	Momenclature		AN/APX-64	PT-728/APX-64	C-6717/APX-64	TS-1843/APX	PS-1919	VIT-INT SEC		
	į		IFF Transponder	Auceiver- Transmitter	Control	Test Set Airborne	Antenna Blade	Transponder Computer		

South Agents

											Γ
				MT-3359		Cockpit	Cockpit	MT-3359	MT-3359		
811	Cooling	Method		Forced Air		Convection	Convection	Porced Mir	Forced Air		
1 5841-00-772-1811	Heat	Dissipation				1268	ALL				
FING) KSN:	raft	8				•					
FTIAL LIST	Aircraft	Ŋ									
TPR AN/APQ-110 (PARTIAL LISTING)	Weight	(spungs)		13.8		23.7	2.6	17.6	26.8		
	Votume (Cubic	(selpes)					126.1	713.0			
RATION D	#	۵					7.31	7.31			
COMPTO	Dusensions (Inches)	×					5.75	6.7%			
MICHIES	a	Œ					3.0	G			
0-13. F-IIIE AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:	Location			twor 1201	Now Kaken	Circhist	Cockeit	Door 1201	Boor 1201		
Table 6-15.	Nomenciature		AN/ANN-1111	011-7W/M2-410	821-NW/W17-N	011-VAN-110	0-64%/AR-110	AF-4240/ANV-110	SN-379/ASQ-110		
	ž		TF Radar System A	Tr computer	Automa Karawe As-21 M/AN-128	Tr. Indicator f	Tr Edur Set Control	Supply Supply	Sync Transmitter	Antenna Receiver	_

				Dimensions		Dimensions	- 1		494.00.14			
į	Nomenclature	location		(Inches)		Volume (Cubic	Weight	£ 2	Aircraic Power*	Heat	Cooling	Mounting
			I	×	Q	Inches)	(approx)	Ş	8	OI SEIDSTION	Nethod	
Antenna Assemily	untenna Assem 1y AS-1743/APQ-113	Nose Radome	26.0	35.0	32.0	29,120	55.0					
Antenna Pedestal AB-902/APQ-113	AB-902/APQ-113	Nose Radome	19.0	21.0	0.8	3,192	37.0					
Antenna Control	C-6498/APQ-113	Nose Radome	10.0	27.0	8.0	2,160	38.0			M86		
Modulator Meceiver Transmitter	MD-608/APQ-113	Door 1101	21.0	13.0	21.0	5,733	101.0			184	Forced Air	MT-3384/ APQ-113
Electrical Synchronizer	SN-380/APQ-113	Door 1101	13.25	13.0	20.75	3,574	78.0			MZ6E	Forced Air	MT-3384/ APQ-113
Indicator Recorder	IP-777/APQ-113	Cockpit	9.25	16.25	30.5	4,585	63.0				Convection	Cockpit
Radar Set Cortrol	C-6499/APQ-113	Cockpit	3.75	5.75	6.5	140	3.0				Convection	Oock pit
Antenna- Indicator Control	C-6500/APQ-113	Cockpit	8.75	5.0	3.5	153	2.0				Convection	Cockp1c
Electrical Equipment Rack	#-3384/APC-113	Door	34.25	13.25	25.75	9,870	6.0					
											· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
							_					
					· -							
						<u> </u>						
Total system power dissipation is 1.637 kMac; 0.1 kMdc.	wer dissipation i	# 1.637 kWac; 0	.1 kwdc.				٠.					

											·		
						·							
	Cooling	Method											
NSM: TBO	ĭ	fissipation	s	·		'' 							
1	raft	8	THE CLASSIFIE										
INFRARED RADAR AN/AAR-34	Aircraft	ķ	/AAB-34 A										
	Weight	(Pounds)	DETAILS OF THE ANYANR-34 AME CLASSIFIED.										
P-111E AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:	Volume	Inches)	DETAIL										
ONTCS CON	and (1	۵											
-111E AVI	Limensions (Inches)	3			-		r, 11	·					
		=										_	
Table 6-17.	Location												
	Nomenclature		C-8250/AAR-34 CV-2630/AAR-34	СМ- 389, /ААК- 34									-
	ž,		2	Scaine f Video stanals Precessor					- 4				

		Mount ing					HT-4225/ APS-109	MT-4225/ APS-10°	Pane!	
	2 (00)	Method								
5865-00-813-5413		Dissipation				Ŕ				
1	Aircraft	8				CLASSIFIED.				
ECH AZ/APS-109 MSH:	ALA	¥				7 %-074				
	,	(Pounds)				DETAILS OF THE ANIALQ-94 ANE				
F-111E AVIONICS CONTIGUATION DATA:	Volume	Inches)				DETAIL				
ICS CORP	3 €	a								
IIE AVION	Diseastons (Inches)	,								
		-								
Table 6-18.		LOCAL LON	Radome	Padom.	- Padome	Radome	d E			
		Moment Lature	45781/APS-109	AS-1725/APS-109	AS-1723/APS-109	48-1719/APS-109	R-1643/APS-109	CH-392/APS-109	58- 335/ APS -109	
		į	Antenna Band 3	Antenna Band 3	Antenna Band 1	Antenna	Accelver	Video Signal Processor		

			Table 6-19.	. F-111E AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:			-						
Note of all Note of all	į	Momenclature	Location	٥	(Inches)		Volume (Cubic	Me i ghe	Ain	raft	Heat	Cooling	Mounting
				=	3	۵	[nches]	(Pomeds)	¥	R	Dissipation	Method	
Dary	pupy jatity	АМ-4851/АЦ2-14	Bor 1101									Porced Air	ME-3878/ ALQ-94
	or Mid	B-1498/ALQ-94	Door 1101									Forced Air	MT-3878/ ALQ-94
	Top law	AN-4H'x0/ALLY-94	Duor 1101						,			Porced Air	MT-3877/
Mar-14-1/All2-14 Davit 1201 Details of The All/194-109 Ame CLASSITIED. Proceed Air C-7410/All2-14 Cocky11 Cocky	er to	H-1417/ALQ-114	Door 1101									Forced Air	FF-3677/
C-7410/ALQ-14 COCN112 C-7410/ALQ-14 COCN112	ier thab	AM-4H52/ALQ-94	Dave 1201									Porced Air	MT-3879/ ALQ-54
C-7410/ALQ-14 (Cochist) 7 7 9 9	or High	8-1491/ALQ-94	Door 1201				DETAILS	אישר שוד ים	28 -109 AL	CAMSIFI	ej.	Forced Air	ME-3879/ ALQ-94
160 . 7 160 . 7 180 . 9 181 d 150 d	_		Cochit			-						Convection	Pana
160 - 7 160 - 9 161 - 9 162 - 9 163 - 9 164 - 9 165 -	. og												
16. 7 16. 7 16. 7 16. 7	9						_			,			
Nid this wild the state of the	10. 1												
All All All All All All All All All All	160.9												
Low Time Time Time Time Time Time Time Time	H19h												
3	Mid												
	3												
					-		—			· <u>-</u>			
													
												·	
							•						

	Table 6-20.	F-111E AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:	35 COMPT	GURATION	,	CH DISHENSE	CM DISITENSER SET (PARTIAL LISTING) AN/ALE-28	IAL LISTIN	IC) MVALE-	MSM:	5865-00-105-8987*	
ž	Momenclature	Location	٥	Dimensions (Inches)	9	Volume (Cubic	Weight	Ate	Aircraft	Ĩ	Cooling	
			×	>	٥	Inches)	(Pounds)	¥	8	Dissipation	Method	Nount ing
CM Distribut Set AN/ALE-28	AN/ALE-28							0.15	0.075	WITT		
Control	C-6471/ALE-28	Cockpit	4.12	5.75	6.25	148.0	\$:			306	Convection	Cockpit
Control sequence C-6472/ALE-28	C-6472/ALE-28		2.25	7.80	5.31	83.6	7.7					
Eject Porce Display	D-22/ALE-28		11.6	9.6	12.4	3,683.0	\$1.0			2.05W		
Disjosables Control Fanel		Cockpit	1.12	\$1.75	0.	25.76	•	0.00	0.00	£1	Convection	Cockpit
Post Available C												
*Also MSM: 5865-	5865-00-114-7146.	-		1								

	_				 -				 	 	 	 	
		Mount Ing											
	2001178	Nethod			,								
<u> </u>	ĭ	Dissipation					~ ~~~						
NAUTOGRAPHIC ELECTRICAL	Micceaft	R								 			
N.UTOCOAPI	Alre	ĸ			·								
1	Me 1971	(Pounds)											
P-111E AVICHICS COMPIGNAMENT DATA:	Volume.	(Cubic Inches)											
E AVIONIC	3 -	О											1
	Dimensions (Inches)	2						 -	 	 	 	 	
Tablo 6-21.		=				~ <u>~~</u>	 -		 	 	 	 	
-		100.00	4	Ģ.	1 5								
			7770-110-01-0729 1858 - 561-971	LTEATURE NEN: CTANTON POTENTIAL	121-122 NSN: 1221-122-122-122-122-122-122-122-122-12								
			beck comera- etidl meture	Stall Pature	Control Box Control Still Tetano				 				

fable 6-22. P-111E AVIONICS CONFICURATION DATA: MOXOMORE SET AN/A24U-6 MSM: TBD	Unches) Volume Weight Power Meat Cooling	M W D Inches (Pounds) AC DC Dissipation			
1	Disensions (Inches)	,			
fable 6-2.	Location		780	ĝ.	
	Momenclature			MXK-315/A24U-6	
	ì		Recorder Nechan-1000-316/A24U-6 test Assembly	Accorder Sec	

Mount (no											
<u> </u>	ĺ. —	Cockpit	Shock	HAT.		 					
Cooling	Method	Convection	Porced Mr	Forced Air				·			
Seat	Dissipation										
raft	8			•						*	
Aircraft Power	Ą						•				
Weight	(Normal)	20.0	20.0	14.0	1.0						
Volume	Inches)	1,392	497	266							
	G	23.0	15.2	g.ť.	15.7						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
. ensions (inches)	32	₩.9	B. 02	10.5	H. 35				-		····
••	x	6.9	?;	10.5	0.1						
Location		Cocklitt	Door 1102	Door 1102	Door 1102		•				
Momenclature		50-29/ASG-23	AN-4301/ASG-23	CN-1060/ASG-23							
Маме		S yelles feat of series	Lead and Launch A Computer Amplifier	Contracted Contracted Co	Am Lifter Mounting Rack		- 11				

Best Available Cop

7. ANTENNA LOCATIONS

Figure 7-1 shows the approximate locations of the antennas on the F-111E. Antenna nomenclature from the current technical orders is as follows:

Nomenclature or

	Antenna	Part Number
1.	Glide Slope Strip	122519-7
	Glide Slope Plate	122517-1
2.	ADF	AS-909/ARA-48
3.	IFF (Upper) and UHF Data Link	11D020100-6
	Radio Beacon Set	AN/URT-27 or -33
5.	UHF No. 1 and TACAN Upper	11D020100-6
6.	HF Dorsal	12T501-807
	HF Vertical	12T010-849
7.	IFF Lower	AT-741B/A
8.	Localizer (2)	TBD
10.	Low and Medium Frequency Radar Homing (4) Forward Radar Warning (2) High Frequency Padar Homing (4)	LH Installation 12E2239-5 RH Installation 12E2239-6
12.	Terrain Following Radar (2)	AS-2136/APQ-110
	Attack Radar	AS-1749/APQ-113
14.	AN/ALQ-94 ECM No. 3	12E2907-1
	AN/ALQ-94 ECM No. 5	12E2908-1
	AN/ALQ-94 ECM No. 7	12E2909-1
15.	Radar Altimeter	LG81G3
16.	AN/ALR-62	311190-1
17.	AN/ALQ-94 High Band Wing Glove (4)	12E2989-1
	AN/ALQ-94 Medium Band Wing Glove (2)	12E2987-1
	AN/ALQ-94 Low Band Wing Glove (4)	12E2988-1
	AN/ALQ-94 Mid Band, Transmit Wing Glove (2)	12E2999-1
18.	AN/ALR-62 (2)	12E2982-1
19.	Aft Radar Warning (2)	12E805-1
20.	AN/ALQ-94 ECM No. 9 LH (3)	12E2910-3
	AN/ALQ-94 ECM No. 9 RH (3)	12E2910-1
21.	UHF No. 2 and TACAN Lower	11D020100-3
22.	AN/ALQ-94 ECM No. 3	12E2907-1
	AN/ALQ-94 ECM No. 5	12E2908-1
	AN/ALQ-94 ECM No. 7	12E2909-1
23.	Marker Beacon	16D00500

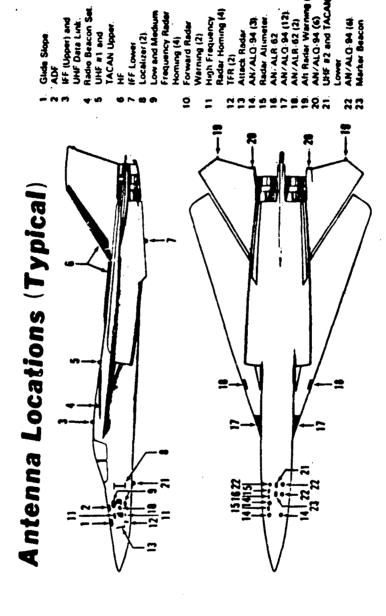


Figure 7-1. ANTENNA LOCATIONS (TYPICAL)

8. INTERFACE DATA

This section contains examples of interface signal characteristics. These data were extracted from applicable sections of the Interface Control Documents (ICDs) for integration of GPS user equipment in the F-111E aircraft.

Each sheet discusses a particular signal. The top line contains the signal name, type of signal (digital, analog, discrete, or synchronous), signal source and load, and whether the signal is an input or output of the GPS user equipment. A functional description follows, together with a description of the signal's characteristics.

. SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
Bearing	Synchro	0	UE	HSI and BDHI

<u>Functional Description</u>

Provides angular information to the bearing pointer® to display relative bearing of the aircraft's present position to selected waypoint. The relative bearing is the difference, in degrees, between the lubber line and the bearing pointer as read from the compass card.

*No. 1 pointer on BDH[

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: 0° to 360° ACCURACY: +0.5° INDEX REFERENCE: Aircraft Heading

POSITIVE DIRECTION SENSE: Increasing Bearing SCALE FACTOR: 10 = 10

RESOLUTION: MSI + 2.50, BDHI + 0.50

Electrical Characteristics (continued on next page)

LOAD: 1) HSI, AQU-4/A, Bearing Pointer, 3-Wire Synchro, Bendix Type AY-500-5 or equal 2) BDHI, E5165001400, No. 1 Pointer, 3-Wire Synchro, Bendix

Type AY-100 HY-59-A1 or equal

SOURCE: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

Wire Type & No.: Twisted Triad Wire Size: No. 22 AMG

A/C: F-111A/E REF: MIL-1-27848

12R5-4-65-3 1F-111A-2-18-1 1F-111E-2-10-1

1CD-GPS-014 & 017 ····· 10-2 844

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

LOAD1			LOAD 2		
HSI, AQU-4/A, Bearin Synchro, Bendix Type	g Pointer, 3- AY-500-5 or	Hire equal	BDHI, E 5165001400, Hg. 1 3-Mire Synchro, Bendix Ty Al or equal		r-59-
ROTOR					***************************************
Input Voltage Frequency Input Current Input Power Resistance (DC)	26 40f: 530	Volts Cycles ma Watts Ohms	Primary Winding Primary Voltage (400 Hz) Secondary Voltage Input Current Input Power Max. Error Spread Max. Hull Yoltage Zro Zso Rotor DC Resistance Stator DC Resistance	\$tator 11.8 20.3 .020 .060 +6 30 595 + J2130 750 + J369 409 1200	Volts Volts Amps Watts Minute Mv Ohms
STATOR					
Input Voltage Input Current Input Power Resistance (DL) Rotor Output Voltage Phase Shift (S to R) Accuracy (Max) Null Voltage (Max) IMPEDANCE	11.8 20. 0.090 188 19 15 15	Volts me Hatts Ohms Volts Degrees Minutes mv	•		
Zso Zro Zrss	222 + j470 940 + J2260 1050 + j450	Ohms			

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NEV

SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO TO
Distance, Units	Synchro	0	UE	HSI & BOHI

Functional Description

Provides angular information to rotate the units digit in the range window. Displays aircraft present position distance to selected waypoint in 1 nm increments (0.5 nm indexed). Driven independently of other digits, but read in conjunction with them in order to provide the least significant digit.

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: 0 to 9 (0° to 360°) ACLURACY: + 0.1 (+ 3.6°) INDEX REFERENCE: 0

POSITIVE DIRECTION SEMSE: To decreasing values (distance to go) SCALE FACTOR: 36° = 1 numeral RESOLUTION: $\pm 3^\circ$

Electrical Characteristics (continued on next page)

LOAD: 1) HSI, AQU-4/A, Distance Display, 3-Wire Synchro, Elifton Type CRC-8-A-1 or equal

BDH1, E5165-001400, Distance Display, 3-Wire Synchro, Bendix Type AY 080-DD-46-Al or equal

SOURCE: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

Mire Type & No.: Two Single Conductors (X, Y) = Mire Size: No. 22 AWG

Note: "Z" grounded through 26 Vac common.

A/C: REF:

F-111A/E MIL-1-27848 T.O. 12R5-4-65-3 1F-111A-2-18-1 1F-111E-2-1R-1

ICO-GPS-014 & 017

-10-4

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

LOAD 1	LOAD 2
HSI, AQU-4/A, Distance Display, 3-Wire Synchro, Clifton Type CRC-8-A-1 or equal	BOHI, E5165001400, Distance Display, 3-Wire Synchro, Bendix Typo, AY 080-DD- 46-Al or equal
Primary Winding Rotor Primary Voltage (400 Hz) 26 Volts Secondary Voltage 11.8 Volts Input Current 100 ma Input Power .54 Watts Accuracy 30 Feet Impedance, Zro 54 + J260 Ohms Impedance, Zso- 12 + J45 Ohms Rotor DC Resistance 37 Ohms Stator DC Resistance 12 Ohms Phase Shift 8.5 Degrees	Primary Winding Rotor Primary Voltage (400 Hz) 26 Volts Secondary Voltage 11.8 Volts Input Current 187 me Input Power 1.1 Wetts Max. Error Spread +1.25 Impedance, Zro 32 + 1150 Impedance, Zso 6.8 + 126 Impedance, Zrs 57 + 114 Rotor DC Resistance 24 Ohms Stator DC Resistance 7.3 Ohms
•	
	•.

mer 10-5

SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
Distance Tens	Synchro	0	UE	HSI & BOHI

Functional Description

Provides angular information to rotate the tens digit in the range window. Displays aircraft present position distance to splected waypoint in 10 nm increments. Driven independently of other distance digits but read in conjunction

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: 0 to 9 (0° to 360°) ACCURACY: \pm 0.1 (\pm 3.6°) INDEX REFERENCE: $\overline{0}$ POSITIVE DIRECTION SENSE: To decreasing values (distance to go) SCALE FACTOR: 36° = 1 numeral RESOLUTION: $\pm 3^{\circ}$

Electrical Characteristics (continued on next page)

LOAD: 1) HSI, AQU-4/A, Distance Display, 3-Wire Synchro, Clifton Type CRC-8-A-1 or equal 2) 8DHI, E5165001400, Distance Display, 3-Wire Synchro, Bendix

Type AY 080-00-46-Al or equal

SOURCE: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

Wire Type & No.: Two Single Conductors (X, Y) Wire Size: No. 22 AWG

Note: "I" grounded through 26 Vac common.

A/C: F-111A/E REF: MIL-I-27848 12R5-4-65-3 1F-111A-2-18-1

1F-111E-2-18-1

ICD-GPS-014 & 017 10-6

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

LOAD 1			LOAD 2		-
HSI, AQU-4/A, Distance Synchro, Clifton Type			BDMI, E5165001400, Dis 3-Mire Synchro, Bendix 46-Al or equal		
	Rotor iz) 26 11.8 100 .54 30 54 + J260 12 + J45 37 12 8.5	Volts Volts ma Watts Feet Ohms Ohms Degrees	Primary Winding Primary Voltage (400 M Secondary Voltage Input Current Input Power MAX. Error Spread Impedance, Zro Impedance, Zro Impedance, Zrs Rotor DC Resistance Stator DC Resistance	Rotor 12) 26 11.8 187 1.1 +1.25 32 + 1150 6.8 + 126 57 + 114 24 7.3	Volts Volts ma Watts Degrees Ohms
	•				
×					
			•		

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12

. SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	T 0
Distance, Hundreds	Synchro	0	UE	HSI & BOHI -

Functional Description

Provides angular information to rotate the hundreds digit in the range window. Displays aircraft present position distance to the selected waypoint in 100 nm increments. Driven independently of the other distance digits, but read in conjunction with them in order to provide the most significant digit for the distance value.

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: 0 to 9 (0° to 360°)

ACCURACY: ± 0.1 (± 3.6°)

INDEX REFERENCE: 0

POSITIVE DIRECTION SENSE: To decreasing values (distance to go)

SCALE FACTOR: 36° = 1 numeral

RESOLUTION: 22°

RESOLUTION: +30

Electrical Characteristics (continued on next page)

LOAD: 1) HSI, AOU-4/A, Distance Display, 3-Wire Synchro, Clifton Type CRC-8-A-1 or equal

2) BDH1, E5165001400, Distance Display, 3-Wire Synchro, Bendix Type AY CSO-DD-46-Al or equal

SOURCE: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

Wire Type & No.: Two Single Conductors (X, Y) Mire Size: No. 22 AWG

Note: "I" grounded through AC common.

A/C: F-111A/E REF: MIL-1-27848 12R5-4-65-3 1F-111A-2-18-1 1E-111E-2-18-1

100-GPS-014 \$ 017 A ···· 10-8

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

HSI, AQU-4/A, Distance Display, 3-Mire Synchro, Clifton Type CRC-8-A-1 or equal Primary Winding Rotor Primary Voltage (400 Hz) 26 Volts Secondary Voltage 11.8 Volts Input Current 100 ma Input Power .54 Matts Accuracy 30 Feet Impedance, Zso 12 + j45 Impedance, Zso 12 + j45 Impedance, Zso 6.8 + j26 Impedance, Zso 6.8 + j26 Impedance, Zso 6.8 + j26 Impedance, Zso 6.8 + j26 Impedance, Zso 57 + j14 Rotor DC Resistance 12 Ohms Stator DC Resistance 12 Ohms Stator DC Resistance 7.3 Ohms S	LOAD 1	LOAD 2
Primary Voltage (400 Hz) 26 Volts Secondary Voltage 11.8 Volts Input Current 100 ma Input Current 187 ma Input Power 1.1 Matts Accuracy 30 Feet Max. Error Spread +1.25 Impedance, Zro 54 + j260 Impedance, Zro 54 + j45 Impedance, Zro 54 + j45 Impedance, Zro 57 + j14 Rotor DC Resistance 37 Ohms Stator DC Resistance 12 Ohms Stator DC Resistance 7.3 Ohms	HSI, AQU-4/A, Distance Display, 3-Wire Synchro, Clifton Type CRC-8-A-1 or equal	3-Wire Synchro, Bendix Type AY080-00-
	Primary Voltage (400 Hz) 26 Volts Secondary Voltage 11.8 Volts Input Current 100 ma Input Power 54 Hatts Accuracy 30 Feet Impedance, Zro 54 + J260 Impedance, Zso- 12 + J45 Rotor DC Resistance 37 Ohms Stator DC Resistance 12 Ohms	Primary Voltage (400 Hz) 26 Volts Secondary Voltage 11.8 Volts Input Current 187 mm Input Power 1.1 Watts Plax. Error Spread +1.25 Degrees Impedance, Zro 32 + 1150 Impedance, Zso 6.8 + 126 Impedance, Zso 57 + 114 Rotor DC Resistance 24 Ohms
	•	
	•	•
	•	A 1cn-GPS-014 & 017

. SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
Distance Flag	Discrete	0	UE	HSI & BDHI

Functional Description

Provides a discrete signal to operate the distance warning flag. The flag is normally out of view when the range indicator is operating and the range data is valid. The flag covers the range indicator when the distance information is not valid or the device supplying the distance data is not operating.

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: 28 Vdc applied, Flag out of view 28 Vdc not applied, Flag in view

Electrical Characteristics

LOAD: 1) HSI (AQU-4/A), distance shutter mechanism, 28 Vdc meter movement 2) BDHI (E5165001400), distance shutter mechanism, 28 Vdc meter movement, 625 Ohms ± 103

SOURCE: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

Wire Type & No.: Twisted Pair Wire Size: No. 22 AWG

F-111A/E MIL-I-27849 1285-4-65-3 1F-111A-2-18-1

1F-111E-2-18-1

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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	I/0	FROM	TO
Thousand, Digit	Discrete	0	UE ·	нзі

Functional Description

Provides a discrete output signal to operate the thousand digit of the HSI when the distance to a selected waypoint is greater than 999 nautical miles.

Signal Characteristics

Thousand Digit In View: 28 Vdc applied Thousand Digit Out of View: 28 Vdc not applied

Electrical Characteristics

LOAD: HSI (AQU-4/A), thousand digit shutter Input Voltage: 28 Vdc Input Current: 150 ma

SOURCE: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

(T80-3)

A/C: F-111A/E REF: M1L-I-27848 T.O. 5F8-16-4-3

10 1-GPS-014 & 017 ---- 10-11 111

· SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
To-From	Analog	0	UĒ	. HST

Functional Description

Provides a d.c. analog signal to drive the To-From indicator. If the aircraft is flying toward the waypoint and has not intercepted a reference line perpendicular to the aircraft ground track and through the waypoint, the indication will be To. Once past the waypoint reference line, the indication will be From as long as this waypoint is still selected.

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: To = +225 ua Max

Blank = no signal From = -225 µa Max

Electrical Characteristics

LOAD: HSI (AQU-4/A), To-From Arrow, meter movement 200 Ohms * 15 resistance

SOURCE: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

Wire Type & No.: Twisted Pair Wire Size: No. 22 AWG No. 22 AWG

A/C: REF: F-111A/E MIL-I-27848 1F-111A-2-18-1 1F-111E-2-18-1

ICD-485-014 & 017 10-12

' SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	70
Horizontal Deviation	Analog	0	UE	Flight Director Computer

Functional Description

Provides a variable d.c. signal that indicates the displacement of the aircraft to the left or right of a selected course. The displacement represented by the indicating device will be controlled by UE software and will be dependent upon aircraft flight phase. Deflection of the indicating device may represent angular displacement (e.g., 10° for a TACAN approach; 2.5° for ILS) or distance. For an area navigation system, the Area Navigation Subcommittee of the Air Transport Association's Air Traffic Control Committee has recommended the following ranges for the flight modes indicated: (a) Enroute: 2-6 miles full scale, (b) Terminal: 1-2 miles full scale and (c) Approach: 600-3000 feet full scale. Choice of oresentation (distance/degrees) and scales are (TBD-1).

<u>Signal Characteristics</u>

RANGE: 0 to +150 RESOLUTION: 3 µa 0 to +150 µa

ACCURACY: +10 µs
INDEX REFERENCE: Selected course
POSITIVE DIRECTION SENSE: Fly right (+)
SCALE FACTOR. 75 µa/dot on the indicator.

Mistance/angular displacement scale factor (TBD-1)

Electrical Characteristics

LOAD: Flight Director Computer, CPU-76/A, 1000 Ohms * 3% SOURCE: (T3D-1)

Interconnection Data

Wire Type & No.: Twisted Pair Wire Size: No. 22 AWG

A/C: F-111A/E REF: MIL-I-27848

MIL-C-83013 1F-111A-2-18-1

1E-111E-2-18-1

ARINC Characteristic 582-5

100-GPS-014 & 017 A -··· 10-13

· SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	70
Horzontal Deviation Flag	Discrete	0	UE	Flight Director Computer

Functional Description

Provides a discrete signal to operate the deviation warning flag or circuit when the deviation data is unreliable or a malfunction has occurred in the course deviation circuitry.

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: Deviation signal valid: 245-500 mv, Deviation signal invalid: <180 mv

Electrical Characteristics

LOAD: Flight Director Computer, CPU-76/A, 1000 Ohms, ± 3% resistance

SOURCE: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

Wire Type & No.: Twisted Pair Wire Size: No. 22 AWG

A/C: F-111A/E REF: MIL-I-27848 MIL-C-83013 1F-111A-2-18-1 1F-111E-2-18-1

A ICD-GPS-014 % 017

' SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
Vertical Deviation	Analog	0	UE	Flight Director Computer

Functional Description

Provides a variable d.c. signal that indicates the displacement of the aircraft above or below a desired flight path. The displacement represented by the indicating device will be controlled by UE software and will be dependent upon aircraft flight phase. Deflection of the indicating device may represent angular displacement (e.g., 0.5° for ILS) or distance. For an area navigation system, the Area Navigation Subcommittee of the Air Transport Association's Air Traffic Control Committee has recommended the following ranges for the flight modes indicated: (a) Enroute: 200 to 2000 feet full scale, (b) Terminal: 60-200 feet full scale and (c) Approach: 40-100 feet full scale. Choice of presentation (distance/decrees) and scales are (TBD-1).

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: 0 to + 150 µa
RESOLUTION: 3 µa
ACCURACY: +10 µa
INDEX REFERENCE: Desired flight path
POSITIVE DIRECTION SENSE: Fly Down (+)
SCALE FACTOR: 75 µa/dot on the indicator.

Distance/angular displacement scale factor (TDD-1)

Electrical Characteristics

LOAD: Flight Ofrector Computer, CPU-76/A, 1000 Ohws ± 3% SOURCE: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Jata

Wire Type & No.: Twisted Pair Wire Size: No. 22 AWG

F-111A/E REF: MIL-C-83013 1F-111A-2-17-1 1F-111E-2-17-1

ARING Characteristic 582-5

ICD-GPS-014 & 017 --- 10-15

' SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
Vertical Deviation Flag	Discrete	0	UE	Flight Director Computer

<u>functional Description</u>

Provides a discrete signal to the flight Director Computer when the UE vertical deviation signal is unreliable. This signal is similar to glideslope flag signal.

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: Deviation signal valid: 245-500 mv. Deviation signal invalid: <180 mv.

Electrical Characteristics

LOAD: Flight Director Computer, CPU-76/A, 1000 Ohms + 32

SOURCE: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

Wire Type & No.: Twisted Pair Wire Size. No. 22 AWG

A/C: F-111A/E REF: MIL-C-830 MIL-C-83013 1F-111A-2-17-1 1F-111E-2-17-1

TCH-GPS-014 & 017 --- 10-16

· SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
Digital Output Data	Digital	0	UE	IBMS

Functional Description

Provides position, velocity and time and other parameters (TBD-3) to the IBNS to update the Inertial Navigation Set and to aid in navigation and bombing solutions. (See Appendix II.)

Signal Characteristics

Mord/Frame Structure: (TBD-3) Information Identifier: (TBD-3) Data Standard: (TBD-3) Timing Tolerances: (TBD-3)

Electrical Characteristics

· (TBD-3)

Interconnection Data

(TBD-3)

A/C: F-111A/E

100-GPS-014 & 017 10-17 MIV

SIGNAL NAME	1.00	1/0	FROM	TO
Magnetic Heading	Synchro	1	AFRS-Electronic Control Amplifier	UE

Functional Description

Provides angular reference signal of aircraft heading relative to magnetic north.

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: 0° to 360°
ACCURACY: +0.5°
INDEX REFFRÊNCE: Magnetic North
POSITIVE DIRECTION SENSE: Nose Right
SCALE FACTOR: 1° = 1°
RESOLUTION: (TBD-7)

Electrical Characteristics (continued on next page)

SOURCE: Auxiliary Flight Reference System, Electronic Control Amolifier (ASK 25A/A24G-26), 3-wire Synchro, Clifton CGH-8-A-7 or equal

LOAD: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

Wire Type & No.: Twisted Triad Wire Size: No. 22 AMG

A/C: F-111A/E REF: MIL-C-384

MIL-C-38418 T.O. IF-111A-2-12-1 T.O. 5F4-21-3

1.8 Ff-illet 2-12-1

464

100-GPS-014 & 017

10-18

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS SOURCE 1 Synchro, Clifton Type CGH-6-4-7 or equa1 Input Voltage 1:77 4COHz Input Current 29 ma Input Power 0.8 w Output Voltage Max 11.8V Sensitivity 200 mw/deg Phase Shift 1: deg DC Rotor Resistance DC Stator Resistance Impedance, Zro 950 + j33 d50 Ohms Impedance, Zros 10 + j36 Ohms Impedance, Zrss 1550 + j420 Ohms Max Null Voltag, 75 mw Accuracy (Max Entor 14 minutes Spread) ICD-GPS-014 \$ 017 -·· 10-19

' SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	то
True Airspeed	Synchro	I	Central Air Data Computer	UE

Functional Description

Provides an input of true airspeed in synchro format.

<u>Signal Characteristics</u>

RANGE:

ACCURACY:

(TSC-2)

INDEX REFERENCE:
POSITIVE DIRECTION SENSE:
SCALE FACTOR:
RESOLUTION:

Electrical Characteristics (continued on next page)

SOURCE: Central Air Data Computer, 1903633-4, 3-Wire Synchro, Bendix

type AY 3005 16A7 or equal

LOAD: (TBO-1)

Interconnection Data

Wire Type & No.: 2 Shielded Conductors (X, Y) Thire Size: No. 22 AWG

Note: "I" ties to shield ground

A/C: F-111A/E REF: T.O. 5F5-4-17-3 T.O. 1F-111A-2-16-1 T.O. 1F-111E-2-16-1

1CD-GP5-014 & 017 --- 10-20 944

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS SOURCE 1 Synchro, Bendix Type AY 3005 16A7 or equal Primary Winding Input Voltage Input Current Input Power Output Voltage (Max) Phase Shift DC Rotor Resistance XC Stator Resistance Impedance, Zro Impedance, Zso Max Null Voltage Accuracy (Max error spread) Rotor 26 Vac, 400 Hz 91 ma 0.6 watts 11.8V 9.5° lead 50 ohms 16 ohms 70 + j305 ohms 16.5 + j50 ohms 30 mv +10 minutes ±10 minutes 1CD-GPS-014 & 017 **⊶** 10-21

SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO ·
Barometric Altitude	Synchro	1	Central Air Data Computer	UÉ

Functional Description

Provides an input of barometric altitude in synchro format.

Signal Characteristics

RANGE:

(T80-2)

ACCURACY:
INDEX REFERENCE:
POSITIVE DIRECTION SENSE:
SCALE FACTOR:

Electrical Characteristics (continued on next page)

SOURCE: Central Air Data Computer, 1903633-4, 3-wire synchro Bendix type AY 300C 43Al or equal

LOAD: (TBDG)

Interconnection Data

Wire Type & No.: Shielded Pair and One Shielded Conductor Wire Size: No. 22 AWG

A/C: F-111A/E REF: T.O. 5F5-4-17-3 T.O. 1F-111A-2-16-1 T.O. 1F-111E-2-16-1

ICD-GPS-014 & 017 444 **⊶**•• 10-22

' SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	I/0	FROM	TO
Blanking Pulses	Pulse	I	Interference Blanker	UE

Functional Description

The interference blanker provides blanking pulses to prevent interference between systems operating in the same frequency spectrum.

Signal Characteristics (see pages 10-24 and 10-25)

Electrical Characteristics

SOURCE: Interference Blanker, MX-8103/A

LOAD: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

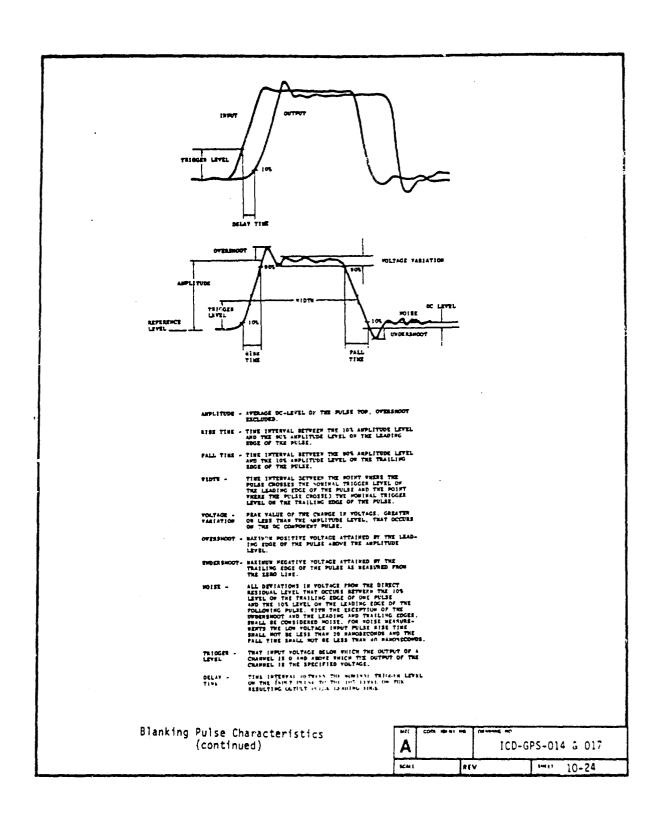
Wire Type & No.: Coaxial Cable, RG-58 C/U

A/C: F-111A/E REF: T.O. 12P3-4-22-12 T.O. 1F-111A-2-22

T.O. 1F-111E-2-22

ICD-GPS-014 & 017 mer 10-23 414

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Blanking Pulse Characteristics (continued)

H/E COM -CO T NO		ICD-GPS-014 & 017				
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Rei BE		V	See (1	10-25	_	

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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
Pitch	Synchro	I	AFRS	UE

Functional Description

Provides an input signal proportional to fuselage pitch attitude with respect to the earth's horizon. Signal amplitude is proportioned to amount of fuselage displacement from level flight and phase indicates direction of displacement

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: 0° to +90°
ACCURACY: +0.5°
INDEX REFERENCE: 0° Pitch
POSITIVE DIRECTION SENSE: Nose UP
SCALE FALTOR: 1° = 1°
RESOLUTION: (TBD-3)

Electrical Characteristics (continued on next page)

SOURCE: AFRS, 3-Wire Synchro, Clifton Type CGH-8-A-7 or equal Electronic Control Amplifler (ASK-25A/A24G-26)

LOAD: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

Wire Type & No.: Twisted Triad Wire Size: No. 22 AMG

A/C: F-111A/F REF: T.O. 1F-111A-2-12-1, T.O. 5F4-2-21-3, T.O. 5F4-2-21-4, MIL-C-38418 T.O. 1F-111E-2-12-1

	-					
A		ICO-GPS-014		R	R 017	
that	*	7	ber 1 *	1	0-26	_

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Input Voltage 115V 400 Hz Input Current 29 ma Input Power 0.9w Output Voltage (Max) 11.8V Sensitivity 206 mv/deg Phase Shift 110 DC Rotor Resistance 700 0hms DC Stator Resistance 10.4 0hms Impedance Zro 950 + j3, 850 0hms Impedance Zrss 1550 + j420 0hms Impedance Zrss 1550 + j420 0hms Max Null Voltage 75 mv Accuracy (max error spread)	SOURCE 1		
Input Current 29 ma Input Power 0.8w Output Voltage (Max) 11.8V Sensitivity 206 mv/deg Phase Shift 110 DC Rotor Resistance 700 Ohms DC Stator Resistance 10.4 Ohms Impedance Zro 950 + j3, 850 Ohms Impedance Zso 10 + j36 Ohms Impedance Zrss 1550 + j420 Ohms Max Null Voltage 75 mv Accuracy (max error 14 minutes	ro, Clifton Type CGH-8-A-		
•	Current 29 ma 0.8w 11.8v 11.8v 11.8v 11.8v 11.8v 11.9v 11.	s i	

SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	70
Roll	Synchro	ī	AFRS	UE

Functional Description

Provides an input signal proportioned to fuselsge roll attitude with reference to the earth's horizon. Signal amplitude is proportioned to amount of fuselsge displacement from level flight and phase indicates direction of displacement

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: 0° to +90° ACCURACY: +0.5°

ACCURACT: \$0.5°

INDEX REFERENCE: Zero Roll

POSITIVE DIRECTION SENSE: Right Wing Down

SCALE.FACTOR: 10 • 10

RESOLUTION: (TBD-3)

Electrical Characteristics (continued on next page)

SOURCE: Auxiliary Flight Reference System, Electronic Control Amplifier-(ASK-25A/A24G-26), 3-Wire Synchro, Clifton CGH-8-A-7 or equal

LOAD: (T80-1)

Interconnection Data

Wire Type & No.: Twisted Triad Wire Size: No. 22 AWG

A/C: F-111A/E

REF: T.O. 1F-111A-2-12-1, T.O. 5F4-21-3, T.O. 5F4-21-4, MIL-C-38418 T.O. 1F-111E-2-12-1

ICD-GPS-014 & 017 --- 10-28

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Sourc	E 1	
Synchro, Clifton Type or equal	CGH-8-A-7	
Input Voltage Input Current Input Power Output Voltage (max) Sensitivity Phase Shift DC Rotor Resistance DC Stator Resistance Impedance Zro Impedance Zro Impedance Zrss Max Null Voltage Accuracy (max error spread)	115V 400 Hz 29 ma 0.8w 11.8V 206 mw/deg 110 700 0hms 10.4 0hms 10.4 0hms 10.50 + j3. 850 0hms 10.50 + j420 0hms 1550 + j420 0hms 155 m 14 minutes	
		المنافعة الم

···· 10-29

· SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	70
Digital Input Data	Digital	I	IBNS	Uξ

Functional Description

Provides the UE with position, velocities, covariances and other parameters (TBD-3). (See Appendix II.)

Signal Characteristics

Word/Frame Structure: (TBD-3) Information Identifier: (TBD-3) Data Standard: (TBD-3) Timing Tolerance: (TBD-3)

Electrical Characteristics

(TBD-3)

Interconnection Data

(TBD-31

A/C: F-111A/E

1CD-GPS-014 4 017 ···· 10 · 30 964

' SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
Course Set	Synchro	I	HSI	U€

Functional Description

Provides an electrical reference signal of the course manually selected by the Course Set control on the HSI. This signal will be used by the UE as a reference for positioning the course deviation and To-From indicators on the HSI.

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: 0° to 360°

ACCURACY: ±0.5°
RESOLUTION: 1.0°
INDEX REFERENCE. Magnetic North
POSITIVE DIRECTION SENSE: Right Hand Increments
SCALE FACTOR: 1 = 1

Electrical Characteristics (Continued on next page)

SOURCE: HSI (AOU-4/A), Course Resolver, Kearfott Type CR40921018 or equal

LOAD: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

Wire Type & No.: Seven single conductors (twisted) Wire Size: No. 24 ลิฟน์

A/C: F-111A/E

1F-111A-2-18-1

MIL-1-27848 5F8-15-4-3

5F8-15-4-4

100-5PS-014 & 017 A -0 10-31

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Sourc	:E				
HSI, AQU-4/A, Course Re Keerfott Type CR4093101					
Primary Winding Input Voltage Frequency Input Current Input Dower Input Impedance Output Impedance OC Resistance (rotor) OC Resistance (stator) Output Voltage Sensitivity Maximum null Voltage Maximum error from electrical zero Transformation ratio	Rotor 26 Vac 400 Hz 20 ma 150 mw 1680 /73 5° ohms 1400 778° ohms 190 ohms 170 ohms 22 Vac 384 mv/deg 46 mv 10 minutes .846				
		•	F	T	arind distant

9. FUTURE MODIFICATIONS

Modifications for the F-lllE include the Airborne Video Tape Recorder, GPS, Digital Bomb Navigation System, Flex Ballistics Computer, and two ECM Systems (ALQ-137 improvements and ALR-62). Table 9-1 lists the present and future systems in the F-lll family. Figure 9-1 shows the changes in the forward equipment bays.

The ALR-62 Countermeasures Receiving Set is designed to intercept, detect, and analyze RF threat signals. The threat signals displayed show type of threat, direction, and lethality. Those signals are then forwarded to the Self-Protection Subsystem.

The five major CMRS LRUs are:

- (1) Dual Channel Receiver (DCR)
- (2) Multichannel Receiver (MCR)
- (3) Digital Processor
- (4) Control Indicator Unit
- (5) Antenna Switching Unit (ASU)

The DCR is a dual-crystal video and superheterodyne receiver that detects both CW and pulsed RF signals. RF input is from the shared SPS low-band directional antennas (LF and RF). The direction of arrival detected in logarithmic amplifiers is fed on dual outputs to the Multichannel Receiver (MCR) for video combining with other MCR signals.

The MCR accepts inputs from six JSS directional antennas and four dedicated directional antennas. The inputs from two of the four dedicated antennas are combined into a single MCR input in the transmission line coupler. The RF signals are amplified and detected in logarithmic amplifiers, the angle of arrival is detected, and the video is combined and fed to the Digital Processor.

The Digital Processor processes the MCR video to identify threats and establish priorities on the basis of a stored program. The Digital Processor also provides display generation, interfacing with other systems, and self-testing.

The Control Indicator Unit provides a PPI display of the threat parameters on the 2.5-inch CRT (with alphanumeric and geometric symbols) and has a provision for operator control of the system.

The Antenna Switching Unit (ASU) interfaces between the MCR and six JSS antennas. In the direction finding mode, the ASU sequentially switches between the six signals. In the omni mode, all signals are processed simultaneously. ASU switching is controlled by the Digital Processor.

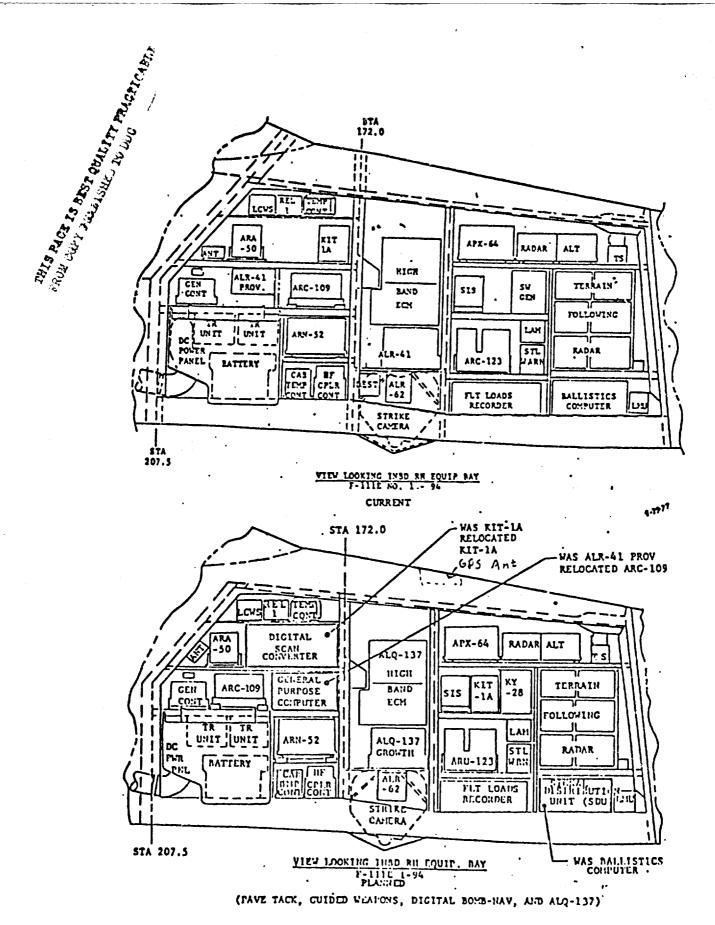


Figure 9-1. CURRENT VERSUS PLANNED LEFT-HAND AND RIGHT-HAND EQUIPMENT BAYS

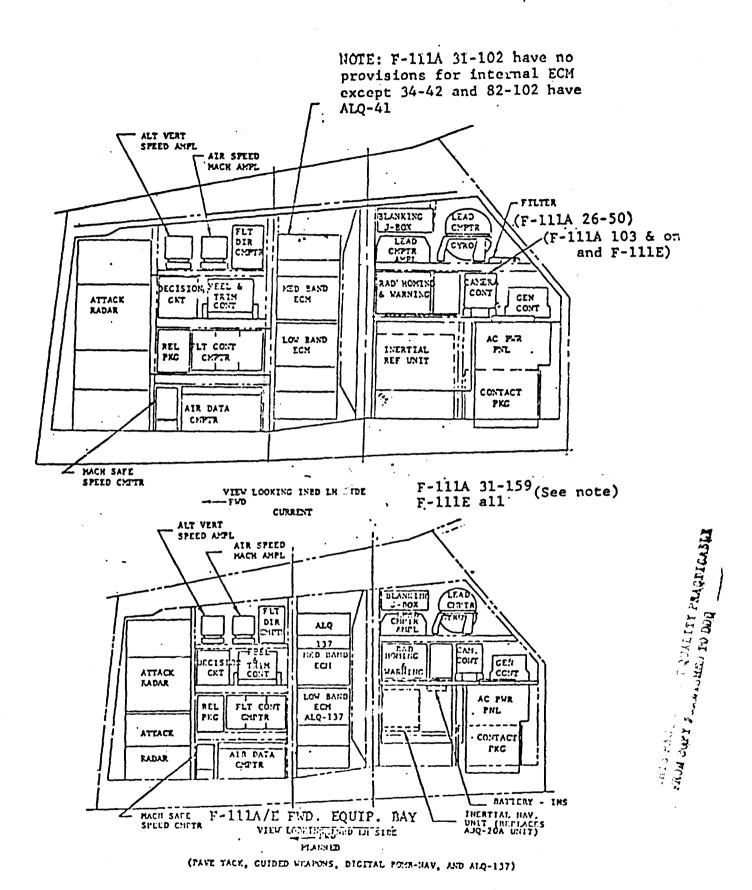


Figure 9-1. (continued)

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	Table 9-1.	PRINCIPAL AVIONICS *** OF	OC INSTALLED IN THE F-111 FAMILY BY 1985	ILY BY 1985	
E' _t uipment	F-111A	F-1110	F-111E	F-111F	2F-111A
UHF	ARC-109 → ARC-164	ARC-109 ARC-164	ARC-109 → ARC-164	ARC-109 ARC-164	ARC-109 - ARC-164
7.1	ARC-112/123	ARC-123	ARC-123	ARC-123	ARC-112
Intercom	AIC-25	AIC-25	AIC-25	AIC-25	AIC-25
INS	AJQ-20 Digital Bomb Navigational	AJN-16	AJQ-20 (Maybe Digital Bomb Navigational)	AJN-16	AJQ-20 Digital Bomb Navigational
TACAN	ARN-118 (Maybe GPS)	ARN-52/118 (Maybe GPS)	ARN-52/118 (Maybe GPS)	ARN-84 (Maybe GPS)	ARN-118 (Maybe GPS)
571	ARN-58 (Maybe CAT II MLS)	ARN-58 (Maybe CAT II MLS)	ARN-58	ARN-58 (Maybe CAT II MLS)	ARN-58 (Maybe CAT II HLS)
UHF-DF	AFA-50 (Maybe GPS)	ARA-50 (Maybe GPS)	ARA-50 (Maybe GPS)	ARA-50 (Maybe GPS)	ARA-50 (Maybe GPS)
Radar Altimeter	APN-167	APN-167	APN-167	APN-167	APN-167
TFR	APQ-110	APQ-128	APQ-110	APQ-146/128/134	APQ-110
Attack Radar	APQ-113	APQ-130	A-20-113	APQ-144/114	Demodify to Naval Radar
Lead Computer Sight	ASG-23		ASG-23	ASG-27/25	Demodify
Auto Gun	M61-A1	M61-A1	M61-A1	H61-A1	Demodify
IFF A/G	APX-64	APX-64	APX-64	APX-64	APX-64
IFF Crypto	KIT-1A	KIT-1A	KIT-1A	KIT-1A	KIT-1A
15H	AQU-4/A	AQU-4/A	AQU-4/A	AQU-4/A	AQU-4/A
сирс	1903633-4	1903634-3	1903633-4	1903634-3	1903633-4
Flight Director System	CPU-76	•	CPU-76A	CFU-76A	CPU-76, ARU-11
Auxiliary Flight Reference System	A24G-26A	A24G-26A	A24G-26A	A24G-26A	A24G-26A
RHAW	APS-109	APS-109	APS-109	APS-139	ALR-62 (TTWS)
ECM Receivers	ALR-23	ALR-23		ALR-23	ALR-23 (TTWS)
	AAR-34	AAR- 34	AAR-34	AAR-34	AIQ-137 (SPS)
Jamming Transmitters	ALQ-94, 41	A1Q-94	ALQ-94, 119	ALQ-94	ALQ-99E (JSS)
Interference Blanker	MX-6770	MY-8106	MX-6770A	MX-8103	MX-9879/A
Dispenser	ALE-28	ALE-28	ALE-28	ALE-28	ALE-28
Strike Camera	KB-18A	KB-18A	кв-18л	KE-18A	Demodify
Flight Control System	FC-11	FC-11	FC-11	FC-11	FC-11

continued)

		Table 9-1.	(continued)		
Equipment	F-11.A	F-111D	F-111E	F-111F	EF-111A
Fuel and Trim Assembly	12C11 ^c 4-879	12C1154-867	12C1154-879	12C1154-875	1201154-879
Doppler	-	APN-189 (Maybe GPS)	1	•	:
Nav Data Entry Panel	1	ID-1764/AYK	•	1	, =-
Nav Data Display Panel		ID-1522/AYK		ID-1748/AYK	1
General Purpose Computer		AYK-6 (2)		AYK-6 (2)	1
Weapons Bay Gun System	-	4	2	1	Demodify
Multiplex Converter Unit	-	CV-2492,A	ľ	CV-2497/A	1
Horizontal Situation Display	-	AYN-3	!	1	!
Integrated Display Set	••	AVA-9	1	ľ	-
IFF Interrogator		APX-76	1	ŀ	1
Computer Centrol Unit		•		C-8586/AYK	
UHF Crypto	•	-	-	:	KY-28
Nav Radar	•	,	ř		APQ-160 (Demodify)
		Modifications	ations		
£2824	Terrain Follow Radar	•	Terrain Follow Radar		
F2930	ALQ-119 ECM (Some A/C)	ALQ-119 ECM (Some A/C)	ALQ-119 ECM		•
T13315A	SIS (Some A/C)	SIS (Some A/C)	SIS	SIS (Some A/C)	
T17305A	APN-167 LARA (Some A/C)	APN-167 LARA (Some A/C)	APN-167 LARA (Some A/C)	APN-167 LARA (Some A/C)	-
T17310A	LARA Override System	LARA Override System	LARA Override System	LARA Override System	1
T37063A	APQ-113 TFR (Some)	APQ-130 TFR	APQ-113 TFR	APQ-104 TFR	-
F2957	ALR-62 RWR (Some)	ALR-62 FWR	ALR-62 RWR	ALE-62 KMR	-
F0000	Jam System (Some A/C)			-	
F15312B	1	AVA-9 1DS			1
т37236в	ţ	•	••	Multiplex Converter (Some A/C)	-
		Planned Avionics	Avionics		
Video Tape Recorder		יעדג	CVTR	CVTR	1
		T			

GPS UE will physically and functionally replace the AN/ARN-118 TACAN system. The GPS receiver will be installed at the present TACAN location under door 1202. The antenna is installed above the forward equipment bays, as shown in Figure 7-1.

The function of the ALQ-137 is to detect hostile CW and the pulsed signals and automatically respond with programmed jamming against the following:

- Fire control radars of anti-aircraft artillery (PAA)
- Surface to air missiles (SAM)
- Airborne Interceptors (AI)
- Command Guidance missiles

The AN/ALQ-137 provides deception response in the E through J bands with four subsystems covering the low band, middle band, forward high band, and aft high band. Each of the four subsystems consists of a receiver and amplifier. Forward aft antennas are used to provide proper protection. Additional threat information is received from the ALR-62 Radar Warning Receiver.

The AN/ARC-164, scheduled to replace the ARC-109 in most planes by 1985, operates in the 225 MHz to 399.75 MHz military band. It provides a 7,000 channel tuneable UHF receiver; 243 /Hz (nominal) auxiliary guard receiver; and a 7,000-channel, 10 watt carrier transmitter for voice communications. The AN/ARC-164 Radio Set has two basic configurations — the console mount and the remote mount.

10. DATA SOURCES

The following sources of data were used in preparing this summary:

- Aircraft and avionics configuration data assembled by ARINC Research, principally in the form of copies of applicable sections, tables, and figures from the aircraft technical orders, as well as from equipment technical orders listed at the end of this section
- Avionics Planning Baseline Document -- October 1978
- GPS Phase II User Equipment Interface Requirements for the F-111A Aircraft; 1 September 1977

LIST OF APPLICABLE TECHNICAL ORDERS

Number	<u>Title</u>	Change Number	Date
1F-111E-01	LOAP		4/21/72
1F-111E-2-1	General Information	1	11/17/78
1F-111E-2-3-1	Auto Flight Control System	20	6/3/77
1F-111E-2-4-1	Flight Control Systems	22	8/26/77
1F-111E-2-5-1	Fire Power Control System	22	6/17/77
1F-111E-2-12-1	Instrument Systems	19	8/19/77
1F-111E-2-13-1	Electrical Power and	19	7/22/77
	Lighting Systems		
1F-111E-2-15	Environmental Systems	21	8/19/77
1F-111E-2-16-1	Air Data Computer System	7	1/5/77
1F-111E-2-17-1	Communication and ILS	14	8/19/77
1F-111E-2-22	Systems Integration	20	6/24/77
5F5-4-17-2	Control Air Data Computer	1	9/30/76
12P2-2APQ110-12	TFR Set	10	3/15/74
12P2-2APQ110-52	TFR Indicator	3	3/22/74
12P2-APQ113-12	Radar Set	0	1/28/77
12P4-2APX64-2	Radio Receiver Transmitters	17	11/22/77
12P5-2APN167-12	Altimeter Set	12	5/3/74
12R2-2AIC25-2	Intercom Set	21	3/15/77
12R2-2ARC109-4	Radio Set	9	6/15/76
12R2-2ARC109-42	Radio Receiver	2	6/1/77
12R2-2ARC123-2	Radio Set	15	10/15/76
12R5-2ARN52-2	TACAN Set	changed	10/1/69
12R5-2ARN52-12	TACAN Set	4	2/15/73
12R5-2ARN58-2	Radio Receiver	6	5/13/77
12R5-2ARN118-1	TACAN Set	0	10/15/76
12R2-2ARC164-2	Radio Set	0	6/20/76

AVIONICS INTERFACE DATA SUMMARY FOR F-111F



October 1979

Issued by

The Deputy for Avionics Control

ASD/AX

A Joint AFSC/AFLC Organization

FOREWORD

This document is one of a series of reports that describe Avionics interfaces for various USAF aircraft. It was prepared for the Deputy for Avionics Control, Aeronautical Systems Division (ASD/AX), Wright-Patterson AFB, Ohio by ARINC Research Corporation, Annapolis, Maryland under Contract F33657-79-C-0567.

	Record of Changes		
Change	Subject	Date Entered	Initials
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1. INTRODUCTION

This document contains configuration data relating to the integration of additional avionics into the F-lllF aircraft.

This document will be revised periodically as additional modifications are planned and incorporated into the aircraft. Queries regarding information contained herein should be addressed to:

The Deputy for Avionics Control Code: ASD/AXP Wright-Patterson AFB, Ohio

This document was compiled from Air Force source materials by ARINC Research Corporation under Contract F33657-79-C-0567.

The applicable Technical Orders are included in the references listed in Section 10.

2. COCKPIT SPACE

Figures 2-1 through 2-5 depict the consoles and instrument panels for the F-111F. There is a relatively large amount of blank panel space in the present configuration of the F-111F cockpit, as illustrated in Figure 2-1. The general crew station arrangement of Figure 2-1 shows that blank panel space exists on the left and right vertical control panel consoles, as well as on the left- and right-side control panel consoles.

- There are two blank spaces at the bottom of the left vertical control panel console. The topmost blank, panel Λ , is 5-3/4"W × 1-3/4"H × 2"D. Below it is panel B, which is 5-3/4"W × 1-1/2"H × 2"D.
- There are two blank panels on the right vertical control panel consols. Panel C is approximately the same size as panel B. Panel D is considerably larger. PAVE TACK and data link are proposed for the panel D area.
- Two blank panels exist on the left-side control panel console in spaces E and F, to the left and right of the autopilot damper control. Panel E is 5-3/4"W \times 1-1/4"H \times 4-3/4"D. Panel F, which is the proposed locations for ILS, is 5-3/4"W \times 2-5/8"H \times 7"D.
- The right-side control panel console contains three blank panel spaces. Panels G and H to the left and right of the CMDS control panel are approximately the same surface size as panels E and F. Panel I is 5-11/16"W × 3-5/16"H × 7-1/2"D and the proposed site for PAL Options II or III. Panel I is expandable to 7-11/16"W × 4-9/16"H × 7-1/2"D.
- A blank space, J, exists on the right main instrument panel just to the left of the navigation display. This space is 2"W × 7-5/8"H.

Figures 2-2 through 2-5 are illustrations of the left and right main instrument panels and the left and right sidewalls.

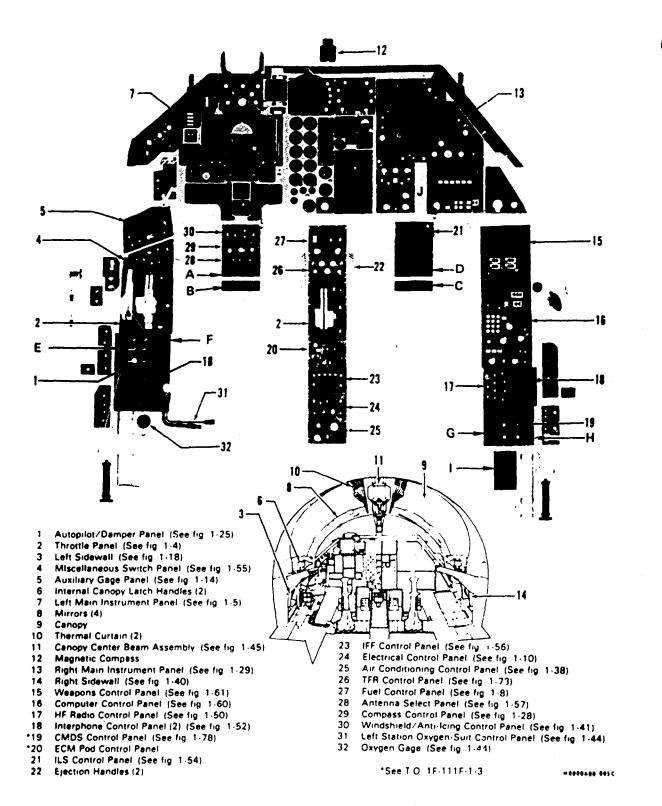
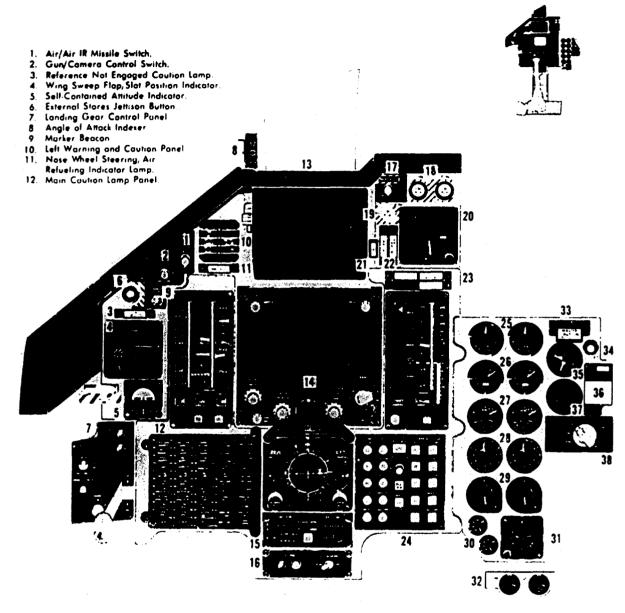


Figure 2-%. CREW STATION GENERAL ARRANGEMENT (TYPICAL)



- 13. Head Up Display and Control.
- Integrated Flight Instruments.
- 15. Flight Data Panel.
 16. T.O. Trim/HSI Bearing Panel.
- 17. Agent Discharge/Fire Detect Test Switch.
- 18. Engine Fire Pushbutton
- Warning Lamps.
 19. Fuselage Fire Pushbutton Warning Lamp. 20. Radar Altimeter
- 21. Stall Warning Lamp

- 22. Canopy/Cabin Pressure
- Warning Lamps
 Upper Warning and Caution Lamps
- 24. Mode Select Coupler Panel.
- Engine Tachometers
- Engine Turbine lalet Temperature Indicators
- 27. Engine Fuel Flow Indicators 28. Engine Nozzle Position
- Indicators
- Engine Pressure Ratio Indicators
- 30. Engine Oil Pressure Indicators

- Clock.
- 32. Hydraulic Pressure Indicators.
- Master Caution Lamp
- 34. Fuel Quantity Indicator Test Button.
- 35. Fuselage Fuel Quantity Indicator.
- Radio Call Panel
- Total/Select Fuel
- Quantity Indicator
- 38. Fuel Quantity Indicator Selector Knob.

Figure 2-2. LEFT MAIN INSTRUMENT PANEL (TYPICAL)

1-13 Best Available Copy 584 2-3

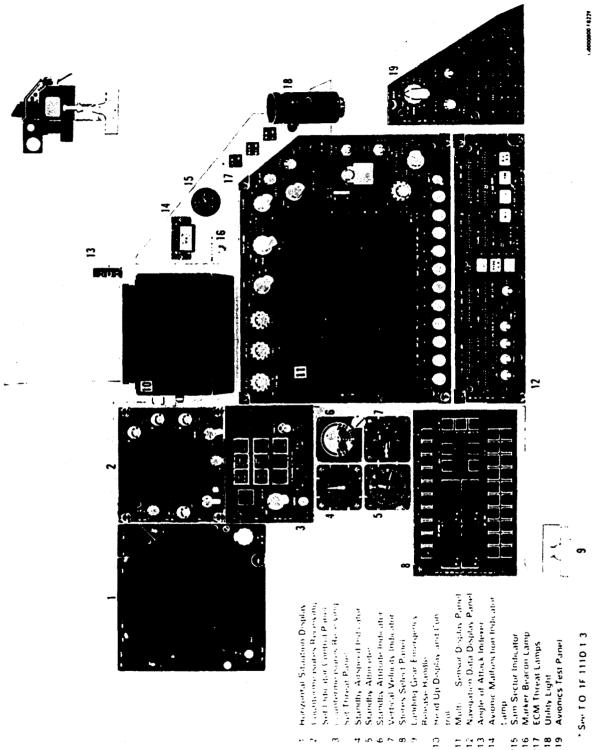


Figure 2-3. RIGHT MAIN INSTRUMENT PANEL (TYPICAL)

Figure 2-4. LEFT SIDEWALL (TYPICAL)

Attack Radar Tracking Handle. Weapons Bay Temperature Indicator. Seat Adjustment Switch. IRRS Control Panel. Strike Camera Control Panel. *See T.O. 1F-111F-1-3 Ash Tray

Figure 2-5. RIGHT SIDEWALL (TYPICAL)

587

2-6

3. AVIONICS SPACE

The F^2E summary (Table 3-1 and Figure 3-1) illustrates the avionics space availability in the F-lllF. At present there are two unused spaces under door 1202 and one space available under door 1201. Another space under door 1101 would become available if the ARA-50 is removed and the optical sight unit is turned on end.

			Table 3-1.	Table 3-1. F'E SUMMARY - F-111F	F-111F			
F ² E Criteria				Potential Available Space	lebie Spece			
Location Reference and Description	A Door 1201 Above APX-64 Unit	B Door 1202 Next to FACAN	8 ARC109 Door 1202	C APX-64 1FF Door 1201	C Door 1201 Above Relay Packages	D Door 1101 AN/A.RA-50	E T\$ 1843/APX	ARC 112 HF Receiver Travamituar Door 1201
Rectanguler* Size (H, W, D – In.) Volume (Cu. Ft.)	15 × 17.5 × 12	Triangle (B, H, D) 6.5 × 8.25 × 20 0.31 ft ³	7.2 × 9.5 × 17.5 0.68 H ³	8.6 × 12.6 × 20.2 0.88 ft ³	2.75 × 10.5 × 20 0.334 ft ³	7.5 × 13 × 14 0.790 ft³	3.2 × 1.3 × 7.8 0.06 h³	11 × 12.8 × 18.4 1.50 R ³
Type Cooling Available	Forced Air Cooled	Forced Air Cooled	Forced Av Cooled	Forced Avr Cooled	Forced Air Cooled	Forced Air Cooled	Furcad Air Cooled	Forced Air Cooled
Temperatura-Altifuda Vibration	Normal Equiponant Area	Normal Equipment Area	Normal Equipment Area	Normal Equipment Area	Normal Equipment Area	Normal Equipment Area	Normal Equipment Area	Normel Equipment Area
Possible Candidates for this Space	PAVE TACK and KY-28 Secure Voice	None known	General Purpose Computer	None known	None known	None known	None known	None known
Remarks			RT-1168/ARC 164 in Cockpit volume of ARC 109 Control	Replace with APX- 101 IFF Transponder or APX-100 Console Mounted IFF		Turn Optical Sight Unit on and and remove AN/ARA-50	1f APX-64 is replaced with APX-101 or APX-100	Replace HF Comm. with Single LRU in Loc. F
7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	A sale of the sale							

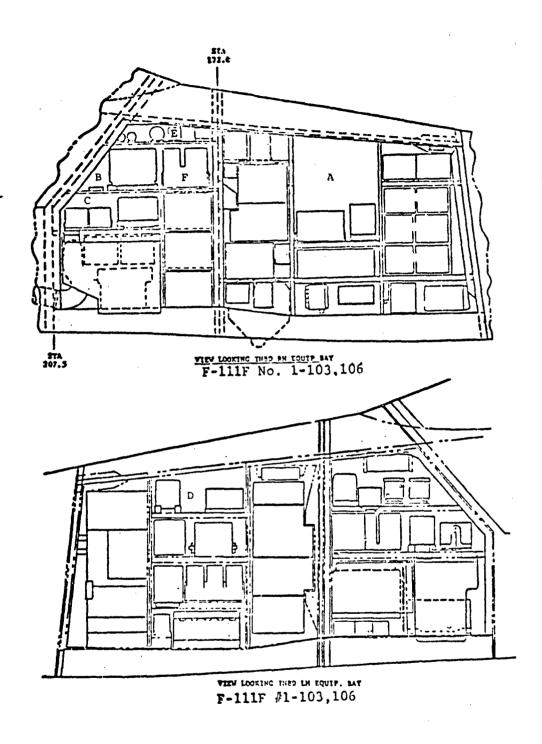


Figure 3-1. CURRENT AVIONICA SPACE AVAILABLE

4. ELECTRICAL POWER SYSTEM

4.1 Introduction

115/200 volt, three phase, 400 cycle ac power and 28 volt dc power are provided for the electrical power system in the F-lllF. This power is generated by two 62.5 kVA ac generator drive assemblies, one mounted on each engine. These generators are supplemented by two 150 amp transformer rectifier units that convert the ac power to 28 volts dc. An aircraft battery supplies 28 volts dc to the battery bus and the dc start busses. The electrical power system consists of the following systems:

- Main ac power system
- · External ac power and monitor system
- · Emergency ac power system
- · Dc power system

4.2 Power Requirements

In the F-111A, there is a basic avionics electrical power requirement of 40 kVA.

4.3 Power Generation and Distribution

The main sources of electrical power are 62.5 kVA indirect drive generators. The control units for these generators are in the forward equipment bay. The electrical power distribution system as three ac busses: A left main ac bus, a right main ac bus, and an essential ac bus.

4.4 Emergency ac Power System

The emergency ac power system provides electrical power for operation of safety-of-flight equipment in the event the main ac power system fails or hydraulic power is applied to the aircraft without electrical power, or both. The emergency ac power generator is operated by the utility hydraulic system.

4.5 Dc Power System

The dc power system supplies the aircraft with the necessary 28-volt direct current power. The main dc power system uses two ac-to-dc power converters to supply the main and essential dc busses. The aircraft battery ensures that standby power is available to power engine starts, aircraft position lights, and pylon refuel/defuel valves without external power units.

5. ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL SYSTEM

5.1 General

The Environmental Control System (ECS) provides temperature controlled air for the cockpit and a temperature controlled flow of cooling air to the forward electronics bay and to the weapons bay. The ECS operates by ducting hot air from the sixteenth stage compressor and each engine through two air-to-air heat exchangers, and air-to-water heat exchanger, and a cooling turbine. The cooling turbine further cools the air to temperatures suitable for the cockpit and electronic equipment bays.

5.2 Cabin Air Conditioning

Cabin air conditioning is governed by a temperature controller that receives signals from temperature sensors and a cockpit control panel. The temperature controller allows hot air to mix with the cooled air stream to obtain air at the cockpit-selected temperature. Conditioned air flows from the cabin into the forward equipment bay.

5.3 Equipment Air Conditioning

Electronic equipment that is cooled by the ECS is grouped in the forward equipment area, cabin equipment area, aft (check) equipment area, main landing gear wheelwell area, and tail electronics area. The equipment is cooled by both area cooling and forced-air flow cooling. Area cooling is achieved by supplying cold air to the equipment area as required to maintain the temperature at 150° ($\pm 10^{\circ}$) F. In addition, a cold air flow can be forced over or into a component or group of components.

6. CURRENT AVIONICS

Tables 6-1 through 6-22 contain LRU data relating to the F-111F avionics systems that make up the current or near-term configuration. Where no entries are shown, the data were not available for this report. Data pertaining to future avionics modifications are presented in Section 9.

	Coccition Cocc	Dimension (Inches) H W D 7.62 3.62 13.6 7.62 4.87 17.2 6.87 11.2 20.2 1					
C-7156/MC	C-714/AK CG-3 14 N	7.62 3.62 13.6 7.62 4.87 17.2 6.87 11.2 20.3 1			He at	Cooling	
7.62 1.64 1.75 1.75 1.75 1.75 1.75 1.75 1.75 1.75	7.62 3.62 31.6 315.0 13.12 Correction Phasis 7.62 4.87 17.2 6.18.1 23.13 115.v Correct Air RP-3660/ 6.87 11.2 20.2 1.51.0 8.54 3 3.13 115.v Correct Air RP-3660/ 3.13 20.2 1.51.0 8.54 3 3.13 20.2 1.5	7.62 3.62 13.6 7.62 4.87 17.2 6.87 11.2 20.2		¥	Dissipacion	Method	Nounting
## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##	## 7F-560/ARC-123 Door 1202 7.63 13.6 13.6 13.5 13.13 13.5	7.62 3.62 13.6 7.62 4.97 17.2 6.87 11.2 20.2				Convection	Panel
7.62 4.97 17.2 618.1 23.13 115.V Porced Mr 75.2500/ 6.87 11.2 20.2 1551.0 8.54 1.2 20.2 1551.0 8.54	7.62 4.87 17.2 6.34.3 23.13 11.5 V	7.62 4.87 17.2 6.87 11.2 20.2				Porced Air	MT-3660/
6.87 11.2 20.2 1551.0 8.54	6.47 II.2 20.2 1.531.0 8.54	6.87 11.2 20.2	· - "	v 21.		Forced Air	MT-3660/
				;			Auc-123
					-		•
			 				
							-
		•			·		
			-				
		•					
							·
						•	
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			·				

		Table	Table 6-2. F-111F AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:	VIONICS	COMFIGUR	ATTON DA		THE COMMUNICATION SET AN/ANC-109	SET MAAK	2-109 NSN:	: 5821-00-496-9236	236	
MA/ME-109	į	Momenclature	Location	٥	imension (Inches)	•	Volume	Weight	Airc	raft	H.	Cooling	BOUNE
#T-749/MC-109 #T-749/MC-109 Georgia				×	2	a	Inches)	(Locards)	Ş	ä	Dissipation	Mathod	
FF-749/MC-109 Door 1202 6-87 8-87 14-87 906-11 28-7 Preced Air C-7423/AMC-109 Cockpit. C-7423/AMC-109 Cockpit. Mor-1918 Mor	muication	AN/ABC-109.						38.6	150		150#		
C-713/AMC-109 Cockpit Ma-1918	.ver- mitter	RT-749/ABC-109	Door 1202	6.87		14.67	906.1	28.7				Forced Air	MT-3327/
Selector C-4004 Door 1302 3.0 3.35 4.5 41.9 1.5 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0	10	C-7425/AMC-109	Cockpit									Convection	Cockpit
61-1-2A	na Selector	C-4808	Door 1202	3.0	3.25	4.5	43.9	1.5				Porced Air	HT-1932A
	4	1918						1.0					P14
													-

		Table 6-3. F	-111F AV	TOWICS	ONFICURA	F-111F AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:	INTERCOM AN/AIC-25 NSN:	1/AIC-25		5831-00-457-5041		
]	Nomenclature	Location	۵	Dimensions (Inches)	,	Volume	Weight	Air	Aircraft Power	Heat	Cooling	Mann Company
			×	3	۵	Inches)	(Pounds)	¥	ដ	Dissipation	Method	
Intercom Set	AN/AIC-25								03			-
Control	C-7424/AIC-25	Cockpit									Convection	Cockpit
Intercom	C-6624/AIC-25		4.38	3.62	5.12	81,2	2.7					
							·			_		
												
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							······································					
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75 77 55 77												
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-	Neat Cooling Nounting	4	0.01 50M	Porced Air MT-1955/ ARA-50	Pur																
*		Ŋ	8.0			-				 	,	· · ·			·	-	· · · ·		 -		_
	Meight (Pounds)	\dashv			10.0	 			 -	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,								· 		- -	-
Volu	Spic 1	\dashv		27.5	368	 			· · · · · ·	, -		-									_
Dimensions (Inches)		2		7.1 8.0	10.25 10.25	 -				<u>.</u>						 -					
Dim	-	<u>-</u>		9.9	3.5	 					,						,				_
	Location			Door 1101									•			•	./				
	Momenclature		AN/A2A-50		AS-909/ARA-48							(-		^	<i>i</i> .	•	<i>*</i>	ſ			
	į		THE POPULATION	Amplifier helay AM-3624/ARR-50 Assembly	UMP/ADF LOOP J																-

	72	Table 6-5. F-111	IF AVION	(CS COME)	F-111F AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:		RADAR ALTIHETER AN/APH-167 HSH:	1 AN/APH-16		5841-00-772-1819		
	Momenclature	Location	3	Dimensions (Inches)	2	Volume (Cubic	Weight	Aircraft Power	raft	Heat	Cocling	
			=	,	٥	Inches)	(Pounds)	Ŋ	ä	Dissipation	Method	
Radar Altimeter	AK/APH-167											-
Meceiver- Transmitter Dual	KT-771/APM-167	Door 1202	6.5	15.0	14.5	14.14	26.0	0.086	10.0	1924	Forced Air	Ē
Antenna	75-1758/APN-167		4.5	\$.\$	9.25	187	1.1					Rerd
Nadar Altimeter K5186000100 Indicator	x5186000100	Cockpit			-		1.6/1.8•				Convection	Cockpit
3												
Two indicators in aircraft.	in aircraft.											

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		Table 6-6. F	-111F AV	IONICS O	ONFIGURA	F-111F AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:	CENTRAL AIR DATA COMPUTER SYSTEM	DATA COM	PUTER SYST	EN NSW: TRO		
ě	Nomenclatura	Location	Ö	Dimensions (Inches)		Volume	Meight	Aire	Aircraft	1	Cooling	Mount in
			×	2	٥	Inches)	(Pounds)	¥	8	Dissipation	Nethod	
croc	1903634-3 MSN: 6610-00-116-4624	Door 1101	0.0	14.0	19.25	2156	47.5	115V 400Mz 11	A			
Maximum Safe Mach Assembly	12C1006-817		\$	÷ .5	6.57	66	3.5					
Angle of Attack Transitter	\$LZ 9370-4		\$;	\$	6.57		2.5					
Total Tempera- ture Indicator	B1508-6	Cockpit	2.25	2.25	÷.	73.7	12.5				Convection	Pane 1
Reduce Speed Warming Lamp	65-0478-1	Cockpit	6.5	3.6	3.2	\$.89	0.24				Charaction	Parel
Light Panel					- <u> </u>							<u></u>
					<u> </u>							
				•								
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		7	-					1	
				37.4					
	Contline	1							
	8	Ĭ							
\$434-00-357-2 006	Ĭ	Dissipation							
	¥ .	H							
*	Aireach	K							
TACAM AN/AND-64 MBF.	34613	(Poweds)					X .		
F-111F AVIGNICS CONFICURATION DATA. (AFTER T.OF-111F-518)	19	(action)					17.2		
1116-51		q		0.0			7:1		
AVIONIC T.O.	Diseasion: (Inches)			10.5			2.7		
1 1		•		•			<u> </u>		
Table 6-7.			Cochpit	Door 1303			Decr 1303		
			C-9475/ARN-84	PT-1127/AMH-84	CV-3135/ALM-64	HT-4617/AMI-84	8A-521/A		
			Control C	Persiver. Transition		Converter	AF Switch S		

		fable 6-8.		V TITLAN	T.C. 17	P-131F AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA: (PNION TO T.C. 1F-131F-518)	ſ	TACAN ANVANN-52	1-52 MSM;	7¥6		
3	Momenclature	Location		Dimersions (Inches)	-	Volume	1613	N R	Aircraft	Meat	Cooling	
			*	•	۵	[nches]	(Volumento	ĸ	R	D.neipetion	Ne thod	De l'amora
Control	C-7712/AME-52	Cochpit									Convection	Pamel
Mecalver- Transmitter	77-893/AMM-52	Date 1202	1.15	0.61	6.9	12.4	6.3				Porced Air	MT-1729/ AM-52
Antenne	11030106-1		9.3	3.5	:	935.0	7.0					Hard
M Switch	4-521/A	Door 1302	7.	2.76	•	17.3	÷.					
Accelver- Transmitter	FF-384/ARH-52											
System								0.25	0.0814			
					•							
												
					- 11-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-							
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M/AM-18 M/A	Nu/Abst-36 Door 2204 7-75 6-87 5-01 357 7-79		Monoclature	Cocation		Dimensions (Inches)		Volume	Weight	Air	Aircraft Power	Neat	Cooling	
A-VAR-58	Part March				=	٤	۵	Inches)	(Pounds)	¥	8	Dissipation	Method	Nounting
### ### Door 2004 7.75 6.87 5.01 267 7.99 220max deu #### #### #### ##### ###############	P=64/AM=58 Door 2304 7.75 6.87 5.01 316 9.6 468 P=644/AM=58 Door 2304 9.75 6.87 5.01 316 9.6 468 C=7422/AM=59 Door 2304 9.75 6.87 5.01 316 9.6 688 C=7422/AM=59 Door 2304 9.75 6.87 5.01 316 9.6 C=7422/AM=59 Door 2304 9.75 6.87 5.01 316 9.6 C=7422/AM=59 Door 2304 9.75 6.87 5.01 316 9.6 C=7422/AM=79 Door 2304 9.75 9.75 9.75 9.6 C=7422/AM=79 Door 2304 9.75 9.75 9.75 9.75 9.75 C=7422/AM=79 Door 2304 9.75 9.75 9.75 9.75 C=7422/AM=79 Door 2304 9.75 9.75 9.75 9.75 C=7422/AM=79 Door 2304 9.75 9.75 9.75 9.75 C=7422/AM=79 Door 2304 9.75 9.75 9.75 9.75 C=7422/AM=79 Door 2304 9.75 9.75 9.75 9.75 C=7422/AM=79 Door 2304 9.75 9.75 9.75 9.75 C=7422/AM=79 Door 2304 9.75 9.75 9.75 9.75 C=7422/AM=79 Door 2304 9.75 9.75 9.75 9.75 C=7422/AM=79 Door 2304 9.75 9.75 9.75 9.75 9.75 C=7422/AM=79 Door 2304 9.75 9.75 9.75 9.75 9.75 C=7422/AM=79 Door 2304 9.75 9.75 9.75 9.75 9.75 9.75 C=7422/AM=79 Door 2304 9.75 9.	. 571	AN / AJAN - 58								0.03			-
C-7422/Abs-9) C-7422/Abs-9) C-7422/Abs-9) Door 1704 9.75 6.87 5.01 136 9.6 1.0 0.8	6-3427/ABP-9) C-3422/ABP-9) 1.0 0.8	Meceiver	R-843/AX4 58	Door 2204	7.75		5.01	267	9.7		220m	ş		shock
C-7427/ABN-9) 1.0 0.9	C-1412/Abbr-9) 1.0 0.8	Mociver	R-844/ARN-58	Door 2204	9.75		5.01	336	9.6			Ē		Shock
	C 6	ontrol	C-7422/ABN-93										Convection	
		Mrker Beacon Atenna			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				1.0					Kard
		lide Slope							8.0					Mard
		ocalizer stennas												Ner d
										····				

	, in contract of	<u> </u>					
	3	<u> </u> 	Shock	Shock	Shock		
	Cooling	t thod	Forced Air	Forced Air	Porced Air		,
			Force	Porc	Porce		
JE NSN 1180	Heat	Dissipation					
YSTEM AJN-	raft #r	8		, , ,			
VICATION S	Aircraft	Ų					
INERTIAL NAVIGATION SYSTEM AJN-16	¥e1ght	(Pounds)	70	36	4		
F-111F AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:	Volume (Cubic	Inches)	31.78	1027	3000		
OMPTGURA	•	۵	17.5	19.75	12.0		
TONICS	Dimensions (Inches)	2	14.75	6.5	10.0		
F-111F AN	۵	*	12.31	.	25.0		
Table 6-10.	Location		Door 1102	Door 1101	Door 1101		
	Momenclature		JX-8131/AJN-16	CP-945/AJN-16	C-7719/MJN-16	`	
	į		Stabilized J	Mayel Computer C	Control-Power C		

	I	Andrews of the state of the sta	Tabl	Table 6-11.	F-111F	AVIONICS	P-111F AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:	ON DATA: CO	COMPUTER SYSTEM KSN:	STEN RSN.	ð.		
Door 1203 7.6 10.0 20.7 1573 47.4 5c	Mcmenclature		Location		(Inches)		Volume (Cubic	Weight	Alfo Pa	4 2	Heat Dies Cos	Cooling	Mounting
Door 1202 7.6 10.0 20.7 1573 47.4 Reveloped Translation		1		=	>	۵	Inches)		¥	ĸ	To the contract of	Method	
Door 1302 Door 1302	AM/AYK-6 NSN: 6605-00-166- 2593	ä.		7.6	10.0	20.7	1573	47.4					MT-4006
Door 1303	CV-2797/A		Door 1202										MT-4006
	HT-4400/A		Door 1202										
	C-8586/AYK												
	ID-1748/AYK	~											
		•											

	T			
		MOUNT ING		
	,	Ē		
	8	2		
	Cooling	He th		
٥	1	Dissipation	·	
NSN: 180		DI SE		
KER		8		
E BLAN	Aircraft	_		
PERENC	¥	ž	į į	
1 mes	Weight	ode)	Are classified.	
DATA:	Web	Pou		
RATION	toluse (Cubic	hes	Detail a of MC-B10	
CONFIGU	3 9	Inc	\(\frac{1}{2}\)	
P-111F AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA: INTERFERENCE BLANKER		۵	A STATE OF THE STA	
IIF AVI	Dimensions (Inches)	>		
- 1	m70 I)	×		
Table 6-12.				
Tabi	Location			
	#tur.		•	
	Momenclature		MG-8103	
	2		Ż Ż	
	į			
			را الله الله الله الله الله الله الله ال	

	3		-	MT-3497/ APX-64	Cockpit	MT-3513		MT-4579/U	
3	Cool 1mg	Method		Porced Air	Convection	Porced Air		Porced Air	
\$895-00-115-7812	Heat	Dissipation		1104		10.50		304	
-64 MSH:	raft	8	0.03			0.0105	-	0.012	
ER AN/APK-	Aircraft	Ŋ	0.3	8.0				0.025	
IFF TRANSPONDER AN/APK-64 NSN:	Meight	(Pounds)		30.0		3.0	2.0	12.3	
F-111F AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA: 11	Volume (Cubic	Inches)				25.55		610.7	
HFIGURAT	* ~	۵		19.33		7.81		14.25	
ONICS CO	Dimensions (Inches)	¥		11.13		3.25	·	9.	
TILF AVI		I		9.58		3.15		3.52	
Table 6-13. F-	Location			Door 1202	Cockpit	Door 1202		500r 1102	
₽•	Nomenclature		AN/APX-64	RT-728/APX-64	C-7483/APX-64	TS-1843/A2X	AS-1919	KIT-1A/T SEC	
	į		IFF Transponder	Receiver- Transmitter	Control	Test Set Airborne	Antenna Blade	Transponder Computer	

	Tablo 6-14.	6-14. F-111F AVIONICS CONFICURATION DATA:	VIONICS	CONFICUS	WITTON D		TERRAIN POLLOMING RADAR AN/APQ-128	RADAR AN		MSN: 5841-00-104-9857	4-9857	,
, i	Nomenclature	Location	a	Dimensions (Inches)	•	Volume (Cubic	Weight	Aircraft	raft	Heat	Cooling	1
			I	*	۵	Inches)	(Pounds)	Ų	8	Dissipation	Method	
Terrain Following Computer	CP-917/APQ-128	Door 1201	5.3	7.3	16.1	623	16.4				Forced Air	MT-3917/ APQ-128
Antenna Receiver	AS-2136/APQ-128	Nose Radome	13.5	12.7	14.3	2451	27.9					
Control	C -7510/APQ-128	Cockpit	3.0	8.8	6.3	110	7.6					
Amplifer-Power Supply	AM-4915/APQ-128	Door 1201	0.9	6.8	17.6	718	20.8				Porced Air	MT-3917/ APQ-128
Synchronizer Transmitter	SN-519/APQ-128	Door 1201	6.0	7.8	17.6	8237	27.6				Forced Air	MT-3917/ APQ-128
Mount	HT-1917/APQ-128 Door 1201	Door 1201	19.25	16.3	18.8	6685	24.8					
										•		

		Table 6-15.		* AVIONIC	35 COMPT(P-111F AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:		ACAL ALCAL	PQ-116* AM	ATTACK BADAR AM/APQ-114" AND AM/APQ-144		
	Momenclature	Location		Dimensions (Inches)	2	Volume	Me 1ght	Aire	Aircraft Power	Į.	Cooling	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
			I	,	۵	Inches)	(Poweds)	¥	8	Dissipation	Method	
Antenna	AS-2123/APQ-114	#0#	*	32	~	29,120	\$6.5					-
Antenna Control	C-7486/APQ-114		c ₁	~	•	2,160	36.0					
Bader Control	C-7857/APQ-114	Nos.	~	J		3	ē.					
Antenna Pedestal	Antenna Pedestal AB-1035/APQ-114	Mobe	2	ភ	*	3,142	38.0					
Padome	CM-190/AM7	Nosc										
Elect- Synchronizer	SN-449/ANQ-144	Door 1101	2	2	~		59.0				Forced Air	APP-113
Modulator Meceiver- Transmitter	ир-н43/лир-144	Door 1101	7.	2	=	5,272	0.101				Porced Air	MP-3384/
Control	C-8590/APQ-144		•	•	•	26.	:					
Indicator	1P-948A/APQ-114A rucks . s	a. thou	, 	*	=	4, 464	0.3					
Equipment Rack	HT-33847AP-113 DOOR 1101	1611 2000	*	2	2	P24':-	;					
1954 1911-Dev/Pe-	M: 5841-00-813-5422.	+13.								A.		

		Method					MT-4225/ APS-109	MT-4225/	Panel		
≻813-5413	1	Dissipation									
ECM AM/APS-109 MSH: 5865-00-813-5413	Aircraft Power) NC DC	e classified.								
- 1	#e 1 dbt	(Pounds)	Details of AN/APS-10p are clapsified.								
P-111F AVIORICE CONFIGURATION DATA:	Volume	Inches)	Details								T
ICE COMPT	tons 18 j	٥									
IF AVIOR	Dimensions (Inches)	3									
		-							-		-
Table 5-16.		100 A 100 A	Padon	Pa-dom	Padome	Redom	ž				
		MORENCI & LUKE	AS-1781/ASS-109	AS-1725/ANS-109	A6-1723/APS-109	AS-1719/APS-109	B-1641/APS-109	34-392. e.t	\$6 C ANS - 137	1978-0	
		į	Antenna Band 3	Antenna Band 3	Antenna Band 1	Antenna	Rece i ve r	Video Signal		Control	

Table 6-17. F-111F AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA: ECH AAR-34 AND ALR-23 MEM: 5665-00-104-9642	ft. Heat Cooling manages	To the second	Details of AM-34/ALB-23 are classified.												, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
ID ALK-23 II	Aircraft Poss:	¥	Details												
OR AM-34 M	Me 1ght	(Founds)													
TON DATA: E	Volume	Inches)			2.35			-			***************************************	 		***************************************	
CONFIGURAT	eue e)	٥			22.0				 	 					
AVIONICS	Dimensions (Inches)	3				···	 		 	 		 			
r-111F		×			9.9		 		 	 		 		 	
Pable 6-17.	Location		Cockpit	Door 4492	Door 4491	Door 1101									
8	Momenclature			CV-26301/MAR-34	HX-6708/ALR-23	CH-189/AMP-34			 -				•		
	į		5	Scanner		:									

		Table 6-18.		AVIONIC	S CONFIC	F-111F AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:		20-94 NS	ECM AN/ALQ-94 NSN: 5865-00-890-0422)-890-0422		
1	Somenclature	Location		Dimensions (Inches)		Volume (Cubic	Weight	Aire	Aircraft Power	Heat	Cooling	
			Ŧ	2	٥	Inches)	(Pounds)	JYC	æ	Dissipation	#thod	fu comercia
Amplifier Mid Band	M-4851/ALQ-94	Door 1101									Forced Air	M2-3878/ ALQ-94
Meceiver Hid	R-1498/ALQ-94	Door 1101				Details of	Details of NA/ALQ-94 are classified.	e classif	ij		Forced Air	MT-3878/ ALQ-94
Amplifier Low Bend	AM-4850/ALQ-94	Door !101			<u>.</u>						Forced Air	ME-3877/ ALQ-94
Receiver Low	R-1497/AL2-94	Door 1101									Forced Air	MT-3877/ MQ-94
Amplifier High Band	AM-4852/ALQ-94	Door 1201									Porced Air	MT-3879/ AIQ-94
Receiver High	R-1499/ALQ-94	Door 1201									Porced Air	HT-3879/ ALQ-94
Control	C-7940/MQ-94	Cockpit									Convection	Panel
Antenna No. J												
Antenna No. 5												
Antenna No. 7												
Antenna No. 9												
Antenna High												
Antenna Mid	<u>-</u>				-							
Antenna Low												

	fable 6-19.	r-111.	CS CONFI	AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:		CM DISPENSER SET (PARTIAL LISTING) AN/ALE-28	SET (PARTI)	AL LISTING	;) AN/ALE-	ä	\$865-00-105-8967*	
	Superior lating	Location	۵	Dimensions (Inches)		Volume	Meight	Aircraft	ircraft	Beat	Cooling	3
			I	3	a	Inches)	(Pounds)	¥	8	Dissipation	Mathod	
CM Dispenser Set AM/ALE-28	AN/ALE-28							0.15	0.075	MITT		1
Control	C-6471/ALE-28	cochpit	4 .12	5.75	6.45	148.0	9.			302	Convection	Cockpit
Control Sequence C-7682/ALE-28 Ejector	C-7682/ALE-28											
Eject Force Dispenser	D-22/ALE-28		ş. :	89.	7.2	3683.0	·			2.05W		,
Disposables Control Panel		Cocky te	1.12	5.78	°.	25.76	₹	9.00\$	· . 80.	ž	Convection	Cockpit

							. ———					
											· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·····
*Also HSH: 5865-	5865-00-114-3146.											

								1			
Name Ropenclature Loc	Location	erd (1)	Dimens tons (Inches)		Volum	Ne 1.9bc	2774	Aircraft Posse	T .	Cooling	9
		=	,	۵	Inches)	(Poweds)	K	Ħ	Dissipation	Method	
Mecorder Mech- Amical Assembly											
Megnetic MCC-315/A34U-6.						. .				·	

		Table 6-21. P-111F AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA: ANTEMNA COUPLEA GROUP OA-7149 MEDH: TRD	F-1111F	AVIONICS	CONTIGU	RATION DATA	: ANTENNA C	OUPLEA GIR	XP 04-714	Off: The		
į	Momenc Leture	Location	å	Dimensions		Velue	Weight	Mrs	Arcraft	ĭ	Cooling	
			*	2	۵	Inches)	(Founds)	Ŋ	ä	Dissipation	## thod	
Control	C-6455/AMC	Door 1202	15.25	Ž	1.75	171.5	7.4					M-3357
Complex	CU-1402/AMC		\$5.01	0.61	12.75	1367.0	14.6					
Capacitor	О - 17/АКС											

		Tebl	• •-22.	r-1111r	AVIONICS	Table 6-22. F-111F AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA: MISCRILAMEDUR MEN:	ION DATA: P	II SCELLAN	DOUS MSH:	į.		
1	Momenclature	Location	a	Dimensions (Inches)		Volum	Weight	ALE	Aircraft Power	ĭ	Cooling	
			×	,	۵	Inches)	(Normals)	¥	8	Dissipation	Method	
Morisontal Situation Dis- play Indicator	1P-1030/ATN-4	Cockpit	1.7	7.7	20.0	1186	0.99				Operection	Pasel
MSD Processor	MX-8751/AYN-4											
Amplifier-Power Supply	AN-4869/ASC-25											
Optical Display 50-62/ASG-27	SU-62/ASC-27											
				L.		;		!				
_/												
/												

7. ANTENNA LOCATIONS

Figure 7-1 shows the approximately locations of the antennas on the F-111F. Antenna nomenclature from the current technical orders is as follows:

Antenna

Nomenclature or Part Number

1.	Glide Slope Strip	12Z519-7
	Glide Slope Plate	122517-1
2.	ADF	AS-909/ARA-48
	IFF (Upper) and UHF Data Link	11D020100-6
	Radio Beacon Set	AN/URT-27 or -33
	UHF No. 1 and TACAN Upper	11D020100-6
6.	HF Dorsal	12T501-807
	HF Vertical	12T010-849
7.	IFF Lower	AT-741B/A
8.	Localizer (2)	TBD
	Low and Medium Frequency Radar Homing (4)	LH Installation 12E2239-5
	Forward Radar Warning (2)	RH Installation 12E2239-6
	High Frequency Radar Homing (4)	Mi liigtallacion ippleas
12.	Terrain Following Radar (2)	AS-2136/APQ-110
13.	Attack Radar	AS-1749/APQ-113
14.	AN/ALQ-94 ECM No. 3	12E2907-1
	AN/ALQ-94 ECM No. 5	12E2908-1
	AN/ALQ-94 ECM No. 7	12E2909-1
15.	Radar Altimeter	LG81G3
16.	AN/ALR-62	311190-1
17.	AN/ALQ-94 High Band Wing Glove (4)	12E2989-1
	AN/ALQ-94 Medium Band Wing Glove (2)	12E2987-1
	AN/ALQ-94 Low Band Wing Glove (4)	12E2988-1
	AN/ALQ-94 Mid Band, Transmit Wing Glove	12E2999-1
18.	(2) AN/ALR-62 (2)	12E2982-1
19.	AFT Radar Warning (2)	12E805-1
20.	AN/ALQ-94 ECN No. 9 LH (3) per assembly	12E2910-3
	AN/ALO-94 ECM No. 9 RH (3) per assembly	12E2910-1
21.	UHF No. 2 and TACAN Lower	11D20100-3
22.	AN/ALQ-94 ECM No. 3	12E2907-1
	AN/ALQ-94 ECM No. 5	12E2908-1
	AN/ALQ-94 ECM No. 7	12E2909-1
23.	Marker Beacon	16D00500

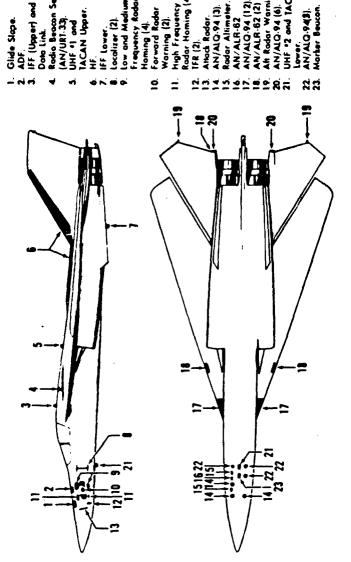


Figure 7-1. ANTENNA LOCATIONS (TYPICAL)

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8. INTERFACE DATA

This section contains examples of interface signal characteristics. These data were extracted from applicable sections of the Interface Control Documents (ICDs) for integration of GPS user equipment in the F-lllF aircraft. Each sheet discusses a particular signal. The top line contains the signal name, type of signal (digital, analog, discrete, or synchronous), signal source and load, and whether the signal is an input or output of the GPS user equipment. A functional description follows, together with a description of the signal's characteristics.

SIGNAL NAME	· TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
Bearing _	Synchro	0	UE	HSI and BDHI

Functional Description

. Provides angular information to the bearing pointer* to display relative bearing of the aircraft's present position to selected waypoint. The relative bearing is the difference, in degrees, between the lubber line and the bearing pointer as read from the compass card.

*No. 1 pointer on BDHI

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: 0° to 360°
ACCURACY: +0.5°
INDEX REFERENCE: Aircraft Heading
POSITIVE DIRECTION SENSE: Increasing Bearing
SCALE FACTOR: 1° = 1°
RESOLUTION: HSI +2.5°, 8DHI +0.5°

Electrical Characteristics (continued on next page)

LOAD: 1) HSI, AQU-4/A, Bearing Pointer, 3-Wire Synchro, Bendix Type AY-500-5 or equal 2) BDHI, E5165001400, No. 1 Pointer, 3-Wire Synchro, Bendix

Type AY-100 HY-59-Al or equal

SOURCE: (TED-1)

Interconnection Data

Wire Type & No.: Twisted Triad Wire Size: No. 22 AMG

F-111F

A/C: REF: MIL-1-27848

12R5-4-55-3 1F-111F-2-18-1

ICD-GPS-015 ···· 10-2

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

LOAD 1			LOAD 2		
MSI, AQU-4/A, Bearing Synchro, Bendix Type			BDHI, E 5165001400, No. 1 3-Wire Synchro, Bendix Ty Al or equal		-59-
ROTOR					
Input Voltage Frequency Input Current Input Power Resistance (DC) STATOR Input Voltage Input Current Input Power Resistance (DC) Rotor Output Voltage Phase Shift (S to R) Accuracy (Max) Null Voltage (Max) IMPEDANCE	400	Volts Cycles Ma Watts Ohms Volts Matts Ohms Volts Degrees Minutes DV	Primary Winding Primary Voltage (400 Hz) Secondary Voltage Input Current Input Power Max. Error Spread Max. Null Voltage Zro Zso Rotor DC Resistance Stator DC Resistance	20.3 .020 .060 +6 30 595 + J2130 750 + J369 409	Volts Volts Amps Watts Minute: mv Ohms
Zso Zro Zrss	222 + j470 940 + j2260 1050 + j450	Ohms	-		

Ā	-		GPS-	015
MAL		y 		10-3

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SIGNAL NAME	·TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
Distance, Units	Synchro	0	UE	MS: & BDHI

Functional Description

Provides angular information to rotate the units digit in the range window. Displays aircraft present position distance to selected waypoint in 1 nm increments (0.5 nm indexed). Driven independently of other digits, but read in conjunction with them in order to provide the least significant digit.

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: 0 to 9 (0° to 360°)
ACCURACY: + 0.2 (+ 7.2°)
INDEX REFERENCE: 0
POSITIVE DIRECTION SENSE: To decreasing values (distance to go)
SCALE FACTOR: 36° = 1 numeral
RESOLUTION: +3°

<u>Electrical Characteristics</u> (continued on next page)

LOAD: 1) HSI, AQU-4/A, Distance Display, 3-Wire Synchro, Clifton Type

CRC-8-A-1 or equal
2) BDHI, E5165001400, Distance Display, 3-Wire Synchro, Bendix
Type AY 080-DD-46-Al or equal

SOURCE: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

Wire Type & No.: Two Single Conductors (X, Y) r Wire Size: No. 22 AWG

Note: "Z" grounded through 26 Vac common.

A/C: REF: F-111F

MIL-I-27848

12R5-4-65-3

1F-111F-2-18-1

ICD-GPS-015 --- 10-4 SIA.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

LOAD 1		LOAD 2
HSI, AQU-4/A, Distance D Synchro, Clifton Type CR		
	11.8 Vol 100 ma .54 Mat 30 Fee 3 + j260 Ohm 2 + j45 Ohm 37 Ohm 12 Ohm	ts Secondary Voltage 11.8 Volts Input Current 187 ma Input Power 1.1 Matts tt Max. Error Spread +1.25 Degrees ts Impedance, Zro 32 + j150 Impedance, Zso 6.8 + j26 Impedance, Zrs 57 + j14 ts Rotor DC Resistance 24 Ohms
	•	

A	-	-	GPS-0	15	
91.44.0	61	¥	les F1	10-5	

SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	. 10
Distance, Tens	Synchro	0	UE.	HSI & BOHI

Functional Description

Provides angular information to rotate the tens digit in the range window. Displays aircraft present position distance to selected waypoint in 10 nm increments. Driven independently of other distance digits but read in conjunction with them.

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: 0 to 9 (0° to 360°)

ACCURACY: +0.2 (+7.2°)

INDEX REFERENCE: 0

P\SITLYE DIRECTION SENSE: To decreasing values (distance to go)

SCALE FACTOR: 36° = 1 numeral

RESOLUTION: +3°

Electrical Characteristics (continued on next page)

LOAD: 1) HSI, AQu-4/A, Distance Display, 3-Wire Synchro, Clifton Type CRC-8-A-1 or equal
2) BDHI, E5765001400, Distance Display, 3-Wire Synchro, Bendix Type AY U80-DD-46-Al or equal

SOURCE: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

Wire Type & No.: Two Single Conductors (X, Y) Wire Size: No. 22 AWG

Note: "Z" grounded through 26 Vac common.

A/C: F-111r REF: MIL-I-27848 1285-4-65-3 1F-111F-2-18-1

ICD-GPS-015 ⊶m 10-6

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

LOAD 1		LOAD 2	
HSI, AQU-4/A, Distance Displ Synchro, Clifton Type CRC-8-	ay, 3-Wire A-1 or equal	BDHI, E5165001400, Distance Dis 3-Mire Synchro, Bendix Type AYO 46-Al or equal	play, 80-DD-
Secondary Voltage 11 Input Current 1 Input Power Accuracy Impedance, Zro 54 + mpedance, Zso- 12 + Rotor DC Resistance Stator DC Resistance	26 Volts .8 Volts 00 ma 54 Watts 30 Feet 1260 Ohms	Primary Winding Rotor Primary Voltage (400 Hz) 26 Secondary Voltage 11.8 Input Current 187 Input Power 1.1 Max. Error Spread +1.2 Impedance, Zro 32 + 15 Impedance, Zso 6.8 + 12 Impedance, Zrs 57 + 114 Rotor DC Resistance 24 Stator DC Resistance 7.3	Volts Volts me Watts Degrees Ohms Ohms Ohms
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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	то
Distance, Hundreds	Synchro	0	UE	MSI & BDHI -

Functional Description

Provides angular information to rotate the hundreds digit in the renge window. Displays aircraft present position distance to the selected waypoint in 100 nm increments. Driven independently of the other distance digits, but read in conjunction with them in order to provide the most significant digit for the distance value.

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: 0 to 9 (0° to 360°)
ACCURACY: +0.2 (+7.2°)
INDEX REFERENCE: 0
POSITIVE DIRECTION SENSE: To decreasing values (distance to go)
SCALE FACTOR: 36° = 1 numeral
RESOLUTION: +3°

Electrical Characteristics (continued on next page)

LOAD: 1) HSI, AQU-4/A, Distance Display, 3-Wire Synchro, Clifton Type

CRC-8-A-1 or equal
2) BDHI, E5165001400, Distance Display, 3-Wire Synchro, Bendix
Type AY 080-DD-46-Al or equal

SOURCE: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

Mire Type & No.: Two Single Conductors (X, Y) " Mire Size: No. 22 AWG

Note: "Z" grounded through AC common.

A/C: F-111F REF: MIL-1-27848

12R5-4-65-3 1F-111F-2-18-1

ICD-GPS-015 Her 10-8

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

LOAD 1	LOAD 2		
MSI, AQU-4/A, Distance Display, 3-Wire Synchro, Clifton Type CRC-8-A-1 or equal	BDHI, E5165001400, Distance Display, 3-Wire Synchro, Bendix Type AY080-DD- 46-Al or equal		
Primary Winding Rotor Primary Voltage (400 Hz) 26 Volts Secondary Voltage 11.8 Volts Input Current 100 ma Input Power .54 Watts Accuracy 30 Feet Impedance, Zro 54 + j260 Ohms Impedance, Zso- 12 + j45 Ohms Rotor DC Resistance 37 Ohms Stator DC Resistance 12 Ohms Phase Shift 8.5 Degrees	Primary Winding Rotor Primary Voltage (400 Hz) 26 Volts Secondary Voltage 11.8 Volts Input Current 187 ma Input Power 1.1 Watts Hax. Error Spread +1.25 Degrees Impedance, Zro 32 + J150 Ohms Impedance, Zso 6.8 + J26 Ohms Impedance, Zrs 57 + J14 Ohms Rotor DC Resistance 24 Ohms Stator DC Resistance 7.3 Ohms		
•	•		

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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FRON	70
Distance Flag	Discrete	0	UE	MSI & BDHI

Functional Description

Provides a discrete signal to operate the distance warning flag. The flag is normally out of view when the range indicator is operating and the range data is valid. The flag covers the range indicator when the distance information is not valid or the device supplying the distance data is not operating.

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: 28 Vdc applied, Flag out of view 28 Vdc not applied, Flag in view

Electrical Characteristics

LOAD: 1) HSI (AQU-4/A), distance shutter mechanism, 28 Vdc meter movement 2) BDHI (E5165001400), distance shutter mechanism, 28 Vdc meter movement, 625 Ohms ± 10%

SOURCE: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

Mire Type & No.: Twisted Pair Wire Size: No. 22 AWG

A/C: REF: F-111F

MIL-I-27848 12R5-4-65-3

1F-111F-2-18-1

ICD-6PS-015 10-10

627

SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	10
Thousand, Digit	Discrete	0	UE	HS1.

Functional Description

Provides a discrete output signal to operate the thousand digit of the HSI when the distance to a selected waypoint is greater than 999 nautical miles.

Signal Characteristics

Thousand Digit In View: 28 Vdc applied Thousand Digit Out of View: 28 Vdc not applied

Electrical Characteristics

LOAD: HSI (AQU-4/A), thousand digit shutter Input Voltage: 28 Vdc Input Current:. 150 ma

SOURCE: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

(TBD-3)

A/C: F-111F REF: MIL-I-27848 5F8-16-4-3

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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
To-From -	Analog	0	UE	нѕі

Functional Description

Provides a d.c. analog signal to drive the To-From indicator. If the aircraft is flying toward the waypoint and has not intercepted a reference line perpendicular to the aircraft ground track and through the waypoint, the indication will be To. Once past the waypoint reference line, the indication will be From as long as this waypoint is still selected.

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: To = +225 ua Max Blank = no signal From = -225 µa Max

Electrical Characteristics

LOAD: HSI (AQU-4/A), To-From Arrow, meter movement 200 Ohms + 15%

SOURCE: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

Wire Type & No.: Twisted Pair Wire Size: No. 22 AWG

A/C: F-111r REF: MIL-I-27848 1F-111F-2-18-1

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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO TO
Horizontal Deviation	Analog	0	UE	Flight Director Computer

Functional Description

Functional Description

Provides a variable d.c. signal that indicates the displacement of the aircraft to the left or right of a selected course. The displacement represented by the indicating device will be controlled by UE software and will be dependent upon aircraft flight phase. Deflection of the indicating device may represent angular displacement (e.g., 10° for a TACAN approach; 2.5° for ILS) or distance. For an area navigation system, the Area Navigation Subcommittee of the Air Transport Association's Air Traffic Control Committee has recommended the following ranges for the flight modes indicated: (a) Enroute: 2-6 miles full scale, (b) Terminal: 1-2 miles full scale and (c) Approach: 500-3000 feet full scale. Choice of presentation (distance/degrees) and scales are (TBD-1).

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: 0 to + 150 µa RESOLUTION: 3 µa

ACCURACY: +10 µa
-INDEX REFERENCE: Selected course
POSITIVE DIRECTION SENSE: Fly right (+)
SCALE FACTOR: 75 µa/dot on the indicator.

Distance/angular displacement scale factor (TBD-1).

Electrical Characteristics

LOAD: Flight Director Computer, CPU-76/A, 1000 Ohms +3%

SOURCE: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

Wire Type & No.: Twisted Pair Wire Size: No. 22 AWG

F-111F A/C: REF:

MIL-I-27848 MIL-C-83013

1F-111F-2-18-1

ARINC Characteristic 582-5

ICD-GPS-015 -er 10-13

SIGNAL NAME	' TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
Horzontal Deviation Flag	Discrete	0	UE	Flight Director Computer

Functional Description

Provides a discrete signal to operate the deviation warning flag or circuit when the deviation data is unreliable or a malfunction has occurred in the course deviation circuitry.

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: Deviation signal valid: 245-500 mv. Deviation signal invalid: <180 mv.

Electrical Characteristics

LOAD: Flight Director Computer, CPU-76/A, 1000 Ohms, ± 3%

SOURCE: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

Wire Type & No.: Twisted Pair Wire Size: No. 22 AWG

A/C: F-111F REF: MIL-I-27848 MIL-C-83013 1F-111F-2-18-1

ICD-GPS-015 mir 10-14

8-14

SIGNAL HAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	70
Vertical Deviation	Analog	0	UE	Flight Director Computer

Functional Description

Provides a variable d.c. signal that indicates the displacement of the aircraft above or below a desired flight path. The displacement represented by the indicating device will be controlled by UE software and will be dependent upon aircraft flight phase. Deflection of the indicating device may represent angular displacement (e.g., 0.5° for ILS) or distance. For an area navigation system, the Area Navigation Subcommittee of the Air Transport Association's Air Traffic Control Committee has recommended the following ranges for the flight modes indicated:

(a) Enroute: 200 to 2000 feet full scale, (b) Terminal: 60-200 feet full scale and (c) Approach: 40-100 feet full scale. Choice of presentation (distance/degrees) (c) Approach: 40-100 feet full scale. Choice of presentation (distance/degrees) and scales are (TBD-1)

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: 0 to +150 µa
RESOLUTION: 3 µa
ACCURACY: +10 µa
INDEX REFERENCE: Desired flight path
POSITIVE DIRECTION SENSE: Fly down (+)
SCALE FACTOR: 75 µa/dot on the indicator.
Distance/angular displacement scale factor (TBD-1).

Electrical Characteristics

LOAD: Flight Director Computer, CPU-76/A, 1000 Ohms +3%

SOURCE: (TBD-))

Interconnection Data

Wire Type & No.: Twisted Pair Wire Size: No. 22 AWG

A/C: F-111F HEF: MIL-C-83013 1F-111F-2-17-1

ARINC Characteristic 582-5

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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
Vertical Deviation Flag	Discrete	0	UE .	Flight Director Computer

Functional Description

Provides a discrete signal to the Flight Director Computer when the UE vertical deviation signal is unreliable. This signal is similar to glideslope flag signal.

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: Deviation signal valid: 245-500 mv. Deviation signal invalid: <180 mv.

Electrical Characteristics

LOAD: Flight Director Computer, CPU-76/A, 1000 Ohms ± 3%

SOURCE: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

Wire Type & No.: Twisted Pair Wire Size: No. 22 AWG

F-111F MIL-C-83013 1F-111F-2-17-1

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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
Digital Output Data	Digital	0	UĒ	IBNS Converter- Nultiplexer

Functional Description

- 4) Direction Cosines (xx,yx,zx)
 5) Time
 6) Display data

- Latitude
 Longitude
 Velocities (x,y,z)

Signal Characteristics

Serial digital data (see Appendix III)

Electrical Characteristics

Voltage levels: Logic 1 = +3.25 \pm 0.75 volts Logic 0 = -0.3 \pm 0.7 volts

Current levels: Output drivers shall have a 20 ma current sink capability at logic 0 level and source 20 ma at logic 1 level

Interconnection Data

Wire Type & No.: 5 conductors; one shielded pair and one shielded triad Wire Size: No. 22 ANG

A/C: F-111F REF: 1F-111F-2-5-1 1F-111F-2-22 FZE-12-6073

ICD-6PS-015 10-17

SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
Digital Input Data	Digital	1	IBNS Converter- Multiplexcr	U£

Functional Description

Provides the UE with the following digital data to aid in acquiring satellites and improving AJ capabilities:

- 1) Latitude 2) Longitude
- Longitude
 Velocities (N/S, E/W, Vertical)
 Direction Cosines (xx,yx,zx)
- 5) Magnetic Heading
- 6) True Heading
- 7) True Airspeed S) Barometric altitude
- 9) Attitude (pitch, roll)
- 10) Control data

Signal Characteristics

Seriai digital data (see Appendix III)

Electrical Characteristics

Voltage levels: Logic 1 = $\pm 3.25 \pm 0.75$ volts Logic 0 = $\pm 0.3 \pm 0.7$ volts Current levels: Output drivers shall have a 20 ma current sink capability

at logic O level and source 20 mm at logic 1 level

Interconnection Data

Wire Type & No.: 5 conductors; one shielded pair and one shielded triad Wire Size: No. 22 AWG $\,$

A/C: F-111F HEF: 1F-111F-2-5-1 1F-111F-2-22

FZE-12-6073

ICD-GPS-015 meer 10-18

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SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	TO
Blanking Pulses	Pulse	1	Interference Blanker	UE

Functional Description

The interference blanker provides blanking pulses to prevent interference between-systems operating in the same frequency spectrum. $\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)$

Signal Characteristics

(See pages 10-20 and 10-21.)

Electrical Characteristics

SOURCE: Interference Blanker, MX-8103/A

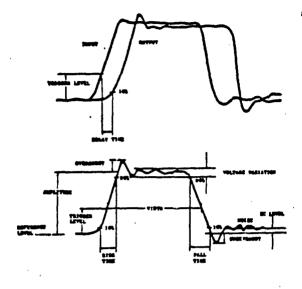
LOAD: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

Wire Type & No.: Coaxial Cable, RG-58 C/U

A/C: F-111F REF: T.O. 12P3-4-22-12 T.O. 1F-111F-2-22

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Blanking Pulse Characteristics (continued)

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Blanking Pulse Characteristics (continued)

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INTERFACE SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS

SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	1/0	FROM	T0
Course Set	Synchro	1	HS1	UE

Functional Description

Provides an electrical reference signal of the course manually selected by the Course Set control on the HSI. This signal will be used by the UE as a reference for positioning the course deviation and To-From indicators on the HSI.

Signal Characteristics

RANGE: 0° to 360°
ACCURACY: ±0.5°
RESOLUTION: 1.0°
INDEX REFERENCE: Magnetic North
POSITIVE DIRECTION SENSE: Right Hand Increments
SCALE FACTOR: 1° = 1°

Electrical Characteristics (Continued on next page)

SOURCE: HSI (AQU-4/A), Course Resolver, Kearfott Type CR40931018 or equal

LOAD: (TBD-1)

Interconnection Data

Wire Type & No.: Seven single conductors (twisted) Wire Size: No. 24 ℓ_{MG}

A/C: KEF: F-1110

1F-111D-2-18-1 M1L-I-27848 5F8-16-4-3

ICD-GPS-015 ⊶n 10-22

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SOURCE	
HSI, AQU-4/A, Course Reso Kearfott Type CR40931018	olver, or equal
Primary Winding Input Voltage Frequency Input Current Input Power Input Impedance Oc Resistance (rotor) DC Resistance (stator) Output Voltage Sensitivity Maximum null Voltage Maximum error from electrical zero Transformation ratio	Rotor 26 Vac 400 Hz 20 ma 150 Mm 1680 /78.50 ohms 1400 /780 ohms 170 ohms 22 Var 384 mv/deg 46 mv 10 minutes .846

A ICD-6PS-015

30. F-111F DIGITAL CHARACTERISTICS

The following section provides a brief description of the digital signal characteristics of the F-111F IBNS.

30.1 <u>Mord/Frame Structure</u>. The serial digital data input and output of the converter set are in the form of a bit-serial, word-serial pulse train over data channels consisting of five lines each. One pair of lines transmits data in true (DATA) and in one's complement (DATA) form. The second pair of lines transmits synchronizing signals in true (SYNC) and in one's complement (SYNC) form. The fifth line serves as a signal return. Data words contain 26 bits on a non-return-to-zero (NRZ) basis. Synchronizing signals are pulse groups, each group containing 26 pulses which are concurrent with the data word, but are in a return-to-zero (RZ) format.

Each channel is capable of handling a maximum of 64 data words. Both the data word and the synchronizing pulse groups (SYNC) are separated by gaps that are equal to six pulses (60 microseconds). The sync pulses synchronize data bits and the pulse gap synchronizes data words. The data word content of each channel is processed cyclically, one word after another until all words are processed.

The waveform of an input or output serial digital word sync pulse group and the waveform and bit construction for an input or output serial digital word is shown in Figure III-1.

- 30.2 <u>Information Identifier</u>. Each word contains a 6 bit address field which identifies each word as one of 64 in each serial channel.
- 30.3 <u>Timing Tolerances</u>. The data transmission rate is 100 kilobits per second. The lead or delay of a serial data signal with respect to its data complement signal shall not exceed 0.250 μ sec. The lead or delay is to be measured at the 50% amplitude of the rise and fall transitions of each signal. The lead or delay of a serial data clock synchronization signal with respect to its complement shall not exceed 0.250 μ sec when measured at the 50% amplitude points.
- 30.4 $\underline{\text{Data Standards}}$. Data standards for the F-111F are summarized in Table III-1.

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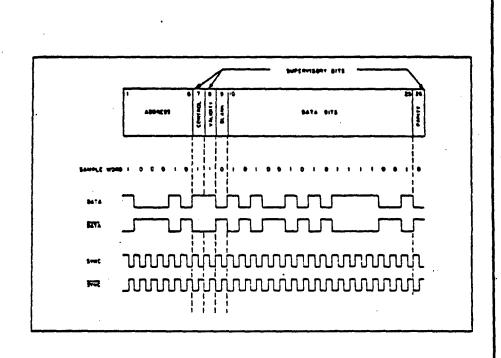


Figure III-1. Serial Digital Input or Output Data Word Channel Structure

	-	-			
A	1	1CD-	-GPS-	015	
-			-	30-3	

TABLE III-1. DIGITAL DATA STANDARDS

Signal Name	Units	Range	Resolution	Significant Bits
Latitude	(Calcul	 ated from o	her perameters)	
Longitude	Semicircle	<u>+</u> 1	1/1048576	22
v _x	ft/sec	<u>+</u> 2048	1/512	22
V _y	ft/sec	<u>+</u> 2048	1/512	22
Y _z	ft/sec	<u>+</u> 2048	1/512	22
CXX	Semicircle	<u>±1</u>	1/1048576	22
Cxy	Semicircle	<u>+</u> 1	1/1048576	22
Time	(TBD-1)	(TBD-1)	(TB0-1)	(TBD-1)
Magnetic Heading	Degrees	0-360	360/4096	13
True Heading	Degrees	0-360	360/4096	13
True Airspeed	ft/sec	(TBD-2)	(TBD-2)	12
Baro Altitude	feet	(TBD-2)	(TBD-2)	12
Pitch Angle	Degrees	±90	360/2048	12
Roll Angle	Degrees	<u>+</u> 180	360/2048	12
Control Data	(TBD-1)	(TBD-1)	(TBD-1)	(TBO-1)
Display Data	(TBD-1)	(TBD-1)	(TBD-1)	(TBD-1)

Source: FZE-12-6073

	-	-	•
A		1	ICD-GPS-016
****		MY	⊷ n 30-4

9. FUTURE MODIFICATIONS

Table 9-1 lists the avionics suite expected to be installed in each of the F-lll-family aircraft by 1985. This chart is useful for comparing the members of the F-lll family. Figures 9-1 and 9-2 show current and planned equipment bay space allocations for the F-lllF. Planned system additions for the F-lllF include the ARC-164 UHF communications system, the ALQ-137, and the ALR-62 CMRS. Also planned for inclusion are GPS, PAVE TACK, Video Tape Recorder, PAL, and the KY-28 Secure Voice System.

The AN/ARC-164, scheduled to replace the ARC-109 in most aircraft by 1985, operates in the 225 MHz to 399.75 MHz military band. It provides a 7,000 channel tuneable UHF receiver, a 243 MHz (nominal) auxiliary guard receiver, and a 7,000-channel, 10-watt carrier transmitter for voice communications. The AN/ARC-164 Radio Set has two basic configurations -- the console mount and the remote mount.

The function of the ALQ-137 is to detect hostile CW and pulsed signals and automatically respond with programmed jamming against the following:

- Fire control radars of anti-aircraft artillery (AAA)
- Surface to air missiles (SAM)
- · Airborne Interceptors (AI)
- · Command Guidance missiles

The AN/ALQ-137 provides deception response in the E through J bands with four subsystems covering the low band, middle band, forward high band, and aft high band. Each of the four subsystems consists of a receiver and amplifier. Forward and aft antennas are used to provide proper protection. Additional threat information is received from the ALR-62 Radar Warning Receiver.

The ALR-62 is a countermeasures receiver set designed to intercept, detect, and analyze RF threat signals. Threat signals displayed show type of threat, direction, and lethality. The system uses a dual-channel receiver, a multichannel receiver, a digital processor, a control indicator unit, and an antenna switching unit.

The Global Positioning System will physically and functionally replace the ARN-84(V) TACAN System, and the ARA-50 UHF ADF System. The GPS receiver and mount will be installed in the forward equipment bay (RH), under door 1202, in the space presently occupied by the TACAN. The antenna will be installed above the equipment bay (Figure 9-1).

	fable 9-1.	PRINCIPAL AVIONICS TO	BE INSTALLED IN THE F-111 FAMILY BY 1985	ILY BY 1945	
Equipment	F-111A	r-1110	F-111E	F-111F	EF-111A
UMF	ARC-109 → ARC-164	ABC-109 ABC-164	AIC-109 -+ AIC-164	ARC-109 -+ ARC-164	ABC+109 -+ ABC-164
HF	ARC-112/123	AAC-123	AAC-123	AUC-123	ARC-113
Intercom	AIC-25	AIC-25	AIC-25	AIC-25	AIC-25
INS	AJQ-20 Digital Bomb Navigational	AJN-16	AJQ-20 (Maybe Digital Bomb Mavigational)	A34-16	AJQ-20 Digital
TACAN	ARN-118 (Maybe GPS)	ARN-52/118 (Maybe GPS)	AM-52/118 (Maybe CPS)	AMH-84 (Maybe GPS)	AJM-119 (Maybe GPS)
11.5	ARN-58 (Maybe CAT II MLS)	ARN-58 (Maybe CAT II MLS)	A381-58	AMP-58 (Maybe CAT II	ABSI-58 (Maybe CAT II
UHF-DF	ARA-50 (Maybe GPS)	ARA-50 (Maybe GPS)	ABA-50 (Naybe GPs)	ARA-50 (Raybe GPS)	ARA-50 (Maybe GPS)
Radar Altimeter	APN-167	APN-167	A5W-167	A74-167	APH-167
TFR	APQ-110	APQ-128	APQ-110	APQ-146/128/114	APO-110
Attack Radar	APQ-113	APQ-130	APQ-113	ARQ-144/114	Demodify to Mayal Madar
Lead Computer Sight	ASG-23		ABG-21	ASC-17/25	Demodify
Auto Gun	H61-A1	M61-A1	M6 1 - A1	14.1-A1	Decodify
IFF A/G .	APX-64	Ax-64	APX-64	NI-61	ADX+64
IFF Crypto	KIT-1A	KIT-1A	KIT-1A	KIT-1A	KIT-1A
HSI	AQU-4/A	V/1-n0v	AQU-4/A	ACU-4/A	A00-47A
сирс	1903633-4	1903634-3	1903611-4	1903634-3	1903633-4
Flight Director System	CPU-76	5	CPU-76A	CPU-7&A	CPU-76, ARU-11
Auxiliary Flight Reference System	A24G-26A	A24G-26A	A24G-26A	A2 4G- 26A	A240-26A
RHAW	APS-109	APS-109	APS-109	№ 8-109	ALR-62 (TTWS)
ECM Receivers	ALR-21	ALM-23	* *	ALA-23	ALA-2) (TTVS)
	AAR- 34	AAR- 34	AAR-34	AA8-34	ALQ-137 (8PS)
Jamming Transmitters	ALQ-94, 41	MQ-94	ALC-94, 119	ALO-94	ALO-99E (JES)
Interference Blanker	NX-6770	MX-8106	MI-6770A	MX-8103	KX-9879/A
01spenser	ALE-28	ALE-24	ALE - 28	ALE . 28	ALE-20
Strike Camera	KB-18A	KB-18A	KB-18A	EB-18A	Deendify
Flight Control System	rc-11	K-11	FC-11	K-11	FC-11

		Table 9-1.	(continued)		
Equipment	F-111A	F-111D	F-111E	F-111F	EF-111A
Fuel and Trim	12C1154-879	12C1154-867	1301154-879	1201154-875	1201154-879
Coppler		APN-189 (Maybe CPS)	• •		,
Nav Data Entry Panel	•	ID-1764/AYK	•	è	• •
Nav Data Display Panel	-	1D-1622/AYK	•	ID-1748/AYK	,
General Purpose Computer	;	AYK-6 (2)	•	ATE-6 (2)	••
Weapors Bay Gun System	3 1	,		•	Demodify
Multiplex Converter Unit	•	CV-2492/A	:	CV-2497/A	•
Horizontal Situation Display	•	AVN- 3	*	*	•
Integrated Display Set	•	AVA-9		*	•
IPP Interrogator	•	Ax.16	•	* #	*
Computer Control Unit	•	•	•	C-8584/AYK	•
UHP Crypto	•	**	* •	*	KY-28
Nav Radar	•	•	*	*	APQ-160 (Demodify)
		Modifications	ations		
F2824	Terrain Pollow Rader		Terrain Pollow Rader		**
F2930	ALQ-119 ECH (SOME A/C)	ALQ-119 ECM (Some A/C)	ALQ-119 ECN	*	•
T13315A	818 (Some A/C)	\$1\$ (Some A/C)	518	\$1\$ (Some A/C)	
T17305A	APN-167 LARA (Some A/C)	APN-167 LANA (SOME A/C)	APN-167 LAKA 150me A/CI	APH-167 LABA (SOME A/C)	
T17310A	LAMA Override System	LAM OWETIGE System	LASA Override System	LABA Override System	•
T37063A	APQ-113 TFR (Some)	APQ-130 TTB	₩9-113 TFR	AD9-144 TFB	•
F2957	ALR-62 NW (SOME)	ALP-62 MP	ALA-62 MVR	ALB-62 per	•
F0000	Jam System (Some A/C)	* *		* •	•
F15312B		AVA-9 105	*	• •	
T37236B	•	•	:	Multiplex Converter (Some AC)	9 4
		Planned Avionics	Avionics		
Videc Tape Recorder	•	CVFR	CVTB	CVTB	;

10. DATA SOURCES

The following sources of data were used in preparing this summary:

- Aircraft and avionics configuration data assembled by ARINC Research, principally in the form of copies of applicable sections, tables, and figures from the aircraft technical orders, as well as for equipment technical orders listed at the end of this section.
- Avionics Planning Baseline Document -- October 1978
- GPS Phase II User Equipmebt Interface Requirements for the F-111F Aircraft; 1 September 1977

LIST OF TECHNICAL ORDERS

T.O. Number	<u>Title</u>	Change	Date
1F-111F-01	List of Publications		4/21/72
1F-111F-1-1	Flight Manual	Basic	10/20/78
1F-111F-2-1	General Information	25	4/16/77
1F-111F-2-5-1	Fire Power Control System	Basic	5/27/77
1F-111F-2-6-1	Air Data Computer System	12	1/5/77
1F-111F-2-12-1	Instrument Systems	22	8/19/77
1F-111F-2-15-1	Environmental Sciences	20	8/19/77
lF-111F-2-17-1	Comm. and Instrument Landing Systems	12	8/19/77
1F-111F-2-18-1	UHF/ADF, TACAN, IFF Systems	14	8/19/77
1F-111F-2-22	Systems Integration	18	11/11/77
12P2-2APQ114-2	Attack Radar Set	10	1/28/77
12P2-2APQ128-2	Terrain Following Radar		
12P3-2ALE28-2	Countermeasures Dispenser		
12P4-2APX64-2	Radio Receiver-Transmitter Transmitter	18	5/5/78
12P5-2APN167-12	Electronic Altimeter	12	5/3/78
12R1-2ARA50-2	Direction Finder Group	2	2/1/72
12E2-2AIC25-2	Intercom Set	10	12/1/76
12R2-2ARC109-2	Radio Set	3	4/26/77
12R2-2ARC109-4	IPB Radio Set		8/1/76
12R2-2ARC109-42	Radio Receiver	2	6/1/77
12R2-2ARC123-2	Radio Set		4/7/77
12R2-2ARC164-2	Radio Sct		5/23/77
12R5-2ARN58-2	ILS	6	5/13/77
12R5-2ARN118-1	TACAN		10/15/76

AVIONICS INTERFACE DATA SUMMARY FOR RF-4C



October 1979

Issued by

The Deputy for Avionics Control
ASD/AX
A Joint AFSC/AFLC Organization

FOREWORD

This document is one of a series of reports that describe Avionics interfaces for various USAF aircraft. It was prepared for the Deputy for Avionics Control, Aeronautical Systems Division (ASD/AX), Wright-Patterson AFB, Ohio by ARINC Research Corporation, Annapolis, Maryland under Contract F33657-79-C-0567.

	Record of Changes		
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1. INTRODUCTION

This document contains configuration data relating to the integration of additional avionics into the RF-4C aircraft.

This document will be revised periodically as additional modifications are planned and incorporated into the aircraft. Queries regarding information contained herein should be addressed to:

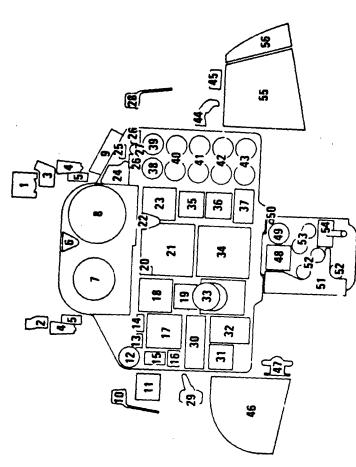
The Deputy for Avionics Control Code: ASD/AXP Wright-Patterson AFB, Ohio

This document was compiled from Air Force source materials by ARINC Research Corporation under Contract F33657-79-C-0567.

The applicable Technical Orders are included in the references listed in Section 10.

2. COCKPIT SPACE

Figures 2-1 through 2-4 shows the front and rear cockpit panels and consoles. There are several locations currently unoccupied. On the forward cockpit left console (Figure 2-2) there are two blank panels. One is $3.4^{\circ}\times5.75^{\circ}$ (item 10) the other is irregular in shape but larger than a $5.75^{\circ}\times5.75^{\circ}$ panel (item 8). On the right console there are two more blank panels. The blank panel farthest back is 5.4×5.75 (item 23). The other blank panel is $2.6\times5.75^{\circ}$ (item 21).



| ARRESTING GEAR CONTROL MARROL LET 7200-PARK CHEEKE SWITCH LEE TO STOOL-PARK CONTROL MARROL MICHAEL STOOL-PARK CONTROL MARLOL MICHAEL STOOL-PARK CONTROL MARLOL MICHAEL STOOL-PARK CONTROL PARK MICHAEL STOOL-PARK CONTROL PARK MICHAEL STOOL-PARK --|
| 23 LAMOING GEAR CONTROL NANDLE 30 THREAT DISSEAN FANEL 31 ACCELERONETER 32 STRONE OIST AY SCHE 32 STRONE OIST AY SCHE 33 STRONE OIST AY SCHE 34 MONIZONTAL STUTATION HORICATOR 35 VERTICAL VELOCITY INDICATOR 36 VERTICAL VELOCITY INDICATOR 36 VERTICAL VELOCITY INDICATOR 37 TANOOR ATTITUDE HUDICATOR 38 GROUND SPEED INDICATOR 39 GROUND SPEED INDICATOR 30 GROUND SPEED INDICATOR 31 TACHOMITTERS 41 TACHOMITTERS 42 EXHAUST CAS TEMPERATURE HUDICATORS |
| BUNF REMOTE CHANNEL INDICATOR RADAR (ELECTRONCI ALTMATER ANTERED ONACH HOLOLATOR ANTELE OF ATTACK INDICATOR REFERENCE SYSTEM SELECTOR SWITCH ATTITUDE ORGECTOR INDICATOR MARREN BEALON LIGHT FILENT MASTEM LIGHTS CONTINOL FALLIMETER FALLIME |
| 1 STAGNEY MAGNETIC COMPASS 1 STERNAL PARKS FILL LIGHTS 2 ATERNAL PARKS FILL LIGHTS 19 ANGE 10 ATTACK WORKERS 19 ANGE 10 ATTACK WORKERS 19 ANG REFUELING WORKERS 19 ANG REFUELING WORKERS 10 ANG STOPE 10 ANG STOPE 10 CANGE STOPE 11 ENTER TO SEPLEY PARE 11 CANGE STOPE 12 TRUE ARREFER WORKERS 13 LANDING GEAN WORKERS 14 MADIO CALL DIWMER 15 LANDING GEAN WORKERS 16 LANDING GEAN WORKERS 16 LANDING GEAN WORKERS 16 AND CALL DIWMER 16 AND CALL DIWMER 17 LANDING GEAN WORKERS 18 LANDING GEAN WO |
| |

Figure 2-1. FORWARD COCKPIT MAIN PANEL AREA, RF-4C

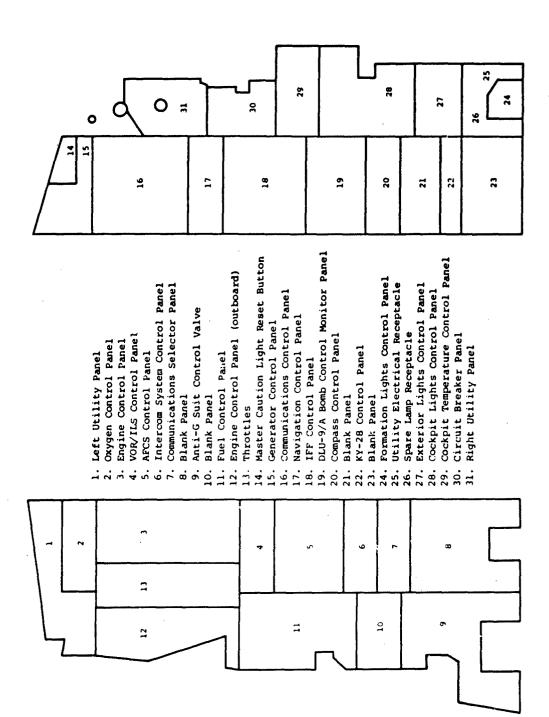


Figure 2-2. RF-4C FORWARD COCKPIT CONSOLE LAYOUT

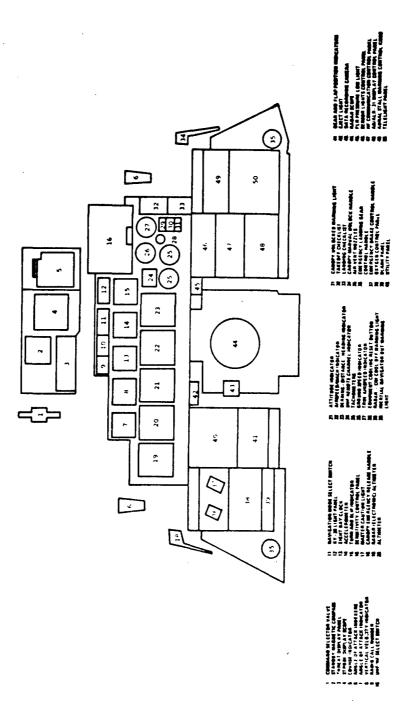
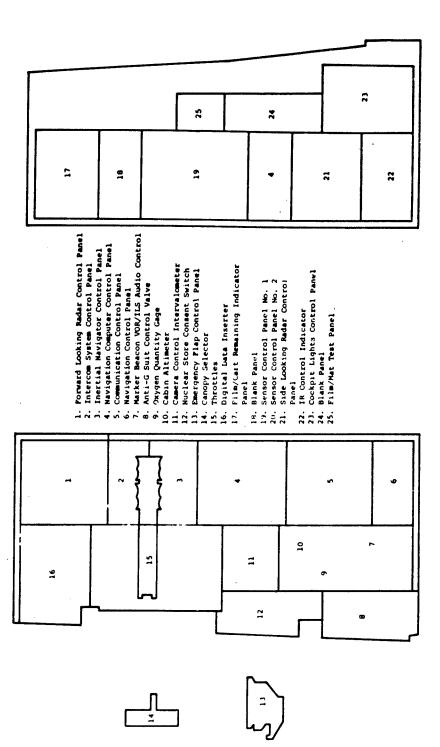


Figure 2-3. AFT COCKPIT MAIN PANEL AREA, RP-4C



Pigure 2-4. RF-4C AFT COCKPIT CONSOLE LAYOUT

3. AVIONICS SPACE

Some of the alternatives for providing space in the RF-4C are compiled in the Form, Pit, and Environmental (F²E) Summary Table 3-1. Figure 3-1 shows the approximate locations of these spaces and is keyed to the Table 3-1. The temperature-altitude-vibration environmental data relative to the identified locations are presented in Table 3-2.

The following basic points should be made with respect to the data contained in the tables:

- A large space (A and B in Figure 3-1) with cooling and power will become available in most QSR aircraft with the APQ-102 Side Looking Radar (SLR) demod. However, TEREC and UPD-4 (APD-10) SLR equipped aircraft use the space already and would continue to occupy that space.
- A large space (C) apparently is available in the tail, but the severe temperature must be overcome and power must be provided. The amount of power and cooling required for candidate avionics be determined more precisely to determine the attractiveness of this space.
- Some space could become available in Area B through reduction in equipment size.
- The temperature data represent uncontrolled environmental conditions.
 Equipment installed in any area must be cooled to the extent necessary to meet Class 2 requirements.
- All space locations shown, excluding the tail area, have forced air cooling available. The tail area is not cooled currently and has a most severe temperature environment.
- The vibration data represent compartment conditions existing for any equipment mounted therein. The necessity for shock mounting can be determined from these data. Of the applicable regions examined, the lower forward fuselage has the most vibration in the 10-15 Hz band while, of the three regions examined, the upper avionics bay has the most severe vibration in the 2-23 Hz band.

F ² E Criteria	Tal	Table 3-1. F ² E SUMMARY - RF-4C Potential Space Available	RF-4C pace Available	
Location Reference and Description	A Behind High Alt Camera Station Access Doors 506 R/L, 507 R/L Remove APQ-102	B Upper Avionics Bay Access Door 19 Remove Two APQ-102 LRUs: SIG GEN Recorder Control	B Upper Avionics Bay Door 19 Replacement of Amp- Power Supply-Aux Royr AM-2349/	C Tail Area Behind Access Door 61L
Rectangular Size* (H, W, D) Volume	TBD 19.3 ft ⁾ (Unconfirmed)	180	8.5" 6.4" 23.2" 0.7 ft ³ Current Unit Size	16" 18" 22" 16" 8" 22" Total — 5.3 ft³
Type Cooling Available	Forced Air Conditioning (Cooling Flow Rate of APQ-102 Units is TBD)	Forced Air Conditioning (Cooling Flow Rate of APQ-102 Units is (TBD)	Forced Air Conditioning (Unit Cooling Air Flow TBD) Total CNI Elec Central System Req Requires 3.2 Lb/Min.)	Currently Convection Only
McDonnell Report 8738* Temperature-Altitude Vibration**	C Conditions IV and VIII Region XIV	Condition VIII Region XIII	Condition VIII Region XIII	Condition II Region 1
Possible Candidates for the Space	TEREC A/C and APD-10 (UPD-4) A/C Utilize this Space	ILS ARN-127 NAV ARN-101	Smaller Amp-Pwr Rcvr Unit	None Known
Remarks	Removal of SLR System Con Group A Wiring Remains.	SLR System Components is On-Going. iring Remains.	Requirement Reduced with ARN-118 and ARC-164 Installed. Only needed for — Intercom — IFF Xponder — Aux UHF Rcyr Perhaps Gain Half of Vol.	Spaces Separated by Rib No Power Available

Where LRU is currently installed, the dimensions given represent dimensions of LRU; when no LRU is installed, the dimensions given are
those of the available space.
 See Table 3.2.

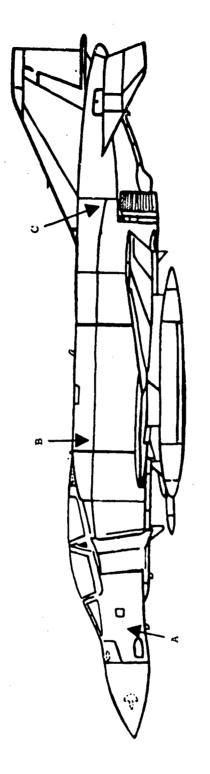


Figure 3-1. F-4E/RF-4C SPACE LOCATIONS

Table 3-2. RF-4C RAW ENVIRONMENTAL DATA SYNOPSIS	Temperature Data	Condition	tions !! VIII	nuous .54°C to +71°C, Sea level No .54°C to +29°C .54°C to +71°C, Sea level .54°C to +24°C, 60,000′ .54°C to +24°C, 60,000′	to +95°C, See level to +100°C, 60,000'	to +109°C, Sea level to +170°C, 50,000'	Vibration Dats	ment	nplitude) XIV) Hz 0.060 inches 0.060 inches 0.060 inches	5 Hz 0.063 inches 0.064 inches 0.110 inches) Hz 0.036 inches 0.036 inches 0.036 inches	3 Hz 0.036 inches 0.050 inches 0.045 inches) Hz 0.036 inches 0.036 inches 0.036 inches
		Temperature	Conditions	Continuous	30 Minutes	10 Minutes		Equipment	(double amplitude)	5-10 Hz	10-15 Hz	15-20 Hz	20-23 Hz	22 EA U.	2H 06-52

4. ELECTRICAL POWER

4.1 Main Power Supply System

The RF-4C is powered by a 60 kVA power supply system. This power is generated by two 30 kVA generators in parallel. Each generator system consists of a 30 kVA 200/115 volt, 3 phase, 400 Hz generator, a constant speed drive, a generator control panel, and, on serial numbers 71-244 and up, an underfrequency protector. An ac power control box and a frequency and load control box are also utilized.

4.2 Power and Distribution System

The power conversion and distribution system is required to perform three operations: converting 115 Vac to 28 Vac; converting 115 Vac, 3 phase to 28 Vdc; and distributing this power to the appropriate systems. The power distribution system consists of the left, right, and an essential 115 Vac, 400 Hz, 3 phase bus system, and low voltage ac and dc bus systems. Under normal use the left and right 3 phase 115 Vac systems are in parallel. Two transformer/rectifier units supply 28 Vdc to the left, right, and essential dc buses.

4.3 Emergency Power System

The emergency power system is available if the main power system fails. Electrical power is developed by a 3kVA, $200/115\ Vac$, $400\ Hz$, 3 phase generator. This generator is run by a ram air turbine. The emergency ac generator powers only the essential loads.

4-1

5. ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL SYSTEM

5.1 General

The aircraft air conditioning system is divided into two major systems, one for the cabin areas and one for reconnaissance and electronic equipment cooling. Both systems use high-temperature, high-pressure, seventeenth-stage engine compressor bleed air from either or both engines.

5.2 Cabin Air Conditioning

The Cabin Air Conditioning System (CACS) on the right side of the fuselage two air-to-air heat exchangers and other associated equipment. The CPCS affords a selection of cabin conditioning temperatures, vent air temperatures, defogging, rain removal, and ram air operations.

5.3 Equipment Air Conditioning

The equipment air conditioning system on the left side of the fuselage suppliers cooling air to the reconnaissance and electronic equipment. The equipment air conditioner uses a cooling turbine and a compressor mounted on opposite ends of a common shaft and an air-to-air heat exchanger. Control of the system is entirely automatic; the temperature in the equipment cooling air circuit is controlled at approximately 84°F from seal level to 25,000 feet and at 39°F from 25,000 feet and up. The temperature in the camera compartment cooling circuit is controlled to maintain a compartment discharge temperature of 95°F. The compartment discharge temperature of the infared reconnaissance sensor cooling circuit is maintained at 75°F.

5.4 Equipment Auxiliary Air System

The equipment air conditioning system also supplies partially cooled air to the Equipment Auxiliary Air System (EAAS). The EAAS distributes partially cooled air from the air-to-air heat exchanger to the following systems:

- Anti-G system
- · Canopy seal system
- · Air data computer
- Radar transmitter
- · Radar wave guide
- · Radio receiver-transmitters
- SLR amplifier modulator
- · SLR wave quide
- · SLR wave guide antenna
- · Fuel System pressurization
- · Pneumatic system air compressor

6. CURRENT AVIONICS

Tables 6-1 through 6-22 contains LRU data relating to the RF-4C avionics systems that make up the current or near-term configuration. Where no entries are shown, the data were not available for this report. Data pertaining to future avionics modifications are presented in Section 9.

							-					
N	Mamenclature	Location	<u> </u>	D'mensions (Inches)	ų	Volume	Weight	Airc	Aircraft Power	Heat	Cooling	Mounting
			=	3	۵	Inches)	(somos)	¥	×	Dissipation	Method	
Amplifter Fower Supply-Auxil- tary Receiver	AM -2349 () / ASQ-19 NSN: 5895-00- 755-4528	Door 19	8. 8	•	23.2	1362	36.0	115 V 27.5 V 400 Hz TBS M 3 ¢ TBS VA TBS VA 1670vers critice 1EC system)	27.5 V TRS W cottre		Forced Air 3.2 lb/min. Required for System.	
Intercom Subsystem												
Stations (2)	LS-460A NSN: TBD	Buth Cockpits Left Console	2.25	5.75	8.2							
Microphone Switch												
UMF Communica- tion and ADF Subsystem		Aft Cockput Left Console			-,-,-		٥٠.٢					
Central Radio Control (One Each Cockpit)	C-6716/ASQ-88 NSN: 5895-00- 017-8916 (ot) C-6684/ASQ	Nd Cockiit Right Console	7.	\$. \$		184	c					
Receiver- Transmitter	KT-791(1/ ASQ-19 NSN: 5895-00- 919-2121	Aft Cockpit Under Left Console	7.5	11.85	16.3	1449	38.0				Internal Blower	
ADF Antenna	AS-909A/ARA-48 NSN: 5826-00- 849-0055	Doors 502 and 503	1.5	*	12.4	\$64	9.0					
UMF Filter		Aft Cockpit Behind Seat	1.0	2.1	o.	₹.	9.0					
Antenna Selector Switch												
Coak Relay		Aft Cockpit Behind Seat	1.5	9. 1	5.0							
UHF Antennas (2)												
Lover		Nose Gear Ped Door		9.5 Blad	•		* :					
Upper		Fin Cap-Door 68	1.5	5.0	5.0	15	8 .0					
AN/ASO-888 And	AN/ASO-108 have	43000										
Some upper UNP	**Some upper UHF antennas on Door 48.	r 48.		ان								

					Tabi	Table 6-1. (co	(continued)					
				Dimens tons				Aircraft	٤			
¥ 2	Momenclature	Location		(Inches)		Molt.	Meight (Pounds)	POWCE		Heat	Cooling	Mount Ing
			=	3	-	Inches)		¥	8	vissipation.	Method	
Frequency Channel Indicators (2)	10-808/ASQ NSN: 5895-00- 815-7334 (or) 10-1311/ASQ	Cockpit Instr.	:	1.6	٠ <u>.</u>	21	3.0					
TACAN Subsystem												
Controls (Pair C-6684/ASC in Each Cockpit NSN: 5890-00- 919-0400 C-6685/ASQ NSN: 5895-00-	C-6684/ASC NSN: 5890-00- 919-0400 (or) C-6685/ASC NEN: 5895-00-	Att Cockpit Left Console	2.3	\$.	6.3	*	0.0					
	919-0410	Ped Cockpit Right Console	2.3	5.8	3.3	\$	1.					
Receiver- Transmitter	RT-736/ASQ-88 NSM: 5895-00- 017-8935	Door 19	5.6	7.5	21.2	1463	40.0					
Pulse Decoder	KY-531/ASC-88 NSN: 5895-00- 919-0412	Door 19	10.5	\$:	22.5	1536	15.0		`			
Antennas (2)*		Door 135 and Aft Nove Gear Door			,							
Ocean Switch		Door 19										
Antenna Selector		Door 19										
Identification												
Coder-Receiver- Transmitter	KY-532()/ASQ NSM: 5895-00- 017-8933	Door 19	9.	*	22.5	1238	26.0					
Transponder Control	C-6280A (P) AFX NSN: 5895-00- 089-4403	rwd Cockpit Right Console	\$.25	5.75	7.	*	3.6					
Antenna	- -	Door 19	(8.25 diameter)	Ameter)	1.,	0,6	0.75					
Computer	KIT-1A/TSBC NSN: TBD	Doors 5/2 and 503				344	11.0					
"On some aircraft the upper antenna	the upper anten	na is located on the top of the nose radome	the top	of the	nose rad	Dage.						

	**	Table 6-2. RF-40	AVIORI	CS CONF.	RF-4C AVIOHICS CONFIGURATION DATA:		HF RADIO SET, AN/ARC-105 NSH:	AW/ARC-105		5821-00-124-4517		
Z.	Nomenclature	Location	۵	Dimensions (Inches)	4	Volume (Cubic	Weight	Adre	Aircraft Power	Heat	Cooling	1
			×	3	۵	Inches)	(Pounds)	¥	ä	Dissipation	Method	K
Redio Set Control	Ç-4958	Aft Cockpit Right Console*	2.65	\$5.5	4. Q.	٤.	æ) 	115 V 3 \$ 400 Hz 1039 H			Convection	Con so 1 e
Receiver- Transmitter	RT-712	Door 511R	22.9	 	11.5	2712	65.0	max. Total System Power			Forced Air	p.
HF-Comm. Panel		Fwd Cockpit Left Console			-						Convection	Console
MP-UNF Selector Switch		Aft Cockpit Instr. Panel			and the same						Convection	Pane 1
Vacuum Dielectric Variable Capacitors (2)	MX-6066	Loors 513L/R	<u>;</u>	5.9	0	7 61	6.5 (each)				Convection	Bard
Antenna Coupler	CU-1239	Photoflash Ejector Well Inboard Door	9. 8	9.	*	1065	18.0				Convection	Hard
Antenna Coupler Control	C-4959	Door \$11L	3.7	7.7	<u>.</u>	1528	9.0				Forced Air	Hard
Antenna		Edge of Verti- cal Stribsory Feed built Behind Door			agaman di Bir-Tafaca (A) dagi-ayan kalan sa dagi sa vilin							
HP Com/Loran D Panel**		Aft Cockpit Instr. Panel					10					Panel
-					nameno de la composição de la composição de la composição de la composição de la composição de la composição d							
"Located in the "Only on a limit	*Located in the forward cockpit right console on a limited number of aircraft.	right console or reraft.	n a limi	ted num	Ser of a	arcraft.						

			Console		
	Cooling	He thod	Convection		
-28	Heat	Dissipation			
SECURE COMMUNICATIONS SET, XY-28	Aircraft Power	g	28 V	5 8 C	
PENICATIO	Airc	Ŋ			
	weight	(Pounds)	1.0	15.0	
RF-4C AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:	volume (Cubic	Inches)	*	335	
COMPICU	2	۵	2.3	1.6	
AVIONICS	Dimensions (Inches)	3	5.75	0.0	
i I		=	5.6		
Table 6-3.	Location				
	Momenclature		C-8057/ARC NSN: 5921-00- 087-1504	HSM: TBD	
	į		Omtro: Unit	Parote Unit	

		Mounting			**************************************	, 		
	Cooling	# thod						
	Heat	Dissipation						
TOP CROUP	Asrcraft Power	8						
FLICHT DIRECTOR GROUP	Airc	Ž						
MATERIAL COMPTENDING DATA: FL.	Weight	(Pounds)	11.0	0.1	0.8	3.	3.0	0.1
	Volume	Inches)	468	£	102	123	8	œ
	-	۵	9.6	5. 0	7.6	5.0	7.75	?
- 1	Dimensions (Inches)	3	57.9	2.0	ۍ. د د	7.0	3.25	÷ · · ·
		=	7.8	3.25	5.3	3.5	3.25	3
	Location		Aft Cockpit Right	Fwd Cockpit Main Instr. Panel	Fad Cockpit Main Instr. Panel	Pud Cochpit Above Left Console	Aft Cockpit Main Instr. Panel	Aft Octors Main Instr. Panel
	Nomenclatura		CPU-82A NSN: TBD	C-8108/A NSN: TBD	AF/A243-1 NSN: 180		ID-633A/U NSN: TBD	
	į		Flight Director Computer	Mode Selector Control	Horizontal Situation Indicator	HSI Amplifier	Bearing Distance Heading Indicator	Select Switch

-				 				
	Cooling	Mathod		····				
ELECTRONIC ALTIMETER SET, AM/APN-159 NSN: 5841-00-411-1662	E E	Dissipation						4
N-159 NSN:	raft graft	8			28 ¢			
SET, AN/AP	Aircraft Power	ž			400 Hz 115 V 0.8 A 28 V 1.0 A 14/28 V 0.4 A 5 V, 3 A			
ALTINETER	Weight	(Pounds)	21.0	4.0 (each)	o:	2.7	2	
	Volume (Cubic	Inches)	1134	\$	138	185	S 8 1	
ION DATA:	3	۵	24.0	*	4.2	10.3	. o	
NFIGURAT	Dimensions (Inches)	3	7.5	3.25		7.5	s.	
ONICS CO		Ŧ	;	3.25	o.	2.4	* .	
-5. RF-4C AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:	Location		Door \$10L	Cockpit Instr. Panels	Door \$10L	Door 27R	200 27.	
fable 6-5.	Moresclature		RT-708()	rb-1162	FF-3699	AS-1522.()	NS-1522()	
	į		Raceiver- Transmitter	Meight Indicators (2)	Power Supply	Transmitter Antenna	Artenna Artenna	

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		Table 6-6.		AVIONICS	CONFIG	RF-4C AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:		FLICHT CONTROL GROUP, AN/ASA-323	UP, AN/ASA	-323		
į	Nomenclature	Location	۵	Dimensions (Inches)		Volume	Weight	Aircraft	raft	Heat	Cooling	
			r	32	Q	Inches)	(Pounds)	¥	8	Dissipation	Method	Nount ing
Control Amplifier	C-6563()/ ASA-32H NSN: TTD	Aft Cockpit Under Left Console	8.25	10.0	11.8	37.6	27.0				Convection	Shock
Impedia, Controller	C-6564/ASA-32H NSN: 6615-00- 907-0197	Pvd Cockpit Left Console	A. A.	5.75	₹	116	2.0				Convection	Console
Rate Gyros												
Pitch	CM-560/ASA-32 NSN: TBD	Door 89L	2.6	2.9	4.5	9	1.0				Convection	Hard
1106	CN-558/ASA-32 NSN: TBD	Aft Cockpit Bulkhead Right	5.6	2.3	\$. 4		0.1				Convection	Hard
ž	CN-559/ASA-32 NSN: TBD	Door 89R	2.6	2.9	\$. •		1.0				Convection	derd
F-Limiting Accelerometer	MX-3423/ASA- 32D NSN: 6615-00- 600-1007	Pvd Camera Compartment	3.5	3.5	4	*	0.				Convection	Hard
Lateral Accelerometer	MX-3421/ASA- 32D NSN: 6615-00- 600-0969	Under Aft Seat	3.5	z. c	4.	x	0.1				Convection	Hard
Motional Pickup Transducer	.R-175/ASA-32D RSN: 6615-00- 590-5172	Pud Cockpit Control Stick	0.0	1.9	3.7	*	5.0				Convection	Hard

	Money	Location	<u> </u>	Dimensions (Inches)		Volume	Ne ight	Alre	Aircraft Power	¥	Cooling	
			=	2	a	Inches)	(Pounds)	Ķ	R	Dissipation	Method	Mounting
Computer	CFU-114/A or CPK-86/A24G-30 or CPK-69/ A24G-24	Aft Cockpit Left Side	7.5	12.0	16.75	1508	43.0				convection	Pack -
Altitude Encoder Unit	CVK-99A/A24G or CVK-99B/A24G	Door 502 Camera Bay Equipment	3.3	₹.9	5.5	116	o.		, ,		Porced Air	
Angle of Attack Transmitter	TRK-58/A24G-16	Mounted on Door JR	(4.9 diameter)		7.1	128	2.0				Convection	Rerd
Electrical Resistance Temperature Transmitter	TRK-64/A24G-19	Mounted on f'vd nose gear door	5.0	3.6	5.5	\$					Convection	Rard
Indicators		Cocknit Instr. Panels									Convection	Panel
True Airspeed Indicator	AVK-14/A24G-8		(2.0 diameter)	meter)	6.9	52	1.0				Convection	Pane 1
Angle of Attack Indicator	ARK-10A/A24G-8		(2.4 diameter)	Beter)	6.5	53	B. H				Convection	Pane1
Vertical Velocity Indicator	RC56011.0	•									Convection	Panel
Servord Altimeter	AAU-19(1/A		3.3 diameter)	meter)	8.		4.5				Convection	Panel
Airspeed and Mach Number Indicator	MS851L										Convection	Hard
Stall Marming Vibrator	PN-35A520	Left Rudder Panel									Convection	Rard
Aural Tons Generator	0-1551/APN	Under Ped Cockpit Pedestal	3.5	ï	8.5	35	2.8				Convection	Bard
Pitot-Static Tube	8555-2	Nose Radome	· · · · ·								Convection	Hard
-												

	z	Table 6-8. Pf-4C	AVIONIC	S CONFIG	URATION	DATA: NAVI	PF-4C AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA: NAVIGATIONAL COMPUTER SYSTEA, AN/ASN-46A NSN:	IPUTER SYS!	FE4, AN/ASI	N-46A NSN: TBD		
ğ	Momenclature	Location		Dimensions (Inches)		Volume	Weight	Aire	Aircraft Power	1	<u> </u>	
	and the second s		×	3	Ω	Inches)*	(Pounds)	Σ	8	Dissipation	Method	Mounting
Computer- Control	CP-7238	Aft Cockpit Left Cousole		^	=	615	12.0				Cavection	Console
Amplifier Computer	AM-3734	Aft Cockpit Floor Left	•	ď	=	168	17.0				Convection	Hard
Ground Speed Indicators (2)	10-1126	Cockpit Main Instr. Paneis Right		·		\$	2.0 (cach)	26 v 400 Hz 1 3 25 vA 115 v 400 Hz 1 400 Hz 1 25 vA 0-28 v 115 vA 115 vA 125 vA 0-28 v 115 vA 115 vA 125 vA	24-25 V 45 W 45 W		Convection	Pane 1 Hounted
*Crated dimensions.	ons. Eight and power.											

1		MOUNT LING	On Oyro	thod:	Console	shock	And the state of t	
	Cooling	Method	Internal Blower w/Cabin Air Cond.	Solenoid Operated Intake/ Exhaust System	Convection	Convection	Convection	
3×-56	Heat	Cissipation						
INERTIAL 'IAVIGATION SET, AN/ASH-56	raft er.	8	28 v					
WIGATION	Aircraft Power*	ź	115 V 400 Hz 3 ¢ 28 V 400 Hz 1 \$					
	Weight	(Pounds)	17.0	. 5.0	1.5	26.0	11.0	
RF-4C AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:	Volume	Inches)	3 3 5	1867	53.9	2134	1684	
5 CORFIG	2	۵	9.5	26.1	÷	23.9	10.0	
AVIONICS	Dimensions (Inches)	3	15.0	α. 	5.7	6.2	6.4	
		*	*	7.3	2.2	14.4	п	
Tabic 6-9.	Location		Aft Cockpit On Gyro Platform	Aft Cockpit Under Right Corsole	Aft Cockpit Left Console	Aft Cockpit Under Right Console	Aft Cuckpit Right Side	
	Nomenclature		CP-779/ASN-56 NSN: 6605-00- 999-2278	CP-733/ASN NSN: 66C5-00- 050-7768	C-4779/ASN NSN: 6605-00- 987-6166	CP-780/ASN-56 NSN: 6605:00- 915-9319	NC-4839()/ASN or NC-7299/ASN-74 NSL: TBD	quirements.
	Kapo		Navigational Computer (Heading)	Navigational Computer	Navigation Set Control	Attitudo Computer	Gyro Stabilized	*System power requirements.

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		Mounting	Console	Pane 1	Hard	Hard		
	Cooling	Method	Convection				Convection	
-127	Hear	Dissipation						
EM, AN. ARN	Aircraft	æ	27.5 V				27.5 V 2 A A B A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	
1LS/VOR SYSTEM, AN:ARM-127	Airc	, K					N	
	Weight	(Pounds)	2.2				10.0	
RF-4C AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:	Volume	(Cubic Inches)	89				ş	
VIONICS (ns 3	٥	4.5				2.6	
RF-4C A	Dimensions (Inches)	3	3.6				7.7	
Table 0-10.		=	5.75					
.IdeT			Fal Cockpit Left Console	Aft Cockast Instr. Panel	Radome	Door 508	08r 19	
			C-10124 NSN: 594-00- 917-4951	ID-3518/ARN NSN: TBD			R-2312 NSN: 5950-00- 415-4369	
	,		Control Panel	Course Indicator	GS YORVILS Anterina	Marker Beacon Antenna	Meceiver Meceiver	

	Table 6-11	i-11. RF-4C AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:	ONICS CC	NF I CURAT	KTAM DALTA		LORAN NAVIGATION SET, AN/ARM-92" NSN:	, AN/ABN-		5826-00-498-3319**	:	
j	Momenclature	Location	O .	Dimensions (Inches)	•	Volume (Cubic	Meight	Aircraft	raft	Hea. r	Cooling	
			I	7	۵	Inches)	(Pounds)	Ŋ	R	Dissipation	Method	rounting
Mavigation Computer	()868-C	Loors 507L and 508	e.	10, 75	24.0	20:2	°: ∵	115 V 28 V 400 Ht 28 V 400 ht 1 400 ht	28 V TBO M		Internal Blower in Mount	Shock
Race i ve r	R-1503()	Door 507R	7.6	7.5	19.1	1089	29.0	Ì	*****		Internal Blower	Shock
W/Motch Filter	F-1265 or F-1266		3.5	;	6.9	106	2.0		-		Convection	Kard
Control	C-7417	Aft Cockpit Right Console	6.6	5.75	0.0	342	12.0				Convection	Connect to
Antenna Coupler	CU-1721	Door 49	1.7	3.7	5.3	13	18.0				Onvection	Hard
Signal Conditioner		Door 508	5.5	7.7	9.0	381	11.0				Convection	Hard
Antenna		Upper Center Fuselage									Convection	Hard
**************************************	 incraft 68-594 through 69-350. These aircraft are not expected to be JIIDS candidates. 5826-00-883-5755; for ARM-92V3, MSM: 5826-00-134-7054. 	rough 69-350. ARM-92V3, MSM:	S826-00	rcreft -134-709	ire not Xt.	xpected to	be JTIDS can	didates.				

					•	•						
į	Momenclature	Location	u .	Dimensions (Inches)	2	Vol.	Weasht	Aire	Aircraft Power	Heat	Cooling	
			×	2	c	Inches)	(Founds)	¥	8	Discipation	Method	Mounting
Indicator	ARU-11/A or ARU-31/A HSN: 6610-00- 424-8740	Pwd Cockpit Instr. Panel	5.1	5.0	g.	250	9.0				Convection	Pama 1
Namote Indicator	ARU-13A NSN: 6610-00- 883-1034	Aft Cockpit Instr. Panel	1.1	3.3	9. k	107	3.7					
Compass Transmitter	MC-1 MSN: TBD	Door 95	2.3	3.5	6.	66	1.5				Convection	Kerd
Ompass Adapter- Crapensator	ADK-182()/ A24G-1A NSN: 6615-00- 9535	Aft Cockpat Left	;;	5.1	9.6	301	0.0				Convection	
Compass	C-6448 NSN: 6615-CO- 759-1435	Ped Cockpit Instr. Panel	2.6	5.8	;	\$	1.3				Convection	Panel
Rate Gyro Transmitter	T-751/AJB-3A 0 OL T-970/AJB-7 NSN: 6613-00- 759-1367	Aft Cockpit Left	 •	 	*	7	2.5				Onvection	Mard
Switching Rate Gyro	CN-1050 NSN: 6615-00- 759-1367	Aft Cockpit Laft	2.7	8 :	•	23	: -				Convection	
Directional Displacement Gyro	"N-990 NSN: 6615-00- 567-7949	Door 504R		¢;	•·····································	3	2.5				Convection	
Power Supply Amplifier	AM-4080 NSN: 6615-00- 759-1434	Padomer	Ĉ.	9.	9 :	16	0.⁴				Porced Air	
Noil and Pitch Displacement Gyro	MD-1 NSM: 6615-00- 074-4036	Doors 502 and 503	;	4.9	ş.	221	0.6				Con vection	
									-			

Γ	T	₹		
		Mount ing		
	-		6	
	00 ling	Net hod	Convection	
		-	3	
	Ĭ	Petion		
9	1	Dissi		
F UNIT MS	¥ ;	8		
INTERFERENCE PLANKES UNIT NSB: TWO	Aircraft	¥	115 V 1 0 0 0 M 0 0 0 M M 1 0 0 0 M 1 0 0 0 M 1 0 0 0 M 1 0 0 0 M 1 0 0 0 M 1 0 0 0 0	
	Me 1ght	(Pounds)	o.	
Nº-40 AVIONICS CONFICERATION LATA:	Volume	Inches)	17.	
S COMPTA		۵	10.3	
W febres	Differsions (Inches)	>	s. ❖	
	۵	I	5. 75	
Tab c to i.	Location		Bottom of Fuselays Mehind Noac Wheelwill, Door 'lok	
	Momenclature		53-87570	
	j		Interfarence Blanker	

		Table 6-16.	ŀ	-4C AVIG	HICS COM	RF-4C AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:	I	I HAPPING	RADAR MAPPING SET, AK/APO-10*	P-10•		
	Momenclature	Location	ı	finches)	-	Volum	Me 1 ght	Atreraft	Power	Past	Cooling	a constant
			×	,	۵	Inches)	(Pounds)	¥	R	Dissipation	Ne thod	
Antennas	AS-2609 MSM: TBD	1905 JOOG	ę.	o. -	ş. \$	SEC	0.	> \$11 1 • \$ •	> N 90 91		Convertion	Bard
	AS-2608	Door 506R		°:	9. 9.	\$21	0.4	000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 00	 <u>î</u>	- -		
Antenna Control Groups	OE-107 MSM: TBD	Door 506L	10.1	o.	0.01	~ • •	27.0			. =	Operace Los	
	OC-108 NSN: TBD	Door 506R	10.1	°.	0.0	1182	0.76					
Antenna	C-8721 MSN: 790	Door 506L	0.0		\$:Ct	7 15	10.0				Convection	
	C-8722 MSH: TBD	Coor 506R	\$.0	<u>,</u>	10.6	**	10.0					
Amplifier Modulator	AM-6401 NSN: 5841-00- 186-2487	Door 5078	13.7	0.01	33.3	382	¥7.0			_	Percet Air	
Frequency Converter Transmitter	CV-2831 NSM: 78D	Door SO7R	12.4	:	23.0	2530	0.0				Perced Atr	
Signal Data Generator Computer	CP-1060 Ren, Tec	Door 19	13.0	:	20.5	**	41.0				Porced Alr	
Distribution	J-2986 MSN: TBD	Door 19	10.2	• •	:		35.				Convection	
Mecorder	NO-199 MEN: TSD	Doors 502, 501, 18.0 504L		<u> </u>	\$0.9	10646	°.•				Porced Alr	
Necorder Negazine	LA-446A MEN: TBO	Mithin		2.3	;	• •	14.0 (loaded)					
Mader Control Fault Locator	C-8720 NSN: TBD	Aft Cockpit Right Consols	;		;	×	ø. •				Convection	Console
	75-3061 MEN: 5841-00- 371-8399	Door 507.	17.1	0.	<u>.</u>	660	33.0				Convection	Nard
												
"Effectivity: Aircraft 69-360 through 69-375.	reraft 69-360 th	rough 69-375.			1							

Materna A5-1506 Antenna C-6067 Controla C-6066	Location	_	Dimensio	5							
			(Inches)	-	Volume	me:ght	Aire	Aircraft	Ĭ	1,1	
		=	3	۵	Inches)	(Pounds)	K	ä	Dissipation	, i	Mount .ng
	7905 Jood	6.5	3	0.1	175	11.0	115/200	> 2 • 8		Convection	Kard
· 							8 - 8				
_	Door 506L Door 506B	5.0	6.6	10.4	\$ 25	10.0				Convection	
Antenna Control CA-6411 Group	Door Sold	10.1	٠. د و	5.0	1182	25.0				Convection	
Recorder C-6068	Boor 19	21.5	10.3	Ş.	į	32.0				Porced Air	
Reder (lapping NO-249 or Necorder NO-276	Doors \$07L	•	\$	39.0	\$1 8 7	0.67.0				Forced Air	
Computer - (P-758 Breathing Signal Generator	ibor 19	21.5	e		1176	6.5		-		Porced Air	
Frequency CV-1678 Converser- Transmitter	Coor 5078	13.35	*	9. 7.	* 111	57.0				Forced Air	
Amplifier- AM-1950 Modulator	Door \$078	i.	0.01	\$: 33	31.65	\$5.0		·		Porced Air	
Film Magazine NA-12/APG-103 Or NA-14/APG-102A	Contained in Recorder					ç o					
				<u> </u>							
											·.
"Effectivity: All aircraft except "This MSM for APQ-102(A).	cept those with APD-10.	APD-10.									

		Table 6-16. R	F-4C AV1	ONICS C	MFIGURAT	RF-4C AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA: P	MADAR SET, AN/AP-99 NSN: 5841-00-411-1664	+ 66-044/N	- 1985 : NSV	0-411-1664		
Name	Nomenclature	Location		Dimensions (Inches)	8 _	Volume (Cubic	We 19ht	Aire	Aircraft Power	ĭ	Cooling	
			=	3	۵	Inches)	(Pounds)	¥	ĸ	Dissipation	Method	Mounting
Antenna- Racelver	AS-1451	Door 501	19.6	20.0	24.2	9486	41.0	115 V 3 0 400 Hz 1350 VA	28 V 200 K			Shock •
								(Total	(Total system			
Transmitter	1-920	Door 501	8	16.6	10.1	1163	35.0					shock
Power Supply- Programmer	PP-3814	Door 501	12.2	21.4	5.3	1384	37.6					Shock
Compand	CP-731	Door 501	5.8	10.2	1.5	214	7.0					Shock
Wimuth Range Indicators												
ž	11-710	Above Instr. Panels	6.5	6.3	20.5	1239	26.0				Convection	Panel
Aft	117-41		80.	7.5	22.5	1485	31.0					
Rader Control	C-4751	Aft Cockpit Left Console	5.9	5.8	;	121	o. •				Cunvection	Connele
			_									
41												
												
											-	
	-,<u>.</u> -									· -		
	- de vene											
Or Portugal												
on roreard Moun	On Porward Mounting Assembly MT-1027 (30 lbs., 17.5" × 24.3" × 7.2").	-3027 (30 lbs.,	17.5" ,	24.3" >	7.2").							

		Table 6-17.	ľ	-4C AVIO	NICS CON	RF-4C AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:		HHAM SET, AN/ALR-47(V) NSK:	R-47(V) N	14: TBD		
į	Momenclature	Location	۵	Dimensions (Inches)	9	Volume (Cubic	Weight	Aircraft Power	raft	Heat	Cooling	and the state of t
			×	*	Ω	[nches]	(Pounds)	¥	8	Dissipation	Method	1
Sagnal Processor	Q+-442()		7.6	5.0	9.	\$55	25.0	115 V 400 Hz 2.5 A				
Obserter- Resentes Receiver	R-1854()		4.c	6.0	10.8	259	6.3	1 ¢ 115 V 400 Hz 0.25 A				
Detactors (4)	AM-6639		6.7	1.7	7.6	87	3.6 (each)		±12 V		Convection	
Inductor Controls (2)	10-1902		5.1	1.8	4.25	39	2.0 (each)					
Azimuth Indicators (2)	ID-957/APR- 36(V)		3.25	3.25	10.8	114	3.0 (each)					
Antennas (4)			'S	(each)	0.		(each)					

	Teb	Table 6-18. NT-4C	RF-4C AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DLIA:	CURATION		ECH PODS/STORES NSN: TBD	NSX: TBD				
į	Momenclature	Locetion	Dimensions (Inches)	ns }	Vol:me (Cubic	Weight	Aire	Aircraft Power	Heat	Cooling	
			Diameter	q	Inches)	(Pounds)	χ	R	Dissipation	Method	Marine and
P X	ALQ-71 (V)-2	Stations 2 and 4	10	91.4	71.78	242					Uses Rack Adapter
	ALQ-71 (V)-3	Wing Mounted	10	114.6	1006	350			Teriology	-	•
	ALQ-72		10	\$	2775	23,7					
	NQ-87	,	10.5	107	9265	80					
·	ALQ-101	ŧ	01	81	7854	232					
	ALQ-101 (V) -8	ı	01	157	12.331	570					
	ALQ-119 (V) -4	•	10	154	12395	\$\$					
	ALQ-119(V)-7	•	10	154	12095	\$9\$				_	
	ALQ-119 (V)-10	•									
	ALQ-119 (V)-8	•		101	8158	307					
	ALQ-119 (V) -11	•				392					
	ALQ-119 (V) -12**	•				\$80					
	ATO-119 (V) -140	•				} ;				_	
						§				_	
"Hardware to m	*Hardware to mount each pod weighs **Hardware to mount each pod weighs	the 167 pounds (1	167 pounds (LAU-17/A and Adapter 12G94672 and 161 pounds (IAU-17/A and Adapter 12G94672).	lapter 32	G94672 and 2	2 fittings).					

		Table 6-19. RF-4	C AVION	RF-4C AVIONICS (VINFICURATION DATA:	tcuratic		HAFF DISPENS	ING CAPABI	LITY MSN:	CHAFT DISPENSING CAPABILITY NSN: 5865-00-144-1858**		
ž	Nomenclature	Location	Ω	Dimensions (Inches)	_	Volume (Cubic	Weight	Aire	Aircraft Power	Heat	Cooling	
			н	*	۵	Inches)	(Pounds)	Ŋ	B	Dissipation	Method	
Chaff Dispenser External Store	AN/ALF-38	Wing Station: 2 and 4					470 (Full) +2(4 Mounting Hardware (Mach)					
Chaff Cartridges* (not part of ALE-38)	RR-136B/ALE	Photo Flash Ejector Door										
					N						,	
					-							
*Loaded into and ejected by Photoflash Unit.	ejected by Photo	oflash Unit.		1								

			Kard	Parel	
	Cooling	Hethod	Convection (Cabin Environment)	Convection	
	Heat	Dissipation			
	raft ær	8	28 V 30 EA		
SACIAL MAN PARTY AND AND MAN 180	Aircraft Power	¥	115 V 61 24		
- 1	We ight	(Founds)	0.9		
	Volume (Cubic	Inches)	\$		
	Dimensions (Inches)	c	6.25	·	
		3	3.5		
- 1		=	4.75		
	Lecation		Aft Cockpit Under Seat	Aff Cockpit	
	Nomenclature		R:-254(1)/Asg		
	4		Recordes	Meroscher sutten	

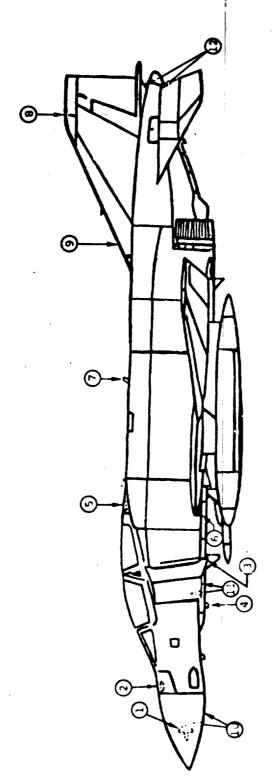
									_			
	Mounting			······································								
TA D	Cooling	Method										
DATA DISPLAY SYSTEM, AM/ASQ-90() or AN/ASQ-134 NGN: TED	Heat	Dissipation										
70-90() oz	raft	Я				_						
TEN, AM/AS	Aircraft	χ	115 V 3 A 28 V			٠.,						
DISPLAY SYS	Weight	(Founds)	°.	0.09	1.0							
	Volum	Inches)	2	1575	5.6							
MATION		۵	3.4	20.0	÷.5							
RF-4C AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA:	(inches)	2	3.25	0.6	Ametor)							
AVIONICS	£ ~	Ŧ	3.25	8.75	(1.25 diameter)						-	
Table 6-21. RF-4C	Location		Aft Co-kpit Left Console	Aft Cockpit Behind Left Console	Door 592 (KS- 72 Camera	Aft Coragus Instr. Panel	Loors 504L/R	Doc. 509	Door 503	Donr 507L	Door 502 (KS-87 Camera)	
Tabi	Momenclature		C-6183/ASQ-90	CV-2656/ASQ- 908 or CV-2694/ASQ- 134	1P-764/ASQ-90	19-765		1P-767	IP-783	1P-763	19-770	
	<u>]</u>		Digital Datr. Inserter	Signal Data Converter	Digital Display	Indicators (7)						

		ដ	Table 6-22.		C AVIUNI	RF-4C AVIUNICE CONFICURATION DATA:	ATPAN DATA:	SENSOR CO	SENSOR CONTROL SYSTEM	ă		
į	Momenclature	Location		Dimensions (Inches)	2	Volume (Cubic	Weight	Aire	Aircraft Power	Keat	Cooling	
			×	3	۵	Inches)	(Pounds)	Ŋ	8	Dissipation	Method	Nount ing
Aircraft Camera Parameter Control	LA-311() MSN: 6625- 00-448-0457	503 503	7.0	7.5	14.5	161	19.0	115 V 400 Hz 1 : 50 VA	28 V 20 K			
Photo Control Junction Box	53-79511	Door Sul										
Camera Cortrol Photoflash Detector	LA-285A MSN: 6760- CO-056-5874	Loor 510L	(2.0 d)	(2.0 diameter)	<u>چ</u> ن	20	1.7					
Aerial Mapping and Mecon. Phot. Tierfinder	LA-1137 MSM: 6760- 00-880-3842	Doors 504R and 515 and Pud Cock, it	₹ .	s.n	27.0	864	75.0					
Sensor Control Panels (2)		Aft Cockpit Instr. Panel					5.0					
Pilot Mecon. Selector Panel		Pwd Cockpit Instr Fanel										
Film Remaining Panel		Aft Cockpit Instr. Panel										
Intervalometer Panel		Aft Cockpit Instr. Panol				- 						
Photographic Equipment												
Low Altimeter Pan Camera	KA-56E KSN: 6720- 00-499-4467	Door 503	9.6	23.7	18.8	3832	58.0	115 V 400 Hz	28 V			
Framing Camera	KS-872 RSM: TBD	Door 502	10.3	16.0	23.0	2140	78.0	115 V 400 Hz 3 &	28 V			
Migh Altimeter Pan Camera	ZA-918	Door 504L/R	18.0	28.0	24.0	12096	168.0	115 V 400 Hz	28 V			
Certzidge Ejectors 4 Each	LA-307A or LA-308A NSN: 6625- 00-064-5124	Aft Center Fuselage	0.1.	7.0	16.75	1524	4 9.0	115 v 400 Hz 14/28 v	28 V			

7. ANTENNA LOCATIONS

Figure 7-1 shows the approximate locations of the antennas on the RF-4C. Antenna nomenclature from current technical orders is as follows:

Antenna	Part Number
Forward Looking Radar	AS-1451/APQ-99
UHF/ADF	AS-909A/ARA-48 or
	AS-1059/ASQ-19
TACAN/RHAW	TED
Lower UHF	DM67-8
IPP	2285-1
Electronic Altimeter	Receiver: AS-1522A/APN-159
	Transmitter: AS-1521A/APN-159
TACAN	DIONI-29
Opper UHF	6583-2
HF	TBD
Radar Homing and Warning (2)	TBD
Side Looking Radar (2)	Right Side: AS-1587/APQ-102
	Left Side: AS-1586/APQ-102
Radar Homing and Warning (2)	TBD
	Forward Looking Radar UHF/ADF TACAN/RHAW Lower UHF IFP Electronic Altimeter TACAN Opper UHF HF Radar Homing and Warning (2) Side Looking Radar (2)



1. Forward Looking Radar Antenna 2. UHF/ADF Antenna

- TACAN/RHAW Antenna
- Lower UHF Antenna
 - IFF Antenna
- 6. Electronic Altimeter Antenna
- Upper UHP Antenna TACAN Antenna
 - HF Antenna
- RHAW Antennas (2)
- Side Looking Radar Antennas (2) RHAW Antennas (2)

Figure 7-1. RF-4C ANTENNA LOCATIONS

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7-2

8. INTERFACE DATA

Data were not available for this section.

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9. FUTURE MODIFICATIONS

Table 9-1 lists the known on-going or near-term RF-4C modifications. Table 9-2 presents some of the planned or tentative Class V modifications. The classified details of some modifications limit the content of this section.

Tables 9-3 through 9-5 contain pertinent LRU data for the ARC-164, ARM-118, and ARM-101 systems.

Table 9-1. *	-GOING AND NEAR-TEXM MODIFICATIONS
Terminology/Nomenclature	Remarks
Medium Altitude Camera/ KA-91	Provides capability to select remotely the scan angle of the KA-91 camera from the rear cockpit.
ECM Chaff Capability	Provides individual cartridge ejection capability during normal operation of the photoflash ejection system.
Rivet BAT II/ALR-46	Provides improved radar warning system that alerts crew to radar/SAM tracking.
IR System/AAD-5	<pre>?rovides improved IR reconnaissance system and replaces the AAS-18.</pre>
Laser Demod/AVD-2	Removes AVD-2 Laser Reconnaissance Set installed by Mod 2122 and returns aircraft to standard configuration (small number of aircraft involved).
Digital Navigation System/ ARN-101	Provides an all-altitude bombing system, an improved visual and blind weapon delivery, and LORAN grid targeting capability.
PAVE TACK/AVQ-26	Provides ARN-101-equipped aircraft with the capability to acquire targets and employ terminally guided direct attack weapons.
UHF Radio/ARC-164	Replaces appropriate UHF portion of ASQ-88 ()
TACAN/ARN-118	Replaces appropriate TACAN portion of ASQ-88 ().
VOR/ILS/ARN-127	Provides a VHF Omni Range Navigation System and an Instrument Landing System.
ECM Jamming Pod/ALQ-131	Replacement for ALQ-119 Pod Jammer. The system will by modularized to provide mission-tailored ECM jamming capability.
UHF Radio/ARC-164	Replaces appropriate UHF portion of ASQ-88 () (Near completion)
TACAN/ARN-118	Replaces appropriate TACAN portion of ASQ-88 (). (Near completion)

Table 9-2. PLAI	NED AND TENTATIVE MODIFICATIONS
Terminology/Nomenclature	Remarks >
Global Positioning System	Space-based radio navigation system that provides worldwide, continuous, precise, three-dimensional location information.
TEREC/ALQ-125	Provides capability to detect, identify, locate, and record information from ground-based emitters.
Quick Strike Reconnaissance (QSR) System	Advanced real-time reconnaissance system integrating existing sensors and adding many new equipments within the RF-4C. Among some of the major additions are the ALQ-131 Microwave Data Link, the Digital Scan Converter Group Display and a video tape recorder and control system.
COMPASS TIE (ALR-69)	Planning funds only.

	Table 9-1. Ru	RF-4C AVIONICS CONFIGURATION DATA: UNF RADIO SET LRUS AN/ARC-164 (TWO CONFLETS SYSTEMS MAY BE INSTALLED)	ONFIGURA	TION DAT	A: UNIT	MADIO SET L	HUS AU/ANC-1	0 OFT) 191	COPILETS ST	TEM 141 NE 1E	STALLED)	
,	Nomenclature	Location	-3	(Inches)	•	Volume	n ight	ALA S	Aircraft	Ĭ	Cooling	
	•		*	>	۵	Inches)	(Pounds)	K	g	Dissipation	Ne thod	bur yanga
Receiver- Transmitter (Remote)	kg-1145	+	4. ,7	0.2	6.25	¥	3	00 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	27.5V 105W 71 ROSE 30W		Porced Air	
Main* Receiver	R-1977											
Guard' Meceiver	№ 1976											
Transmitter.	T-1307											
Signal Data	CV-1297											
Radio Control Panel	C-9533** of C-10116	Ç	÷	5. 3	5.	149	:	17. SV 100			Convection	Console
Frequency/ Channel Indicator	ID-1961** or ID-1994A	Ĉ.	2.23	*:	\$:	2					Convection	Console of Panel
Applay Assembly	AM- 3624/ARA-50											
*Included in RT-1145 DATA. **Configuration not yet dec	*Included in RT-1145 DATA. **Configuration not yet decided. **Anticipata libely installation in spaces vacated by integrated Electrosic Central UNT communications emiliaent. See Table E.	A SPACES YACES	जि. म	- Tarana	Llecton	de Central	UTT COMM	Cations e	wiremt.	fee Table f.		

				2		Mark Attentes time tooks flow that is		Se cess a	TACAB LRIS ANJARE-118			
<u> </u>	Momenclature	Location	ď,	Dimensions (Inches)		Volume	Weight	Aircraft Power	aft.	Beat	COOLLING	Se de la constant de
			×	2	۵	Inches)	(Pounds)	¥	8	Dissipation	Ne thod	
Transceiver	RT-1159/A	:	9	. s.	• •	7:5	%: %	115V 400mg 10 250Va			Internal	Transcalver Mounted
Digital-to- HX	KK-9577/A	:	•	1.1	13.1	151	0.4	*AXX			Convection	Adapter
Transcolver Minut	MT-4926/A	:	7.7	.: ::	20.5	•0			28vdc 28va		Convection	Shock
Control Unit C-	C-10062/A	1	2.25	5.35	۶.	o,	7.n				Convection	Console
Adapter Mount M1	MT-4927/A	:										a poct
*Por Analog Indicatora	tors • vacated by Int	egrated Electro	unic Ceni	tral TAC	AN equip	Tu-						

į	Nomenclature	Location	۵	Dimensions (Inches)		Volum (Cubic	Weight	Aircraft Power	raft Er	Heat	Cooling	1
:			Ŧ	3	۵	Inches)	(Lonnos)	Ŋ	8	Dissipation	Method	
Signal Data Converter, Unit 301	CV-3467/A	After Cockpit RH Console	9.34	7.61	9.25	635	16.9	1384				
Computer, Mavigation, Unit 302	CP-1314/A	After Cockpit RH Console	11.68	11.02	3.6	996	38.7	320#				
Inertial Messure P ment Unit Buffer Unit 304	MX-9697/A	After Cockpit TH Console	6.58	9.31	6.08	372	12.0	83W				
Power Supply, Unit 105	PP-7428/A	After Ccckpit LH Console	7.53	7.52	6.76	ég R	17.2	1104				
Keyer Control, Unit 306	C-9474/A	After Cockpit DM Console	£. 50	5.75	7.87	256	7.9	¥	-			
Control, Navigation Computer, Unit 307	C-9472/A	After Cockpit IM Console	4.50	5.75	3.00	89	2.2	3				
Indicator, Digital Display, Unit 108	ID-1942/A	After Cockpit Instrument Panel	\$7.5	5.75	3.8	98	2.8	454				
Indicator, Auxil ID-1943/A lary Digital Display, Unit 309	1D-1943/A	Forward Cockpit Instrument Panel	8.9	2.38	2.38	70	1.1	*				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Mecaiver, Lorar, Unit 310	R-2086A	Upper Equipment Ray Shelf	12.86	3.76	7.63	369	12.2	1054				
Antenna Coupler, CU-2150/A Unit 311	CU-2150/A	Upper Equipment Bay	7.52	2.91	2.53	\$5	8.:	ž				
Course Select Panel, Unit 312		Forward Cockpit Instrument Panel	1.87	6.52	1.85	22.6	2.0	A S				
Relay Assembly* Unit 313	RE-1118/A	Upper Equipment Bay Door 19	8.25	4.72	4.37	155	6.0	754				
Antenna, Loran, X-Y Axis,Unit 314	AS-4010/A	Centar Fuselage Door 48	39.3	9.03	3.	220	10.0	N/A				·
Antenna, Loran, Z Axis,Unit 315	AS-4011/A	After Puselage Vertical Tail Fig	6.19	1.75	9.19	2.	0 ∵	K/N				
Target Insert Panel, Unit 316		After Cockpit LH Console	8.2	5.75	1.12	18.	1.5	£				
Data Transfer Module, Unit 317		Data TBD										

10. DATA SOURCES

The following sources of data were used in preparing this summary:

- Information contained in the JTIDS Aircraft Configuration Data Summary - RF-4C. Published for ASD/XRE by ARINC Research Corporation, June 1978.
- Avionics Planning Baseline Document October, 1978.
- McDonnell Report 8738. "Environmental Design Requirements and Test Procedures, Aircraft Electronic Equipment" 5 April 1962, Revised 15 July 1964.
- Proceedings of the Society of Photo-Optical Instrumentation
 Engineers (held 18-21 April), Volume 101, "Airborne Reconnaissance".
- ARINC Research Informal Report Technical Report Preliminary JTIDS Configuration Data Analyses, May 1978

Inventory of Technical Orders

T. O. Number	<u>Title</u>	Change Order	Date
1F-4(R) C-1	Flight Manual	10	9/15/78
1F-4(R) C-2-1	General Information	15	4/15/79
1F-4(R) C-2-4	Flight Control Systems	20	12/15/77
1F-4(R) C-2-10	Fuel System	20	12/15/77
1F-4(R) C-2-11	Instrument Systems	20	12/15/77
1F-4(R) C-2-12	Air Data Set	18	12/15/77
1F-4(R) C-2-15	Navigation Systems	15	5/15/77
1F-4(R) C-2-16	Auto Flight Control	20	12/15/77
1F-4(R) C-2-18	Armament System	7	9/15/77
1F-4(R) C-2-22	System Integration	13	12/1/77
1F-4(R) C-2-25	Forward Looking Radar	14	9/15/77
1F-4(R) C-2-26	Radar Mapping	6	9/1/76
17-4(R) C-2-29	I.R. and Laser Sets	12	3/15/76
1F-4(R) C-2-35	Radar Mapping	5	1/15/78
12R5-2ARN127-2	Radio Receiving	Basic	1/15/77
12P3-2ALR46-42	Signal Processor	4	12/31/77
12P3-2AAS18-42	Infared Detecting Set	19	8/1/77
12P5-2APN159-2	Altimeter Set	10	7/1/77